Data Resource Guide ynchburghth Bos Fiscal Year 2010 The Virginia Department of Juvenile Justice

Data Resource Guide Fiscal Year 2010

The Virginia Department of Juvenile Justice

Commonwealth of Virginia Helivi L. Holland, Director December 2010

This project was supported by the Department of Criminal Justice Services (DCJS) Grant 2007-JB-FX-0051 with funds made available to Virginia from the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention, U. S. Department of Justice. Points of views or opinions contained within this document are those of the author and do not necessarily represent the official position or policies of DCJS or the U.S. Department of Justice.

This guide fulfills the mandates set forth in Va. Code §§ 2.2-222 and 66-13, which specify data collection and reporting requirements for juvenile offenders.

Virginia Department of Juvenile Justice

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The DJJ Research and Evaluation Section would like to thank everyone who contributed to this document. Our appreciation goes to the members of the agency who contributed a wealth of information with special thanks to Ed Holmes, Regina Hurt, Art Mayer, Clarence McGill, Marilyn Miller, Steve Peed, Scott Reiner, Angela Valentine, and George Wakefield. We would also like to thank Tama Celi, Ed Cutchins, Anne Wilmoth, and the agencies for which they work as well as Meredith Farrar-Owens and the staff at the Virginia Criminal Sentencing Commission. DJJ wishes to especially acknowledge Laurel Marks and the staff at the Virginia Department of Criminal Justice Services for their continued assistance in funding this project. Without them, the *Data Resource Guide* would not be possible. We are especially grateful to the CSU staff who helped to gather the data necessary to complete the *Data Resource Guide* on schedule.



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Introduction



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A Word from the Director...

Greetings,

I am honored to write this opening letter for the first time as Director of the Department of Juvenile Justice. The statistical data gathered for this Data Resource Guide (DRG) has guided me through my first months at the Department.

The information contained within the DRG will serve as a measure of DJJ's past success and a guide for DJJ in its new initiative for the future. Governor Robert F. McDonnell, Secretary of Public Safety Marla Decker and I are determined to find ways to best address the continuing needs of Virginia's youth. As such, we have placed re-entry as an integral part of its mission to protect the public through a balanced approach and comprehensive services that reduce juvenile delinquency.



Helivi L. Holland

The Commonwealth of Virginia seeks to improve public safety as it relates to juvenile justice with diversion programs, commitment services and transition opportunities for offenders re-entering into their communities. To be successful, DJJ must gather and analyze the in-depth data contained in the DRG.

Recognizable from the DRG and other data publications, juvenile crime and juvenile commitments are decreasing. We must take every opportunity with the contents herein to identify, maintain and improve the programs that work, and identify and discontinue the programs that do not prove to be successful. Therefore, I ask that every reader of the DRG use it as a guide for the continuation of the reduction of juvenile crime and the increase of services that divert or transition youthful offenders. The DJJ staff worked diligently to compile this data and we solicit your input as to whether we are meeting your needs for information. Please take a moment to complete our online survey. There is a link to the survey on the DJJ website under Resources and then under DJJ Publications.

I would be remiss if I did not conclude this letter with several expressions of gratitude. First, I thank the Department of Criminal Justice Services (DCJS) and the Office of Juvenile Justice Delinquency Prevention (OJJDP) for their role in assisting DJJ with the publishing of the DRG. Second, I thank the staff of DJJ for the work they do daily for juveniles and adults who interact in any manner with DJJ. Lastly, I thank each of you who are taking this valuable opportunity to learn about Virginia's juvenile justice system.

With warm regards,

Helivi L. Holland

Introduction



Terms and Concepts

Adjudication: if a juvenile is found not innocent, he/she is adjudicated delinquent.

Adjudicatory Hearing: a hearing on the merits of a petition filed pursuant to Va. Code §16.1-260 (alleging a delinquent act, CHINS, or CHINSup).

Blended Sentence: the sentencing option for a juvenile convicted in circuit court, which combines a juvenile disposition with an adult sentence. Va. Code §16.1-272 allows the circuit court to impose an adult sentence and allows a portion of that sentence to be served in a juvenile correctional center (JCC) in accordance with Va. Code §16.1-285.1 (See Serious Juvenile Offender definition). Va. Code §16.1-272 also provides that the judge may suspend the adult sentence pending successful completion of the juvenile disposition.

Certification: a process for transferring a juvenile 14 years of age or older to be tried as an adult in circuit court in the following two ways: (1) if accused of certain violent juvenile felonies, such as murder or manslaughter, the case will be automatically certified to the circuit court after probable cause is found, and (2) if accused of other violent juvenile felonies, the case is certified to the circuit court if the Commonwealth's Attorney files a motion for a preliminary hearing and the judge finds probable cause. Any juvenile convicted in circuit court after certification will be treated as an adult in all future criminal cases. See Va. Code §16.1-269.1.

Child in Need of Services (CHINS): a child whose behavior, conduct, or condition presents or results in a serious threat to the well-being and physical safety of that child. A CHINS also includes a child under the age of 14 who presents a serious threat to the well-being and physical safety of another person. To meet the definition of CHINS, there must be a clear and substantial danger to the life or health of the child or another person, and the intervention of the court is essential to provide the treatment, rehabilitation, or services needed by the child or his/her family. See Va. Code §16.1-228.

Child in Need of Supervision (CHINSup): a child who is habitually and without justification absent from school despite opportunity and reasonable efforts to keep him or her in school. CHINSup also refers to a child who runs away from his or her family or lawful custodian on more than one occasion. See Va. Code §16.1-228.

Commitment: an order by a judge at the dispositional hearing for the placement of a juvenile with DJJ. To be eligible for commitment, a juvenile must be 11 years of age or older and adjudicated delinquent or convicted of a felony offense, a Class 1 misdemeanor and a prior felony, or four Class 1 misdemeanors that were not part of the same incident. The court may commit the juvenile for a determinate or an indeterminate period of time. See Va. Code §16.1-278.8.

Commitment versus Admission: a commitment is a court order placing a delinquent juvenile with DJJ for a determinate or indeterminate period of time. An admission occurs when a juvenile physically arrives at a facility and is officially entered into the facility's rolls. An

admission to the Reception and Diagnostic Center (RDC) may occur days/weeks after the juvenile is committed to DJJ (during which time he or she is held in secure detention). A single admission to RDC could be the result of multiple commitments to DJJ (for example, a juvenile may be committed to DJJ by more than one court prior to admission to RDC). For these reasons, the number of commitments to DJJ in a fiscal year will be slightly different from the number of admissions to RDC.

Court Service Unit (CSU): a local or state agency that provides services including intake, investigations and reports, probation, parole, counseling, and other related services in the community.

Detention Assessment Instrument (DAI): a detention screening tool used by CSU intake officers to guide detention decisions using objective criteria. See Appendix K.

Detention Hearing: a judicial hearing held pursuant to Va. Code §16.1-250 that determines whether a juvenile should be placed in detention, continue to be held in detention, or be released until an adjudicatory hearing.

Detention Home or Secure Facility: a local, regional, or state public or private locked residential facility that has construction fixtures designed to prevent escape and to restrict the movement and activities of children held in lawful custody. Detention homes may incarcerate juveniles both prior to trial and as a dispositional alternative. See Va. Code §16.1-248.1, §16.1-278.8, and §16.1-284.1.

Detention Placements versus Detention Admissions: a detention placement is based on a decision made by an intake officer or judge to detain a juvenile. A detention admission occurs when a juvenile physically enters a facility either through direct placement or through transfer. Therefore, during one detention placement, a juvenile may have several detention admissions.

Determinate Commitment: the commitment of a juvenile, 14 years of age or older, to DJJ as a serious offender. The court specifies the length of the commitment, has continuing jurisdiction over the juvenile, and must conduct periodic reviews if the juvenile remains in direct care for longer than 24 months. A juvenile can be committed to a JCC as a serious offender for up to seven years, not to exceed the juvenile's 21st birthday. See Va. Code §16.1-285.1.

Direct Care: the time during which a resident, who is committed to DJJ pursuant to Va. Code §16.1-272 or subsections A 14 or A 17 of Va. Code §16.1-278.8, is under the supervision of staff in a juvenile residential facility operated or contracted for by DJJ.

Direct Indictment: when the attorney for the Commonwealth seeks a direct indictment in the circuit court for trial as an adult after the juvenile court does not find probable cause for certification on a violent juvenile felony. See Va. Code §16.1-269.1(D).

Dispositional Hearing: a hearing in a juvenile case which occurs after the juvenile is adjudicated delinquent. During this hearing, the court may impose treatment services and sanctions. The dispositional

VÍ INTRODUCTION



hearing is similar to a sentencing hearing in a criminal court. See Va. Code $\S16.1-278.8$.

Diversion: a juvenile offender is diverted out of the official court process, and the case is handled informally. The intake officer must develop a diversion plan that exhausts all community resources including counseling, informal supervision, restitution, community service, and other programs. The juvenile and his parents must agree to the diversion plan. Informal supervision is limited to 90 days. SeeVa. Code §§16.1-227 and 16.1-260.

Domestic Relations: all matters before the juvenile and domestic relations district court having to do with the family and child welfare including, but not limited to, child custody, visitation, paternity, and other petitions delineated in Va. Code §16.1-241.

Fiscal Year (FY): the time period measured from July 1 of one year to June 30 of the following year. For this report, FY 2010 runs from July 1, 2009, through June 30, 2010.

Group Home: a juvenile residential facility that is a community based, home-like single dwelling, or its acceptable equivalent, other than the private home of the operator, and does not exceed the capacity approved by the regulatory authority. Placements can be pre- or post-dispositional.

Halfway House: a residential facility housing juveniles in transition from direct care that provides services including independent living skills, employment skills, and work experience.

Indeterminate Commitment: the commitment of a juvenile to DJJ in which the juvenile's length of stay is calculated based on statutory requirements and the Length of Stay Guidelines issued by the Board of Juvenile Justice. Parameters for this commitment include the juvenile's 21st birthday and a 36-month statutory maximum length of stay for all offenses except murder or manslaughter. See Va. Code §§16.1-285 and 16.1-278.8(14).

Intake Case: a juvenile with one or more intake complaints involving a delinquent act, a CHINS, or a CHINSup.

Intake Complaint: a request for the processing of a petition to initiate a case in a juvenile and domestic relations district court. An intake officer at the CSU decides whether the complaint will result in diversion or the filing of a petition initiating formal court action.

Juvenile Correctional Center (JCC): a secure facility operated by or under contract with DJJ where 24-hour-per-day care is provided to individuals under the direct care of the Department. Services provided during this period include supervision, education, treatment services, recreational services, and a variety of special programs.

Length of Stay (LOS) Guidelines: a framework established by the Board of Juvenile Justice, as mandated by Va. Code § 66-10, to determine the length of time a juvenile indeterminately committed to the Department will remain in direct care. Factors that affect a resident's LOS include the seriousness of the offense, the juvenile's history of

offense behavior, the juvenile's behavior while in direct care, and the juvenile's progress toward completing treatment goals. See Appendix E.

Parole: a period of supervision and monitoring of a juvenile in the community following his or her release from commitment.

Petition: a document filed with the court by the intake officer alleging that a juvenile is delinquent, a CHINS, a CHINSup, or an abused or neglected child. A petition may also be for domestic relations purposes asking that the court assume jurisdiction over the child. A petition initiates formal court action.

Post-Dispositional Detention with Programs: structured programs of treatment and services given to youth who have been sentenced by a judge. Programs are typically designed for up to six months and are intended to maintain and build community ties. To be eligible for post-dispositional detention, a juvenile must be 14 years of age or older and found to have committed a nonviolent juvenile felony or a Class 1 or Class 2 misdemeanor offense that is punishable by confinement in a state or local secure facility. See Va. Code §§16.1-278.8(A16) and 16.1-284.1(B).

Post-Dispositional Detention without Programs: the sentencing of a juvenile by a judge to a detention facility for up to 10 days or up to 30 days without full services being provided. Va. Code §§16.1-284.1, 16.1-291, and 16.1-292 provide additional statutory criteria that need to be satisfied prior to placement.

Pre-Dispositional Detention: the confinement in a secure facility while a juvenile is awaiting a court disposition. To be eligible to be detained prior to disposition, the judge, intake officer, or magistrate must find probable cause establishing that the juvenile committed a Class 1 misdemeanor or a felony offense. In addition, the juvenile must be a clear and substantial threat to another person, the property of others, or to himself. Va. Code §16.1-248.1 provides additional circumstances in which a juvenile may be detained.

Pre-Disposition Report: the document prepared (1) within the timelines established by approved procedures when ordered by the court, (2) for each juvenile placed on probation supervision, (3) for each juvenile committed to the Department or placed in post-dispositional detention with programs, or (4) upon written request from another CSU when accompanied by a court order. The report must include the identifying and demographic information for the juvenile: current offense and prior court involvement; social, medical, psychological, and educational information about the juvenile; information about the juvenile's family; and dispositional and treatment recommendations if permitted by the court.

Probation: the court-ordered supervision of an offender in the community for a specified length of time and requiring compliance with specified rules and conditions.

Psychotropic Medication: drugs that affect the mind/perception, behavior, and mood. Common types include antidepressants, anxiolytics or anti-anxiety agents, antipsychotics, and mood stabilizers.

Introduction



REACH: a behavior modification program instituted in the JCCs that involves concepts of responsibility, empowerment, achievement, change, and hope.

Recidivism: as defined by the Department, a recidivist is a person who is found by a court to have committed, after being (a) placed on probation or (b) released from confinement, a delinquent or criminal act other than violation of probation or parole. See also Reoffending.

Region: in order to better manage the use of community resources statewide, the Department divides Virginia into three geographical Regions: Region I (Western), Region II (Northern), and Region III (Eastern). See page 19 for a description of the Regions.

Reoffending (Measures of): three measures used in this document are (1) Rearrest- a petition filed at intake for a new delinquent complaint or an adult arrest for a new criminal offense; (2) Reconviction- a guilty adjudication for a delinquent or criminal offense, which is the only measure of reoffending that meets DJJ's definition of recidivism; and (3) Reincarceration- any return to incarceration in a JCC or adult facility after having been previously released from a JCC.

Resident: any juvenile or adult who is committed to DJJ residing in a JCC, housed in a detention home, or resides in a group home on a 24-hour per day basis.

Risk Assessment Instrument: scored tool to provide an objective estimate of an individual's risk for reoffending. See Appendix H.

Serious Juvenile Offender: a resident who is committed to the Department and given a determinate commitment as a serious offender under Va. Code §16.1-285.1.

Shelter Care: a facility or emergency shelter specifically approved to provide a range of services, as needed, on an individual basis not to exceed 90 days. See Va. Code §16.1-248.1.

Status Offense: an act prohibited by law that would not be an offense if committed by an adult, such as truancy, curfew violation, or running away.

Temporary Detention Order (TDO): issuance of an order by a judge, magistrate, or special justice providing for the inpatient hospitalization of a juvenile, after an in-person evaluation by a mental health evaluator, when it is found that (i) because of mental illness, the minor (a) presents a serious danger to himself or others to the extent that severe or irreversible injury is likely to result, as evidenced by recent acts or threats, or (b) is experiencing a serious deterioration of his ability to care for himself in a developmentally age-appropriate manner, as evidenced by delusionary thinking or by a significant impairment of functioning in hydration, nutrition, self-protection, or self-control; and (ii) the minor is in need of compulsory treatment for a mental illness and is reasonably likely to benefit from the proposed treatment. ATDO is for a brief period of time (96 hours) to allow for acute care (to avoid an involuntary commitment, if possible) and a more thorough evaluation (for preparation of the pre-screening report for the involuntary com-

mitment hearing). See Article 16 of Chapter 11 of Title 16.1 of the Va. Code (§16.1-335 et seq.).

Transfer: if a juvenile 14 years of age or older is accused of any felony other than a violent juvenile felony, the Commonwealth's Attorney may file a motion for the juvenile and domestic relations district court to conduct a transfer hearing. The purpose of the hearing is to decide if the juvenile should remain under the jurisdiction of the juvenile and domestic relations district court or be transferred to the circuit court to be tried as an adult. The judge must determine that the act would be a felony if committed by an adult and must also examine issues of competency and the juvenile's history. Any juvenile convicted in circuit court after transfer will be treated as an adult in all future criminal cases. See Va. Code §16.1-269.1.

Violent Juvenile Felony: any of the delinquent acts enumerated in Va. Code subsection B or C of §16.1-269.1 when committed by a juvenile 14 years of age or older. The offenses include murder, felonious injury by mob, abduction, malicious wounding, malicious wounding of a law-enforcement officer, felonious poisoning, adulteration of products, robbery, carjacking, rape, forcible sodomy, and sexual object penetration. See Va. Code §16.1-228.

Waiver: a request initiated by a juvenile 14 years of age or older (with the written consent of his counsel) prior to the adjudicatory hearing for a felony charge that seeks to waive the jurisdiction of the juvenile and domestic relations district court and have the case transferred to the circuit court. See Va. Code §16.1-270.

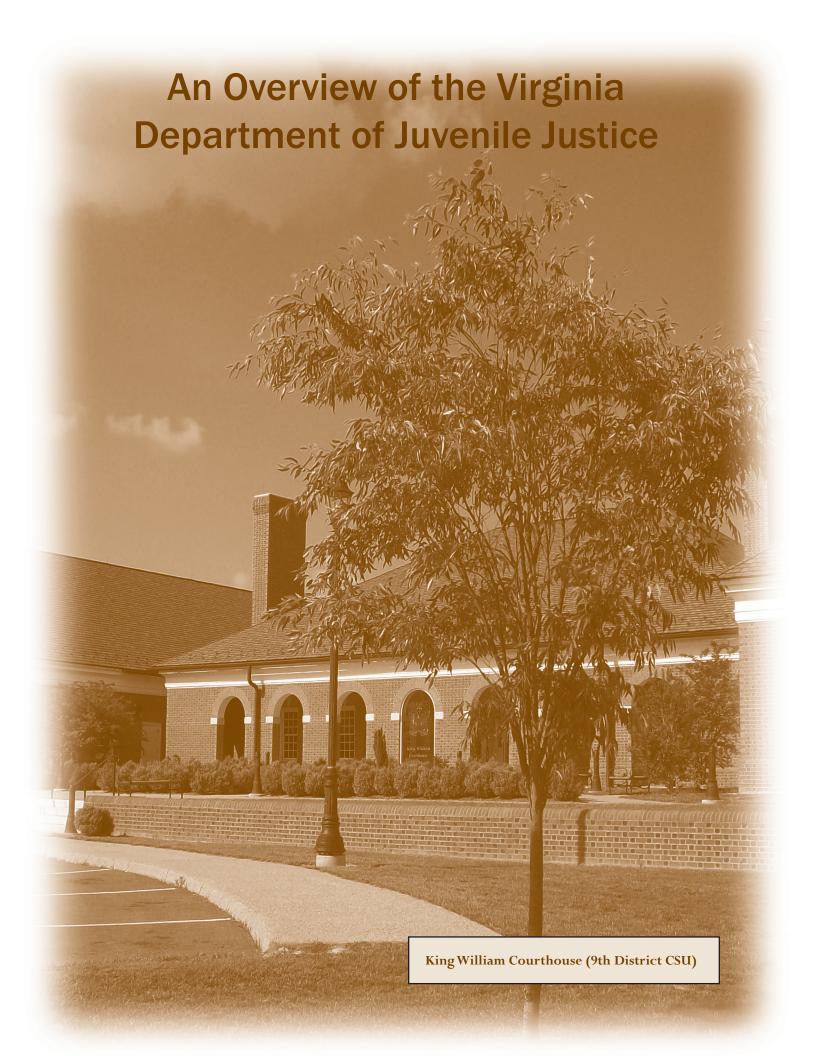
Weekender: a juvenile sentenced by a judge to serve a certain number of days in post-dispositional detention on weekends. The juvenile remains in school during the week and, typically, resides in the detention home from Friday after school through Sunday evening.

Youth Assessment & Screening Instrument (YASI): a validated tool which provides an objective classification of an individual's risk of reoffending, specific areas that contribute to that risk, and protective factors. YASI looks at both static and dynamic risk and protective variables in 10 distinct functional domains. See Appendix H.

A Note to Readers

This report uses a number of terms and concepts that may be unfamiliar to the reader or may be defined specifically for DJJ. It is strongly recommended that the reader review the information included in the Terms and Concepts section above, as well as the information included in Appendices D, E, I, and J. A review of this information should assist the reader in understanding the data reported in this *Data Resource Guide*. Also, readers should note that data reported for prior years in previous editions of this publication may be slightly different from data reported this year. These slight discrepancies are due to data cleaning and information updates that occur throughout the year.

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Introduction to the Virginia Department of Juvenile Justice

To accomplish its Mission, the Virginia Department of Juvenile Justice (DJJ) provides an integrated approach to juvenile justice. It brings together current research and best practices to better understand and modify delinquent behavior; to meet the needs of offenders, victims, and communities; and to manage activities and resources in a responsible and proactive manner.

A BALANCED APPROACH

DJJ responds to juvenile offenders through a balanced approach that provides: (1) protection of public safety by control of a juvenile's liberty through secure confinement and/or community supervision; (2) a structured system of incentives and graduated sanctions in both institutional and community settings to ensure accountability for the juvenile's actions; and (3) a variety of services and programs that build skills and competencies (e.g., substance abuse treatment, support for academic and vocational education, aggression management classes) to enable the juvenile to become a law-abiding member of the community upon release from DJJ's supervision.

INDIVIDUALIZED, RISK-BASED SERVICES

DJJ is committed to the principle that the greatest impact on juvenile offending can be realized by focusing resources on those juvenile offenders with the highest risk of reoffending and by addressing the individual criminogenic risk factors that contribute to the initiation and continuation of delinquent behavior. Using a set of research- and consensus-based instruments at different decision points within the juvenile justice system, DJJ classifies juveniles into different levels of risk. These points include the initial decision to detain, the assignment to various levels of community probation or parole supervision, and the classification of committed juveniles to guide appropriate placement within the institutional setting.

In addition to the matching of the most intensive resources to those juveniles with the highest risk, DJJ recognizes that successful responses to juvenile crime require tailored, individualized responses to the needs of juveniles, families, and communities. The presence of specific risk factors are assessed and addressed in order to increase the likelihood of successful outcomes. Issues implicated in juvenile offending include gang involvement, substance abuse, aggression management, truancy, and other school-related problems. The application of appropriate social control and sanctioning strategies such as electronic monitoring, urine drug testing, and various levels of supervision are also matched to the juvenile's individualized circumstances. Incentives such as early release from supervision, extended curfew, and tangible rewards such as recreational outings with volunteers are used to reward success and improve the chances of long-term behavior change.

DATA-DRIVEN MANAGEMENT

Over the past several years, DJJ has greatly enhanced its ability to effectively plan for and manage juveniles, programs, services, and other resources. DJJ designed functional management information systems and used the data generated and reported from these systems to better understand the offender population, activities in relation to those

MISSION OF THE VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF JUVENILE JUSTICE

To protect the public through a balanced approach of accountability and comprehensive services that prevent and reduce delinquency through partnerships with families, schools, communities, law enforcement, and others, while providing opportunities for delinquent youth to become responsible and productive citizens.

offenders, and methods to become more effective and efficient. The Juvenile Tracking System (JTS) is comprised of modules covering the full range of institutional and community-based activities. DJJ's philosophy is that sound management of public resources and adherence to its core Mission cannot be accomplished without input provided from comprehensive data-based practices.

COMMUNITY PARTNERSHIPS

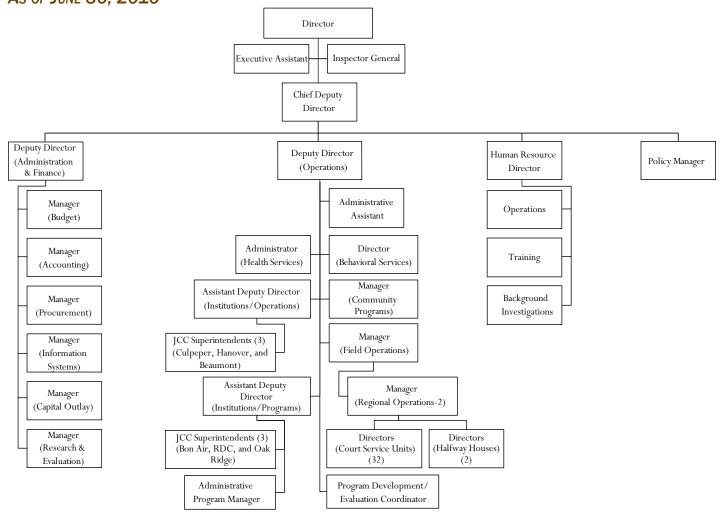
While DJJ has the primary responsibility for many aspects of Virginia's juvenile justice system, collaborative partnerships with state and local agencies and programs, as well as with private sector service providers, are the cornerstone of the DJJ approach. Local governments operate a network of secure detention facilities and an array of services addressing each aspect of the balanced approach. Within each community, DJJ works with law enforcement, behavioral health providers, schools, social services, and other agencies. Securing services from private providers assists DJJ in meeting the needs of juvenile offenders, their families, and communities. At the state level, DJJ works with other executive, legislative, and judicial branch agencies in a similar manner.

Through the application of the integrated approach to juvenile justice, DJJ continues to make a difference in the lives of citizens and communities across the Commonwealth. Through responsible resource management, performance accountability, and sound intervention strategies, DJJ strives to improve and meet the changing demands of juvenile justice practice.





Organizational Chart As of June 30, 2010



Agency Organization

The Department of Juvenile Justice serves the entire Commonwealth by providing support for community programs and services, community supervision and case management, and custody and care of committed juveniles.

The Central Office, two Regional Offices in Richmond, and one Regional Office in Roanoke coordinate the functions and funding for the court service units, community programs, community facilities, state facilities, volunteers, and private providers.

Administered by the Director, agency functions are divided among the following:

- The Director oversees the Inspector General's Office and the Chief Deputy Director.
- The Chief Deputy Director oversees the Deputy Directors, human resources, and policy development.
- The Deputy Director for Administration and Finance manages support functions that include fiscal operations, budgeting, purchasing, capital outlay, information services, and research and evaluation.
- The Deputy Director for Operations oversees operations that provide community-based services to youth and families, including probation and parole services, regional offices, court service units, detention homes, interstate compact, Virginia Juvenile Community Crime Control Act (VJCCCA), and diversion efforts. He also oversees juvenile correctional center operations, including residential treatment programs, health services, and mental health services for committed youth, as well as facility support services, including maintenance and food service operations.



Agency Vision

Successful youth, Strong families, Safe communities

Agency Goals

Increase successful re-entry of youth released from DJJ's correctional centers.

Improve successful community functioning of juveniles involved with DJJ.

Divert from DJJ those youth who are more appropriately served by other partners.

Build effective partnerships to improve outcomes for youth and communities.

Attract, develop, and retain a highly proficient work force.

Core Values

- All youth and their families are worthy of our best efforts.
- Offer early and effective interventions to limit youth's further involvement in the juvenile justice system.
- Meet the individual physical, emotional, and educational needs of youth and reducing their risk of reoffending.
- Provide safe and secure confinement for those who are a danger to the community as well as treatment to help youth succeed.
- Work in partnership with other agencies and localities.
- Recruit, support, and maintain a competent and diverse work force.

Programs and Services

- Secure Confinement and Rehabilitation
- Intake, Probation, and Parole Services
- Community-Based Programs
- Pre- and Post-Dispositional Detention
- Residential Rehabilitation Programs
- Administrative Services

Customers

- General Public
- Juvenile Offenders and Families
- State Agencies
- Local Governments and Agencies
- Juvenile and Domestic Relations District Courts
- Victims of Crime



Juveniles from the 31st CSU's tournament soccer team participating in a community service project at the Boys and Girls Club in Manassas, VA. Service projects are incorporated with soccer practices and games around the region.



Board of Juvenile Justice

BIOGRAPHIES

Heidi W. Abbott- was appointed to the Board of Juvenile Justice in July 2009. She is an attorney with Hunton & Williams LLP. Her practice focuses on state government affairs compliance and lobbying where she represents businesses and industries before the Virginia General Assembly on a variety of legislative matters. Ms. Abbott is a graduate of Hamilton College, the University of Virginia, and the William & Mary School of Law. She is very active in the community and serves on numerous foundations and committees.

Kecia N. Brothers- was reappointed to the Board of Juvenile Justice in July 2009. She is the Child Development Center Director-CYP Oversight with the Norfolk Naval Shipyard. Ms. Brothers is a graduate of Norfolk State University, where she earned both her undergraduate and graduate degrees. She is currently a candidate for a doctorate in Public Policy and Administration.

Kahan S. Dhillon, Jr.- was appointed to the Board of Juvenile Justice in July 2009. He is the owner of Regent Company, LLC, a diversified real estate investment firm. Mr. Dhillon has always felt a personal interest in staying closely tied to community and civic duties. He has served on numerous boards and worked with several profit and non-profit organizations that focus on youth development and improving the lives of children. One of his greatest passions lies in his fervent belief that "our children are our future."

Barbara J. Myers- was reappointed to the Board of Juvenile Justice in July 2009. Dr. Myers is an Associate Professor of Psychology and the Director of Doctoral Development at Virginia Commonwealth University. Her current research focuses on two distinct populations: families affected by incarceration and families with an autistic child.

Aida L. Pacheco- was reappointed to the Board of Juvenile Justice in July 2007. Ms Pacheco possesses extensive experience in networking to build collaborative partnerships and in community organizing and planning. She was influential in establishing the first Hispanic human service agency in Mercer County, NJ, known as MECHA. In Virginia she was one of six Latinos working in the Governor's Office from 2006-2008. She assisted the Senior Advisor to the Governor for Workforce Reform for the Commonwealth's Workforce Development System. Currently, she provides strategic leadership and policy direction to the Virginia Workforce Council for the Virginia Community College System, Workforce Development Services. Ms. Pacheco graduated from Princeton University in 1977.

Kenneth W. Stolle- was appointed to the Board of Juvenile Justice in December 2009. Sheriff Stolle brings a wealth of legislative and professional experience in public safety to the Board. He was a Virginia Beach police officer from 1976 to 1987 serving as Patrolman, Narcotics Detective, SWAT Team Leader, and Tactical Team Sergeant. From 1983 to 1991 Sheriff Stolle served in the U.S. Naval Reserve in Naval Intelligence and retired with the rank of Lieutenant. In 1987 he became a law partner with Bennett & Stolle, P.C. Sheriff Stolle was elected Senator for the 8th Senatorial District (Virginia Beach) in 1991 and served until 2009. While serving on numerous committees in the Senate, he was Chair of both the Senate Courts of Justice Committee and the Public Safety Subcommittee for the Senate Finance Committee as well as Chair of the Virginia State Crime Commission. In November 2009 he was elected Sheriff for Virginia Beach. Throughout his career, Sheriff Stolle has been a strong advocate for public safety at the state and local levels.

Justin M. Wilson- was reappointed to the Board of Juvenile Justice in July 2009. He earned a B.S. degree in Information Systems from Virginia Commonwealth University and is a Fellow of the Sorensen Institute for Political Leadership at the University of Virginia. Mr. Wilson is a Principal Systems Engineer with the National Railroad Passenger Corporation (Amtrak).



Left to right: Heidi W. Abbott, Justin M. Wilson, Barbara J. Myers, Kahan S. Dhillon, Jr., and Aida L. Pacheco, Not Pictured: Kecia N. Brothers and Kenneth W. Stolle



DJJ Historical Timeline (FY 1989-2010)

1989

• § 66-1 is enacted, separating the Department of Youth Services (DYS) from the Department of Corrections (DOC).

1990

The new executive branch agency opens under the name "Department of Youth and Family Services" (DYFS).

1994

- § 16.1-269.1 Transfer and waiver is amended to lower the age at which juveniles can be tried as adults for violent crimes from 15 to 14 years.
- § 16.1-285.1 Commitment of Serious Offender Statute allows the court to commit a juvenile for a determinate length of time and stipulates conditions and purposes of such commitments.

1995

• § 16.1-309.2 establishes the Virginia Juvenile Community Crime Control Act (VJCCCA) to provide funding for local programs and services for low-level juvenile offenders who are before the court or at intake and provides community-based services for juveniles and their families, holding the juveniles responsible for their actions.

1996

- Chapter 503 of the Acts of the Assembly renames the Agency to "Department of Juvenile Justice" (DJJ).
- Chapter 755 and Chapter 914 of the Acts of the Assembly establish the Juvenile Justice Reform Act.
- § 16.1-269.1 Transfer and waiver is amended to create provisions for automatic and prosecutorial certification and preliminary hearings for certification as an adult.
- § 16.1-285 is amended to stipulate that no juvenile committed indeterminately will be held/detained longer than 36 continuous months or beyond
 the juvenile's 21st birthday.
- Renames "Learning Centers" to "Juvenile Correctional Centers" (JCCs)
- § 66-10 (8) establishes Length of Stay (LOS) guidelines for juveniles indeterminately committed to DJJ and requires the Board to make such guidelines available for public comment.
- § 16.1-285.1 Commitment of Serious Offender Statute is amended.
 - Allows the court to order parole supervision, but total of commitment and parole time cannot exceed seven years or continue past a juvenile's 21st birthday.
 - Criteria added to determine appropriate placement of committed juveniles.

1997

Expansion of Beaumont and Bon Air JCCs.

1998

Virginia Wilderness Institute (VWI) opens as a private placement for committed youth with a 32-bed capacity (Closed December 31, 2008).

1999

- Culpeper JCC is opened with a capacity of 112 beds. This is the first new facility for DJJ since Oak Ridge JCC opened in 1982.
- Culpeper Detention Home, Virginia's only statewide detention home, is opened with a capacity of 50 beds (Closed July 1, 2007).

2000

- The classification system is implemented for use in JCCs (See page 160).
- §16.1-278.8 (14) is amended to raise the criteria for commitment of a juvenile to DJJ to a minimum of four misdemeanor adjudications.

2002

• § 16.1-285.1 is amended to expand criteria for court to determinately commit juveniles who have been transferred to and found guilty by a circuit court for any felony offense.

2003

- § 16.1-228 is amended to modify the definition of CHINS to include a child under the age of 14 "whose behavior, conduct, or condition presents or results in a serious threat to the well-being and physical safety of another person."
- §§ 16.1-272 and 16.1-285.2 amended allowing a circuit court to utilize a blended sentence option to include DJJ commitment and an active DOC sentence.
- §§ 16.1-235, 16.1-236.1, and 16.1-236 are amended to delineate the power to hire, fire, and transfer CSU personnel. DJJ will hire probation and probation supervisory staff; judiciary will select the CSU director.



DJJ Historical Timeline (CONT.)

2003 (CONT.)

- Statewide implementation of the Detention Assessment Instrument (DAI).
- § 16.1-290 is amended to allow the Department of Social Services (DSS) to issue an order for child support against the parents of committed
 juveniles in addition to the court.

2004

- § 16.1-260 is amended to expand the use of informal diversion by intake officers.
- §§ 16.1-269.6 and 16.1-296 are amended to expedite appeals from juvenile and domestic relations district court to circuit court.
- §§ 16.1-250, 16.1-266, and 16.1-267 are amended regarding timing of appointment of counsel for detention hearings in juvenile and domestic relations district court to ensure that youth have counsel.
- § 16.1-278.8(14) is amended to require prior misdemeanor offenses to be of separate acts or transactions before becoming eligible for commitment.
- Community Placement Program (CPP) at Shenandoah Valley Juvenile Center opens as a placement alternative for committed youth with a capacity
 of 10 beds (Closed December 31, 2007).

2005

- §§ 66-25.1:1 through 66-25.1:4 are enacted to grant DJJ the authority to establish a juvenile work release program.
- § 16.1-293.1 is enacted to require the development of a mental health transition plan for certain committed juveniles upon release from a JCC.
- Barrett JCC is closed due to population reduction and is mothballed.
- Community Placement Program (CPP) at Chesapeake Juvenile Services opens as a placement alternative for committed youth with a capacity of 10 beds (Closed December 31, 2008).

2006

- § 16.1-290 is amended to require child support payments from the date the juvenile is received by DJJ (§§ 20-108.1 and 20-108.2).
- §§ 16.1-249.1, 16.1-278.7:01, and 16.1-278.7:02 are created, requiring DJJ and local secure facilities to notify state police concerning certain
 juvenile sexual offenders for purposes of registration in the Sex Offender and Crimes Against Minors Registry. DJJ must also inform those juveniles
 of their obligation to register.
- §§ 16.1-300 and 16.1-301 are amended to allow social history information relating to criminal street gang activity to be shared with state police and local law enforcement for investigatory or prosecutorial purposes.

2007

- REACH, the Department's institutional behavior management program, is implemented in the JCCs.
- § 16.1-323 is amended, § 16.1-323.1 is created, and §§ 16.1-324 through 16.1-330 are repealed, adopting the new Interstate Compact Relating to Juveniles.
- §§ 9.1-176.1, 16.1-237, 16.1-299.1, 19.2-303, 19.2-303.3, 19.2-310.2, and 53.1-145 are amended relating to the collection of DNA samples for juveniles convicted for a felony committed at 14 years of age or older and DJJ's responsibility.
- § 16.1-271 is amended pertaining to a juvenile certified to be tried as an adult but not convicted. If a juvenile is tried as an adult but is not convicted, jurisdiction over that juvenile for any future alleged delinquent or criminal behavior will be returned to the juvenile court.

2008

- §§ 16.1-272, 53.1-202.2, and 53.1-202.3 are amended to allow a juvenile who is convicted as an adult and committed to DJJ followed by an active term with DOC to be eligible to earn sentence credits for the portion of his or her sentence served in a JCC.
- §§ 22.1-323.2, 37.2-408, 63.2-1737, and 66-24 are amended and §37.2-408.1 is added to abolish the interdepartmental regulation of juvenile residential facilities and requires the Departments of Education (DOE), Juvenile Justice (DJJ), Social Services (DSS), and the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services (DBHDS) to promulgate separate regulations for the juvenile residential facilities they license and certify.

2009

Virginia State Crime Commission completed its three year study of the juvenile justice system, resulting in changes to §§ 4.1-305 (possession of alcohol by persons underage), 16.1-237 (photographs as part of the juvenile record), 16.1-260 (clarifying diversion requirements), and 18.2-57.2 (petitions in cases of family abuse) of the Code of Virginia.

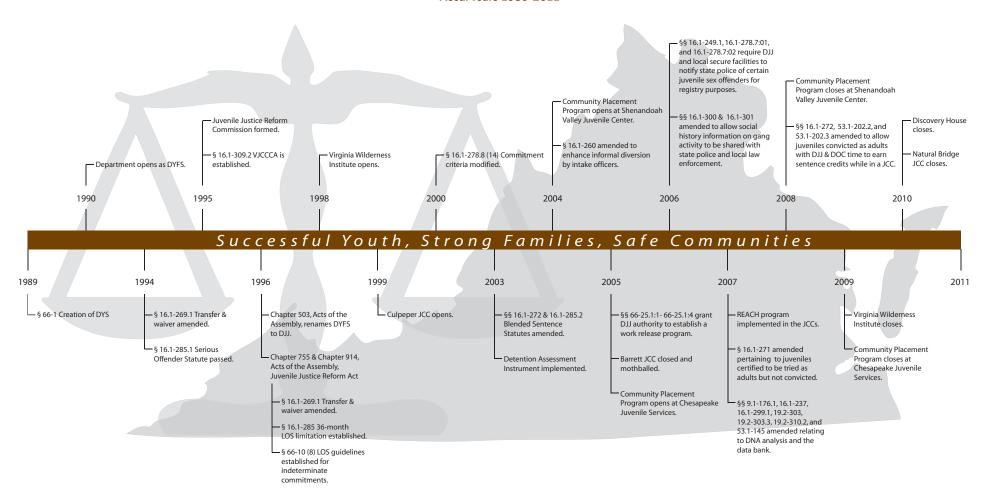
2010

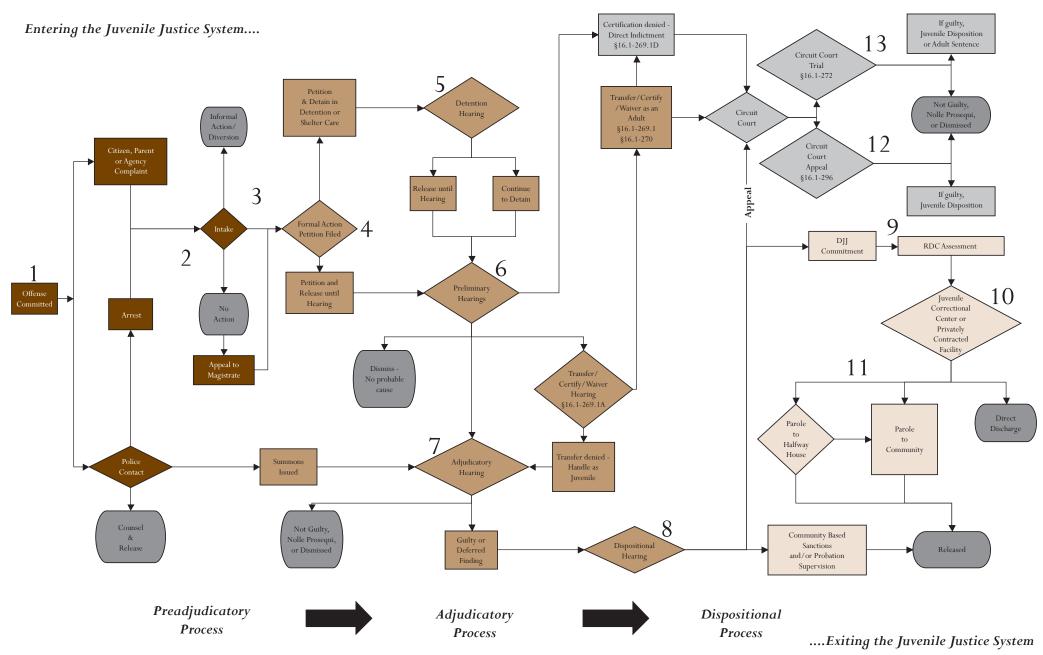
- Natural Bridge JCC is closed on October 9, 2009.
- Discovery House, a halfway house located in Roanoke, is closed on June 10, 2010.

Department of Juvenile Justice

Historical Timeline Highlights

Fiscal Years 1989-2011





Source: Department of Juvenile Justice



STEPS IN THE JUVENILE JUSTICE SYSTEM

- The juvenile enters the system when an offense is committed and reported by a parent, citizen, agency complaint, or the police.
- 2. If the juvenile entered the system through police contact, a decision is made to either counsel and release the youth back to the community or to arrest. If a parent, citizen, or agency made the complaint, the complaint goes to intake.
- 3. An intake officer at the court service unit makes the decision whether to take informal action such as crisis-shelter care, detention outreach, or counseling; to take no action; or to file a petition. In some cases, a police officer or the original complainant will appeal to the magistrate if they disagree with the intake officer's decision. The magistrate must certify the charge, and the matter is returned to intake to file a petition.
- 4. Once a petition has been filed, an intake officer decides if the juvenile should be detained or released to his or her parents/guardians. The decision is based on the juvenile's risk to self, community, or flight and is guided by completion of the Detention Assessment Instrument (see Appendix K).
- 5. If the decision is made to detain the juvenile, a detention hearing is held within 72 hours in the juvenile and domestic relations district court to determine the need for further detention and examine the merits of the charges.
- 6. A preliminary hearing is held to ensure that the case has enough merit to carry it to trial. Issues of competency, insanity, subpoenas, and witnesses are addressed also. If no probable cause exists, the case is dismissed. If cause is determined, the case moves to the adjudicatory hearing. Also during this phase, issues of transfers and waivers are addressed by the court. If certification is ordered or a direct indictment issued, the case goes to the circuit court (see step 13).
- 7. Delinquency is determined at the adjudicatory hearing. Witnesses and testimony are presented similar to an adult trial. If found not delinquent, the case is dismissed. If found delinquent, a dispositional hearing is held.
- 8. At the dispositional hearing, the pre-disposition report is used to assist the judge with information to determine the most appropriate options for the case. The court decides if the juvenile will be committed to DJJ or face community sanctions such as warnings, restitutions, or fines. A conditional disposition may be imposed such as probation, which includes participation in

- CSU programs, or referral to local services or facilities, to other agencies, to private placement, or to post-dispositional detention. Once the requirements have been met, the juvenile is released by the court.
- If committed to DJJ, the juvenile must undergo psychological, educational, social, and medical evaluations conducted at RDC.
- 10. From RDC, the juvenile may go to a privately operated residential facility or a juvenile correctional center (JCC). At the JCC, a committed juvenile receives 24-hour supervision, education, treatment services, recreational services, and a variety of special programs.
- 11. After completion of the commitment period, a juvenile may be placed on parole or directly released. During parole, the juvenile transitions to the community through agency program efforts and is afforded local services. Some juveniles may need 24-hour residential care and treatment services provided by a halfway house. Upon completion of parole or entry into the adult criminal justice system, the youth is discharged from the juvenile system.
- 12. A case may be sent into the appeals process following the dispositional hearing. After presentation to the circuit court, the case is reconsidered and the issue of delinquency is examined. If the juvenile is found not delinquent, the case is dismissed. If found delinquent, the circuit court judge administers an appropriate juvenile disposition.
- 13. If the circuit court received the case through a direct indictment, a trial will take place. If found not guilty, the case is dismissed. If found guilty, the judge will decide whether to render a juvenile disposition or an adult sentence.



DJJ Operating Expenditures, FY 2010

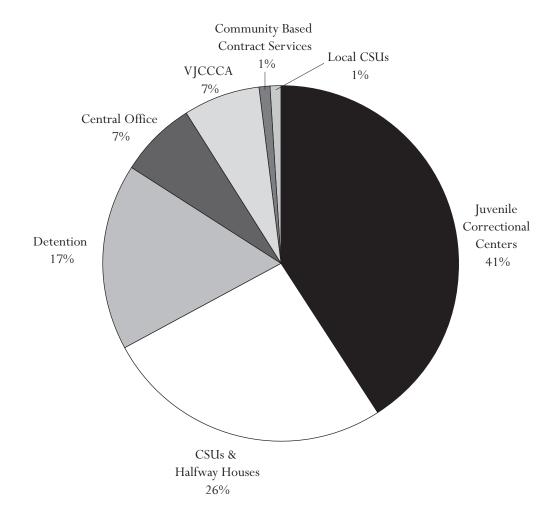
GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES \$189.2 MILLION

Non-General Fund Expenditures \$ 4.2 Million

TOTAL FY 2010 EXPENDITURES \$193.4 MILLION

During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010, the Department expended a total of \$193.4 million. Of this amount, 25% was in transfer payments to localities for VJCCCA, local detention, and locally run CSUs.

The chart below reflects the programs for which these funds were expended.





DJJ Training Unit

The DJJ Training Unit is responsible for providing or facilitating training for the 3,000+ employees and affiliates of the Department. The unit's mission is to provide quality training that addresses specific job functions and duties, matches the experience level of the participants, responds to current topics and trends, and assists individuals in meeting their annual training requirements. Organized as a centralized unit, training is delivered in each of the three geographical regions, as well as in Richmond where the main training facility, Cedar Lodge, is located. On average, each biannual calendar offers 300 training dates in 62 topical areas. The unit supports DJJ's mission by implementing, supporting, or facilitating programs for each division.



Cedar Lodge Training Facility

On-Going Employee Development Programs: New Employee Orientation • Basic Skills for New Juvenile Correctional Officers (JCOs) – 160 hours • Basic Skills for New Probation

Officers – 40 hours • Basic Skills for New Institutional Counselors – 40+ hours • Annual In-Service for JCOs – 40 hours • Annual In-Service for Sergeants and Lieutenants – 16-24 hours • Sex Offender Program Training – 21 hours • Substance Abuse Program Training – 21 hours • Handle with Care Instructor Certification – 21 hours • Orientation for Non-Security JCC Employees – 120 hours • Annual Re-Certification Programs: suicide prevention, verbal & physical intervention skills, American Red Cross First Aid/CPR • Supervisor Toolkit • Non-Security Staff In-Service – 40 hours

Special Programs/Initiatives: Safety and Wellness • Computer Training • Mental Health • Career Management and Personal Development • Field Training Officers

Statewide Initiatives:

LMS – The DJJ Knowledge Center, DJJ's Learning Management System (LMS), manages training through a variety of avenues. It allows the Training Center to manage classes, instructors, locations, and training records. It provides a streamlined system of measuring performance outcomes and the applicability of classes/resource materials. It allows managers, supervisors, and the Certification Unit to access records and reports to insure compliance with regulations, policies, and procedures. All employees will benefit from this system with the following options available: online registration; directions to training locations; online classes and immediate course credit; immediate online access to student transcripts; online research using juvenile and criminal justice links; access to policies, procedures, regulations, resource material, and "Frequently Asked Questions;" survey assessments; and access to a criminal justice glossary.

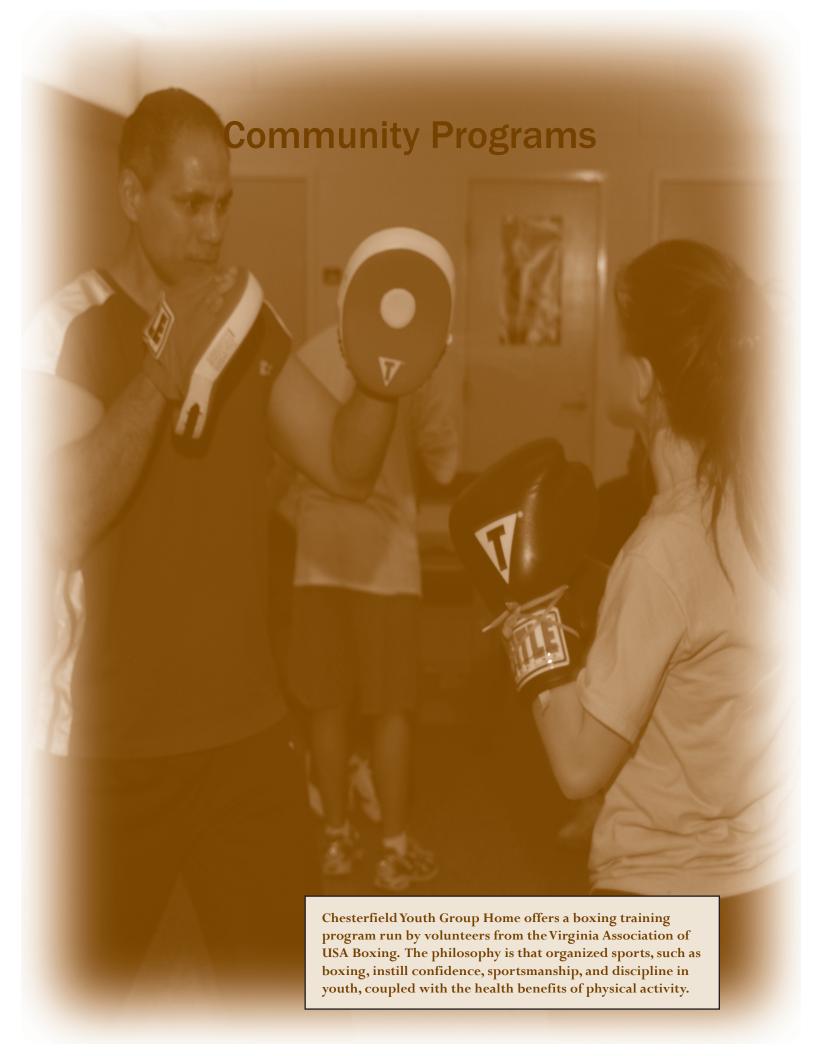
MVP—The Managing Virginia Program (MVP) is a state-wide initiative to standardize training for the Commonwealth's managers and supervisors. DJJ is one of 41 agencies involved in establishing management competencies/criteria and developing a range of training opportunities for managers and supervisors. In response to the pending mandate from the Commonwealth, DJJ has designed a Toolkit for the Supervisors Program to meet core competencies. All newly hired and promoted supervisors have the opportunity to attend this course within the first 90 days of hire/promotion.

Reporting on Race and Ethnicity

Demographic information provides a method of examining what a certain population "looks like" over time and is typically inclusive of variables such as age, sex, and race. The value of such information is unquestionable, and when discussing juvenile offenders, it can be particularly useful. In the past, DJJ has collected and reported racial demographics including the category of Hispanic. According to the U.S. Census Bureau, however, "The federal government considers race and Hispanic origin to be two separate and distinct concepts" (*Census 2000 Brief: Overview of Race and Hispanic Origin Issued March 2001*). In an effort to ensure the most accurate data collecting and reporting, DJJ modified its data collection and applied these changes retroactively. Since the beginning of FY 2008, the Juvenile Tracking System has offered new data entry options that separate race from ethnicity to effectively allow a juvenile to be counted as both black and Hispanic, for example. To apply these changes to the existing data in the system, any juvenile who was previously categorized as Hispanic race was recoded as an unknown race (since it would be impossible to determine the actual race retroactively) and given the ethnicity designation of Hispanic.

The changes to current and past data collection impact how the information is presented in the *Data Resource Guide*. Racial information for previous years will change due to the recategorization discussed above, and this change is notable in the category of "Other" since it now also captures anyone previously counted as having a Hispanic race. When reviewing demographic data throughout this book, it is important to note that while it is an option to show a juvenile's race as white or black and ethnicity as Hispanic – some data may still reflect Hispanic juveniles as having a racial category of "Other." As familiarity with this new option increases and additional training is conducted, it is expected that the data will reflect racial distinctions that expand beyond the "Other" category.







Introduction to Community Programs

The Community Programs Section of the Division of Operations is responsible for providing a continuum of community-based services to juvenile offenders. The following briefly describes these services:

COURT SERVICE UNIT FUNCTIONS

Juvenile Intake

Intake services are provided 24 hours a day at each of the 35 court service units (CSUs) across the state. The intake officer on duty has the authority to receive, review, and process complaints. This may result in diversion and referral to other community resources for appropriate juveniles charged with less serious offenses.

Based on the information gathered, a determination is made for whether or not a petition should be filed with the Juvenile and Domestic Relations District Court and, if so, whether or not the juvenile should be released to a parent or another responsible adult, placed in a detention alternative, or detained pending a court hearing. Decisions by DJJ intake officers concerning detention are guided by the completion of the Detention Assessment Instrument (DAI). Implemented in November 2002, the DAI guides detention decisions using standard criteria (See Appendix K). An evaluation of the initial implementation of this instrument was completed in 2004, and a validation study was completed in 2006.

Investigations and Reports

Social histories make up the majority of the reports completed by CSU personnel. These investigations describe the social adjustment and circumstances of youth. Some are court-ordered prior to disposition while others are completed following placement on



Community Service Coordinator Veda Frazier discusses the rules of Outreach Detention with a juvenile at the 9th CSU.

probation as required by DJJ standards. A risk assessment instrument is completed at the same time as the social history, classifying the juveniles according to their relative risk of reoffending. Beginning in 2008, DJJ began the process of implementing the Youth Assessment & Screening Instrument (YASI). The YASI is an enhanced risk/needs assessment tool which on July 1, 2010 replaced the previous risk assessment instrument. (See Appendix H for both instruments.) The information in the social history and risk assessment provides the basis for CSU personnel to develop appropriate services for the juvenile and the family, determine the level of supervision needed based on risk classification, and make recommendations to the court regarding the most appropriate disposition for the case.

Other reports and investigations completed by CSU personnel may include substance abuse evaluations, case summaries to the Family Assessment and Planning Teams under the Comprehensive Services Act, commitment packets for the Reception and Diagnostic Center, interstate compact reports, transfer reports, and ongoing case documentation.

Domestic Relations & Custody Investigations

In addition to handling delinquency and Child in Need of Service/Supervision complaints, CSUs provide intake services for domestic relations complaints. These complaints include nonsupport, family abuse, determination of custody (permanent and temporary), abuse and neglect, termination of parental rights, visitation rights, paternity, and emancipation. In some CSUs, services such as treatment referral, supervision, and counseling are provided in adult cases of domestic violence. Although the majority of custody investigations for the court are performed by the local Department of Social Services, some CSUs perform investigations to provide recommendations to the court on parental custody and visitation based on the best interests of the child and defined criteria in the *Code of Virginia*.

Probation

The most frequently used disposition for juveniles is probation supervision. Juvenile probation in Virginia strives to achieve a balanced approach, focusing on the principles of community protection (public safety), accountability, and competency



development. DJJ provides a risk-based system of probation, with those juveniles classified as highest risk to reoffend receiving the most intensive supervision levels.

Parole

Upon release from state commitment, most offenders are placed on parole supervision. With planning initiated when a juvenile is committed to DJJ, parole supervision is designed to assist in the successful transition back to the community. Parole builds on the programs and services the juvenile received during the period of secure confinement. Parole supervision is organized around the balanced approach. Protection of public safety is emphasized through a level system of supervision based on the juvenile's assessed risk of reoffending and adjustment to rules and expectations. The period of parole varies according to the juvenile's needs, level of risk, offense history, and adjustment. Supervision may last until the juvenile's 21st birthday.

Parole officers are assigned to offenders to provide case management services, facilitate appropriate transitional services, and monitor adjustment to the community. Juveniles may receive family and individual counseling, referral to other community services, vocational services, or specialized educational services. These services are provided statewide by a network of approved vendors from which the CSUs purchase programs and services for paroled juveniles and their families.

INTERSTATE COMPACT ON JUVENILES (ICJ)

The ICJ Unit provides for the cooperative supervision of probationers and parolees moving from state to state and the return of runaways, absconders, and escapees. In 2008, a new compact was enacted forming the Interstate Commission for Juveniles. Virginia and 41 other states are currently members. The ICJ governs each member state as to the provision of proper supervision or return of juveniles, delinquents, and status offenders on probation or parole who have absconded, escaped, or runaway and in so doing have endangered their own safety or the safety of others. It is the responsibility of each member state to provide supervision and services to ICJ cases using the same standards that prevail for its own juveniles placed on probation or parole supervision.

VIRGINIA JUVENILE COMMUNITY CRIME CONTROL ACT (VJCCCA)

Funding is provided to local governments through VJCCCA to design and implement services to meet the needs of juveniles before the court in their localities. With a plan approved by the Board of Juvenile Justice, localities may purchase or develop and operate an

array of programs and services that may be pre- or post-dispositional and occur in both residential and/or non-residential settings.

COMPREHENSIVE SERVICES ACT (CSA)

Developed to help at-risk youth and families, the CSA is a child-centered, community-based, collaborative system of services and funding. CSUs may refer juveniles to local, interdisciplinary Family Assessment and Planning Teams (FAPT). Representatives from DJJ, by law, are members of the local FAPT. When local funding is available, the FAPT will assess a youth's strengths and needs in order to develop and implement a service plan to meet those needs.

DETENTION

All secure detention facilities are operated by local governments or multi-jurisdictional commissions. DJJ provides partial funding for construction and operations and serves as the regulatory agency for these facilities. These physically secure centers provide temporary care for delinquents and alleged delinquents who require secure custody pending a court appearance. Educational instruction (including remedial services) is mandatory within 24 hours of any youth being detained and is provided by the locality in which the detention facility is located (funded by the Department of Education). Program components include medical and mental health screening, recreational and religious activities, and parental or guardian visitation.

Many detention programs provide secure custody and services for post-dispositional delinquents as an alternative to state commitment pursuant to Va. Code §16.1-284.1. Juveniles may be sentenced to a post-dispositional program for up to 180 days. In these, treatment services are coordinated by the detention facility, the CSU, local mental health and social service agencies, and the juvenile's family.



Personal growth through hard work and cooperation is a goal of the horticultural classes at Merrimac Center's Post-Dispositional Detention Program. Residents enjoy the fruits of their labor, literally and figuratively, at the completion of their stay.

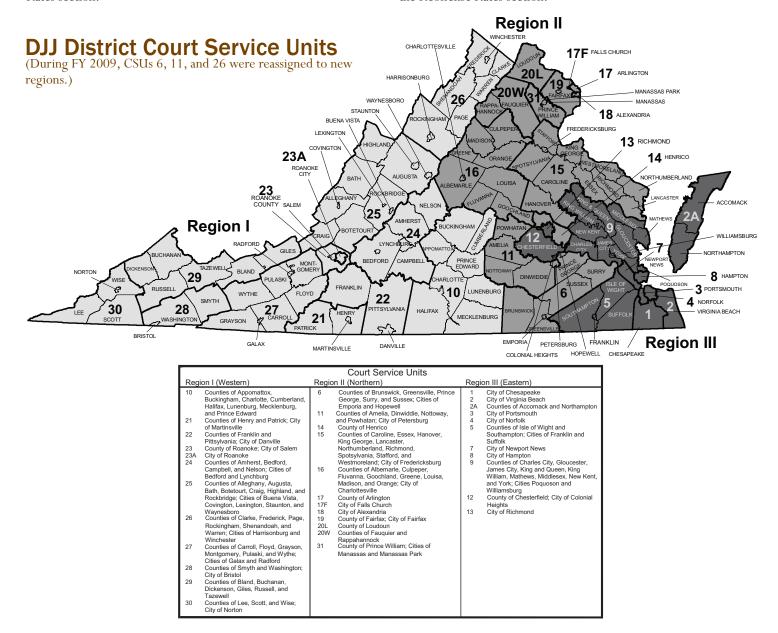


These services are tailored to meet the specific needs of that juvenile. Examples of facility-based and community-based services for post-dispositional youth include anger management, substance abuse education and treatment, life skills, vocational education, community service, restitution, and victim empathy. During FY 2010, 17 facilities had post-dispositional programs: Blue Ridge, Chesapeake, Chesterfield, Fairfax, Highlands, James River, Loudoun, Lynchburg, Merrimac, New River Valley, Newport News, Norfolk, Northern Virginia, Northwestern, Rappahannock, Virginia Beach, and W.W. Moore. Out of 1,425 licensed secure detention beds in FY 2010, 218 beds were dedicated to post-dispositional detention. Recidivism rates for post-dispositional programs are provided in the Reoffense Rates section.

HALFWAY HOUSES

During FY 2010, the Department operated three halfway houses. On July 1, 2010, one of these facilities was closed, leaving two remaining programs. The halfway houses are designed to provide transitional living arrangements and skill development to juveniles released from the ICCs.

Each halfway house program is designed to take advantage of the unique resources available in its community to meet the needs of the residents. Upon completion of the program, the resident will have gained additional skills to promote a continued positive adjustment and reduce the risk of recidivism. Recidivism rates are provided in the Reoffense Rates section.





Statewide Activity for Court Service Units

INTAKE COMPLAINTS, FY 2008-2010

Domestic Relations	2008	2009	2010
Dom. Rel./Child Welfare	134,217	137,364	138,712
Juvenile Complaints			
Felony	18,631	17,883	14,868
Class 1 Misdemeanor	38,062	37,602	33,400
Class 2-4 Misdemeanor	6,662	6,371	5,598
CHINS/CHINSup (Status)	12,403	12,258	10,740
Other			
Technical Violations	9,837	9,564	8,479
Traffic	1,305	1,281	1,197
Other	1,355	1,166	1,249
Total Juvenile Complaints	88,255	86,125	75,531
Total Complaints	222,472	223,489	214,243

INTAKE DISPOSITION OF JUVENILE COMPLAINTS, FY 2010¹

Intake Disposition	2010
Petitions	
Petition Filed	51.4%
Unsuccessful Diversion	1.7%
Detention Order with Petition	16.0%
Detention Order Only	0.9%
Resolved/Diverted	22.0%
Other	8.1%
Total Juvenile Complaints	75,531

¹ Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008 included only successful diversions. Since then, data includes all diversions.

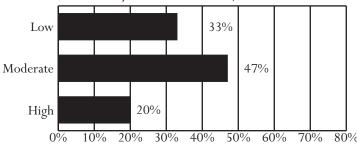
JUVENILE INTAKE CASES, FY 2008-2010*

JUVENILE INTAKE CASES, I	1 2000	72010	
Demographics	2008	2009	2010
Race			
Black	44.6%	44.4%	44.6%
White	48.0%	48.9%	49.0%
Other	7.4%	6.7%	6.4%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	6.3%	6.9%	7.1%
Sex			
Male	68.9%	67.9%	67.5%
Female	31.1%	32.1%	32.5%
Age			
8-12	5.4%	5.4%	5.9%
13	7.0%	6.2%	6.6%
14	12.4%	11.9%	11.7%
15	18.6%	18.3%	18.1%
16	24.8%	25.0%	24.2%
17	27.7%	28.7%	28.6%
18-20	3.2%	3.6%	3.5%
Error/Missing	0.9%	1.0%	1.4%
Total Juvenile Cases	61,947	61,376	54,474

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

- U.S. Census Data:
 - Between calendar years 1990 and 2000, the juvenile population (ages 10-17) increased 23% (from 637,222 to 781,196). The juvenile population on July 1st, 2009 was 800,297.
- Intakes (FY 2010):
 - 54,474 juvenile intakes and 75,531 juvenile complaints (average of 1.4 complaints per intake)
- Intake Trends (FY 2008-2010):
 - Domestic relations complaints increased 3%.
 - Juvenile complaints decreased 14%.
 - Juvenile felony complaints decreased 20%.
 - CHINS/CHINSup complaints decreased 13%.
- Intake Disposition (FY 2010):
 - A petition was filed in response to 69% of juvenile complaints. 22% of juvenile complaints were resolved or diverted.
- Time Frames (FY 2010):
 - The average time from intake to adjudication was 65 days.
 - The average time from RDC's reception of commitment papers to RDC admission was 5 days (excludes subsequent commitments).
- Risk Assessment / YASI (FY 2010):
 - 10,581 assessments completed; 47% had a moderate score
- Most Common Juvenile Offense Category (FY 2010):
 - Intake Larceny or Assault
 - Probation Larceny
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention Assault
 - Commitment Larceny
- Average Length of Stay (FY 2010):
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention 22 days
 - Commitment to the State 14.0 months
- Detention-Eligible Intake Cases (FY 2010):
 - Statewide, there were 39,168 detention-eligible intake cases and 7,860 pre-dispositional detention placements, for a rate of 5.0 eligible intakes per detention placement.

RISK ASSESSMENT / YASI RESULTS, FY 2010*



^{*} Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because some CSUs began using the YASI during that fiscal year. Data presented combines the Risk Assessment Instrument and the YASI when applicable and includes YASI results of "no risk" in the "low risk" category.

Unless noted otherwise, these data do not include domestic relations or child welfare complaints. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding.



OFFENSE CATEGORY, FY 2010

OFFENSE CATEGORY, I	1 201	.0		
Offense Category (See Appendix I for the full list of Miscellaneous/Other Offenses)	Intake Complaints	New Probation Cases*	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Domestic Relat	ions/Chil	d Welfare	Offenses	
Custody	67.4%	66.7%	50.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	15.6%	4.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Protective Orders	11.8%	9.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Other DR/CW	5.3%	19.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Total DR/CW Offenses	138,712	21	2	0
Ju	venile Of	fenses		
Abusive Language	0.6%	0.6%	0.3%	0.2%
Alcohol	4.1%	3.5%	1.4%	0.9%
Arson	0.6%	1.2%	1.0%	0.7%
Assault	14.2%	16.7%	18.1%	13.2%
Burglary	3.2%	6.4%	6.0%	11.3%
Contempt of Court	5.2%	2.8%	7.4%	1.3%
Disorderly Conduct	3.5%	3.1%	1.4%	1.4%
Escapes	0.1%	0.1%	0.3%	0.4%
Extortion	0.5%	0.6%	0.5%	0.2%
Failure to Appear	1.3%	0.4%	3.7%	0.1%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	1.3%	1.4%	1.6%	0.9%
Gangs	0.3%	0.4%	0.9%	1.8%
Kidnapping	0.3%	0.1%	0.9%	0.6%
Larceny	15.8%	19.0%	13.5%	19.8%
Miscellaneous/Other	5.2%	2.9%	2.0%	0.6%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.2%	0.1%
Narcotics	5.9%	8.3%	3.2%	4.0%
Obscenity	0.8%	0.7%	0.5%	0.4%
Obstruction of Justice	1.6%	1.9%	2.3%	1.8%
Parole Violation	0.5%	0.0%	1.0%	2.0%
Probation Violation	5.2%	2.6%	11.0%	8.7%
Robbery	1.3%	1.9%	5.7%	8.5%
Sex Offense	1.2%	2.9%	3.4%	3.6%
Status Offense	11.7%	6.0%	0.8%	0.3%
Telephone Law	0.3%	0.2%	0.1%	0.0%
Traffic	4.5%	2.6%	1.7%	2.4%
Trespass	2.7%	2.5%	1.4%	2.4%
Vandalism	6.2%	7.3%	5.1%	7.4%
Weapons	1.9%	3.5%	4.7%	4.8%
Total Juvenile Offenses	75,531	15,382	13,481	2,224
* 0 % 1 + 6 1 + 1	,	,	2	

^{*} Offense data for new probation cases is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. As of FY 2008, multiple offenses per probation case are recorded.

CSU Workload Information, FY 2010

Completed Reports		Activity	ADP
Pre-Dispositional Reports	3,402	Probation*	5,636
Post-Dispositional Reports	2,441	Parole	459
Transfer Reports	155	Intensive Prob.	352
Custody Investigations	38	Commitments	890

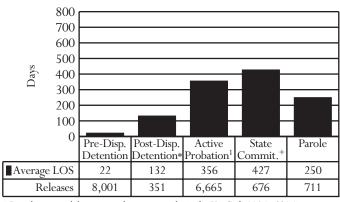
^{*} Data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because workload codes 20, 21, and 22 have been included since that fiscal year.

OFFENSE SEVERITY, FY 2010*

Offense Severity of the Most Serious Offense (See Appendix K for more info)	Juvenile Intake Cases	New Probation Cases ¹	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	5.0%	14.5%	21.9%	44.3%
- Weapons/Narcotics	1.0%	3.8%	2.6%	6.0%
- Other	9.5%	24.8%	16.0%	33.1%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	15.4%	18.5%	11.5%	7.3%
- Other	28.6%	22.1%	14.2%	5.1%
Prob./Parole Violation	7.0%	0.4%	19.2%	3.8%
Court Order Violation	6.3%	2.1%	10.6%	0.0%
Status Offense	17.5%	7.4%	1.1%	0.0%
Other	9.6%	6.5%	2.2%	0.2%
Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.4%	0.3%
Total Juvenile Cases/ Placements/Commitments	54,474	5,691	7,860	662
% of Statewide	100%	100%	100%	100%

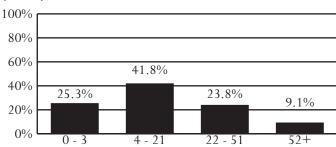
^{*} A single intake, probation, placement, or commitment may involve multiple offenses.

AVERAGE LOS, FY 2010 RELEASES



^{*} Post-dispositional detention with programs only (under Va. Code §16.1 - 284.1)

Pre-Dispositional Detention LOS Distribution (Days), FY 2010 Releases*



st Selected intervals are consistent with applicable citations in the Code of Virginia.

⁺ Appealed cases are included.

¹Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 due to methodological changes.



District 1City of Chesapeake

Region III -- Director: Maury Brickhouse

301 Albemarle Drive Chesapeake, Virginia 23322 757-382-8150

INTAKE COMPLAINTS, FY 2008-2010

Domestic Relations	2008	2009	2010
Dom. Rel./Child Welfare	4,850	5,071	5,225
Juvenile Complaints			
Felony	622	657	585
Class 1 Misdemeanor	1,178	1,083	1,023
Class 2-4 Misdemeanor	203	171	152
CHINS/CHINSup (Status)	481	452	340
Other			
Technical Violations	253	285	187
Traffic	9	6	13
Other	17	10	39
Total Juvenile Complaints	2,763	2,664	2,339
Total Complaints	7,613	7,735	7,564

INTAKE DISPOSITION OF JUVENILE COMPLAINTS, FY 2010¹

Intake Disposition	2010
Petitions	
Petition Filed	63.7%
Unsuccessful Diversion	1.5%
Detention Order with Petition	10.5%
Detention Order Only	0.5%
Resolved/Diverted	21.2%
Other	2.6%
Total Juvenile Complaints	2,339

 $[\]overline{\ }$ Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008 included only successful diversions. Since then, data includes all diversions.

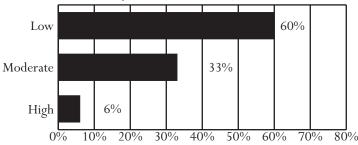
JUVENILE INTAKE CASES, FY 2008-2010*

JOVERNILE INTIANCE CAGEO,			
Demographics	2008	2009	2010
Race			
Black	51.2%	53.1%	53.8%
White	45.3%	43.2%	42.2%
Other	3.6%	3.7%	4.0%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	1.5%	0.9%	1.2%
Sex			
Male	67.3%	65.0%	63.4%
Female	32.7%	35.0%	36.6%
Age			
8-12	7.9%	7.3%	6.5%
13	6.7%	5.7%	5.1%
14	11.3%	8.8%	12.0%
15	15.9%	18.6%	16.7%
16	26.1%	27.1%	27.5%
17	27.8%	28.2%	29.2%
18-20	2.1%	1.8%	2.2%
Error/Missing	2.3%	2.5%	0.6%
Total Juvenile Cases	1,995	1,924	1,645

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

- U.S. Census Data:
 - Between calendar years 1990 and 2000, the juvenile population (ages 10-17) increased 46% (from 18,449 to 26,873). The juvenile population on July 1st, 2009 was 27,613.
- Intakes (FY 2010):
 - 1,645 juvenile intakes and 2,339 juvenile complaints (average of 1.4 complaints per intake)
- Intake Trends (FY 2008-2010):
 - Domestic relations complaints increased 8%.
 - Juvenile complaints decreased 15%.
 - Juvenile felony complaints decreased 6%.
 - CHINS/CHINSup complaints decreased 29%.
- Intake Disposition (FY 2010):
 - A petition was filed in response to 76% of juvenile complaints. 21% of juvenile complaints were resolved or diverted.
- Time Frames (FY 2010):
 - The average time from intake to adjudication was 105 days.
 - The average time from RDC's reception of commitment papers to RDC admission was 5 days (excludes subsequent commitments).
- Risk Assessment / YASI (FY 2010):
 - 708 assessments completed; 60% had a low score, versus 33% statewide
- Most Common Juvenile Offense Category (FY 2010):
 - Intake Larceny
 - · Probation Larceny
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention Assault
 - Commitment Larceny
- Average Length of Stay (FY 2010):
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention 29 days, versus 22 statewide
 - Commitment to the State 14.7 months, versus 14.0 statewide
- Detention-Eligible Intake Cases (FY 2010):
 - The 1st District had 1,202 detention-eligible intake cases and 196 pre-dispositional detention placements, for a rate of 6.1 eligible intakes per detention placement.

RISK ASSESSMENT / YASI RESULTS, FY 2010*



^{*} Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because some CSUs began using the YASI during that fiscal year. Data presented combines the Risk Assessment Instrument and the YASI when applicable and includes YASI results of "no risk" in the "low risk" category.

Unless noted otherwise, these data do not include domestic relations or child welfare complaints. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding



Offense Category, FY 2010

Offense Category (See Appendix I for the full list of Miscellaneous/Other Offenses)	Intake Complaints	New Probation Cases*	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Domestic Relat				
Custody	70.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	15.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Protective Orders	11.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other DR/CW	3.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total DR/CW Offenses	5,225	0	0	0
Ju	venile Of	fenses		
Abusive Language	0.1%	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol	2.6%	4.4%	3.5%	0.0%
Arson	0.9%	0.7%	0.6%	0.0%
Assault	16.4%	14.4%	23.2%	8.3%
Burglary	4.7%	8.7%	7.4%	11.1%
Contempt of Court	5.5%	1.6%	13.5%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	1.3%	1.5%	0.6%	0.0%
Escapes	0.2%	0.5%	0.0%	2.8%
Extortion	0.0%	0.5%	0.3%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	1.5%	0.9%	3.9%	0.0%
Gangs	0.0%	0.1%	0.3%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.1%	0.4%	0.3%	0.0%
Larceny	23.4%	20.8%	13.2%	25.0%
Miscellaneous/Other	4.2%	5.7%	1.6%	2.8%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics	5.7%	6.4%	1.0%	2.8%
Obscenity	0.3%	1.1%	1.0%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	1.5%	3.2%	1.6%	0.0%
Parole Violation	0.2%	0.0%	1.0%	0.0%
Probation Violation	2.3%	3.9%	6.8%	8.3%
Robbery	1.8%	1.2%	5.5%	11.1%
Sex Offense	0.9%	1.1%	3.9%	16.7%
Status Offense	12.7%	2.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.2%	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic	2.0%	2.8%	1.0%	0.0%
Trespass	3.8%	4.7%	0.6%	0.0%
Vandalism	5.5%	8.0%	4.2%	2.8%
Weapons	2.1%	4.6%	4.8%	8.3%
Total Juvenile Offenses	2,339	813	310	36

^{*} Offense data for new probation cases is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. As of FY 2008, multiple offenses per probation case are recorded.

CSU Workload Information, FY 2010

Completed Reports		Activity	ADP
Pre-Dispositional Reports	127	Probation*	163
Post-Dispositional Reports	116	Parole	14
Transfer Reports	8	Intensive Prob.	3
Custody Investigations	0	Commitments	15

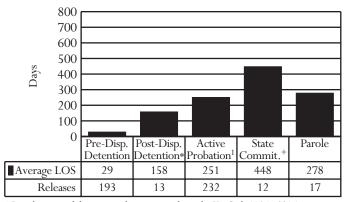
^{*} Data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because workload codes 20, 21, and 22 have been included since that fiscal year.

OFFENSE SEVERITY, FY 2010*

Offense Severity of the Most Serious Offense (See Appendix K for more info)	Juvenile Intake Cases	New Probation Cases ¹	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	6.7%	12.6%	20.9%	50.0%
- Weapons/Narcotics	0.4%	4.4%	1.5%	0.0%
- Other	12.9%	34.4%	16.3%	37.5%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	16.4%	18.1%	14.3%	12.5%
- Other	28.9%	24.4%	12.2%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation	3.3%	0.0%	12.2%	0.0%
Court Order Violation	7.7%	0.7%	21.4%	0.0%
Status Offense	16.8%	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Other	6.7%	4.8%	1.0%	0.0%
Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Cases/ Placements/Commitments	1,645	270	196	8
% of Statewide	3.02%	4.74%	2.49%	1.21%

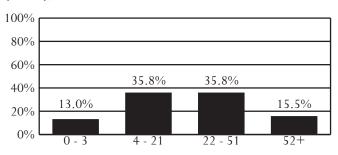
^{*} A single intake, probation, placement, or commitment may involve multiple offenses.

AVERAGE LOS, FY 2010 RELEASES



^{*} Post-dispositional detention with programs only (under Va. Code §16.1 - 284.1)

Pre-Dispositional Detention LOS Distribution (Days), FY 2010 Releases*



st Selected intervals are consistent with applicable citations in the Code of Virginia.

All data were downloaded on 11/10/2010. Any changes after that date are not reflected in this book. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding.

⁺ Appealed cases are included.

¹Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 due to methodological changes.



District 2

City of Virginia Beach

Region III -- Director: Olymphia Perkins

2425 Nimmo Parkway, Bldg. 10-A Virginia Beach, Virginia 23456 757-385-4426

Intake Complaints, FY 2008-2010

Domestic Relations	2008	2009	2010
Dom. Rel./Child Welfare	7,668	8,748	8,707
Juvenile Complaints			
Felony	1,197	989	933
Class 1 Misdemeanor	1,699	1,593	1,591
Class 2-4 Misdemeanor	323	282	251
CHINS/CHINSup (Status)	751	589	368
Other			
Technical Violations	537	322	230
Traffic	28	37	23
Other	45	27	21
Total Juvenile Complaints	4,580	3,839	3,417
Total Complaints	12,248	12,587	12,124

INTAKE DISPOSITION OF JUVENILE COMPLAINTS, FY 2010¹

Inteles Dismosition	2010
Intake Disposition	2010
Petitions	
Petition Filed	38.6%
Unsuccessful Diversion	0.4%
Detention Order with Petition	20.9%
Detention Order Only	4.2%
Resolved/Diverted	24.1%
Other	11.8%
Total Juvenile Complaints	3,417

¹ Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008 included only successful diversions. Since then, data includes all diversions.

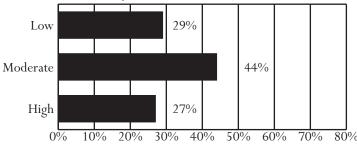
JUVENILE INTAKE CASES, FY 2008-2010*

JOYLINEE INVIANCE GAGLO,	. = 000		
Demographics	2008	2009	2010
Race			
Black	43.3%	42.5%	44.9%
White	50.5%	49.7%	49.5%
Other	6.2%	7.8%	5.6%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	2.5%	2.9%	2.9%
Sex			
Male	70.1%	69.1%	67.2%
Female	29.9%	30.9%	32.8%
Age			
8-12	5.0%	5.8%	6.0%
13	5.4%	5.0%	5.1%
14	11.7%	11.0%	11.0%
15	19.5%	18.1%	19.4%
16	26.4%	25.1%	24.4%
17	27.4%	29.7%	28.8%
18-20	4.0%	4.7%	4.2%
Error/Missing	0.5%	0.6%	1.0%
Total Juvenile Cases	2,758	2,343	2,038

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

- U.S. Census Data:
 - Between calendar years 1990 and 2000, the juvenile population (ages 10-17) increased 22% (from 43,303 to 52,749). The juvenile population on July 1st, 2009 was 46,999.
- Intakes (FY 2010):
 - 2,038 juvenile intakes and 3,417 juvenile complaints (average of 1.7 complaints per intake)
- Intake Trends (FY 2008-2010):
 - Domestic relations complaints increased 14%.
 - Juvenile complaints decreased 25%.
 - Juvenile felony complaints decreased 22%.
 - CHINS/CHINSup complaints decreased 51%.
- Intake Disposition (FY 2010):
 - A petition was filed in response to 60% of juvenile complaints. 24% of juvenile complaints were resolved or diverted.
- Time Frames (FY 2010):
 - The average time from intake to adjudication was 50 days.
 - The average time from RDC's reception of commitment papers to RDC admission was 5 days (excludes subsequent commitments).
- Risk Assessment / YASI (FY 2010):
 - 750 assessments completed; 27% had a high score, versus 20% statewide
- Most Common Juvenile Offense Category (FY 2010):
 - Intake Larceny
 - Probation Larceny
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention Larceny or Assault
 - Commitment Larceny
- Average Length of Stay (FY 2010):
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention 24 days, versus 22 statewide
 - Commitment to the State 17.4 months, versus 14.0 statewide
- Detention-Eligible Intake Cases (FY 2010):
 - The 2nd District had 1,615 detention-eligible intake cases and 344 pre-dispositional detention placements, for a rate of 4.7 eligible intakes per detention placement.

RISK ASSESSMENT / YASI RESULTS, FY 2010*



^{*} Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because some CSUs began using the YASI during that fiscal year. Data presented combines the Risk Assessment Instrument and the YASI when applicable and includes YASI results of "no risk" in the "low risk" category.

Unless noted otherwise, these data do not include domestic relations or child welfare complaints. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding



Offense Category, FY 2010

Offense Category (See Appendix I for the full list of Miscellaneous/Other Offenses)	Intake Complaints	New Probation Cases*	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Domestic Relat				t C
Custody	72.8%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	14.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Protective Orders	9.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other DR/CW	4.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total DR/CW Offenses	8,707	0	1	0
	venile Of	fenses		
Abusive Language	0.4%	0.6%	0.2%	0.0%
Alcohol	5.0%	6.1%	2.1%	2.0%
Arson	0.6%	0.7%	1.5%	0.7%
Assault	15.6%	13.4%	16.3%	14.6%
Burglary	7.3%	8.5%	9.4%	11.3%
Contempt of Court	2.9%	2.0%	7.7%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	2.5%	4.2%	1.0%	0.0%
Escapes	0.1%	0.0%	0.2%	0.7%
Extortion	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.7%
Failure to Appear	2.3%	0.8%	5.0%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	1.3%	2.8%	2.6%	0.0%
Gangs	0.1%	0.1%	0.4%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.4%	0.1%	0.9%	0.0%
Larceny	20.3%	19.4%	18.3%	21.9%
Miscellaneous/Other	8.2%	5.5%	5.5%	0.7%
Murder	0.1%	0.0%	0.2%	0.0%
Narcotics	5.6%	5.0%	1.2%	4.0%
Obscenity	0.8%	0.7%	0.2%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	2.9%	3.8%	2.6%	0.7%
Parole Violation	0.5%	0.0%	0.1%	0.7%
Probation Violation	2.5%	1.4%	2.2%	6.0%
Robbery	2.3%	2.7%	8.4%	15.9%
Sex Offense	1.1%	4.4%	3.1%	4.0%
Status Offense	4.7%	2.2%	0.2%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%
Traffic	2.3%	2.7%	1.1%	0.0%
Trespass	2.4%	3.5%	0.7%	2.0%
Vandalism	6.6%	6.1%	5.8%	9.3%
Weapons	1.3%	3.3%	2.7%	5.3%
* Offense data for new probation of	3,417	859	893	151

^{*} Offense data for new probation cases is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. As of FY 2008, multiple offenses per probation case are recorded.

CSU Workload Information, FY 2010

Completed Reports		Activity	ADP
Pre-Dispositional Reports	203	Probation*	195
Post-Dispositional Reports	18	Parole	32
Transfer Reports	5	Intensive Prob.	0
Custody Investigations	0	Commitments	55

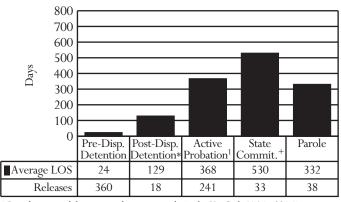
^{*} Data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because workload codes 20, 21, and 22 have been included since that fiscal year.

OFFENSE SEVERITY, FY 2010*

Offense Severity of the Most Serious Offense (See Appendix K for more info)	Juvenile Intake Cases	New Probation Cases ¹	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	5.7%	26.9%	34.3%	63.3%
- Weapons/Narcotics	0.7%	1.5%	2.0%	6.7%
- Other	13.9%	23.9%	26.2%	26.7%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	18.7%	12.9%	7.0%	3.3%
- Other	33.8%	24.9%	16.6%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation	4.8%	0.5%	5.2%	0.0%
Court Order Violation	1.9%	0.0%	6.4%	0.0%
Status Offense	12.2%	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Other	8.3%	9.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	2.3%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Cases/ Placements/Commitments	2,038	201	344	30
% of Statewide	3.74%	3.53%	4.38%	4.53%

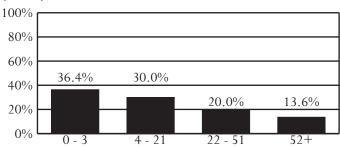
 $[\]hbox{*A single intake, probation, placement, or commitment may involve multiple offenses.} \\$

AVERAGE LOS, FY 2010 RELEASES



^{*} Post-dispositional detention with programs only (under Va. Code §16.1 - 284.1)

Pre-Dispositional Detention LOS Distribution (Days), FY 2010 Releases*



st Selected intervals are consistent with applicable citations in the Code of Virginia.

⁺ Appealed cases are included

¹Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 due to methodological changes.



District 2A

Counties of Accomack and Northampton

Region III -- Director: Sean Milner

23371 Front Street Accomac, Virginia 23301 757-787-5860

INTAKE COMPLAINTS, FY 2008-2010

Domestic Relations	2008	2009	2010
Dom. Rel./Child Welfare	1,229	1,161	1,225
Juvenile Complaints			
Felony	148	162	89
Class 1 Misdemeanor	233	205	219
Class 2-4 Misdemeanor	43	27	41
CHINS/CHINSup (Status)	63	99	64
Other			
Technical Violations	69	76	68
Traffic	34	13	10
Other	8	11	27
Total Juvenile Complaints	598	593	518
Total Complaints	1,827	1,754	1,743

INTAKE DISPOSITION OF JUVENILE COMPLAINTS, FY 2010¹

Intake Disposition	2010
Petitions	
Petition Filed	49.2%
Unsuccessful Diversion	3.3%
Detention Order with Petition	18.3%
Detention Order Only	0.0%
Resolved/Diverted	25.1%
Other	4.1%
Total Juvenile Complaints	518

 $[\]overline{\ }$ Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008 included only successful diversions. Since then, data includes all diversions.

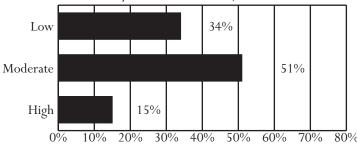
JUVENILE INTAKE CASES, FY 2008-2010*

JOVERNILE INTIANTE CASES,		2000 2010		
Demographics	2008	2009	2010	
Race				
Black	48.2%	51.0%	46.0%	
White	40.8%	35.9%	46.3%	
Other	11.0%	13.1%	7.6%	
Ethnicity - Hispanic	7.2%	8.7%	7.0%	
Sex				
Male	76.3%	78.7%	78.0%	
Female	23.7%	21.3%	22.0%	
Age				
8-12	6.2%	10.1%	4.4%	
13	6.0%	7.7%	4.7%	
14	9.6%	11.1%	8.8%	
15	15.3%	15.8%	17.0%	
16	27.8%	21.3%	26.1%	
17	30.7%	25.7%	29.6%	
18-20	3.1%	4.2%	7.0%	
Error/Missing	1.2%	4.0%	2.3%	
Total Juvenile Cases	417	404	341	

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

- U.S. Census Data:
 - Between calendar years 1990 and 2000, the juvenile population (ages 10-17) increased 19% (from 4,875 to 5,806). The juvenile population on July 1st, 2009 was 4,981.
- Intakes (FY 2010):
 - 341 juvenile intakes and 518 juvenile complaints (average of 1.5 complaints per intake)
- Intake Trends (FY 2008-2010):
 - Domestic relations complaints decreased less than 1%.
 - Juvenile complaints decreased 13%.
 - Juvenile felony complaints decreased 40%.
 - CHINS/CHINSup complaints increased 2%.
- Intake Disposition (FY 2010):
 - A petition was filed in response to 71% of juvenile complaints.
 25% of juvenile complaints were resolved or diverted.
- Time Frames (FY 2010):
 - The average time from intake to adjudication was 28 days.
 - The average time from RDC's reception of commitment papers to RDC admission was 6 days (excludes subsequent commitments).
- Risk Assessment / YASI (FY 2010):
 - 177 assessments completed; 15% had a high score, versus 20% statewide
- Most Common Juvenile Offense Category (FY 2010):
 - Intake Status Offense, Assault, Larceny, or Traffic
 - Probation Larceny
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention Assault, Vandalism, Larceny, Traffic, or Weapons
 - Commitment Larceny
- Average Length of Stay (FY 2010):
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention 11 days, versus 22 statewide
 - Commitment to the State 11.6 months, versus 14.0 statewide
- Detention-Eligible Intake Cases (FY 2010):
 - District 2A had 222 detention-eligible intake cases and 32 predispositional detention placements, for a rate of 6.9 eligible intakes per detention placement.

RISK ASSESSMENT / YASI RESULTS, FY 2010*



^{*} Data is not comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008 because some CSUs began using the YASI during that fiscal year. Data presented combines the Risk Assessment Instrument and the YASI when applicable and includes YASI results of "no risk" in the "low risk" category.

Unless noted otherwise, these data do not include domestic relations or child welfare complaints. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding



OFFENSE CATEGORY, I	1 201	.0		
Offense Category (See Appendix I for the full list of Miscellaneous/Other Offenses)	Intake Complaints	New Probation Cases*	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Domestic Relat	ions/Chil	d Welfare	Offenses	
Custody	73.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	11.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Protective Orders	9.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other DR/CW	4.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total DR/CW Offenses	1,225	0	0	0
	venile Of	fenses		
Abusive Language	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol	5.6%	3.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Arson	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Assault	10.4%	12.2%	12.9%	6.8%
Burglary	3.1%	8.6%	3.5%	16.9%
Contempt of Court	5.2%	1.4%	7.1%	1.7%
Disorderly Conduct	3.1%	5.0%	1.2%	1.7%
Escapes	0.2%	0.0%	1.2%	0.0%
Extortion	0.6%	1.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	1.7%	2.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Gangs	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Larceny	10.0%	18.7%	11.8%	25.4%
Miscellaneous/Other	6.9%	2.9%	0.0%	1.7%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics	4.4%	7.9%	3.5%	0.0%
Obscenity	0.2%	1.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	2.7%	1.4%	4.7%	1.7%
Parole Violation	1.4%	0.0%	1.2%	1.7%
Probation Violation	6.6%	5.0%	5.9%	3.4%
Robbery	1.2%	3.6%	7.1%	5.1%
Sex Offense	1.9%	0.0%	3.5%	8.5%
Status Offense	11.8%	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Telephone Law	1.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic	10.0%	14.4%	11.8%	5.1%
Trespass	2.1%	2.2%	0.0%	1.7%
Vandalism	6.4%	6.5%	12.9%	13.6%
Weapons	2.5%	0.7%	11.8%	5.1%
Total Juvenile Offenses	518	139	85	59

^{*} Offense data for new probation cases is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. As of FY 2008, multiple offenses per probation case are recorded.

CSU Workload Information, FY 2010

Completed Reports	Activity		ADP
Pre-Dispositional Reports	60	Probation*	35
Post-Dispositional Reports	21	Parole	3
Transfer Reports	2	Intensive Prob.	0
Custody Investigations	0	Commitments	14

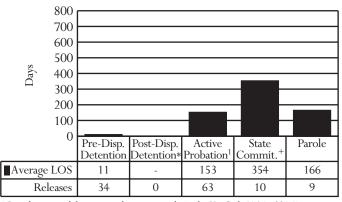
^{*} Data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because workload codes 20, 21, and 22 have been included since that fiscal year.

OFFENSE SEVERITY, FY 2010*

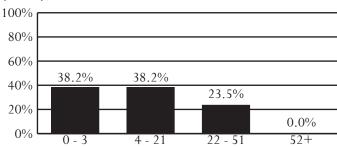
Offense Severity of the Most Serious Offense (See Appendix K for more info)	Juvenile Intake Cases	New Probation Cases ¹	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	5.0%	8.3%	31.3%	58.3%
- Weapons/Narcotics	0.6%	0.0%	3.1%	0.0%
- Other	9.4%	29.2%	12.5%	33.3%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	12.9%	18.8%	18.8%	8.3%
- Other	23.2%	33.3%	9.4%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation	10.3%	0.0%	12.5%	0.0%
Court Order Violation	6.7%	0.0%	12.5%	0.0%
Status Offense	17.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other	15.0%	10.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Cases/ Placements/Commitments	341	48	32	12
% of Statewide	0.63%	0.84%	0.41%	1.81%

^{*} A single intake, probation, placement, or commitment may involve multiple offenses.

AVERAGE LOS, FY 2010 RELEASES



^{*} Post-dispositional detention with programs only (under Va. Code §16.1 - 284.1)



^{*} Selected intervals are consistent with applicable citations in the Code of Virginia.

⁺ Appealed cases are included

¹Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 due to methodological changes.



District 3
City of Portsmouth

Region III -- Director: David G. Lively

801 Water Street Portsmouth, Virginia 23704 757-393-8571

Intake Complaints, FY 2008-2010

Domestic Relations	2008	2009	2010
Dom. Rel./Child Welfare	3,600	3,816	4,090
Juvenile Complaints			
Felony	340	555	276
Class 1 Misdemeanor	673	741	515
Class 2-4 Misdemeanor	94	117	106
CHINS/CHINSup (Status)	134	241	522
Other			
Technical Violations	123	119	114
Traffic	12	36	65
Other	9	12	10
Total Juvenile Complaints	1,385	1,821	1,608
Total Complaints	4,985	5,637	5,698

INTAKE DISPOSITION OF JUVENILE COMPLAINTS, FY 2010¹

Intake Disposition	2010
Petitions	
Petition Filed	31.3%
Unsuccessful Diversion	1.3%
Detention Order with Petition	12.9%
Detention Order Only	0.2%
Resolved/Diverted	20.8%
Other	33.5%
Total Juvenile Complaints	1,608

¹ Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008 included only successful diversions. Since then, data includes all diversions.

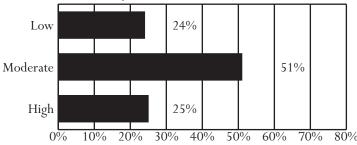
JUVENILE INTAKE CASES, FY 2008-2010*

JOVENNEE INVIANCE SACES,			
Demographics	2008	2009	2010
Race			
Black	78.4%	81.6%	84.8%
White	19.6%	16.8%	13.6%
Other	2.0%	1.6%	1.5%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	0.7%	0.3%	0.4%
Sex			
Male	75.6%	69.4%	69.7%
Female	24.4%	30.6%	30.3%
Age			
8-12	4.0%	6.3%	5.1%
13	7.7%	7.0%	8.2%
14	12.7%	15.2%	14.8%
15	23.5%	17.2%	21.3%
16	26.3%	26.2%	27.2%
17	23.7%	25.3%	18.7%
18-20	1.8%	2.7%	3.2%
Error/Missing	0.2%	0.1%	1.4%
Total Juvenile Cases	892	1,132	1,187

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

- U.S. Census Data:
 - Between calendar years 1990 and 2000, the juvenile population (ages 10-17) increased 1% (from 11,278 to 11,389). The juvenile population on July 1st, 2009 was 9,628.
- Intakes (FY 2010):
 - 1,187 juvenile intakes and 1,608 juvenile complaints (average of 1.4 complaints per intake)
- Intake Trends (FY 2008-2010):
 - Domestic relations complaints increased 14%.
 - Juvenile complaints increased 16%.
 - Juvenile felony complaints decreased 19%.
 - CHINS/CHINSup complaints increased 290%.
- Intake Disposition (FY 2010):
 - A petition was filed in response to 46% of juvenile complaints. 21% of juvenile complaints were resolved or diverted.
- Time Frames (FY 2010):
 - The average time from intake to adjudication was 60 days.
 - The average time from RDC's reception of commitment papers to RDC admission was 5 days (excludes subsequent commitments).
- Risk Assessment / YASI (FY 2010):
 - 139 assessments completed; 24% had a low score, versus 33% statewide
- Most Common Juvenile Offense Category (FY 2010):
 - Intake Misc./Other
 - Probation Larceny
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention Assault or Larceny
 - Commitment Assault or Larceny
- Average Length of Stay (FY 2010):
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention 26 days, versus 22 statewide
 - Commitment to the State 12.2 months, versus 14.0 statewide
- Detention-Eligible Intake Cases (FY 2010):
 - The 3rd District had 584 detention-eligible intake cases and 131 pre-dispositional detention placements, for a rate of 4.5 eligible intakes per detention placement.

RISK ASSESSMENT / YASI RESULTS, FY 2010*



^{*} Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because some CSUs began using the YASI during that fiscal year. Data presented combines the Risk Assessment Instrument and the YASI when applicable and includes YASI results of "no risk" in the "low risk" category.



OFFENSE CATEGORY, I	1 201	.0		
Offense Category (See Appendix I for the full list of Miscellaneous/Other Offenses)	Intake Complaints	New Probation Cases*	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Domestic Relat	ions/Chil		Offenses	
Custody	79.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	10.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Protective Orders	6.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other DR/CW	3.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total DR/CW Offenses	4,090	0	0	0
Ju	venile Of	fenses		
Abusive Language	1.6%	1.3%	1.9%	1.4%
Alcohol	2.1%	1.7%	0.0%	2.9%
Arson	0.4%	1.3%	2.7%	4.3%
Assault	16.7%	16.5%	14.0%	12.9%
Burglary	2.2%	8.3%	4.2%	4.3%
Contempt of Court	3.7%	0.9%	3.4%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	2.7%	1.7%	1.9%	4.3%
Escapes	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Extortion	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	4.3%
Failure to Appear	0.1%	0.0%	0.4%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.1%	3.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Gangs	1.1%	2.2%	2.3%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.8%	0.9%	1.9%	2.9%
Larceny	7.0%	20.0%	13.3%	11.4%
Miscellaneous/Other	28.3%	5.7%	1.1%	5.7%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics	2.8%	5.7%	1.1%	4.3%
Obscenity	0.1%	0.4%	0.0%	1.4%
Obstruction of Justice	1.3%	1.3%	3.4%	2.9%
Parole Violation	1.1%	0.0%	4.5%	2.9%
Probation Violation	2.2%	0.9%	9.1%	7.1%
Robbery	2.8%	6.5%	4.9%	4.3%
Sex Offense	1.6%	3.5%	8.7%	2.9%
Status Offense	5.5%	0.9%	3.8%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic	7.3%	3.0%	0.8%	1.4%
Trespass	2.3%	3.0%	3.8%	7.1%
Vandalism	3.4%	4.8%	5.3%	5.7%
Weapons	2.5%	6.1%	7.6%	5.7%
Total Juvenile Offenses	1,608	230	264	70
d: O 00 1		1.1		

^{*} Offense data for new probation cases is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. As of FY 2008, multiple offenses per probation case are recorded.

CSU Workload Information, FY 2010

Completed Reports	Activity		ADP
Pre-Dispositional Reports	138	Probation*	87
Post-Dispositional Reports	3	Parole	20
Transfer Reports	6	Intensive Prob.	1
Custody Investigations	0	Commitments	25

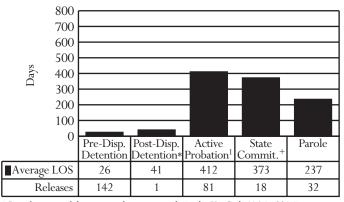
^{*} Data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because workload codes 20, 21, and 22 have been included since that fiscal year.

OFFENSE SEVERITY, FY 2010*

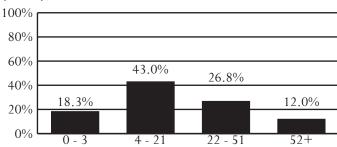
Offense Severity of the Most Serious Offense (See Appendix K for more info)	Juvenile Intake Cases	New Probation Cases ¹	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	5.6%	26.3%	27.5%	43.8%
- Weapons/Narcotics	0.6%	3.8%	2.3%	0.0%
- Other	5.9%	27.5%	16.8%	25.0%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	17.1%	16.3%	6.9%	12.5%
- Other	12.0%	16.3%	7.6%	6.3%
Prob./Parole Violation	4.4%	0.0%	27.5%	12.5%
Court Order Violation	4.8%	0.0%	6.9%	0.0%
Status Offense	41.0%	5.0%	3.8%	0.0%
Other	8.6%	5.0%	0.8%	0.0%
Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Cases/ Placements/Commitments	1,187	80	131	16
% of Statewide	2.18%	1.41%	1.67%	2.42%

^{*} A single intake, probation, placement, or commitment may involve multiple offenses.

AVERAGE LOS, FY 2010 RELEASES



^{*} Post-dispositional detention with programs only (under Va. Code §16.1 - 284.1)



st Selected intervals are consistent with applicable citations in the Code of Virginia.

⁺ Appealed cases are included

 $^{^{1}}$ Data is not comparable to $\it Data$ $\it Resource$ $\it Guides$ prior to FY 2008 due to methodological changes.



City of Norfolk

Region III -- Director: Claudette R. Overton

800 East City Hall Avenue, 3rd Floor Norfolk, Virginia 23510 757-664-7601

Intake Complaints, FY 2008-2010

Domestic Relations	2008	2009	2010
Dom. Rel./Child Welfare	7,074	6,457	5,812
Juvenile Complaints			
Felony	878	774	681
Class 1 Misdemeanor	1,318	1,275	992
Class 2-4 Misdemeanor	283	274	178
CHINS/CHINSup (Status)	769	714	686
Other			
Technical Violations	173	151	172
Traffic	138	102	114
Other	128	105	105
Total Juvenile Complaints	3,687	3,395	2,928
Total Complaints	10,761	9,852	8,740

INTAKE DISPOSITION OF JUVENILE COMPLAINTS, FY 2010¹

Intake Disposition	2010
Petitions	
Petition Filed	33.9%
Unsuccessful Diversion	3.4%
Detention Order with Petition	20.3%
Detention Order Only	3.2%
Resolved/Diverted	27.8%
Other	11.4%
Total Juvenile Complaints	2,928

 $^{^{\}rm I}$ Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008 included only successful diversions. Since then, data includes all diversions.

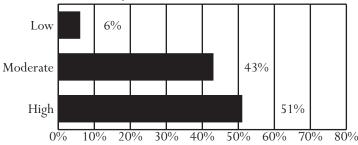
JUVENILE INTAKE CASES, FY 2008-2010*

Soverile Intake Cases, I I 2000 2010				
Demographics	2008	2009	2010	
Race				
Black	78.5%	78.2%	77.1%	
White	16.8%	16.7%	17.5%	
Other	4.6%	5.0%	5.5%	
Ethnicity - Hispanic	2.2%	1.7%	2.5%	
Sex				
Male	62.1%	62.5%	63.3%	
Female	37.9%	37.5%	36.7%	
Age				
8-12	6.2%	6.2%	6.7%	
13	8.6%	7.3%	7.4%	
14	11.9%	12.2%	12.6%	
15	19.4%	19.0%	18.9%	
16	24.0%	25.0%	22.4%	
17	25.8%	25.3%	27.1%	
18-20	2.3%	2.8%	2.7%	
Error/Missing	1.8%	2.2%	2.3%	
Total Juvenile Cases	2,470	2,398	2,068	

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

- U.S. Census Data:
 - Between calendar years 1990 and 2000, the juvenile population (ages 10-17) increased 10% (from 21,119 to 23,298). The juvenile population on July 1st, 2009 was 20,411.
- Intakes (FY 2010):
 - 2,068 juvenile intakes and 2,928 juvenile complaints (average of 1.4 complaints per intake)
- Intake Trends (FY 2008-2010):
 - Domestic relations complaints decreased 18%.
 - Juvenile complaints decreased 21%.
 - Juvenile felony complaints decreased 22%.
 - CHINS/CHINSup complaints decreased 11%.
- Intake Disposition (FY 2010):
 - A petition was filed in response to 58% of juvenile complaints.
 28% of juvenile complaints were resolved or diverted.
- Time Frames (FY 2010):
 - The average time from intake to adjudication was 64 days.
 - The average time from RDC's reception of commitment papers to RDC admission was 4 days (excludes subsequent commitments).
- Risk Assessment / YASI (FY 2010):
 - 422 assessments completed; 51% had a high score, versus 20% statewide
- Most Common Juvenile Offense Category (FY 2010):
 - Intake Status Offense
 - Probation Larceny
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention Assault or Robbery
 - Commitment Robbery
- Average Length of Stay (FY 2010):
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention 27 days, versus 22 statewide
 - Commitment to the State 19.2 months, versus 14.0 statewide
- Detention-Eligible Intake Cases (FY 2010):
 - The 4th District had 1,211 detention-eligible intake cases and 384 pre-dispositional detention placements, for a rate of 3.2 eligible intakes per detention placement.

RISK ASSESSMENT / YASI RESULTS, FY 2010*



^{*} Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because some CSUs began using the YASI during that fiscal year. Data presented combines the Risk Assessment Instrument and the YASI when applicable and includes YASI results of "no risk" in the "low risk" category.



Domestic Relations/Child Welfare Offenses	Offense Category (See Appendix I for the full list of Miscellaneous/Other Offenses)	Intake Complaints	New Probation Cases*	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Custody 65.1% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Desertion/Support 13.1% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Protective Orders 11.6% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Other DR/CW 10.2% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Other DR/CW Offenses 5,812 0 0 0 Juvenile Offenses Abusive Language 1.5% 2.5% 1.0% 0.0% Alcohol 1.5% 0.7% 0.0% 0.0% Arson 0.7% 2.2% 2.7% 1.9% Assault 13.6% 16.5% 17.2% 15.1% Burglary 4.3% 8.1% 7.7% 13.2% Contempt of Court 0.9% 0.9% 2.0% 0.0% Disorderly Conduct 2.8% 3.7% 1.8% 0.9% Excapes 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Extortion 1.5% 2.1% 0.6% 0.0% Family Offense 0.0% <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>ک 2 2</th>					ک 2 2
Desertion/Support					
Protective Orders 11.6% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Other DR/CW 10.2% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Total DR/CW Offenses 5,812 0 0 0 Juvenile Offenses Abusive Language 1.5% 2.5% 1.0% 0.0% Alcohol 1.5% 0.7% 0.0% 0.0% Arson 0.7% 2.2% 2.7% 1.9% Assault 13.6% 16.5% 17.2% 15.1% Burglary 4.3% 8.1% 7.7% 13.2% Contempt of Court 0.9% 0.9% 2.0% 0.0% Disorderly Conduct 2.8% 3.7% 1.8% 0.9% Excapes 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Extortion 1.5% 2.1% 0.6% 0.0% Failure to Appear 2.5% 1.6% 4.1% 0.0% Family Offense 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Fraud 0.6%	J				
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Total DR/CW Offenses Juvenile Offenses					
Abusive Language					
Abusive Language 1.5% 2.5% 1.0% 0.0% Alcohol 1.5% 0.7% 0.0% 0.0% Arson 0.7% 2.2% 2.7% 1.9% Assault 13.6% 16.5% 17.2% 15.1% Burglary 4.3% 8.1% 7.7% 13.2% Contempt of Court 0.9% 0.9% 2.0% 0.0% Disorderly Conduct 2.8% 3.7% 1.8% 0.9% Escapes 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.9% Extortion 1.5% 2.1% 0.6% 0.0% Failure to Appear 2.5% 1.6% 4.1% 0.0% Family Offense 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Fraud 0.6% 1.0% 0.3% 0.0% Gangs 0.2% 0.3% 0.1% 0.0% Kidnapping 0.6% 0.0% 2.3% 0.0% Larceny 12.6% 19.4% 13.0% 17.0%				0	0
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Contempt of Court 0.9% 0.9% 2.0% 0.0% Disorderly Conduct 2.8% 3.7% 1.8% 0.9% Escapes 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.9% Extortion 1.5% 2.1% 0.6% 0.0% Failure to Appear 2.5% 1.6% 4.1% 0.0% Family Offense 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Gangs 0.2% 0.3% 0.1% 0.0% Gangs 0.2% 0.3% 0.1% 0.0% Kidnapping 0.6% 0.0% 2.3% 0.0% Kidnapping 0.6% 0.0% 2.3% 0.0% Miscellaneous/Other 8.5% 4.1% 3.3% 0.		13.6%	16.5%		
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Escapes 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.9% Extortion 1.5% 2.1% 0.6% 0.0% Failure to Appear 2.5% 1.6% 4.1% 0.0% Family Offense 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Fraud 0.6% 1.0% 0.3% 0.0% Gangs 0.2% 0.3% 0.1% 0.0% Kidnapping 0.6% 0.0% 2.3% 0.0% Larceny 12.6% 19.4% 13.0% 17.0% Miscellaneous/Other 8.5% 4.1% 3.3% 0.0% Murder 0.1% 0.0% 0.1% 0.0% Narcotics 1.8% 2.8% 1.3% 0.0% Obscenity 0.4% 1.0% 0.1% 0.0% Obstruction of Justice 1.5% 3.8% 2.6% 0.9% Parole Violation 0.5% 0.0% 1.1% 3.8% Probation Violation 3.2% 4.1% 8.2% 5.7%		0.9%			
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Failure to Appear 2.5% 1.6% 4.1% 0.0% Family Offense 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Fraud 0.6% 1.0% 0.3% 0.0% Gangs 0.2% 0.3% 0.1% 0.0% Kidnapping 0.6% 0.0% 2.3% 0.0% Larceny 12.6% 19.4% 13.0% 17.0% Miscellaneous/Other 8.5% 4.1% 3.3% 0.0% Murder 0.1% 0.0% 0.1% 0.0% Narcotics 1.8% 2.8% 1.3% 0.0% Obscenity 0.4% 1.0% 0.1% 0.0% Obstruction of Justice 1.5% 3.8% 2.6% 0.9% Parole Violation 0.5% 0.0% 1.1% 3.8% Probation Violation 3.2% 4.1% 8.2% 5.7% Robbery 4.6% 4.4% 15.3% 30.2% Sex Offense 1.1% 1.3% 2.3% 0.9% <td>Escapes</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0.0%</td> <td></td>	Escapes			0.0%	
Family Offense 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Fraud 0.6% 1.0% 0.3% 0.0% Gangs 0.2% 0.3% 0.1% 0.0% Kidnapping 0.6% 0.0% 2.3% 0.0% Larceny 12.6% 19.4% 13.0% 17.0% Miscellaneous/Other 8.5% 4.1% 3.3% 0.0% Murder 0.1% 0.0% 0.1% 0.0% Narcotics 1.8% 2.8% 1.3% 0.0% Obscenity 0.4% 1.0% 0.1% 0.0% Obstruction of Justice 1.5% 3.8% 2.6% 0.9% Parole Violation 0.5% 0.0% 1.1% 3.8% Probation Violation 3.2% 4.1% 8.2% 5.7% Robbery 4.6% 4.4% 15.3% 30.2% Sex Offense 1.1% 1.3% 2.3% 0.9% Status Offense 19.3% 2.2% 0.1% 0.0%				0.6%	0.0%
Fraud 0.6% 1.0% 0.3% 0.0% Gangs 0.2% 0.3% 0.1% 0.0% Kidnapping 0.6% 0.0% 2.3% 0.0% Larceny 12.6% 19.4% 13.0% 17.0% Miscellaneous/Other 8.5% 4.1% 3.3% 0.0% Murder 0.1% 0.0% 0.1% 0.0% Narcotics 1.8% 2.8% 1.3% 0.0% Obscenity 0.4% 1.0% 0.1% 0.0% Obstruction of Justice 1.5% 3.8% 2.6% 0.9% Parole Violation 0.5% 0.0% 1.1% 3.8% Probation Violation 3.2% 4.1% 8.2% 5.7% Robbery 4.6% 4.4% 15.3% 30.2% Sex Offense 1.1% 1.3% 2.3% 0.9% Status Offense 19.3% 2.2% 0.1% 0.0% Telephone Law 0.1% 0.0% 0.1% 0.0%		2.5%	1.6%	4.1%	
Gangs 0.2% 0.3% 0.1% 0.0% Kidnapping 0.6% 0.0% 2.3% 0.0% Larceny 12.6% 19.4% 13.0% 17.0% Miscellaneous/Other 8.5% 4.1% 3.3% 0.0% Murder 0.1% 0.0% 0.1% 0.0% Narcotics 1.8% 2.8% 1.3% 0.0% Obscenity 0.4% 1.0% 0.1% 0.0% Obstruction of Justice 1.5% 3.8% 2.6% 0.9% Parole Violation 0.5% 0.0% 1.1% 3.8% Probation Violation 3.2% 4.1% 8.2% 5.7% Robbery 4.6% 4.4% 15.3% 30.2% Sex Offense 1.1% 1.3% 2.3% 0.9% Status Offense 19.3% 2.2% 0.1% 0.9% Telephone Law 0.1% 0.0% 0.1% 0.0% Trespass 2.5% 3.2% 1.6% 2.8% <td>Family Offense</td> <td>0.0%</td> <td>0.0%</td> <td>0.0%</td> <td>0.0%</td>	Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping 0.6% 0.0% 2.3% 0.0% Larceny 12.6% 19.4% 13.0% 17.0% Miscellaneous/Other 8.5% 4.1% 3.3% 0.0% Murder 0.1% 0.0% 0.1% 0.0% Narcotics 1.8% 2.8% 1.3% 0.0% Obscenity 0.4% 1.0% 0.1% 0.0% Obstruction of Justice 1.5% 3.8% 2.6% 0.9% Parole Violation 0.5% 0.0% 1.1% 3.8% Probation Violation 3.2% 4.1% 8.2% 5.7% Robbery 4.6% 4.4% 15.3% 30.2% Sex Offense 1.1% 1.3% 2.3% 0.9% Status Offense 19.3% 2.2% 0.1% 0.9% Telephone Law 0.1% 0.0% 0.1% 0.0% Trespass 2.5% 3.2% 1.6% 2.8% Vandalism 3.7% 4.9% 3.7% 2.8	Fraud		1.0%	0.3%	0.0%
Larceny 12.6% 19.4% 13.0% 17.0% Miscellaneous/Other 8.5% 4.1% 3.3% 0.0% Murder 0.1% 0.0% 0.1% 0.0% Narcotics 1.8% 2.8% 1.3% 0.0% Obscenity 0.4% 1.0% 0.1% 0.0% Obstruction of Justice 1.5% 3.8% 2.6% 0.9% Parole Violation 0.5% 0.0% 1.1% 3.8% Probation Violation 3.2% 4.1% 8.2% 5.7% Robbery 4.6% 4.4% 15.3% 30.2% Sex Offense 1.1% 1.3% 2.3% 0.9% Status Offense 19.3% 2.2% 0.1% 0.9% Telephone Law 0.1% 0.0% 0.1% 0.0% Trespass 2.5% 3.2% 1.6% 2.8% Vandalism 3.7% 4.9% 3.7% 2.8%	Gangs	0.2%	0.3%	0.1%	0.0%
Miscellaneous/Other 8.5% 4.1% 3.3% 0.0% Murder 0.1% 0.0% 0.1% 0.0% Narcotics 1.8% 2.8% 1.3% 0.0% Obscenity 0.4% 1.0% 0.1% 0.0% Obstruction of Justice 1.5% 3.8% 2.6% 0.9% Parole Violation 0.5% 0.0% 1.1% 3.8% Probation Violation 3.2% 4.1% 8.2% 5.7% Robbery 4.6% 4.4% 15.3% 30.2% Sex Offense 1.1% 1.3% 2.3% 0.9% Status Offense 19.3% 2.2% 0.1% 0.9% Telephone Law 0.1% 0.0% 0.1% 0.0% Trespass 2.5% 3.2% 1.6% 2.8% Vandalism 3.7% 4.9% 3.7% 2.8%	Kidnapping	0.6%	0.0%	2.3%	0.0%
Murder 0.1% 0.0% 0.1% 0.0% Narcotics 1.8% 2.8% 1.3% 0.0% Obscenity 0.4% 1.0% 0.1% 0.0% Obstruction of Justice 1.5% 3.8% 2.6% 0.9% Parole Violation 0.5% 0.0% 1.1% 3.8% Probation Violation 3.2% 4.1% 8.2% 5.7% Robbery 4.6% 4.4% 15.3% 30.2% Sex Offense 1.1% 1.3% 2.3% 0.9% Status Offense 19.3% 2.2% 0.1% 0.9% Telephone Law 0.1% 0.0% 0.1% 0.0% Traffic 7.7% 3.8% 1.8% 2.8% Vandalism 3.7% 4.9% 3.7% 2.8%	Larceny	12.6%	19.4%	13.0%	17.0%
Narcotics 1.8% 2.8% 1.3% 0.0% Obscenity 0.4% 1.0% 0.1% 0.0% Obstruction of Justice 1.5% 3.8% 2.6% 0.9% Parole Violation 0.5% 0.0% 1.1% 3.8% Probation Violation 3.2% 4.1% 8.2% 5.7% Robbery 4.6% 4.4% 15.3% 30.2% Sex Offense 1.1% 1.3% 2.3% 0.9% Status Offense 19.3% 2.2% 0.1% 0.9% Telephone Law 0.1% 0.0% 0.1% 0.0% Traffic 7.7% 3.8% 1.8% 2.8% Trespass 2.5% 3.2% 1.6% 2.8% Vandalism 3.7% 4.9% 3.7% 2.8%	Miscellaneous/Other	8.5%	4.1%	3.3%	0.0%
Obscenity 0.4% 1.0% 0.1% 0.0% Obstruction of Justice 1.5% 3.8% 2.6% 0.9% Parole Violation 0.5% 0.0% 1.1% 3.8% Probation Violation 3.2% 4.1% 8.2% 5.7% Robbery 4.6% 4.4% 15.3% 30.2% Sex Offense 1.1% 1.3% 2.3% 0.9% Status Offense 19.3% 2.2% 0.1% 0.9% Telephone Law 0.1% 0.0% 0.1% 0.0% Traffic 7.7% 3.8% 1.8% 2.8% Trespass 2.5% 3.2% 1.6% 2.8% Vandalism 3.7% 4.9% 3.7% 2.8%	Murder	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice 1.5% 3.8% 2.6% 0.9% Parole Violation 0.5% 0.0% 1.1% 3.8% Probation Violation 3.2% 4.1% 8.2% 5.7% Robbery 4.6% 4.4% 15.3% 30.2% Sex Offense 1.1% 1.3% 2.3% 0.9% Status Offense 19.3% 2.2% 0.1% 0.9% Telephone Law 0.1% 0.0% 0.1% 0.0% Traffic 7.7% 3.8% 1.8% 2.8% Trespass 2.5% 3.2% 1.6% 2.8% Vandalism 3.7% 4.9% 3.7% 2.8%	Narcotics	1.8%	2.8%	1.3%	0.0%
Parole Violation 0.5% 0.0% 1.1% 3.8% Probation Violation 3.2% 4.1% 8.2% 5.7% Robbery 4.6% 4.4% 15.3% 30.2% Sex Offense 1.1% 1.3% 2.3% 0.9% Status Offense 19.3% 2.2% 0.1% 0.9% Telephone Law 0.1% 0.0% 0.1% 0.0% Traffic 7.7% 3.8% 1.8% 2.8% Trespass 2.5% 3.2% 1.6% 2.8% Vandalism 3.7% 4.9% 3.7% 2.8%	Obscenity		1.0%	0.1%	0.0%
Probation Violation 3.2% 4.1% 8.2% 5.7% Robbery 4.6% 4.4% 15.3% 30.2% Sex Offense 1.1% 1.3% 2.3% 0.9% Status Offense 19.3% 2.2% 0.1% 0.9% Telephone Law 0.1% 0.0% 0.1% 0.0% Traffic 7.7% 3.8% 1.8% 2.8% Trespass 2.5% 3.2% 1.6% 2.8% Vandalism 3.7% 4.9% 3.7% 2.8%	Obstruction of Justice	1.5%	3.8%	2.6%	0.9%
Robbery 4.6% 4.4% 15.3% 30.2% Sex Offense 1.1% 1.3% 2.3% 0.9% Status Offense 19.3% 2.2% 0.1% 0.9% Telephone Law 0.1% 0.0% 0.1% 0.0% Traffic 7.7% 3.8% 1.8% 2.8% Trespass 2.5% 3.2% 1.6% 2.8% Vandalism 3.7% 4.9% 3.7% 2.8%	Parole Violation	0.5%	0.0%	1.1%	3.8%
Sex Offense 1.1% 1.3% 2.3% 0.9% Status Offense 19.3% 2.2% 0.1% 0.9% Telephone Law 0.1% 0.0% 0.1% 0.0% Traffic 7.7% 3.8% 1.8% 2.8% Trespass 2.5% 3.2% 1.6% 2.8% Vandalism 3.7% 4.9% 3.7% 2.8%	Probation Violation	3.2%	4.1%	8.2%	5.7%
Status Offense 19.3% 2.2% 0.1% 0.9% Telephone Law 0.1% 0.0% 0.1% 0.0% Traffic 7.7% 3.8% 1.8% 2.8% Trespass 2.5% 3.2% 1.6% 2.8% Vandalism 3.7% 4.9% 3.7% 2.8%	Robbery	4.6%	4.4%	15.3%	30.2%
Telephone Law 0.1% 0.0% 0.1% 0.0% Traffic 7.7% 3.8% 1.8% 2.8% Trespass 2.5% 3.2% 1.6% 2.8% Vandalism 3.7% 4.9% 3.7% 2.8%	Sex Offense	1.1%	1.3%	2.3%	0.9%
Traffic 7.7% 3.8% 1.8% 2.8% Trespass 2.5% 3.2% 1.6% 2.8% Vandalism 3.7% 4.9% 3.7% 2.8%	Status Offense	19.3%	2.2%	0.1%	0.9%
Trespass 2.5% 3.2% 1.6% 2.8% Vandalism 3.7% 4.9% 3.7% 2.8%	Telephone Law	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%
Vandalism 3.7% 4.9% 3.7% 2.8%	Traffic	7.7%	3.8%	1.8%	2.8%
Vandalism 3.7% 4.9% 3.7% 2.8%	Trespass	2.5%	3.2%	1.6%	2.8%
Weapons 1.7% 5.2% 5.5% 0.0%		3.7%	4.9%	3.7%	2.8%
[1.770] 3.270] 0.070	Weapons	1.7%	5.2%	5.5%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Offenses 2,928 679 705 106		2,928	679	705	106

^{*} Offense data for new probation cases is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. As of FY 2008, multiple offenses per probation case are recorded.

CSU Workload Information, FY 2010

Completed Reports		Activity	ADP
Pre-Dispositional Reports	331	Probation*	20
Post-Dispositional Reports	37	Parole	47
Transfer Reports	25	Intensive Prob.	173
Custody Investigations	0	Commitments	69

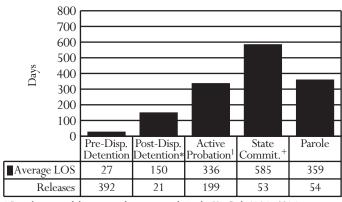
^{*} Data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because workload codes 20, 21, and 22 have been included since that fiscal year.

OFFENSE SEVERITY, FY 2010*

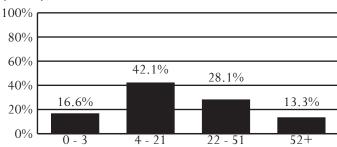
Offense Severity of the Most Serious Offense (See Appendix K for more info)	Juvenile Intake Cases	New Probation Cases ¹	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	6.8%	21.4%	27.3%	67.6%
- Weapons/Narcotics	0.4%	0.9%	1.0%	0.0%
- Other	8.5%	28.4%	17.7%	23.5%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	14.2%	24.2%	12.2%	0.0%
- Other	22.0%	19.1%	15.9%	2.9%
Prob./Parole Violation	4.8%	0.0%	17.2%	5.9%
Court Order Violation	2.9%	0.9%	6.8%	0.0%
Status Offense	31.0%	0.0%	0.3%	0.0%
Other	9.3%	5.1%	1.6%	0.0%
Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Cases/ Placements/Commitments	2,068	215	384	34
% of Statewide	3.80%	3.78%	4.89%	5.14%

 $[\]hbox{*A single intake, probation, placement, or commitment may involve multiple offenses.}$

AVERAGE LOS, FY 2010 RELEASES



^{*} Post-dispositional detention with programs only (under Va. Code §16.1 - 284.1)



st Selected intervals are consistent with applicable citations in the Code of Virginia.

⁺ Appealed cases are included

¹Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 due to methodological changes.



Region III -- Director: James E. Gordon

150 North Main Street Godwin Courts Building - 2nd Floor Suffolk, Virginia 23439 757-514-4311

Cities of Franklin and Suffolk Counties of Isle of Wight and Southampton

Intake Complaints, FY 2008-2010

Domestic Relations	2008	2009	2010
Dom. Rel./Child Welfare	1,414	1,567	1,501
Juvenile Complaints			
Felony	352	297	329
Class 1 Misdemeanor	670	563	615
Class 2-4 Misdemeanor	118	80	70
CHINS/CHINSup (Status)	135	150	95
Other			
Technical Violations	71	76	49
Traffic	11	10	8
Other	17	6	3
Total Juvenile Complaints	1,374	1,182	1,169
Total Complaints	2,788	2,749	2,670

INTAKE DISPOSITION OF JUVENILE COMPLAINTS, FY 2010¹

Intake Disposition	2010
Petitions	
Petition Filed	67.0%
Unsuccessful Diversion	0.0%
Detention Order with Petition	28.2%
Detention Order Only	0.0%
Resolved/Diverted	4.3%
Other	0.5%
Total Juvenile Complaints	1,169

¹ Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008 included only successful diversions. Since then, data includes all diversions.

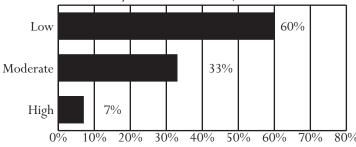
Juvenile Intake Cases, FY 2008-2010*

1 2000	2010	
2008	2009	2010
65.3%	68.6%	68.3%
32.1%	29.0%	28.5%
2.7%	2.4%	3.1%
0.6%	0.1%	0.8%
76.7%	69.7%	72.5%
23.3%	30.3%	27.5%
4.8%	5.1%	4.7%
5.4%	7.1%	6.9%
11.4%	10.5%	14.7%
17.3%	19.6%	17.0%
27.5%	25.7%	25.8%
30.5%	28.0%	26.4%
2.8%	3.3%	3.0%
0.2%	0.6%	1.4%
901	806	764
	2008 65.3% 32.1% 2.7% 0.6% 76.7% 23.3% 4.8% 5.4% 11.4% 17.3% 27.5% 30.5% 2.8% 0.2%	65.3% 68.6% 32.1% 29.0% 2.7% 2.4% 0.6% 0.1% 76.7% 69.7% 23.3% 30.3% 4.8% 5.1% 5.4% 7.1% 11.4% 10.5% 17.3% 19.6% 27.5% 25.7% 30.5% 28.0% 2.8% 3.3% 0.2% 0.6%

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

- U.S. Census Data:
 - Between calendar years 1990 and 2000, the juvenile population (ages 10-17) increased 26% (from 11,686 to 14,694). The juvenile population on July 1st, 2009 was 16,217.
- Intakes (FY 2010):
 - 764 juvenile intakes and 1,169 juvenile complaints (average of 1.5 complaints per intake)
- Intake Trends (FY 2008-2010):
 - Domestic relations complaints increased 6%.
 - Juvenile complaints decreased 15%.
 - Juvenile felony complaints decreased 7%.
 - CHINS/CHINSup complaints decreased 30%.
- Intake Disposition (FY 2010):
 - A petition was filed in response to 95% of juvenile complaints. 4% of juvenile complaints were resolved or diverted.
- Time Frames (FY 2010):
 - The average time from intake to adjudication was 63 days.
 - The average time from RDC's reception of commitment papers to RDC admission was 5 days (excludes subsequent commitments).
- Risk Assessment / YASI (FY 2010):
 - 181 assessments completed; 60% had a low score, versus 33% statewide
- Most Common Juvenile Offense Category (FY 2010):
 - Intake Assault
 - Probation Assault or Larceny
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention Assault or Weapons
 - Commitment Larceny
- Average Length of Stay (FY 2010):
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention 24 days, versus 22 statewide
 - Commitment to the State 10.7 months, versus 14.0 statewide
- Detention-Eligible Intake Cases (FY 2010):
 - The 5th District had 640 detention-eligible intake cases and 130 pre-dispositional detention placements, for a rate of 4.9 eligible intakes per detention placement.

RISK ASSESSMENT / YASI RESULTS, FY 2010*



^{*} Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because some CSUs began using the YASI during that fiscal year. Data presented combines the Risk Assessment Instrument and the YASI when applicable and includes YASI results of "no risk" in the "low risk" category.



Offense Category (See Appendix I for the full list of	Intake Complaints	New Probation Cases*	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Miscellaneous/Other Offenses)	Int	New Prob Case	Pre Det Pla	Col to 1
Domestic Relat			Offenses	
Custody	68.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	15.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Protective Orders	10.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other DR/CW	5.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total DR/CW Offenses	1,501	0	0	0
Ju	venile Of	fenses		
Abusive Language	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol	3.4%	2.1%	1.0%	2.3%
Arson	1.6%	2.7%	2.3%	1.2%
Assault	18.2%	20.2%	16.4%	15.1%
Burglary	5.9%	12.8%	10.2%	12.8%
Contempt of Court	1.0%	0.0%	3.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	8.0%	2.7%	1.0%	2.3%
Escapes	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Extortion	0.9%	0.5%	0.3%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	0.5%	0.0%	1.6%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.7%	1.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Gangs	1.8%	0.0%	6.2%	7.0%
Kidnapping	0.5%	0.5%	1.6%	0.0%
Larceny	14.5%	19.1%	9.5%	18.6%
Miscellaneous/Other	6.0%	5.9%	1.0%	1.2%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics	6.2%	5.3%	2.3%	7.0%
Obscenity	1.4%	0.0%	2.6%	1.2%
Obstruction of Justice	1.8%	1.1%	1.3%	0.0%
Parole Violation	0.2%	0.0%	0.7%	1.2%
Probation Violation	2.9%	1.6%	4.9%	7.0%
Robbery	1.6%	0.5%	4.9%	0.0%
Sex Offense	3.8%	4.8%	8.5%	2.3%
Status Offense	3.3%	3.7%	1.0%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.3%	0.5%	0.3%	1.2%
Traffic	2.4%	0.5%	0.3%	0.0%
Trespass	2.4%	2.1%	0.3%	0.0%
Vandalism	5.6%	5.3%	3.3%	12.8%
Weapons	4.9%	6.9%	15.4%	7.0%
* Offense data for new probation of	1,169	188	305	86

^{*} Offense data for new probation cases is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. As of FY 2008, multiple offenses per probation case are recorded.

CSU Workload Information, FY 2010

Completed Reports		Activity	ADP
Pre-Dispositional Reports	105	Probation*	82
Post-Dispositional Reports	10	Parole	13
Transfer Reports	8	Intensive Prob.	0
Custody Investigations	0	Commitments	18

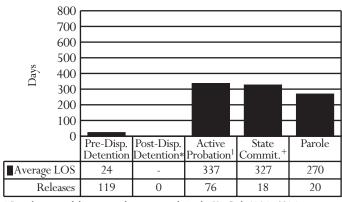
^{*} Data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because workload codes 20, 21, and 22 have been included since that fiscal year.

OFFENSE SEVERITY, FY 2010*

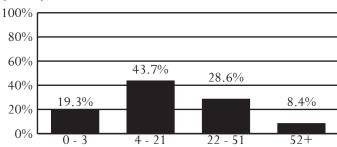
Offense Severity of the Most Serious Offense (See Appendix K for more info)	Juvenile Intake Cases	New Probation Cases ¹	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	8.4%	20.5%	32.3%	36.8%
- Weapons/Narcotics	1.6%	2.7%	3.1%	10.5%
- Other	13.7%	32.9%	26.2%	36.8%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	19.8%	23.3%	7.7%	5.3%
- Other	34.9%	16.4%	6.9%	5.3%
Prob./Parole Violation	4.5%	0.0%	13.1%	5.3%
Court Order Violation	1.6%	0.0%	6.9%	0.0%
Status Offense	9.7%	1.4%	2.3%	0.0%
Other	5.9%	2.7%	1.5%	0.0%
Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Cases/ Placements/Commitments	764	73	130	19
% of Statewide	1.40%	1.28%	1.65%	2.87%

^{*} A single intake, probation, placement, or commitment may involve multiple offenses.

AVERAGE LOS, FY 2010 RELEASES



^{*} Post-dispositional detention with programs only (under Va. Code §16.1 - 284.1)



st Selected intervals are consistent with applicable citations in the Code of Virginia.

⁺ Appealed cases are included

¹Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 due to methodological changes.



Region II -- Director: John H.Weigel, III

100 East Broadway, Suite G05 Hopewell, Virginia 23860 804-541-2265

Cities of Emporia and Hopewell

Counties of Brunswick, Greensville, Prince George, Surry, and Sussex

Intake Complaints, FY 2008-2010

Domestic Relations	2008	2009	2010
Dom. Rel./Child Welfare	2,221	2,074	2,053
Juvenile Complaints			
Felony	279	308	247
Class 1 Misdemeanor	729	575	451
Class 2-4 Misdemeanor	107	91	106
CHINS/CHINSup (Status)	136	175	145
Other			
Technical Violations	65	53	48
Traffic	11	29	7
Other	12	2	5
Total Juvenile Complaints	1,339	1,233	1,009
Total Complaints	3,560	3,307	3,062

INTAKE DISPOSITION OF JUVENILE COMPLAINTS, FY 2010¹

112020	
Intake Disposition	2010
Petitions	
Petition Filed	61.9%
Unsuccessful Diversion	0.0%
Detention Order with Petition	13.0%
Detention Order Only	1.0%
Resolved/Diverted	13.7%
Other	10.4%
Total Juvenile Complaints	1,009

¹ Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008 included only successful diversions. Since then, data includes all diversions.

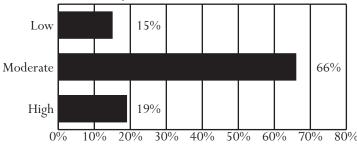
JUVENILE INTAKE CASES, FY 2008-2010*

1 2000-2010			
2008	2009	2010	
60.2%	59.3%	64.6%	
37.6%	38.1%	32.5%	
2.2%	2.6%	2.9%	
1.5%	1.7%	2.9%	
73.6%	71.4%	73.1%	
26.4%	28.6%	26.9%	
4.5%	5.8%	4.6%	
8.6%	7.1%	8.7%	
14.6%	12.8%	12.2%	
20.6%	14.9%	16.5%	
20.8%	23.2%	23.2%	
26.6%	32.2%	28.8%	
4.1%	3.3%	2.8%	
0.2%	0.7%	3.2%	
992	884	721	
	2008 60.2% 37.6% 2.2% 1.5% 73.6% 26.4% 4.5% 8.6% 14.6% 20.6% 20.8% 26.6% 4.1% 0.2%	2008 2009 60.2% 59.3% 37.6% 38.1% 2.2% 2.6% 1.5% 1.7% 73.6% 71.4% 26.4% 28.6% 4.5% 5.8% 8.6% 7.1% 14.6% 12.8% 20.6% 14.9% 20.8% 23.2% 4.1% 3.3% 0.2% 0.7%	

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

- U.S. Census Data:
 - Between calendar years 1990 and 2000, the juvenile population (ages 10-17) increased 11% (from 10,938 to 12,145). The juvenile population on July 1st, 2009 was 10,941.
- Intakes (FY 2010):
 - 721 juvenile intakes and 1,009 juvenile complaints (average of 1.4 complaints per intake)
- Intake Trends (FY 2008-2010):
 - Domestic relations complaints decreased 8%.
 - Juvenile complaints decreased 25%.
 - Juvenile felony complaints decreased 11%.
 - CHINS/CHINSup complaints increased 7%.
- Intake Disposition (FY 2010):
 - A petition was filed in response to 75% of juvenile complaints. 14% of juvenile complaints were resolved or diverted.
- Time Frames (FY 2010):
 - The average time from intake to adjudication was 74 days.
 - The average time from RDC's reception of commitment papers to RDC admission was 5 days (excludes subsequent commitments).
- Risk Assessment / YASI (FY 2010):
 - 91 assessments completed; 66% had a moderate score, versus 47% statewide
- Most Common Juvenile Offense Category (FY 2010):
 - Intake Larceny
 - Probation Larceny
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention Assault
 - Commitment Burglary or Vandalism
- Average Length of Stay (FY 2010):
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention 24 days, versus 22 statewide
 - Commitment to the State 13.8 months, versus 14.0 statewide
- Detention-Eligible Intake Cases (FY 2010):
 - The 6th District had 497 detention-eligible intake cases and 110 pre-dispositional detention placements, for a rate of 4.5 eligible intakes per detention placement.

RISK ASSESSMENT / YASI RESULTS, FY 2010*



^{*} Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because some CSUs began using the YASI during that fiscal year. Data presented combines the Risk Assessment Instrument and the YASI when applicable and includes YASI results of "no risk" in the "low risk" category.



OFFENSE CATEGORY, I	1 201	.0		
Offense Category (See Appendix I for the full list of Miscellaneous/Other Offenses)	Intake Complaints	New Probation Cases*	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Domestic Relat	ions/Chil	d Welfare	Offenses	
Custody	69.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	19.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Protective Orders	8.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other DR/CW	3.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total DR/CW Offenses	2,053	0	0	0
Ju	venile Of	fenses		
Abusive Language	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol	5.4%	1.6%	2.8%	3.4%
Arson	0.3%	0.0%	1.7%	3.4%
Assault	13.6%	11.4%	20.9%	6.9%
Burglary	6.5%	14.6%	8.5%	20.7%
Contempt of Court	2.1%	2.4%	7.3%	3.4%
Disorderly Conduct	4.2%	4.1%	3.4%	0.0%
Escapes	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.4%
Extortion	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	0.0%	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	1.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Gangs	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.1%	0.0%	0.6%	0.0%
Larceny	16.1%	22.0%	16.9%	13.8%
Miscellaneous/Other	9.6%	4.1%	2.3%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics	7.7%	11.4%	6.8%	17.2%
Obscenity	1.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	2.2%	2.4%	1.7%	3.4%
Parole Violation	0.6%	0.0%	1.1%	0.0%
Probation Violation	2.0%	1.6%	4.0%	3.4%
Robbery	0.5%	0.0%	1.7%	0.0%
Sex Offense	0.8%	3.3%	1.1%	0.0%
Status Offense	7.8%	0.0%	2.3%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic	4.1%	8.9%	1.1%	0.0%
Trespass	3.3%	1.6%	1.7%	0.0%
Vandalism	7.1%	4.9%	7.3%	20.7%
Weapons	2.8%	4.9%	6.8%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Offenses	1,009	123	177	29
4.000 1.0		1.1 6		

^{*} Offense data for new probation cases is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. As of FY 2008, multiple offenses per probation case are recorded.

CSU Workload Information, FY 2010

Completed Reports		ADP	
Pre-Dispositional Reports	69	Probation*	44
Post-Dispositional Reports	22	Parole	8
Transfer Reports	5	Intensive Prob.	0
Custody Investigations	0	Commitments	17

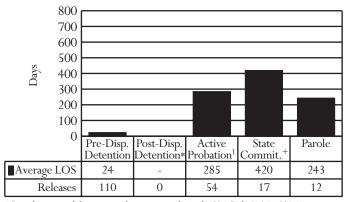
^{*} Data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because workload codes 20, 21, and 22 have been included since that fiscal year.

OFFENSE SEVERITY, FY 2010*

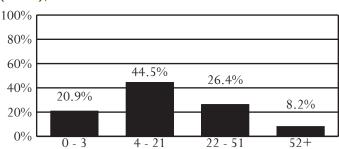
Offense Severity of the Most Serious Offense (See Appendix K for more info)	Juvenile Intake Cases	New Probation Cases ¹	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	4.3%	9.8%	16.4%	10.0%
- Weapons/Narcotics	2.1%	8.2%	5.5%	0.0%
- Other	13.2%	37.7%	20.0%	50.0%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	15.3%	13.1%	13.6%	0.0%
- Other	30.7%	23.0%	15.5%	40.0%
Prob./Parole Violation	3.5%	0.0%	8.2%	0.0%
Court Order Violation	2.2%	1.6%	10.0%	0.0%
Status Offense	18.9%	0.0%	5.5%	0.0%
Other	10.0%	6.6%	5.5%	0.0%
Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Cases/ Placements/Commitments	721	61	110	10
% of Statewide	1.32%	1.07%	1.40%	1.51%

^{*} A single intake, probation, placement, or commitment may involve multiple offenses.

AVERAGE LOS, FY 2010 RELEASES



^{*} Post-dispositional detention with programs only (under Va. Code §16.1 - 284.1)



^{*} Selected intervals are consistent with applicable citations in the Code of Virginia.

⁺ Appealed cases are included.

¹Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 due to methodological changes.



City of Newport News

Region III -- Director: Aderon L. Gibbs

2600 Washington Ave., 5th Floor Newport News, Virginia 23607 757-926-8781

Intake Complaints, FY 2008-2010

Domestic Relations	2008	2009	2010
Dom. Rel./Child Welfare	3,963	3,644	3,230
Juvenile Complaints			
Felony	893	839	676
Class 1 Misdemeanor	1,541	1,724	1,482
Class 2-4 Misdemeanor	313	338	274
CHINS/CHINSup (Status)	1,205	1,677	1,248
Other			
Technical Violations	334	393	438
Traffic	131	225	165
Other	30	19	28
Total Juvenile Complaints	4,447	5,215	4,311
Total Complaints	8,410	8,859	7,541

INTAKE DISPOSITION OF JUVENILE COMPLAINTS, FY 2010¹

<u> </u>	
Intake Disposition	2010
Petitions	
Petition Filed	35.1%
Unsuccessful Diversion	0.0%
Detention Order with Petition	22.1%
Detention Order Only	1.7%
Resolved/Diverted	31.9%
Other	9.2%
Total Juvenile Complaints	4,311

¹ Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008 included only successful diversions. Since then, data includes all diversions.

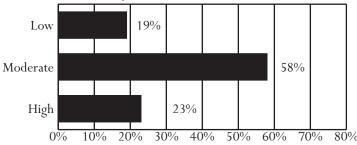
JUVENILE INTAKE CASES, FY 2008-2010*

SOTEMEE INTIANCE GAGEO,	. = 000		
Demographics	2008	2009	2010
Race			
Black	71.1%	69.1%	68.6%
White	24.7%	26.3%	26.5%
Other	4.2%	4.6%	4.9%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	2.4%	2.7%	3.6%
Sex			
Male	64.5%	64.8%	62.3%
Female	35.5%	35.2%	37.7%
Age			
8-12	5.4%	5.0%	6.1%
13	7.2%	6.5%	6.3%
14	13.3%	12.1%	12.8%
15	20.5%	18.7%	19.1%
16	23.5%	27.5%	23.1%
17	27.1%	27.9%	29.5%
18-20	2.2%	1.7%	1.7%
Error/Missing	0.7%	0.5%	1.4%
Total Juvenile Cases	3,220	3,967	3,095

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

- U.S. Census Data:
 - Between calendar years 1990 and 2000, the juvenile population (ages 10-17) increased 20% (from 17,381 to 20,893). The juvenile population on July 1st, 2009 was 20,092.
- Intakes (FY 2010):
 - 3,095 juvenile intakes and 4,311 juvenile complaints (average of 1.4 complaints per intake)
- Intake Trends (FY 2008-2010):
 - Domestic relations complaints decreased 18%.
 - Juvenile complaints decreased 3%.
 - Juvenile felony complaints decreased 24%.
 - CHINS/CHINSup complaints increased 4%.
- Intake Disposition (FY 2010):
 - A petition was filed in response to 57% of juvenile complaints. 32% of juvenile complaints were resolved or diverted.
- Time Frames (FY 2010):
 - The average time from intake to adjudication was 77 days.
 - The average time from RDC's reception of commitment papers to RDC admission was 6 days (excludes subsequent commitments).
- Risk Assessment / YASI (FY 2010):
 - 503 assessments completed; 19% had a low score, versus 33% statewide
- Most Common Juvenile Offense Category (FY 2010):
 - Intake Status Offense
 - Probation Larceny
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention Larceny or Assault
 - Commitment Assault
- Average Length of Stay (FY 2010):
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention 35 days, versus 22 statewide
 - Commitment to the State 14.5 months, versus 14.0 statewide
- Detention-Eligible Intake Cases (FY 2010):
 - The 7th District had 1,673 detention-eligible intake cases and 386 pre-dispositional detention placements, for a rate of 4.3 eligible intakes per detention placement.

RISK ASSESSMENT / YASI RESULTS, FY 2010*



^{*} Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because some CSUs began using the YASI during that fiscal year. Data presented combines the Risk Assessment Instrument and the YASI when applicable and includes YASI results of "no risk" in the "low risk" category.



OFFENSE CATEGORY, I	1 201	.0		
Offense Category (See Appendix I for the full list of Miscellaneous/Other Offenses)	Intake Complaints	New Probation Cases*	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Domestic Relat	ions/Chil	d Welfare	Offenses	
Custody	66.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	16.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Protective Orders	12.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other DR/CW	4.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total DR/CW Offenses	3,230	0	0	0
Ju	venile Of	fenses		
Abusive Language	1.0%	1.1%	1.3%	0.0%
Alcohol	1.2%	2.7%	0.8%	0.7%
Arson	0.3%	1.2%	0.6%	0.0%
Assault	10.1%	16.0%	14.0%	22.4%
Burglary	3.4%	8.7%	8.8%	11.2%
Contempt of Court	6.6%	3.7%	8.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	1.9%	2.8%	0.5%	0.7%
Escapes	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.7%
Extortion	0.3%	0.9%	0.5%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	1.8%	0.3%	6.6%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.5%	1.6%	0.5%	0.7%
Gangs	0.0%	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.1%	0.1%	0.5%	0.7%
Larceny	9.7%	21.0%	14.1%	15.7%
Miscellaneous/Other	6.5%	3.2%	2.9%	0.7%
Murder	0.1%	0.0%	0.5%	0.0%
Narcotics	4.1%	6.9%	2.9%	2.2%
Obscenity	0.3%	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	1.1%	2.4%	1.8%	0.7%
Parole Violation	0.4%	0.0%	1.4%	3.0%
Probation Violation	2.7%	6.1%	6.0%	12.7%
Robbery	1.2%	3.5%	5.7%	9.0%
Sex Offense	1.2%	2.2%	3.1%	0.0%
Status Offense	23.4%	1.8%	1.2%	0.7%
Telephone Law	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic	7.1%	0.8%	1.8%	2.2%
Trespass	3.6%	1.4%	1.9%	3.0%
Vandalism	9.0%	5.3%	4.4%	5.2%
Weapons	2.3%	5.6%	10.0%	7.5%
Total Juvenile Offenses	4,311	1,128	771	134
* Offense data for new probation c	sees is not con	mparable to I	ata Racourca (uide prior to

^{*} Offense data for new probation cases is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. As of FY 2008, multiple offenses per probation case are recorded.

CSU Workload Information, FY 2010

Completed Reports		ADP	
Pre-Dispositional Reports	267	Probation*	153
Post-Dispositional Reports	26	Parole	21
Transfer Reports	6	Intensive Prob.	48
Custody Investigations	0	Commitments	60

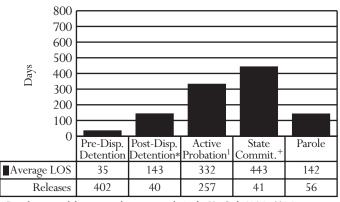
^{*} Data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because workload codes 20, 21, and 22 have been included since that fiscal year.

OFFENSE SEVERITY, FY 2010*

Offense Severity of the Most Serious Offense (See Appendix K for more info)	Juvenile Intake Cases	New Probation Cases ¹	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	3.8%	27.9%	19.2%	40.0%
- Weapons/Narcotics	0.8%	4.6%	4.1%	5.7%
- Other	5.8%	30.1%	16.8%	37.1%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	10.0%	14.6%	8.5%	2.9%
- Other	21.2%	15.1%	15.5%	2.9%
Prob./Parole Violation	4.2%	0.0%	14.8%	11.4%
Court Order Violation	8.4%	0.0%	17.6%	0.0%
Status Offense	36.5%	0.0%	0.5%	0.0%
Other	9.4%	7.8%	2.8%	0.0%
Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Cases/ Placements/Commitments	3,095	219	386	35**
% of Statewide	5.68%	3.85%	4.91%	5.29%

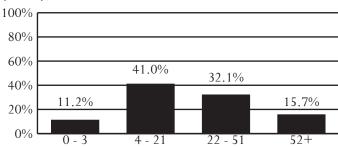
^{*} A single intake, probation, placement, or commitment may involve multiple offenses.

Average LOS, FY 2010 Releases



^{*} Post-dispositional detention with programs only (under Va. Code §16.1 - 284.1)

Pre-Dispositional Detention LOS Distribution (Days), FY 2010 Releases*



^{*} Selected intervals are consistent with applicable citations in the Code of Virginia.

All data were downloaded on 11/10/2010. Any changes after that date are not reflected in this book. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding.

^{**} 3% (1) of state commitments were associated with an institutional offense for which disposition was referred to this CSU.

⁺ Appealed cases are included.

¹Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 due to methodological changes.



City of Hampton

Region III -- Director: Michael G. Morton

35 Wine Street Hampton, Virginia 23669 757-727-6184

Intake Complaints, FY 2008-2010

Domestic Relations	2008	2009	2010
Dom. Rel./Child Welfare	3,995	3,598	3,458
Juvenile Complaints			
Felony	711	657	357
Class 1 Misdemeanor	1,362	1,115	1,024
Class 2-4 Misdemeanor	210	134	125
CHINS/CHINSup (Status)	539	611	609
Other			
Technical Violations	90	92	62
Traffic	166	18	14
Other	41	7	16
Total Juvenile Complaints	3,119	2,634	2,207
Total Complaints	7,114	6,232	5,665

INTAKE DISPOSITION OF JUVENILE COMPLAINTS, FY 2010¹

112020	
Intake Disposition	2010
Petitions	
Petition Filed	30.9%
Unsuccessful Diversion	0.0%
Detention Order with Petition	18.1%
Detention Order Only	2.5%
Resolved/Diverted	40.7%
Other	7.7%
Total Juvenile Complaints	2,207

¹ Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008 included only successful diversions. Since then, data includes all diversions.

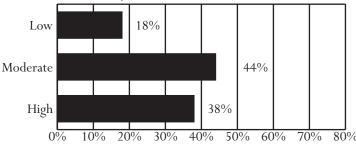
JUVENILE INTAKE CASES, FY 2008-2010*

JOVERNILL INTAKE CASES,	1 2000 2010			
Demographics	2008	2009	2010	
Race				
Black	71.5%	75.7%	76.2%	
White	24.1%	20.3%	21.0%	
Other	4.4%	4.0%	2.8%	
Ethnicity - Hispanic	2.7%	2.1%	2.3%	
Sex				
Male	65.3%	64.4%	65.2%	
Female	34.7%	35.6%	34.8%	
Age				
8-12	7.3%	7.9%	7.9%	
13	9.5%	7.9%	6.7%	
14	13.9%	13.0%	12.2%	
15	18.4%	19.7%	19.5%	
16	21.0%	21.9%	24.7%	
17	27.1%	25.5%	26.0%	
18-20	1.9%	2.5%	2.1%	
Error/Missing	0.9%	1.5%	0.9%	
Total Juvenile Cases	2,222	1,864	1,742	

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

- U.S. Census Data:
 - Between calendar years 1990 and 2000, the juvenile population (ages 10-17) increased 22% (from 13,300 to 16,182). The juvenile population on July 1st, 2009 was 13,834.
- Intakes (FY 2010):
 - 1,742 juvenile intakes and 2,207 juvenile complaints (average of 1.3 complaints per intake)
- Intake Trends (FY 2008-2010):
 - Domestic relations complaints decreased 13%.
 - Juvenile complaints decreased 29%.
 - Juvenile felony complaints decreased 50%.
 - CHINS/CHINSup complaints increased 13%.
- Intake Disposition (FY 2010):
 - A petition was filed in response to 49% of juvenile complaints. 41% of juvenile complaints were resolved or diverted.
- Time Frames (FY 2010):
 - The average time from intake to adjudication was 70 days.
 - The average time from RDC's reception of commitment papers to RDC admission was 6 days (excludes subsequent commitments).
- Risk Assessment / YASI (FY 2010):
 - 260 assessments completed; 38% had a high score, versus 20% statewide
- Most Common Juvenile Offense Category (FY 2010):
 - Intake Larceny or Misc./Other
 - Probation Assault or Larceny
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention Assault
 - Commitment Larceny
- Average Length of Stay (FY 2010):
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention 32 days, versus 22 statewide
 - Commitment to the State 14.7 months, versus 14.0 statewide
- Detention-Eligible Intake Cases (FY 2010):
 - The 8th District had 1,080 detention-eligible intake cases and 195 pre-dispositional detention placements, for a rate of 5.5 eligible intakes per detention placement.

RISK ASSESSMENT / YASI RESULTS, FY 2010*



^{*} Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because some CSUs began using the YASI during that fiscal year. Data presented combines the Risk Assessment Instrument and the YASI when applicable and includes YASI results of "no risk" in the "low risk" category.



Offense Category (See Appendix I for the full list of Miscellaneous/Other Offenses)	Intake Complaints	New Probation Cases*	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Domestic Relat				+
Custody	75.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	8.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Protective Orders	11.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other DR/CW	4.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total DR/CW Offenses	3,458	0	0	0
	venile Of			-
Abusive Language	0.6%		0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol	1.8%	2.1%	0.3%	1.3%
Arson	0.5%	0.4%	1.0%	0.0%
Assault	15.8%	22.8%	20.9%	12.7%
Burglary	3.0%	8.3%	7.4%	7.6%
Contempt of Court	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	4.0%	2.1%	1.3%	0.0%
Escapes	1.6%	0.0%	4.8%	0.0%
Extortion	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	1.4%	0.0%	3.3%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.5%	0.0%	0.3%	0.0%
Gangs	0.0%	0.2%	0.3%	2.5%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.2%	0.0%	5.1%
Larceny	19.5%	22.6%	15.3%	29.1%
Miscellaneous/Other	19.1%	1.9%	1.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.5%	0.0%
Narcotics	3.7%	3.9%	4.6%	0.0%
Obscenity	0.4%	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	1.7%	1.0%	3.6%	1.3%
Parole Violation	0.7%	0.0%	0.8%	1.3%
Probation Violation	1.9%	2.3%	4.1%	8.9%
Robbery	1.5%	3.7%	8.2%	12.7%
Sex Offense	2.0%	1.9%	5.6%	7.6%
Status Offense	9.6%	1.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.0%	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic	1.5%	1.9%	0.5%	0.0%
Trespass	2.9%	2.9%	1.8%	1.3%
Vandalism	3.1%	9.1%	3.6%	5.1%
Weapons	3.0%		11.0%	3.8%
* Offense data for new probation of	2,207	483	392	79

^{*} Offense data for new probation cases is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. As of FY 2008, multiple offenses per probation case are recorded.

CSU Workload Information, FY 2010

Completed Reports		Activity	ADP
Pre-Dispositional Reports	157	Probation*	60
Post-Dispositional Reports	3	Parole	23
Transfer Reports	3	Intensive Prob.	18
Custody Investigations	0	Commitments	50

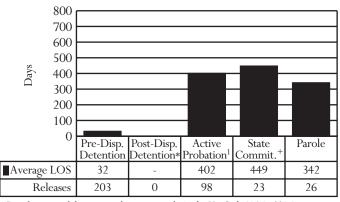
^{*} Data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because workload codes 20, 21, and 22 have been included since that fiscal year.

OFFENSE SEVERITY, FY 2010*

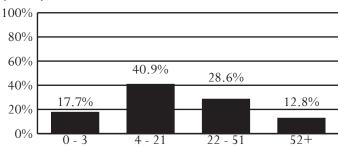
Offense Severity of the Most Serious Offense (See Appendix K for more info)	Juvenile Intake Cases	New Probation Cases ¹	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	4.5%	25.7%	34.4%	53.6%
- Weapons/Narcotics	0.7%	1.4%	5.1%	0.0%
- Other	7.5%	33.8%	17.9%	32.1%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	16.0%	18.9%	10.3%	7.1%
- Other	30.2%	13.5%	21.0%	3.6%
Prob./Parole Violation	3.0%	1.4%	9.7%	3.6%
Court Order Violation	0.2%	0.0%	1.0%	0.0%
Status Offense	32.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other	5.6%	5.4%	0.5%	0.0%
Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Cases/ Placements/Commitments	1,742	74	195	28**
% of Statewide	3.20%	1.30%	2.48%	4.23%

^{*} A single intake, probation, placement, or commitment may involve multiple offenses.

AVERAGE LOS, FY 2010 RELEASES



^{*} Post-dispositional detention with programs only (under Va. Code §16.1 - 284.1)



st Selected intervals are consistent with applicable citations in the Code of Virginia.

^{**} 4% (1) of state commitments were associated with an institutional offense for which disposition was referred to this CSU.

⁺ Appealed cases are included.

¹Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 due to methodological changes.



Region III -- Director: Thomas A. Gooding

4093 Ironbound Road, Suite D Williamsburg, Virginia 23188 757-564-2460

Cities of Poquoson and Williamsburg and Counties of Charles City, Gloucester, James City, King and Queen, King William, Mathews, Middlesex, New Kent, and York

Intake Complaints, FY 2008-2010

Domestic Relations	2008	2009	2010
Dom. Rel./Child Welfare	3,211	3,171	3,273
Juvenile Complaints			
Felony	506	587	472
Class 1 Misdemeanor	1,419	1,307	1,142
Class 2-4 Misdemeanor	249	244	217
CHINS/CHINSup (Status)	269	232	223
Other			
Technical Violations	83	75	72
Traffic	30	21	18
Other	32	33	21
Total Juvenile Complaints	2,588	2,499	2,165
Total Complaints	5,799	5,670	5,438

INTAKE DISPOSITION OF JUVENILE COMPLAINTS, FY 2010¹

Intake Disposition	2010
Petitions	
Petition Filed	61.8%
Unsuccessful Diversion	0.4%
Detention Order with Petition	11.4%
Detention Order Only	2.5%
Resolved/Diverted	20.4%
Other	3.5%
Total Juvenile Complaints	2,165

¹ Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008 included only successful diversions. Since then, data includes all diversions.

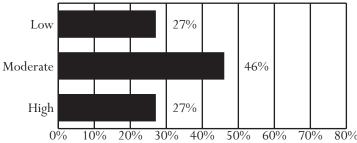
JUVENILE INTAKE CASES, FY 2008-2010*

JOVERNIEE INVIANCE SAGES,			
Demographics	2008	2009	2010
Race			
Black	27.3%	28.7%	28.9%
White	69.3%	67.6%	68.9%
Other	3.4%	3.6%	2.2%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	2.0%	2.6%	1.3%
Sex			
Male	71.3%	70.4%	67.9%
Female	28.7%	29.6%	32.1%
Age			
8-12	6.2%	5.3%	5.7%
13	5.9%	6.1%	6.7%
14	11.4%	11.2%	12.3%
15	18.5%	18.8%	19.7%
16	23.2%	23.9%	21.5%
17	32.2%	31.0%	31.1%
18-20	2.1%	3.3%	2.1%
Error/Missing	0.6%	0.3%	0.9%
Total Juvenile Cases	1,635	1,465	1,420

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

- U.S. Census Data:
 - Between calendar years 1990 and 2000, the juvenile population (ages 10-17) increased 32% (from 20,292 to 26,797). The juvenile population on July 1st, 2009 was 27,925.
- Intakes (FY 2010):
 - 1,420 juvenile intakes and 2,165 juvenile complaints (average of 1.5 complaints per intake)
- Intake Trends (FY 2008-2010):
 - Domestic relations complaints increased 2%.
 - Juvenile complaints decreased 16%.
 - Juvenile felony complaints decreased 7%.
 - CHINS/CHINSup complaints decreased 17%.
- Intake Disposition (FY 2010):
 - A petition was filed in response to 74% of juvenile complaints.
 20% of juvenile complaints were resolved or diverted.
- Time Frames (FY 2010):
 - The average time from intake to adjudication was 99 days.
 - The average time from RDC's reception of commitment papers to RDC admission was 6 days (excludes subsequent commitments).
- Risk Assessment / YASI (FY 2010):
 - 153 assessments completed; 27% had a high score, versus 20% statewide
- Most Common Juvenile Offense Category (FY 2010):
 - Intake Assault
 - Probation Assault
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention Assault
 - Commitment Narcotics
- Average Length of Stay (FY 2010):
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention 28 days, versus 22 statewide
 - Commitment to the State 16.1 months, versus 14.0 statewide
- Detention-Eligible Intake Cases (FY 2010):
 - The 9th District had 1,122 detention-eligible intake cases and 156 pre-dispositional detention placements, for a rate of 7.2 eligible intakes per detention placement.

RISK ASSESSMENT / YASI RESULTS, FY 2010*



^{*} Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because some CSUs began using the YASI during that fiscal year. Data presented combines the Risk Assessment Instrument and the YASI when applicable and includes YASI results of "no risk" in the "low risk" category.



Offense Category (See Appendix I for the full list of Miscellaneous/Other Offenses)	Intake Complaints	New Probation Cases*	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Domestic Relat				
Custody	72.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	13.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Protective Orders	10.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other DR/CW	3.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total DR/CW Offenses	3,273	0	0	0
Ju	venile Of	fenses		
Abusive Language	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol	10.2%	4.2%	1.9%	2.1%
Arson	1.2%	1.2%	2.7%	2.1%
Assault	16.4%	22.6%	22.0%	8.3%
Burglary	4.2%	9.5%	10.8%	8.3%
Contempt of Court	1.6%	1.8%	3.1%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	5.0%	3.6%	1.5%	0.0%
Escapes	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Extortion	0.6%	0.0%	0.8%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	0.2%	0.0%	2.7%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	1.5%	0.6%	0.4%	0.0%
Gangs	0.1%	0.0%	0.8%	0.0%
Kidnapping	1.3%	0.0%	1.2%	0.0%
Larceny	14.0%	19.6%	14.3%	22.9%
Miscellaneous/Other	5.1%	2.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics	7.6%	8.3%	0.8%	27.1%
Obscenity	0.7%	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	1.5%	1.2%	2.3%	0.0%
Parole Violation	0.1%	0.0%	0.4%	0.0%
Probation Violation	1.7%	3.6%	7.7%	14.6%
Robbery	0.3%	0.6%	1.5%	6.3%
Sex Offense	2.9%	3.6%	10.8%	8.3%
Status Offense	7.3%	0.6%	1.2%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic	4.8%	2.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Trespass	2.9%	0.0%	1.9%	0.0%
Vandalism	6.9%	11.9%	10.4%	0.0%
Weapons	1.3%	1.2%	0.8%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Offenses	2,165	168	259	48

^{*} Offense data for new probation cases is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. As of FY 2008, multiple offenses per probation case are recorded.

CSU Workload Information, FY 2010

Completed Reports		ADP	
Pre-Dispositional Reports	51	Probation*	61
Post-Dispositional Reports	23	Parole	6
Transfer Reports	6	Intensive Prob.	0
Custody Investigations	0	Commitments	17

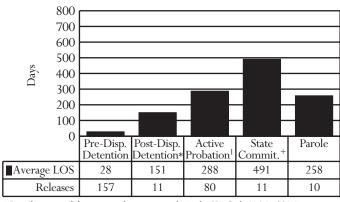
^{*} Data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because workload codes 20, 21, and 22 have been included since that fiscal year.

OFFENSE SEVERITY, FY 2010*

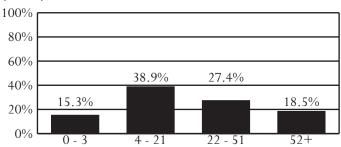
Offense Severity of the Most Serious Offense (See Appendix K for more info)	Juvenile Intake Cases	New Probation Cases ¹	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	5.0%	29.0%	26.9%	26.3%
- Weapons/Narcotics	1.0%	4.8%	0.6%	26.3%
- Other	12.6%	37.1%	22.4%	42.1%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	19.9%	14.5%	15.4%	5.3%
- Other	36.7%	6.5%	16.7%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation	2.5%	1.6%	12.8%	0.0%
Court Order Violation	1.6%	1.6%	3.8%	0.0%
Status Offense	11.0%	1.6%	1.3%	0.0%
Other	9.7%	3.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Cases/ Placements/Commitments	1,420	62	156	19
% of Statewide	2.61%	1.09%	1.98%	2.87%

^{*} A single intake, probation, placement, or commitment may involve multiple offenses.

AVERAGE LOS, FY 2010 RELEASES



^{*} Post-dispositional detention with programs only (under Va. Code §16.1 - 284.1)



^{*} Selected intervals are consistent with applicable citations in the Code of Virginia.

⁺ Appealed cases are included

¹Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 due to methodological changes.



Region I -- Director: Charles L. Watts, Jr.

175 Morton Lane Appomattox, Virginia 24522 434-352-8224

Counties of Appomattox, Buckingham, Charlotte, Cumberland, Halifax, Lunenburg, Mecklenburg, and Prince Edward

Intake Complaints, FY 2008-2010

INTIANE COM EANTO, I I			
Domestic Relations	2008	2009	2010
Dom. Rel./Child Welfare	3,334	3,244	3,362
Juvenile Complaints			
Felony	351	302	185
Class 1 Misdemeanor	902	920	700
Class 2-4 Misdemeanor	162	118	92
CHINS/CHINSup (Status)	268	222	245
Other			
Technical Violations	313	337	281
Traffic	21	20	18
Other	16	6	5
Total Juvenile Complaints	2,033	1,925	1,526
Total Complaints	5,367	5,169	4,888

INTAKE DISPOSITION OF JUVENILE COMPLAINTS, FY 2010¹

Intake Disposition	2010
Petitions	
Petition Filed	62.8%
Unsuccessful Diversion	3.5%
Detention Order with Petition	10.9%
Detention Order Only	0.1%
Resolved/Diverted	17.2%
Other	5.6%
Total Juvenile Complaints	1,526

¹ Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008 included only successful diversions. Since then, data includes all diversions.

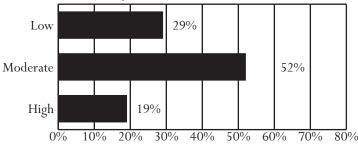
JUVENILE INTAKE CASES, FY 2008-2010*

JOVERNICE INTIANCE CASES,	1 1 2000 2010			
Demographics	2008	2009	2010	
Race				
Black	57.7%	57.0%	53.0%	
White	40.5%	39.9%	44.3%	
Other	1.7%	3.1%	2.7%	
Ethnicity - Hispanic	0.3%	1.0%	1.1%	
Sex				
Male	68.7%	67.5%	65.7%	
Female	31.3%	32.5%	34.3%	
Age				
8-12	7.3%	7.0%	8.7%	
13	8.7%	5.5%	6.4%	
14	14.2%	14.2%	10.6%	
15	19.3%	17.0%	16.3%	
16	21.8%	23.1%	26.5%	
17	24.4%	28.9%	26.0%	
18-20	2.9%	2.8%	3.6%	
Error/Missing	1.5%	1.4%	1.8%	
Total Juvenile Cases	1,498	1,461	1,218	

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

- U.S. Census Data:
 - Between calendar years 1990 and 2000, the juvenile population (ages 10-17) increased 6% (from 15,512 to 16,489). The juvenile population on July 1st, 2009 was 14,800.
- Intakes (FY 2010):
 - 1,218 juvenile intakes and 1,526 juvenile complaints (average of 1.3 complaints per intake)
- Intake Trends (FY 2008-2010):
 - Domestic relations complaints increased 1%.
 - Juvenile complaints decreased 25%.
 - Juvenile felony complaints decreased 47%.
 - CHINS/CHINSup complaints decreased 9%.
- Intake Disposition (FY 2010):
 - A petition was filed in response to 77% of juvenile complaints. 17% of juvenile complaints were resolved or diverted.
- Time Frames (FY 2010):
 - The average time from intake to adjudication was 61 days.
 - The average time from RDC's reception of commitment papers to RDC admission was 7 days (excludes subsequent commitments).
- Risk Assessment / YASI (FY 2010):
 - \bullet 170 assessments completed; 52% had a moderate score, versus 47% statewide
- Most Common Juvenile Offense Category (FY 2010):
 - Intake Assault or Status Offense
 - Probation Assault or Larceny
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention Assault or Contempt of Court
 - Commitment Assault
- Average Length of Stay (FY 2010):
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention 21 days, versus 22 statewide
 - Commitment to the State 13.6 months, versus 14.0 statewide
- Detention-Eligible Intake Cases (FY 2010):
 - The 10th District had 915 detention-eligible intake cases and 170 pre-dispositional detention placements, for a rate of 5.4 eligible intakes per detention placement.

RISK ASSESSMENT / YASI RESULTS, FY 2010*



^{*} Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because some CSUs began using the YASI during that fiscal year. Data presented combines the Risk Assessment Instrument and the YASI when applicable and includes YASI results of "no risk" in the "low risk" category.



OFFENSE CATEGORY, I	1 201	.0		
Offense Category (See Appendix I for the full list of Miscellaneous/Other Offenses)	Intake Complaints	New Probation Cases*	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Domestic Relat	ions/Chil	d Welfare	Offenses	
Custody	60.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	18.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Protective Orders	16.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other DR/CW	5.5%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total DR/CW Offenses	3,362	1	0	0
	venile Of	fenses		
Abusive Language	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol	4.8%	4.8%	0.9%	0.0%
Arson	0.5%	1.7%	1.4%	0.0%
Assault	16.2%	17.9%	26.1%	36.4%
Burglary	1.8%	6.6%	3.6%	0.0%
Contempt of Court	13.4%	8.3%	24.3%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	8.5%	4.8%	0.5%	0.0%
Escapes	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Extortion	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	0.7%	0.3%	0.9%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	1.3%	3.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Gangs	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.2%	0.0%	1.4%	0.0%
Larceny	8.9%	16.9%	5.9%	9.1%
Miscellaneous/Other	2.4%	0.7%	3.6%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics	3.3%	7.2%	3.6%	18.2%
Obscenity	0.3%	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	1.2%	2.1%	1.8%	9.1%
Parole Violation	0.5%	0.0%	1.4%	0.0%
Probation Violation	4.1%	1.7%	5.9%	9.1%
Robbery	1.0%	0.3%	5.4%	9.1%
Sex Offense	0.5%	4.8%	2.7%	9.1%
Status Offense	15.5%	0.7%	0.5%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.4%	0.0%	0.5%	0.0%
Traffic	3.8%	0.3%	2.3%	0.0%
Trespass	1.6%	2.1%	0.5%	0.0%
Vandalism	7.3%	13.1%	6.8%	0.0%
Weapons	1.2%	1.0%	0.5%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Offenses	1,526	290	222	11
t: 0.00 1		11 6		

^{*} Offense data for new probation cases is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. As of FY 2008, multiple offenses per probation case are recorded.

CSU Workload Information, FY 2010

Completed Reports		ADP	
Pre-Dispositional Reports	40	Probation*	114
Post-Dispositional Reports	47	Parole	12
Transfer Reports	3	Intensive Prob.	0
Custody Investigations	0	Commitments	12

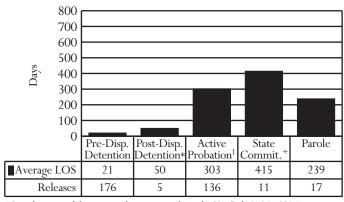
^{*} Data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because workload codes 20, 21, and 22 have been included since that fiscal year.

OFFENSE SEVERITY, FY 2010*

Offense Severity of the Most Serious Offense (See Appendix K for more info)	Juvenile Intake Cases	New Probation Cases ¹	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	3.9%	15.8%	24.7%	60.0%
- Weapons/Narcotics	0.7%	3.5%	2.9%	20.0%
- Other	5.9%	26.3%	4.7%	0.0%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	16.7%	22.8%	14.7%	20.0%
- Other	26.9%	19.3%	5.9%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation	5.4%	1.8%	9.4%	0.0%
Court Order Violation	16.3%	7.9%	31.8%	0.0%
Status Offense	18.4%	0.9%	0.6%	0.0%
Other	5.7%	1.8%	5.3%	0.0%
Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Cases/ Placements/Commitments	1,218	114	170	5
% of Statewide	2.24%	2.00%	2.16%	0.76%

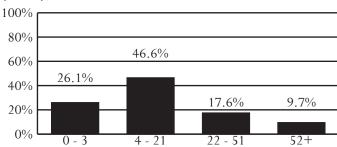
^{*} A single intake, probation, placement, or commitment may involve multiple offenses.

AVERAGE LOS, FY 2010 RELEASES



^{*} Post-dispositional detention with programs only (under Va. Code §16.1 - 284.1)

Pre-Dispositional Detention LOS Distribution (Days), FY 2010 Releases*



^{*} Selected intervals are consistent with applicable citations in the Code of Virginia.

All data were downloaded on 11/10/2010. Any changes after that date are not reflected in this book. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding.

⁺ Appealed cases are included.

¹Data is not comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008 due to methodological changes.



City of Petersburg

Counties of Amelia, Dinwiddie, Nottoway, and Powhatan

INTAKE COMPLAINTS, FY 2008-2010

Domestic Relations	2008	2009	2010
Dom. Rel./Child Welfare	2,641	2,987	2,913
Juvenile Complaints			
Felony	677	445	426
Class 1 Misdemeanor	745	557	636
Class 2-4 Misdemeanor	133	143	156
CHINS/CHINSup (Status)	231	245	205
Other			
Technical Violations	288	220	171
Traffic	40	109	57
Other	12	7	7
Total Juvenile Complaints	2,126	1,726	1,658
Total Complaints	4,767	4,713	4,571

INTAKE DISPOSITION OF JUVENILE COMPLAINTS, FY 2010¹

Intake Disposition	2010
Petitions	
Petition Filed	54.3%
Unsuccessful Diversion	0.3%
Detention Order with Petition	19.9%
Detention Order Only	0.2%
Resolved/Diverted	11.8%
Other	13.4%
Total Juvenile Complaints	1,658

¹ Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008 included only successful diversions. Since then, data includes all diversions.

JUVENILE INTAKE CASES, FY 2008-2010*

JOVERNILE INTIANTE OASES,	1 1 2000	1 2000 2010			
Demographics	2008	2009	2010		
Race					
Black	67.7%	63.7%	59.6%		
White	29.6%	33.0%	37.9%		
Other	2.7%	3.3%	2.5%		
Ethnicity - Hispanic	1.3%	0.9%	0.9%		
Sex					
Male	72.5%	68.9%	72.7%		
Female	27.5%	31.1%	27.3%		
Age					
8-12	5.5%	4.7%	6.4%		
13	7.5%	7.5%	7.3%		
14	11.2%	11.5%	11.2%		
15	18.4%	18.2%	16.2%		
16	26.2%	22.7%	22.3%		
17	27.7%	30.1%	31.7%		
18-20	2.9%	4.3%	3.5%		
Error/Missing	0.6%	1.0%	1.5%		
Total Juvenile Cases	1,085	1,055	1,006		

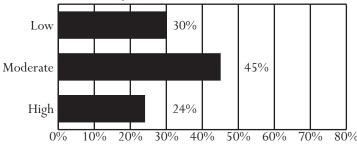
^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

Region II -- Director: George Lamb

20 East Tabb Street, Suite 103 Petersburg, Virginia 23803 804-733-2371

- U.S. Census Data:
 - Between calendar years 1990 and 2000, the juvenile population (ages 10-17) increased 22% (from 10,126 to 12,350). The juvenile population on July 1st, 2009 was 12,002.
- Intakes (FY 2010):
 - 1,006 juvenile intakes and 1,658 juvenile complaints (average of 1.6 complaints per intake)
- Intake Trends (FY 2008-2010):
 - Domestic relations complaints increased 10%.
 - Juvenile complaints decreased 22%.
 - Juvenile felony complaints decreased 37%.
 - CHINS/CHINSup complaints decreased 11%.
- Intake Disposition (FY 2010):
 - A petition was filed in response to 75% of juvenile complaints. 12% of juvenile complaints were resolved or diverted.
- Time Frames (FY 2010):
 - The average time from intake to adjudication was 62 days.
 - The average time from RDC's reception of commitment papers to RDC admission was 5 days (excludes subsequent commitments).
- Risk Assessment / YASI (FY 2010):
 - 499 assessments completed; 24% had a high score, versus 20% statewide
- Most Common Juvenile Offense Category (FY 2010):
 - Intake Assault
 - Probation Larceny
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention Larceny
 - Commitment Larceny
- Average Length of Stay (FY 2010):
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention 25 days, versus 22 statewide
 - Commitment to the State 12.8 months, versus 14.0 statewide
- Detention-Eligible Intake Cases (FY 2010):
 - The 11th District had 710 detention-eligible intake cases and 153 pre-dispositional detention placements, for a rate of 4.6 eligible intakes per detention placement.

RISK ASSESSMENT / YASI RESULTS, FY 2010*



^{*} Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because some CSUs began using the YASI during that fiscal year. Data presented combines the Risk Assessment Instrument and the YASI when applicable and includes YASI results of "no risk" in the "low risk" category.



Offense Category (See Appendix I for the full list of Miscellaneous/Other Offenses)	Intake Complaints	New Probation Cases*	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Domestic Relat				<u> </u>
Custody	62.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	18.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Protective Orders	7.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other DR/CW	11.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total DR/CW Offenses	2,913	0.070	0	0.070
	venile Of			
Abusive Language	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol	3.1%	1.4%	0.0%	1.1%
Arson	0.4%	1.0%	1.2%	1.1%
Assault	17.6%	11.0%	13.1%	18.7%
Burglary	5.5%	7.7%	15.5%	9.9%
Contempt of Court	5.1%	3.3%	6.0%	1.1%
Disorderly Conduct	3.4%	3.8%	1.5%	1.1%
Escapes	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Extortion	0.5%	0.0%	0.3%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	0.7%	0.0%	0.9%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.8%	1.0%	0.0%	1.1%
Gangs	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.7%	0.0%	0.6%	0.0%
Larceny	11.7%	23.9%	20.6%	23.1%
Miscellaneous/Other	1.9%	4.8%	1.5%	0.0%
Murder	0.1%	0.0%	0.6%	0.0%
Narcotics	6.5%	9.6%	0.9%	3.3%
Obscenity	0.8%	0.5%	0.0%	2.2%
Obstruction of Justice	1.7%	0.0%	1.8%	2.2%
Parole Violation	0.8%	0.0%	2.7%	3.3%
Probation Violation	3.9%	1.9%	9.0%	9.9%
Robbery	1.3%	1.0%	3.9%	4.4%
Sex Offense	0.8%	2.9%	1.5%	1.1%
Status Offense	11.6%	4.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic	8.3%	5.3%	2.4%	4.4%
Trespass	1.1%	3.3%	0.6%	1.1%
Vandalism	7.8%	10.0%	8.4%	8.8%
Weapons	2.6%	2.9%	7.2%	2.2%
* Offense data for new probation of	1,658	209	335	91

^{*} Offense data for new probation cases is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. As of FY 2008, multiple offenses per probation case are recorded.

CSU Workload Information, FY 2010

Completed Reports		ADP	
Pre-Dispositional Reports	72	Probation*	91
Post-Dispositional Reports	19	Parole	24
Transfer Reports	8	Intensive Prob.	0
Custody Investigations	0	Commitments	37

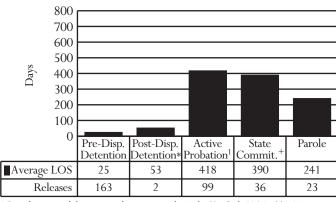
^{*} Data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because workload codes 20, 21, and 22 have been included since that fiscal year.

OFFENSE SEVERITY, FY 2010*

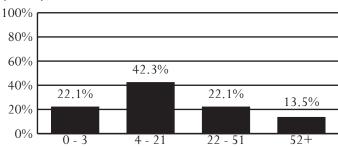
Offense Severity of the Most Serious Offense (See Appendix K for more info)	Juvenile Intake Cases	New Probation Cases ¹	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	8.2%	11.0%	26.1%	27.8%
- Weapons/Narcotics	1.0%	2.7%	2.0%	0.0%
- Other	11.7%	46.6%	31.4%	33.3%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	19.4%	16.4%	7.2%	19.4%
- Other	20.3%	6.8%	5.2%	13.9%
Prob./Parole Violation	5.4%	0.0%	17.6%	5.6%
Court Order Violation	6.1%	4.1%	9.8%	0.0%
Status Offense	16.6%	5.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Other	11.4%	6.8%	0.7%	0.0%
Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Cases/ Placements/Commitments	1,006	73	153	36**
% of Statewide	1.85%	1.28%	1.95%	5.44%

^{*} A single intake, probation, placement, or commitment may involve multiple offenses. ** 17% (6) of state commitments occurred as a result of an institutional offense.

AVERAGE LOS, FY 2010 RELEASES



^{*} Post-dispositional detention with programs only (under Va. Code §16.1 - 284.1)



st Selected intervals are consistent with applicable citations in the Code of Virginia.

⁺ Appealed cases are included.

¹Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 due to methodological changes.



Region III -- Director: James Nankervis

7000 Lucy Corr Boulevard Chesterfield, Virginia 23832 804-748-1372

City of Colonial Heights County of Chesterfield

Intake Complaints, FY 2008-2010

Domestic Relations	2008	2009	2010
Dom. Rel./Child Welfare	5,638	5,818	5,735
Juvenile Complaints			
Felony	1,174	1,096	1,048
Class 1 Misdemeanor	2,923	3,240	3,371
Class 2-4 Misdemeanor	464	440	365
CHINS/CHINSup (Status)	262	230	117
Other			
Technical Violations	435	498	493
Traffic	4	5	4
Other	60	12	10
Total Juvenile Complaints	5,322	5,521	5,408
Total Complaints	10,960	11,339	11,143

INTAKE DISPOSITION OF JUVENILE COMPLAINTS, FY 2010¹

Intake Disposition	2010
Petitions	
Petition Filed	51.7%
Unsuccessful Diversion	4.9%
Detention Order with Petition	10.7%
Detention Order Only	0.0%
Resolved/Diverted	26.3%
Other	6.4%
Total Juvenile Complaints	5,408

¹ Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008 included only successful diversions. Since then, data includes all diversions.

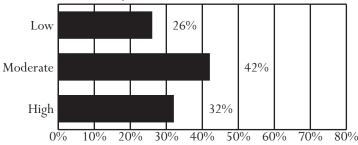
JUVENILE INTAKE CASES, FY 2008-2010*

SOTEMEE INTIANCE SAGES,			
Demographics	2008	2009	2010
Race			
Black	44.1%	45.8%	44.7%
White	52.4%	51.1%	52.1%
Other	3.5%	3.1%	3.2%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	2.3%	2.6%	2.9%
Sex			
Male	72.4%	71.8%	70.9%
Female	27.6%	28.2%	29.1%
Age			
8-12	4.6%	5.6%	7.5%
13	7.7%	7.5%	8.0%
14	11.7%	12.1%	12.2%
15	16.7%	18.7%	16.0%
16	25.6%	23.9%	23.4%
17	29.7%	28.4%	27.9%
18-20	3.8%	3.5%	4.2%
Error/Missing	0.3%	0.3%	0.9%
Total Juvenile Cases	3,759	4,072	3,978

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

- U.S. Census Data:
 - Between calendar years 1990 and 2000, the juvenile population (ages 10-17) increased 33% (from 27,880 to 37,144). The juvenile population on July 1st, 2009 was 40,515.
- Intakes (FY 2010):
 - 3,978 juvenile intakes and 5,408 juvenile complaints (average of 1.4 complaints per intake)
- Intake Trends (FY 2008-2010):
 - Domestic relations complaints increased 2%.
 - Juvenile complaints increased 2%.
 - Juvenile felony complaints decreased 11%.
 - CHINS/CHINSup complaints decreased 55%.
- Intake Disposition (FY 2010):
 - A petition was filed in response to 67% of juvenile complaints. 26% of juvenile complaints were resolved or diverted.
- Time Frames (FY 2010):
 - The average time from intake to adjudication was 87 days.
 - The average time from RDC's reception of commitment papers to RDC admission was 5 days (excludes subsequent commitments).
- Risk Assessment / YASI (FY 2010):
 - 648 assessments completed; 32% had a high score, versus 20% statewide
- Most Common Juvenile Offense Category (FY 2010):
 - Intake Assault
 - Probation Larceny
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention Assault
 - Commitment Burglary or Larceny
- Average Length of Stay (FY 2010):
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention 25 days, versus 22 statewide
 - Commitment to the State 15.8 months, versus 14.0 statewide
- Detention-Eligible Intake Cases (FY 2010):
 - The 12th District had 3,633 detention-eligible intake cases and 435 pre-dispositional detention placements, for a rate of 8.4 eligible intakes per detention placement.

RISK ASSESSMENT / YASI RESULTS, FY 2010*



^{*} Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because some CSUs began using the YASI during that fiscal year. Data presented combines the Risk Assessment Instrument and the YASI when applicable and includes YASI results of "no risk" in the "low risk" category.



OFFENSE CATEGORY, I	1 201	.0		
Offense Category (See Appendix I for the full list of Miscellaneous/Other Offenses)	Inta	New Probation Cases*	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Domestic Relat	ions/Chil	d Welfare	Offenses	
Custody	65.9%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	23.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Protective Orders	9.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other DR/CW	1.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total DR/CW Offenses	5,735	2	0	0
Ju	venile Of	fenses		
Abusive Language	0.6%	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol	6.2%	4.0%	2.2%	2.7%
Arson	0.7%	0.6%	0.7%	0.9%
Assault	21.9%	13.4%	25.0%	10.6%
Burglary	3.7%	8.5%	3.6%	19.5%
Contempt of Court	6.6%	9.5%	7.9%	3.5%
Disorderly Conduct	3.4%	2.3%	1.3%	3.5%
Escapes	0.1%	0.2%	0.4%	1.8%
Extortion	0.4%	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	3.0%	2.6%	4.3%	0.9%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	2.3%	1.3%	0.7%	0.9%
Gangs	0.4%	0.2%	1.2%	1.8%
Kidnapping	0.3%	0.0%	1.3%	0.9%
Larceny	19.1%	20.4%	13.4%	19.5%
Miscellaneous/Other	0.9%	1.1%	0.9%	0.0%
Murder	0.1%	0.0%	0.4%	0.0%
Narcotics	6.5%	10.0%	4.2%	1.8%
Obscenity	0.8%	0.2%	0.1%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	2.0%	1.3%	2.3%	0.0%
Parole Violation	0.4%	0.0%	0.9%	1.8%
Probation Violation	2.1%	0.4%	5.6%	5.3%
Robbery	1.4%	1.1%	8.8%	11.5%
Sex Offense	0.7%	2.3%	1.6%	2.7%
Status Offense	1.8%	1.5%	0.3%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.6%	0.2%	0.1%	0.0%
Traffic	1.2%	0.6%	0.9%	0.0%
Trespass	4.5%	4.5%	2.9%	1.8%
Vandalism	7.0%	10.2%	4.5%	3.5%
Weapons	1.5%	2.6%	4.6%	5.3%
Total Juvenile Offenses	5,408	529	695	113
* Offense data for new probation of	sees is not con	mparable to I	ata Racourca (uide prior to

^{*} Offense data for new probation cases is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. As of FY 2008, multiple offenses per probation case are recorded.

CSU Workload Information, FY 2010

Completed Reports	Activity		ADP
Pre-Dispositional Reports	137	Probation*	156
Post-Dispositional Reports	31	Parole	13
Transfer Reports	2	Intensive Prob.	0
Custody Investigations	0	Commitments	31

^{*} Data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because workload codes 20, 21, and 22 have been included since that fiscal year.

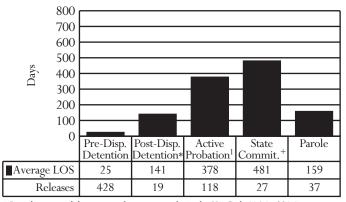
OFFENSE SEVERITY, FY 2010*

Offense Severity of the Most Serious Offense (See Appendix K for more info)	Juvenile Intake Cases	New Probation Cases ¹	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	4.7%	13.2%	26.2%	43.2%
- Weapons/Narcotics	0.6%	3.6%	1.1%	0.0%
- Other	9.5%	32.3%	9.9%	29.7%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	25.0%	16.8%	14.3%	16.2%
- Other	40.8%	26.3%	22.1%	5.4%
Prob./Parole Violation	3.1%	0.0%	10.3%	5.4%
Court Order Violation	8.3%	5.4%	12.4%	0.0%
Status Offense	2.1%	0.0%	0.5%	0.0%
Other	6.1%	2.4%	2.3%	0.0%
Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.9%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Cases/ Placements/Commitments	3,978	167	435	37**
% of Statewide	7.30%	2.93%	5.53%	5.59%

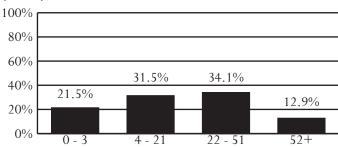
^{*} A single intake, probation, placement, or commitment may involve multiple offenses.

** State commitments: 14% (5) occurred as a result of an institutional offense and 3% (1) were associated with an institutional offense for which disposition was referred to this CSU.

AVERAGE LOS, FY 2010 RELEASES



^{*} Post-dispositional detention with programs only (under Va. Code §16.1 - 284.1)



st Selected intervals are consistent with applicable citations in the Code of Virginia.

⁺ Appealed cases are included

¹Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 due to methodological changes.



City of Richmond

Region III -- Director: Stephanie C. Garrison

1600 Oliver Hill Way, Suite C-104 Richmond, Virginia 23219 804-646-2900

INTAKE COMPLAINTS, FY 2008-2010

Domestic Relations	2008	2009	2010
Dom. Rel./Child Welfare	3,355	3,548	4,144
Juvenile Complaints			
Felony	1,086	909	611
Class 1 Misdemeanor	1,367	1,436	1,232
Class 2-4 Misdemeanor	227	153	161
CHINS/CHINSup (Status)	450	271	203
Other			
Technical Violations	202	174	191
Traffic	22	13	10
Other	30	14	11
Total Juvenile Complaints	3,384	2,970	2,419
Total Complaints	6,739	6,518	6,563

INTAKE DISPOSITION OF JUVENILE COMPLAINTS, FY 2010¹

Intake Disposition	2010
Petitions	
Petition Filed	37.0%
Unsuccessful Diversion	3.3%
Detention Order with Petition	26.2%
Detention Order Only	0.0%
Resolved/Diverted	31.7%
Other	1.9%
Total Juvenile Complaints	2,419

¹ Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008 included only successful diversions. Since then, data includes all diversions.

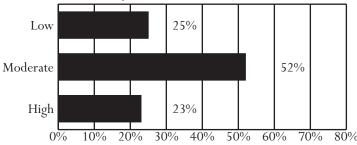
JUVENILE INTAKE CASES, FY 2008-2010*

JOVENNEE INVIANCE SACES,			
Demographics	2008	2009	2010
Race			
Black	94.3%	93.0%	93.6%
White	4.8%	4.7%	4.4%
Other	0.9%	2.3%	2.0%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	1.0%	2.3%	2.3%
Sex			
Male	75.2%	74.8%	73.8%
Female	24.8%	25.2%	26.2%
Age			
8-12	3.5%	3.6%	3.3%
13	7.7%	6.0%	5.7%
14	12.5%	12.0%	10.9%
15	22.2%	19.7%	19.6%
16	28.2%	28.2%	26.4%
17	22.1%	27.0%	30.6%
18-20	3.0%	2.9%	3.0%
Error/Missing	0.8%	0.5%	0.6%
Total Juvenile Cases	2,141	1,838	1,631

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

- U.S. Census Data:
 - Between calendar years 1990 and 2000, the juvenile population (ages 10-17) increased 12% (from 16,137 to 18,037). The juvenile population on July 1st, 2009 was 14,901.
- Intakes (FY 2010):
 - 1,631 juvenile intakes and 2,419 juvenile complaints (average of 1.5 complaints per intake)
- Intake Trends (FY 2008-2010):
 - Domestic relations complaints increased 24%.
 - Juvenile complaints decreased 29%.
 - Juvenile felony complaints decreased 44%.
 - CHINS/CHINSup complaints decreased 55%.
- Intake Disposition (FY 2010):
 - A petition was filed in response to 66% of juvenile complaints. 32% of juvenile complaints were resolved or diverted.
- Time Frames (FY 2010):
 - The average time from intake to adjudication was 57 days.
 - The average time from RDC's reception of commitment papers to RDC admission was 3 days (excludes subsequent commitments).
- Risk Assessment / YASI (FY 2010):
 - 879 assessments completed; 25% had a low score, versus 33% statewide
- Most Common Juvenile Offense Category (FY 2010):
 - Intake Assault
 - Probation Assault
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention Assault
 - Commitment Assault or Probation Violation
- Average Length of Stay (FY 2010):
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention 14 days, versus 22 statewide
 - Commitment to the State 15.5 months, versus 14.0 statewide
- Detention-Eligible Intake Cases (FY 2010):
 - The 13th District had 1,351 detention-eligible intake cases and 401 pre-dispositional detention placements, for a rate of 3.4 eligible intakes per detention placement.

RISK ASSESSMENT / YASI RESULTS, FY 2010*



^{*} Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because some CSUs began using the YASI during that fiscal year. Data presented combines the Risk Assessment Instrument and the YASI when applicable and includes YASI results of "no risk" in the "low risk" category.



Offense Category (See Appendix I for the full list of Miscellaneous/Other Offenses)	Intake Complaints	New Probation Cases*	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Domestic Relat				
Custody	68.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	8.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Protective Orders	15.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other DR/CW	7.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total DR/CW Offenses	4,144	0	0	0
	venile Of	fenses		
Abusive Language	1.3%	0.9%	0.7%	0.7%
Alcohol	1.3%	1.2%	0.1%	0.0%
Arson	0.2%	1.2%	0.4%	0.0%
Assault	24.2%	18.0%	24.2%	13.5%
Burglary	3.2%	7.4%	4.5%	7.4%
Contempt of Court	2.8%	0.9%	3.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	11.3%	5.9%	2.9%	3.4%
Escapes	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Extortion	1.7%	1.7%	1.3%	0.7%
Failure to Appear	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.1%	0.1%	0.3%	0.0%
Fraud	1.6%	1.1%	0.8%	4.1%
Gangs	0.0%	0.1%	0.3%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.2%	0.1%	0.5%	0.7%
Larceny	7.4%	15.8%	7.2%	8.1%
Miscellaneous/Other	5.5%	4.0%	1.7%	0.0%
Murder	0.4%	0.0%	1.0%	0.0%
Narcotics	6.2%	6.4%	6.4%	7.4%
Obscenity	0.5%	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	2.3%	2.4%	2.5%	3.4%
Parole Violation	1.1%	0.0%	0.8%	0.0%
Probation Violation	4.0%	4.5%	7.1%	12.8%
Robbery	4.3%	4.7%	12.5%	10.8%
Sex Offense	1.0%	2.5%	3.5%	2.0%
Status Offense	4.2%	2.8%	0.4%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.2%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic	2.0%	1.3%	1.7%	2.0%
Trespass	4.6%	4.9%	2.1%	6.8%
Vandalism	3.6%	4.8%	3.7%	4.7%
Weapons	4.8%	6.6%	10.5%	11.5%
* Offense data for new probation of	2,419	752	763	148

^{*} Offense data for new probation cases is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. As of FY 2008, multiple offenses per probation case are recorded.

CSU Workload Information, FY 2010

Completed Reports		Activity	ADP
Pre-Dispositional Reports	23	Probation*	207
Post-Dispositional Reports	191	Parole	30
Transfer Reports	5	Intensive Prob.	10
Custody Investigations	0	Commitments	98

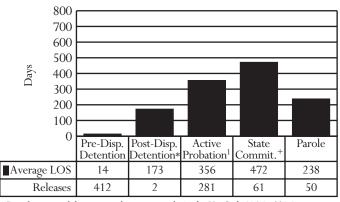
^{*} Data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because workload codes 20, 21, and 22 have been included since that fiscal year.

OFFENSE SEVERITY, FY 2010*

Offense Severity of the Most Serious Offense (See Appendix K for more info)	Juvenile Intake Cases	New Probation Cases ¹	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	10.7%	27.0%	34.9%	49.0%
- Weapons/Narcotics	2.7%	5.8%	6.2%	11.8%
- Other	8.9%	24.9%	14.5%	23.5%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	25.8%	16.4%	11.2%	7.8%
- Other	27.4%	20.1%	11.0%	7.8%
Prob./Parole Violation	7.3%	0.5%	15.0%	0.0%
Court Order Violation	3.9%	0.5%	4.5%	0.0%
Status Offense	8.6%	1.6%	2.0%	0.0%
Other	4.7%	3.2%	0.7%	0.0%
Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Cases/ Placements/Commitments	1,631	189	401	51**
% of Statewide	2.99%	3.32%	5.10%	7.70%

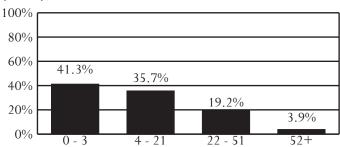
^{*} A single intake, probation, placement, or commitment may involve multiple offenses.

Average LOS, FY 2010 Releases



^{*} Post-dispositional detention with programs only (under Va. Code §16.1 - 284.1)

Pre-Dispositional Detention LOS Distribution (Days), FY 2010 Releases*



st Selected intervals are consistent with applicable citations in the Code of Virginia.

All data were downloaded on 11/10/2010. Any changes after that date are not reflected in this book. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding.

^{** 2% (1)} of state commitments were associated with an institutional offense for which disposition was referred to this CSU.

⁺ Appealed cases are included.

¹Data is not comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008 due to methodological changes.



District 14 County of Henrico

Region II -- Director: Kay D. Frye

4201 E. Parham Road Henrico, Virginia 23228 804-501-4692

Intake Complaints, FY 2008-2010

Domestic Relations	2008	2009	2010
Dom. Rel./Child Welfare	5,797	5,439	5,273
Juvenile Complaints			
Felony	833	891	671
Class 1 Misdemeanor	2,324	2,239	1,798
Class 2-4 Misdemeanor	311	260	186
CHINS/CHINSup (Status)	477	413	238
Other			
Technical Violations	605	557	554
Traffic	25	23	15
Other	10	21	8
Total Juvenile Complaints	4,585	4,404	3,470
Total Complaints	10,382	9,843	8,743

INTAKE DISPOSITION OF JUVENILE COMPLAINTS, FY 2010¹

Intake Disposition	2010
Petitions	
Petition Filed	57.3%
Unsuccessful Diversion	2.0%
Detention Order with Petition	10.4%
Detention Order Only	2.2%
Resolved/Diverted	20.2%
Other	8.0%
Total Juvenile Complaints	3,470

¹ Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008 included only successful diversions. Since then, data includes all diversions.

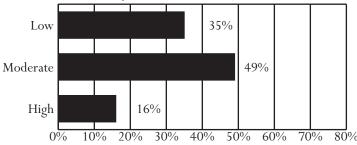
JUVENILE INTAKE CASES, FY 2008-2010*

JOYLINEE HITIARE GAGLO,			
Demographics	2008	2009	2010
Race			
Black	62.4%	62.8%	65.7%
White	32.2%	32.4%	29.8%
Other	5.5%	4.7%	4.5%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	3.2%	3.4%	2.9%
Sex			
Male	65.6%	67.3%	67.9%
Female	34.4%	32.7%	32.1%
Age			
8-12	6.5%	5.3%	6.1%
13	7.6%	5.8%	5.8%
14	12.7%	11.9%	11.7%
15	19.5%	18.8%	19.4%
16	24.7%	27.0%	25.3%
17	27.0%	28.6%	29.8%
18-20	1.9%	2.4%	1.8%
Error/Missing	0.2%	0.2%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Cases	2,965	2,894	2,376

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

- U.S. Census Data:
 - Between calendar years 1990 and 2000, the juvenile population (ages 10-17) increased 34% (from 20,817 to 27,958). The juvenile population on July 1st, 2009 was 30,965.
- Intakes (FY 2010):
 - 2,376 juvenile intakes and 3,470 juvenile complaints (average of 1.5 complaints per intake)
- Intake Trends (FY 2008-2010):
 - Domestic relations complaints decreased 9%.
 - Juvenile complaints decreased 24%.
 - Juvenile felony complaints decreased 19%.
 - CHINS/CHINSup complaints decreased 50%.
- Intake Disposition (FY 2010):
 - A petition was filed in response to 70% of juvenile complaints. 20% of juvenile complaints were resolved or diverted.
- Time Frames (FY 2010):
 - The average time from intake to adjudication was 57 days.
 - The average time from RDC's reception of commitment papers to RDC admission was 5 days (excludes subsequent commitments).
- Risk Assessment / YASI (FY 2010):
 - 515 assessments completed; 16% had a high score, versus 20% statewide
- Most Common Juvenile Offense Category (FY 2010):
 - Intake Larceny
 - · Probation Larceny
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention Probation Violation
 - Commitment Larceny
- Average Length of Stay (FY 2010):
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention 20 days, versus 22 statewide
 - Commitment to the State 16.4 months, versus 14.0 statewide
- Detention-Eligible Intake Cases (FY 2010):
 - The 14th District had 2,051 detention-eligible intake cases and 684 pre-dispositional detention placements, for a rate of 3.0 eligible intakes per detention placement.

RISK ASSESSMENT / YASI RESULTS, FY 2010*



^{*} Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because some CSUs began using the YASI during that fiscal year. Data presented combines the Risk Assessment Instrument and the YASI when applicable and includes YASI results of "no risk" in the "low risk" category.



OFFENSE CATEGORY, I	1 201	.0		
Offense Category (See Appendix I for the full list of Miscellaneous/Other Offenses)	Intake Complaints	New Probation Cases*	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Domestic Relat	ions/Chil		Offenses	
Custody	70.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	17.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Protective Orders	10.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other DR/CW	1.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total DR/CW Offenses	5,273	0	0	0
Ju	venile Of	fenses		
Abusive Language	0.4%	0.5%	0.2%	0.6%
Alcohol	3.1%	2.8%	0.3%	0.0%
Arson	1.0%	2.9%	0.7%	1.1%
Assault	16.5%	16.9%	14.2%	7.3%
Burglary	3.3%	6.7%	3.3%	14.7%
Contempt of Court	2.9%	2.4%	14.5%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	6.6%	5.5%	1.9%	1.7%
Escapes	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.6%
Extortion	0.3%	0.3%	0.1%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	2.0%	0.9%	12.4%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.5%	0.6%	0.2%	0.6%
Gangs	0.2%	0.5%	0.1%	1.1%
Kidnapping	0.3%	0.5%	1.1%	0.6%
Larceny	22.4%	19.9%	12.0%	16.9%
Miscellaneous/Other	1.8%	1.9%	0.3%	0.6%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics	4.4%	8.5%	2.0%	1.7%
Obscenity	0.5%	0.5%	0.2%	1.7%
Obstruction of Justice	1.5%	0.8%	1.2%	2.8%
Parole Violation	1.2%	0.0%	2.1%	6.2%
Probation Violation	11.1%	1.9%	20.0%	10.2%
Robbery	2.0%	0.9%	6.8%	12.4%
Sex Offense	0.3%	1.3%	0.9%	1.7%
Status Offense	5.8%	9.8%	0.4%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic	2.3%	1.3%	0.3%	0.6%
Trespass	4.2%	4.2%	1.5%	3.4%
Vandalism	3.6%	7.5%	1.4%	5.1%
Weapons	1.7%	1.1%	1.7%	8.5%
Total Juvenile Offenses	3,470	788	972	177
1 0 00 1 0		11 6		

^{*} Offense data for new probation cases is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. As of FY 2008, multiple offenses per probation case are recorded.

CSU Workload Information, FY 2010

Completed Reports		ADP	
Pre-Dispositional Reports	66	Probation*	485
Post-Dispositional Reports	273	Parole	20
Transfer Reports	2	Intensive Prob.	0
Custody Investigations	0	Commitments	57

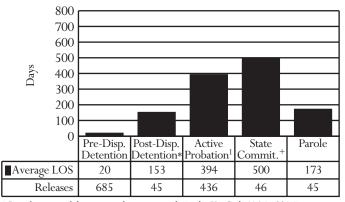
^{*} Data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because workload codes 20, 21, and 22 have been included since that fiscal year.

OFFENSE SEVERITY, FY 2010*

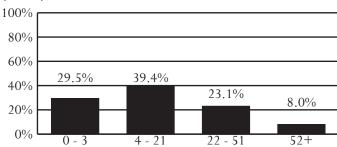
Offense Severity of the Most Serious Offense (See Appendix K for more info)	Juvenile Intake Cases	New Probation Cases ¹	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	4.3%	8.4%	14.3%	42.9%
- Weapons/Narcotics	1.1%	3.5%	1.5%	8.9%
- Other	9.6%	20.8%	11.4%	35.7%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	17.3%	18.1%	9.8%	5.4%
- Other	36.5%	29.2%	21.1%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation	16.4%	0.0%	29.5%	7.1%
Court Order Violation	2.1%	4.3%	10.5%	0.0%
Status Offense	7.7%	9.7%	0.1%	0.0%
Other	5.0%	5.9%	1.5%	0.0%
Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.3%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Cases/ Placements/Commitments	2,376	370	684	56
% of Statewide	4.36%	6.50%	8.70%	8.46%

^{*} A single intake, probation, placement, or commitment may involve multiple offenses.

AVERAGE LOS, FY 2010 RELEASES



^{*} Post-dispositional detention with programs only (under Va. Code §16.1 - 284.1)



^{*} Selected intervals are consistent with applicable citations in the Code of Virginia.

⁺ Appealed cases are included

¹Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 due to methodological changes.



Region II -- Director: Vincent Butaitis

e, Fredericksburg, Virginia 22401 540-372-1068

601 Caroline Street, Suite 400, 4th Floor

City of Fredericksburg and Counties of Caroline, Essex, Hanover, King George, Lancaster, Northumberland, Richmond, Spotsylvania, Stafford, and Westmoreland

Intake Complaints, FY 2008-2010

Domestic Relations	2008	2009	2010
Dom. Rel./Child Welfare	11,536	11,629	11,872
Juvenile Complaints			
Felony	1,224	1,397	1,010
Class 1 Misdemeanor	3,018	2,965	2,373
Class 2-4 Misdemeanor	515	507	429
CHINS/CHINSup (Status)	758	616	522
Other			
Technical Violations	581	640	604
Traffic	56	55	69
Other	17	21	13
Total Juvenile Complaints	6,169	6,201	5,020
Total Complaints	17,705	17,830	16,892

INTAKE DISPOSITION OF JUVENILE COMPLAINTS, FY 2010¹

112020	
Intake Disposition	2010
Petitions	
Petition Filed	47.7%
Unsuccessful Diversion	2.3%
Detention Order with Petition	15.4%
Detention Order Only	1.3%
Resolved/Diverted	22.8%
Other	10.5%
Total Juvenile Complaints	5,020

¹ Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008 included only successful diversions. Since then, data includes all diversions.

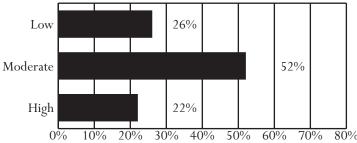
JUVENILE INTAKE CASES, FY 2008-2010*

SOTEMEE INTIANCE SACES,			
Demographics	2008	2009	2010
Race			
Black	36.7%	35.1%	36.4%
White	56.4%	58.9%	58.2%
Other	6.9%	6.0%	5.4%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	4.2%	4.2%	4.4%
Sex			
Male	69.2%	66.3%	67.1%
Female	30.8%	33.7%	32.9%
Age			
8-12	5.4%	4.5%	5.7%
13	6.5%	5.2%	6.1%
14	11.2%	10.6%	10.5%
15	19.3%	17.7%	18.1%
16	24.7%	25.8%	24.1%
17	28.5%	30.9%	30.0%
18-20	3.3%	4.0%	4.0%
Error/Missing	1.1%	1.2%	1.6%
Total Juvenile Cases	3,962	4,023	3,524

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

- U.S. Census Data:
 - Between calendar years 1990 and 2000, the juvenile population (ages 10-17) increased 51% (from 32,310 to 48,880). The juvenile population on July 1st, 2009 was 59,047.
- Intakes (FY 2010):
 - 3,524 juvenile intakes and 5,020 juvenile complaints (average of 1.4 complaints per intake)
- Intake Trends (FY 2008-2010):
 - Domestic relations complaints increased 3%.
 - Juvenile complaints decreased 19%.
 - Juvenile felony complaints decreased 17%.
 - CHINS/CHINSup complaints decreased 31%.
- Intake Disposition (FY 2010):
 - A petition was filed in response to 65% of juvenile complaints. 23% of juvenile complaints were resolved or diverted.
- Time Frames (FY 2010):
 - The average time from intake to adjudication was 64 days.
 - The average time from RDC's reception of commitment papers to RDC admission was 6 days (excludes subsequent commitments).
- Risk Assessment / YASI (FY 2010):
 - 449 assessments completed; 26% had a low score, versus 33% statewide
- Most Common Juvenile Offense Category (FY 2010):
 - Intake Larceny
 - Probation Larceny
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention Assault
 - Commitment Larceny
- Average Length of Stay (FY 2010):
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention 20 days, versus 22 statewide
 - Commitment to the State 11.4 months, versus 14.0 statewide
- Detention-Eligible Intake Cases (FY 2010):
 - The 15th District had 2,778 detention-eligible intake cases and 626 pre-dispositional detention placements, for a rate of 4.4 eligible intakes per detention placement.

RISK ASSESSMENT / YASI RESULTS, FY 2010*



^{*} Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because some CSUs began using the YASI during that fiscal year. Data presented combines the Risk Assessment Instrument and the YASI when applicable and includes YASI results of "no risk" in the "low risk" category.



Offense Category (See Appendix I for the full list of Miscellaneous/Other Offenses)	Intake Complaints	New Probation Cases*	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Domestic Relati				4
Custody	64.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	18.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Protective Orders	8.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other DR/CW	8.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total DR/CW Offenses	11,872	0	0	0
	venile Off	fenses		
Abusive Language	0.6%	0.7%	0.2%	0.0%
Alcohol	5.7%	5.4%	3.9%	0.0%
Arson	0.6%	0.4%	0.7%	0.0%
Assault	13.9%	15.8%	19.6%	21.4%
Burglary	3.2%	4.9%	3.0%	12.8%
Contempt of Court	6.0%	4.4%	7.9%	1.7%
Disorderly Conduct	4.0%	3.3%	2.2%	0.9%
Escapes	0.3%	0.1%	1.2%	0.0%
Extortion	0.4%	0.5%	0.5%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	0.6%	0.3%	0.8%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	1.3%	1.6%	1.7%	0.0%
Gangs	0.0%	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.1%	0.0%	0.6%	0.0%
Larceny	18.3%	19.5%	14.1%	23.9%
Miscellaneous/Other	1.5%	2.3%	0.7%	0.9%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics	7.9%	13.8%	4.3%	1.7%
Obscenity	0.5%	0.3%	0.1%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	1.8%	2.1%	3.6%	1.7%
Parole Violation	0.3%	0.0%	0.8%	1.7%
Probation Violation	5.7%	2.3%	14.6%	6.0%
Robbery	0.7%	0.8%	2.9%	2.6%
Sex Offense	2.3%	5.0%	4.5%	6.8%
Status Offense	10.3%	2.8%	0.4%	1.7%
Telephone Law	0.4%	0.1%	0.2%	0.0%
Traffic	4.7%	3.9%	5.5%	2.6%
Trespass	1.9%	1.7%	0.5%	4.3%
Vandalism	5.2%	5.2%	3.7%	5.1%
Weapons	1.8%	2.5%	2.0%	4.3%
* Offense data for new probation c	5,020	75 <i>3</i>	1,033	117

^{*} Offense data for new probation cases is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. As of FY 2008, multiple offenses per probation case are recorded.

CSU Workload Information, FY 2010

Completed Reports		ADP	
Pre-Dispositional Reports	269	Probation*	286
Post-Dispositional Reports	76	Parole	29
Transfer Reports	17	Intensive Prob.	30
Custody Investigations	0	Commitments	41

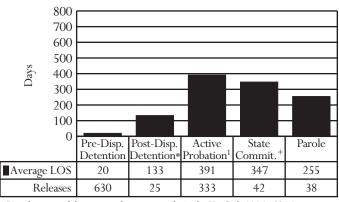
^{*} Data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because workload codes 20, 21, and 22 have been included since that fiscal year.

OFFENSE SEVERITY, FY 2010*

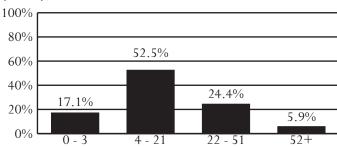
Offense Severity of the Most Serious Offense (See Appendix K for more info)	Juvenile Intake Cases	New Probation Cases ¹	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	5.2%	15.8%	17.3%	35.0%
- Weapons/Narcotics	1.3%	4.8%	2.2%	5.0%
- Other	10.1%	30.9%	14.7%	42.5%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	15.1%	17.6%	11.5%	12.5%
- Other	32.2%	21.0%	13.6%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation	7.9%	0.0%	25.2%	5.0%
Court Order Violation	7.6%	3.3%	12.8%	0.0%
Status Offense	13.0%	1.1%	0.5%	0.0%
Other	7.6%	5.5%	1.3%	0.0%
Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	1.0%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Cases/ Placements/Commitments	3,524	272	626	40
% of Statewide	6.47%	4.78%	7.96%	6.04%

^{*} A single intake, probation, placement, or commitment may involve multiple offenses.

AVERAGE LOS, FY 2010 RELEASES



^{*} Post-dispositional detention with programs only (under Va. Code §16.1 - 284.1)



st Selected intervals are consistent with applicable citations in the Code of Virginia.

Appealed cases are included.

¹Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 due to methodological changes.



Region II -- Director: Martha D. Carroll

407 East High Street Charlottesville, Virginia 22902 434-979-7191

City of Charlottesville and Counties of Albemarle, Culpeper, Fluvanna, Goochland, Greene, Louisa, Madison, and Orange

Intake Complaints, FY 2008-2010

Domestic Relations	2008	2009	2010
Dom. Rel./Child Welfare	5,927	6,016	6,088
Juvenile Complaints			
Felony	487	512	500
Class 1 Misdemeanor	1,008	1,040	906
Class 2-4 Misdemeanor	180	161	145
CHINS/CHINSup (Status)	459	326	392
Other			
Technical Violations	585	501	478
Traffic	21	20	16
Other	5	4	4
Total Juvenile Complaints	2,745	2,564	2,441
Total Complaints	8,672	8,580	8,529

INTAKE DISPOSITION OF JUVENILE COMPLAINTS, FY 2010¹

112020	
Intake Disposition	2010
Petitions	
Petition Filed	62.7%
Unsuccessful Diversion	1.1%
Detention Order with Petition	13.8%
Detention Order Only	0.3%
Resolved/Diverted	19.8%
Other	2.4%
Total Juvenile Complaints	2,441

¹ Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008 included only successful diversions. Since then, data includes all diversions.

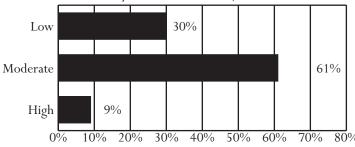
JUVENILE INTAKE CASES, FY 2008-2010*

JOVERNILE INVIANCE SACES, I	. = 000		
Demographics	2008	2009	2010
Race			
Black	36.4%	35.0%	34.5%
White	55.8%	58.1%	59.4%
Other	7.8%	6.9%	6.1%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	3.5%	3.5%	3.4%
Sex			
Male	68.5%	67.7%	68.8%
Female	31.5%	32.3%	31.2%
Age			
8-12	4.9%	4.4%	5.0%
13	7.1%	6.0%	7.3%
14	13.3%	12.5%	9.1%
15	18.9%	18.5%	18.5%
16	23.6%	25.5%	25.9%
17	27.6%	28.7%	28.6%
18-20	3.4%	3.1%	3.7%
Error/Missing	1.0%	1.4%	1.9%
Total Juvenile Cases	2,124	1,883	1,772

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

- U.S. Census Data:
 - Between calendar years 1990 and 2000, the juvenile population (ages 10-17) increased 35% (from 21,496 to 28,972). The juvenile population on July 1st, 2009 was 31,463.
- Intakes (FY 2010):
 - 1,772 juvenile intakes and 2,441 juvenile complaints (average of 1.4 complaints per intake)
- Intake Trends (FY 2008-2010):
 - Domestic relations complaints increased 3%.
 - Juvenile complaints decreased 11%.
 - Juvenile felony complaints increased 3%.
 - CHINS/CHINSup complaints decreased 15%.
- Intake Disposition (FY 2010):
 - A petition was filed in response to 78% of juvenile complaints. 20% of juvenile complaints were resolved or diverted.
- Time Frames (FY 2010):
 - The average time from intake to adjudication was 62 days.
 - The average time from RDC's reception of commitment papers to RDC admission was 4 days (excludes subsequent commitments).
- Risk Assessment / YASI (FY 2010):
 - \bullet 307 assessments completed; 61% had a moderate score, versus 47% statewide
- Most Common Juvenile Offense Category (FY 2010):
 - Intake Status Offense
 - Probation Larceny
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention Larceny, Assault, Contempt of Court, or Probation Violation
 - Commitment Larceny
- Average Length of Stay (FY 2010):
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention 21 days, versus 22 statewide
 - Commitment to the State 10.5 months, versus 14.0 statewide
- Detention-Eligible Intake Cases (FY 2010):
 - The 16th District had 1,293 detention-eligible intake cases and 194 pre-dispositional detention placements, for a rate of 6.7 eligible intakes per detention placement.

RISK ASSESSMENT / YASI RESULTS, FY 2010*



^{*} Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because some CSUs began using the YASI during that fiscal year. Data presented combines the Risk Assessment Instrument and the YASI when applicable and includes YASI results of "no risk" in the "low risk" category.



Offense Category (See Appendix I for the full list of Miscellaneous/Other Offenses)	Intake Complaints	New Probation Cases*	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Domestic Relat	ions/Chil	d Welfare	Offenses	
Custody	74.9%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	9.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Protective Orders	12.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other DR/CW	2.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total DR/CW Offenses	6,088	1	0	0
Ju	venile Of	fenses		
Abusive Language	0.1%	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol	4.4%	5.3%	0.6%	1.5%
Arson	0.3%	1.1%	1.0%	3.1%
Assault	10.3%	14.6%	15.2%	3.1%
Burglary	2.7%	5.2%	5.4%	7.7%
Contempt of Court	13.5%	4.7%	14.9%	4.6%
Disorderly Conduct	2.6%	3.3%	2.5%	1.5%
Escapes	0.0%	0.0%	0.3%	0.0%
Extortion	0.7%	0.6%	1.0%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	2.6%	0.5%	2.2%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	1.4%	1.4%	4.1%	1.5%
Gangs	0.0%	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Larceny	13.9%	18.8%	15.6%	33.8%
Miscellaneous/Other	0.9%	0.5%	0.6%	1.5%
Murder	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics	5.9%	8.6%	1.9%	1.5%
Obscenity	1.3%	1.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	1.0%	1.1%	1.9%	1.5%
Parole Violation	0.3%	0.0%	1.3%	4.6%
Probation Violation	5.5%	1.6%	14.3%	10.8%
Robbery	1.0%	0.6%	4.8%	3.1%
Sex Offense	1.1%	2.5%	3.2%	0.0%
Status Offense	16.1%	9.4%	0.3%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.5%	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic	3.3%	3.9%	1.3%	6.2%
Trespass	1.1%	1.9%	0.6%	0.0%
Vandalism	7.5%	9.1%	2.2%	4.6%
Weapons	2.0%	2.8%		9.2%
* Offense data for new probation of	2,441	639	315	65

^{*} Offense data for new probation cases is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. As of FY 2008, multiple offenses per probation case are recorded.

CSU Workload Information, FY 2010

Completed Reports	Activity		ADP
Pre-Dispositional Reports	158	Probation*	281
Post-Dispositional Reports	65	Parole	12
Transfer Reports	8	Intensive Prob.	0
Custody Investigations	0	Commitments	24

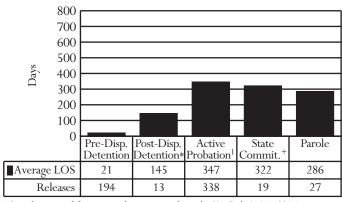
^{*} Data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because workload codes 20, 21, and 22 have been included since that fiscal year.

OFFENSE SEVERITY, FY 2010*

Offense Severity of the Most Serious Offense (See Appendix K for more info)	Juvenile Intake Cases	New Probation Cases ¹	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	6.2%	14.1%	23.7%	33.3%
- Weapons/Narcotics	1.5%	4.3%	2.6%	14.3%
- Other	8.6%	23.9%	13.9%	33.3%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	11.2%	16.5%	5.2%	4.8%
- Other	24.5%	22.4%	8.8%	9.5%
Prob./Parole Violation	6.4%	0.0%	20.1%	4.8%
Court Order Violation	15.5%	2.7%	22.2%	0.0%
Status Offense	21.1%	11.4%	0.5%	0.0%
Other	5.1%	4.7%	0.5%	0.0%
Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	2.6%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Cases/ Placements/Commitments	1,772	255	194	21
% of Statewide	3.25%	4.48%	2.47%	3.17%

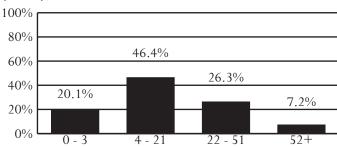
^{*} A single intake, probation, placement, or commitment may involve multiple offenses.

AVERAGE LOS, FY 2010 RELEASES



^{*} Post-dispositional detention with programs only (under Va. Code §16.1 - 284.1)

Pre-Dispositional Detention LOS Distribution (Days), FY 2010 Releases*



^{*} Selected intervals are consistent with applicable citations in the Code of Virginia.

All data were downloaded on 11/10/2010. Any changes after that date are not reflected in this book. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding.

Appealed cases are included.

¹Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 due to methodological changes.



District 17 County of Arlington

Region II -- Director: Patricia Romano Locally Operated 1425 N. Courthouse Road, Suite 5100 Arlington, Virginia 22201 703-228-4600

Intake Complaints, FY 2008-2010

Domestic Relations	2008	2009	2010
Dom. Rel./Child Welfare	930	949	1,131
Juvenile Complaints			
Felony	306	319	312
Class 1 Misdemeanor	339	477	428
Class 2-4 Misdemeanor	116	97	100
CHINS/CHINSup (Status)	192	155	157
Other			
Technical Violations	396	416	426
Traffic	23	55	121
Other	198	197	332
Total Juvenile Complaints	1,570	1,716	1,876
Total Complaints	2,500	2,665	3,007

INTAKE DISPOSITION OF JUVENILE COMPLAINTS, FY 2010¹

112020	
Intake Disposition	2010
Petitions	
Petition Filed	55.2%
Unsuccessful Diversion	2.5%
Detention Order with Petition	10.0%
Detention Order Only	0.1%
Resolved/Diverted	3.8%
Other	28.4%
Total Juvenile Complaints	1,876

¹ Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008 included only successful diversions. Since then, data includes all diversions.

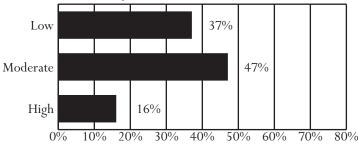
JUVENILE INTAKE CASES, FY 2008-2010*

JOVERNILE INTARL CASES,	2000	1 2000 2010			
Demographics	2008	2009	2010		
Race					
Black	44.7%	53.2%	55.7%		
White	37.6%	42.3%	41.7%		
Other	17.7%	4.5%	2.6%		
Ethnicity - Hispanic	31.1%	31.0%	26.7%		
Sex					
Male	69.4%	64.5%	63.5%		
Female	30.6%	35.5%	36.5%		
Age					
8-12	2.2%	2.2%	2.0%		
13	5.3%	4.2%	4.4%		
14	10.8%	13.0%	9.9%		
15	19.2%	19.8%	19.5%		
16	27.7%	27.4%	28.8%		
17	31.7%	29.5%	31.9%		
18-20	3.0%	3.7%	2.5%		
Error/Missing	0.0%	0.2%	1.0%		
Total Juvenile Cases	1,291	1,460	1,613		

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

- U.S. Census Data:
 - Between calendar years 1990 and 2000, the juvenile population (ages 10-17) increased 29% (from 9,370 to 12,101). The juvenile population on July 1st, 2009 was 11,485.
- Intakes (FY 2010):
 - 1,613 juvenile intakes and 1,876 juvenile complaints (average of 1.2 complaints per intake)
- Intake Trends (FY 2008-2010):
 - Domestic relations complaints increased 22%.
 - Juvenile complaints increased 19%.
 - Juvenile felony complaints increased 2%.
 - CHINS/CHINSup complaints decreased 18%.
- Intake Disposition (FY 2010):
 - A petition was filed in response to 68% of juvenile complaints. 4% of juvenile complaints were resolved or diverted.
- Time Frames (FY 2010):
 - The average time from intake to adjudication was 45 days.
 - The average time from RDC's reception of commitment papers to RDC admission was 5 days (excludes subsequent commitments).
- Risk Assessment / YASI (FY 2010):
 - \bullet 246 assessments completed; 16% had a high score, versus 20% statewide
- Most Common Juvenile Offense Category (FY 2010):
 - Intake Misc./Other or Larceny
 - Probation Status Offense or Larceny
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention Probation Violation
 - Commitment Larceny
- Average Length of Stay (FY 2010):
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention 16 days, versus 22 statewide
 - Commitment to the State 6.4 months, versus 14.0 statewide
- Detention-Eligible Intake Cases (FY 2010):
 - The 17th District had 965 detention-eligible intake cases and 346 pre-dispositional detention placements, for a rate of 2.8 eligible intakes per detention placement.

RISK ASSESSMENT / YASI RESULTS, FY 2010*



^{*} Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because some CSUs began using the YASI during that fiscal year. Data presented combines the Risk Assessment Instrument and the YASI when applicable and includes YASI results of "no risk" in the "low risk" category.



OFFENSE CATEGORY, I	1 201	.0		
Offense Category (See Appendix I for the full list of Miscellaneous/Other Offenses)	Intake Complaints	New Probation Cases*	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Domestic Relat	ions/Chil	d Welfare	Offenses	
Custody	46.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	28.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Protective Orders	15.8%	50.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other DR/CW	9.6%	50.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total DR/CW Offenses	1,131	2	0	0
	venile Of	fenses		
Abusive Language	0.2%	0.3%	0.2%	0.0%
Alcohol	1.5%	2.3%	0.2%	3.3%
Arson	0.4%	0.3%	0.2%	0.0%
Assault	3.8%	18.2%	11.1%	26.7%
Burglary	1.0%	2.1%	2.4%	0.0%
Contempt of Court	9.0%	0.0%	12.8%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	0.6%	2.6%	0.2%	0.0%
Escapes	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Extortion	0.0%	0.0%	0.2%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	5.0%	0.3%	7.3%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	1.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	3.1%	4.4%	3.6%	3.3%
Gangs	0.1%	0.0%	0.2%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Larceny	17.1%	22.9%	16.9%	30.0%
Miscellaneous/Other	17.9%	1.8%	0.7%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics	3.3%	4.1%	2.7%	0.0%
Obscenity	0.2%	0.6%	0.5%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	0.6%	0.3%	2.2%	0.0%
Parole Violation	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Probation Violation	13.3%	0.3%	24.2%	23.3%
Robbery	0.6%	1.2%	2.9%	3.3%
Sex Offense	0.3%	1.5%	1.5%	0.0%
Status Offense	8.4%	24.6%	3.1%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.0%	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic	10.1%	1.8%	1.7%	3.3%
Trespass	1.5%	3.2%	2.7%	0.0%
Vandalism	1.3%	3.2%	1.9%	6.7%
Weapons	0.3%	1.8%	0.2%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Offenses	1,876	341	413	30
1 0 00 1 0				

^{*} Offense data for new probation cases is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. As of FY 2008, multiple offenses per probation case are recorded.

CSU Workload Information, FY 2010

Completed Reports		ADP	
Pre-Dispositional Reports	32	Probation*	315
Post-Dispositional Reports	17	Parole	3
Transfer Reports	0	Intensive Prob.	0
Custody Investigations	0	Commitments	12

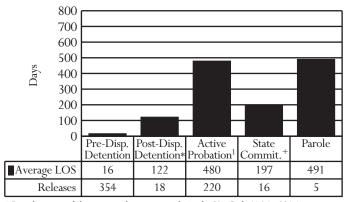
^{*} Data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because workload codes 20, 21, and 22 have been included since that fiscal year.

OFFENSE SEVERITY, FY 2010*

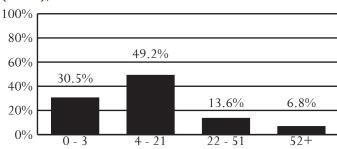
Offense Severity of the Most Serious Offense (See Appendix K for more info)	Juvenile Intake Cases	New Probation Cases ¹	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	2.6%	7.5%	11.6%	47.4%
- Weapons/Narcotics	0.4%	1.2%	1.2%	0.0%
- Other	11.0%	21.3%	13.9%	31.6%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	3.1%	17.4%	7.8%	0.0%
- Other	17.9%	21.3%	16.5%	21.1%
Prob./Parole Violation	15.4%	0.0%	28.9%	0.0%
Court Order Violation	9.7%	0.0%	14.5%	0.0%
Status Offense	9.5%	29.2%	3.8%	0.0%
Other	30.3%	2.0%	2.0%	0.0%
Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Cases/ Placements/Commitments	1,613	253	346	19
% of Statewide	2.96%	4.45%	4.40%	2.87%

^{*} A single intake, probation, placement, or commitment may involve multiple offenses.

AVERAGE LOS, FY 2010 RELEASES



^{*} Post-dispositional detention with programs only (under Va. Code §16.1 - 284.1)



^{*} Selected intervals are consistent with applicable citations in the Code of Virginia.

⁺ Appealed cases are included

 $^{^{1}}$ Data is not comparable to $\it Data$ $\it Resource$ $\it Guides$ prior to FY 2008 due to methodological changes.



District 17F

City of Falls Church

Region II -- Director: Earl J. Conklin Locally Operated 401 Great Falls Street Falls Church, Virginia 22046 703-248-5430

INTAKE COMPLAINTS, FY 2008-2010

Domestic Relations	2008	2009	2010
Dom. Rel./Child Welfare	23	15	21
Juvenile Complaints			
Felony	9	3	14
Class 1 Misdemeanor	25	86	66
Class 2-4 Misdemeanor	12	10	17
CHINS/CHINSup (Status)	4	11	10
Other			
Technical Violations	20	25	28
Traffic	6	1	3
Other	3	0	0
Total Juvenile Complaints	79	136	138
Total Complaints	102	151	159

INTAKE DISPOSITION OF JUVENILE COMPLAINTS, FY 2010¹

Intake Disposition	2010
Petitions	
Petition Filed	67.4%
Unsuccessful Diversion	0.0%
Detention Order with Petition	9.4%
Detention Order Only	0.7%
Resolved/Diverted	9.4%
Other	13.0%
Total Juvenile Complaints	138

¹ Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008 included only successful diversions. Since then, data includes all diversions.

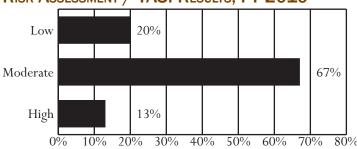
JUVENILE INTAKE CASES, FY 2008-2010*

soremer innance sacro, i	. = 000		
Demographics	2008	2009	2010
Race			
Black	15.9%	5.1%	6.8%
White	69.8%	78.2%	70.5%
Other	14.3%	16.7%	22.7%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	11.1%	24.4%	6.8%
Sex			
Male	68.3%	65.4%	71.6%
Female	31.7%	34.6%	28.4%
Age			
8-12	3.2%	1.3%	1.1%
13	6.3%	2.6%	2.3%
14	6.3%	9.0%	6.8%
15	6.3%	14.1%	10.2%
16	28.6%	24.4%	25.0%
17	39.7%	43.6%	48.9%
18-20	9.5%	3.8%	5.7%
Error/Missing	0.0%	1.3%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Cases	63	78	88

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

- U.S. Census Data:
 - Between calendar years 1990 and 2000, the juvenile population (ages 10-17) increased 48% (from 800 to 1,186). The juvenile population on July 1st, 2009 was 1,197.
- Intakes (FY 2010):
 - 88 juvenile intakes and 138 juvenile complaints (average of 1.6 complaints per intake)
- Intake Trends (FY 2008-2010):
 - Domestic relations complaints decreased 9%.
 - Juvenile complaints increased 75%.
 - Juvenile felony complaints increased 56%.
 - CHINS/CHINSup complaints increased 150%.
- Intake Disposition (FY 2010):
 - A petition was filed in response to 77% of juvenile complaints. 9% of juvenile complaints were resolved or diverted.
- Time Frames (FY 2010):
 - The average time from intake to adjudication was 43 days.
 - There were no commitments for this district in FY 2010.
- Risk Assessment / YASI (FY 2010):
 - 15 assessments completed; 67% had a moderate score, versus 47% statewide
- Most Common Juvenile Offense Category (FY 2010):
 - Intake Vandalism
 - Probation Vandalism
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention Probation Violation
 - There were no commitments to the state in FY 2010.
- Average Length of Stay (FY 2010):
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention 8 days, versus 22 statewide
 - There were no releases from state commitments in FY 2010.
- Detention-Eligible Intake Cases (FY 2010):
 - District 17F had 65 detention-eligible intake cases and 25 predispositional detention placements, for a rate of 2.6 eligible intakes per detention placement.

RISK ASSESSMENT / YASI RESULTS, FY 2010*



^{*} Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because some CSUs began using the YASI during that fiscal year. Data presented combines the Risk Assessment Instrument and the YASI when applicable and includes YASI results of "no risk" in the "low risk" category.



Offense Category (See Appendix I for the full list of Miscellaneous/Other Offenses)	Intake Complaints	New Probation Cases*	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Domestic Relat	ions/Chil	d Welfare	Offenses	
Custody	52.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	9.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Protective Orders	33.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other DR/CW	4.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total DR/CW Offenses	21	0	0	0
Ju	venile Of	fenses		
Abusive Language	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol	7.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Assault	3.6%	25.0%	17.4%	0.0%
Burglary	2.2%	12.5%	13.0%	0.0%
Contempt of Court	2.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	2.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Escapes	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Extortion	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Gangs	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Larceny	9.4%	18.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Miscellaneous/Other	1.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics	5.1%	6.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Obscenity	1.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	1.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Parole Violation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Probation Violation	18.1%	0.0%	52.2%	0.0%
Robbery	0.7%	6.3%	4.3%	0.0%
Sex Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Status Offense	7.2%	0.0%	4.3%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic	8.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Trespass	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Vandalism	29.0%	31.3%	8.7%	0.0%
Weapons	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Offenses	138	16	23	0

^{*} Offense data for new probation cases is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. As of FY 2008, multiple offenses per probation case are recorded.

CSU Workload Information, FY 2010

Completed Reports		Activity	ADP
Pre-Dispositional Reports	2	Probation*	14
Post-Dispositional Reports	0	Parole	0
Transfer Reports	0	Intensive Prob.	0
Custody Investigations	0	Commitments	1

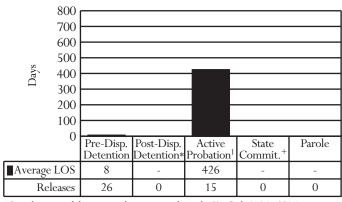
^{*} Data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because workload codes 20, 21, and 22 have been included since that fiscal year.

OFFENSE SEVERITY, FY 2010*

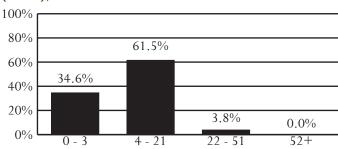
Offense Severity of the Most Serious Offense (See Appendix K for more info)	Juvenile Intake Cases	New Probation Cases ¹	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	3.4%	25.0%	8.0%	0.0%
- Weapons/Narcotics	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
- Other	9.1%	37.5%	12.0%	0.0%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	5.7%	25.0%	16.0%	0.0%
- Other	28.4%	12.5%	4.0%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation	26.1%	0.0%	48.0%	0.0%
Court Order Violation	3.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Status Offense	11.4%	0.0%	4.0%	0.0%
Other	12.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	8.0%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Cases/ Placements/Commitments	88	8	25	0
% of Statewide	0.16%	0.14%	0.32%	0.00%

^{*} A single intake, probation, placement, or commitment may involve multiple offenses.

AVERAGE LOS, FY 2010 RELEASES



^{*} Post-dispositional detention with programs only (under Va. Code §16.1 - 284.1)



st Selected intervals are consistent with applicable citations in the Code of Virginia.

⁺ Appealed cases are included

 $^{^{1}}$ Data is not comparable to $\it Data$ $\it Resource$ $\it Guides$ prior to FY 2008 due to methodological changes.



District 18 City of Alexandria

Region II -- Director: Lillian B. Brooks

520 King Street Alexandria, Virginia 22314 703-746-4144

Intake Complaints. FY 2008-2010

D 4: D 1 4:	2000	2000	2010
Domestic Relations	2008	2009	2010
Dom. Rel./Child Welfare	1,350	1,262	1,233
Juvenile Complaints			
Felony	212	190	177
Class 1 Misdemeanor	389	458	420
Class 2-4 Misdemeanor	76	99	98
CHINS/CHINSup (Status)	262	297	296
Other			
Technical Violations	83	126	144
Traffic	103	87	63
Other	43	41	42
Total Juvenile Complaints	1,168	1,298	1,240
Total Complaints	2,518	2,560	2,473

INTAKE DISPOSITION OF JUVENILE COMPLAINTS, FY 2010¹

Intake Disposition	2010
Petitions	
Petition Filed	59.4%
Unsuccessful Diversion	0.4%
Detention Order with Petition	5.6%
Detention Order Only	0.0%
Resolved/Diverted	22.5%
Other	12.1%
Total Juvenile Complaints	1,240

 $^{^{\}rm I}$ Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008 included only successful diversions. Since then, data includes all diversions.

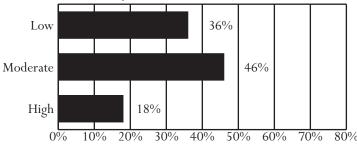
JUVENILE INTAKE CASES, FY 2008-2010*

JOYLINEE INVIANCE GAGLO,			
Demographics	2008	2009	2010
Race			
Black	58.9%	49.9%	49.8%
White	28.9%	36.5%	35.8%
Other	12.1%	13.6%	14.4%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	15.5%	29.0%	30.3%
Sex			
Male	66.9%	64.2%	64.4%
Female	33.1%	35.8%	35.6%
Age			
8-12	10.2%	4.7%	5.3%
13	8.0%	6.3%	5.9%
14	12.6%	11.8%	11.9%
15	13.3%	21.6%	19.6%
16	22.9%	22.9%	23.5%
17	26.0%	28.4%	26.7%
18-20	2.4%	2.0%	3.2%
Error/Missing	4.7%	2.3%	3.9%
Total Juvenile Cases	940	1,059	1,010

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

- U.S. Census Data:
 - Between calendar years 1990 and 2000, the juvenile population (ages 10-17) increased 20% (from 6,347 to 7,622). The juvenile population on July 1st, 2009 was 7,021.
- Intakes (FY 2010):
 - 1,010 juvenile intakes and 1,240 juvenile complaints (average of 1.2 complaints per intake)
- Intake Trends (FY 2008-2010):
 - Domestic relations complaints decreased 9%.
 - Juvenile complaints increased 6%.
 - Juvenile felony complaints decreased 17%.
 - CHINS/CHINSup complaints increased 13%.
- Intake Disposition (FY 2010):
 - A petition was filed in response to 65% of juvenile complaints. 23% of juvenile complaints were resolved or diverted.
- Time Frames (FY 2010):
 - The average time from intake to adjudication was 59 days.
 - The average time from RDC's reception of commitment papers to RDC admission was 6 days (excludes subsequent commitments).
- Risk Assessment / YASI (FY 2010):
 - 94 assessments completed; 36% had a low score, versus 33% statewide
- Most Common Juvenile Offense Category (FY 2010):
 - Intake Status Offense
 - Probation Status Offense, Assault, or Larceny
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention Larceny or Probation Violation
 - Commitment Assault, Larceny, or Robbery
- Average Length of Stay (FY 2010):
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention 19 days, versus 22 statewide
 - Commitment to the State 20.8 months, versus 14.0 statewide
- Detention-Eligible Intake Cases (FY 2010):
 - The 18th District had 577 detention-eligible intake cases and 150 pre-dispositional detention placements, for a rate of 3.8 eligible intakes per detention placement.

RISK ASSESSMENT / YASI RESULTS, FY 2010*



^{*} Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because some CSUs began using the YASI during that fiscal year. Data presented combines the Risk Assessment Instrument and the YASI when applicable and includes YASI results of "no risk" in the "low risk" category.



OFFENSE CATEGORY, I	1 201	.0		
Offense Category (See Appendix I for the full list of Miscellaneous/Other Offenses)	Intake Complaints	New Probation Cases*	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Domestic Relat	ions/Chil	d Welfare	Offenses	
Custody	73.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	3.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Protective Orders	17.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other DR/CW	5.8%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total DR/CW Offenses	1,233	1	0	0
Ju	venile Of	fenses		
Abusive Language	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol	5.9%	2.5%	1.3%	0.0%
Arson	0.1%	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Assault	9.3%	18.5%	18.9%	27.3%
Burglary	1.8%	1.7%	1.9%	0.0%
Contempt of Court	1.0%	0.4%	0.6%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	1.2%	2.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Escapes	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Extortion	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	2.3%	1.7%	2.5%	0.0%
Gangs	0.4%	0.8%	0.6%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.1%	0.0%	0.6%	0.0%
Larceny	14.7%	17.6%	22.6%	27.3%
Miscellaneous/Other	4.3%	3.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics	5.6%	11.8%	10.7%	0.0%
Obscenity	0.6%	0.0%	0.6%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Parole Violation	0.6%	0.0%	1.3%	0.0%
Probation Violation	9.9%	2.5%	20.8%	18.2%
Robbery	1.4%	1.7%	5.7%	27.3%
Sex Offense	0.9%	1.3%	0.6%	0.0%
Status Offense	23.9%	19.3%	2.5%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic	9.4%	1.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Trespass	1.9%	4.2%	1.3%	0.0%
Vandalism	2.4%	5.0%	4.4%	0.0%
Weapons	1.5%	2.1%	3.1%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Offenses	1,240	238	159	11

^{*} Offense data for new probation cases is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. As of FY 2008, multiple offenses per probation case are recorded.

CSU Workload Information, FY 2010

Completed Reports		ADP	
Pre-Dispositional Reports	106	Probation*	219
Post-Dispositional Reports	10	Parole	7
Transfer Reports	1	Intensive Prob.	0
Custody Investigations	9	Commitments	15

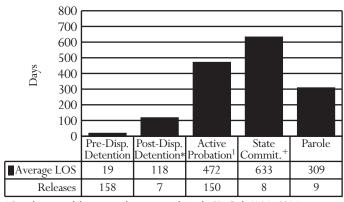
^{*} Data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because workload codes 20, 21, and 22 have been included since that fiscal year.

OFFENSE SEVERITY, FY 2010*

Offense Severity of the Most Serious Offense (See Appendix K for more info)	Juvenile Intake Cases	New Probation Cases ¹	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	4.1%	6.4%	14.0%	100.0%
- Weapons/Narcotics	0.7%	2.1%	3.3%	0.0%
- Other	6.7%	20.0%	16.7%	0.0%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	7.9%	15.0%	15.3%	0.0%
- Other	23.9%	23.6%	20.0%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation	12.6%	0.0%	23.3%	0.0%
Court Order Violation	1.3%	0.7%	0.7%	0.0%
Status Offense	27.2%	20.7%	2.7%	0.0%
Other	15.6%	11.4%	2.7%	0.0%
Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	1.3%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Cases/ Placements/Commitments	1,010	140	150	4
% of Statewide	1.85%	2.46%	1.91%	0.60%

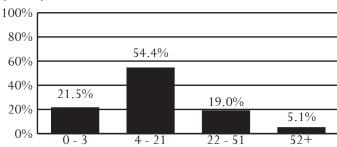
 $[\]hbox{*A single intake, probation, placement, or commitment may involve multiple offenses.}$

AVERAGE LOS, FY 2010 RELEASES



^{*} Post-dispositional detention with programs only (under Va. Code §16.1 - 284.1)

Pre-Dispositional Detention LOS Distribution (Days), FY 2010 Releases*



^{*} Selected intervals are consistent with applicable citations in the Code of Virginia.

All data were downloaded on 11/10/2010. Any changes after that date are not reflected in this book. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding.

⁺ Appealed cases are included

 $^{^{1}}$ Data is not comparable to $\it Data$ $\it Resource$ $\it Guides$ prior to FY 2008 due to methodological changes.



City of Fairfax County of Fairfax Region II -- Director: Robert Bermingham Locally Operated 4000 Chain Bridge Road, Suite 209 Fairfax, Virginia 22030 703-246-3343

Intake Complaints, FY 2008-2010

Domestic Relations	2008	2009	2010
Dom. Rel./Child Welfare	8,798	9,378	9,444
Juvenile Complaints			
Felony	1,442	1,268	1,028
Class 1 Misdemeanor	2,459	2,597	2,313
Class 2-4 Misdemeanor	548	601	547
CHINS/CHINSup (Status)	756	657	573
Other			
Technical Violations	1,079	1,216	808
Traffic	79	94	74
Other	440	474	428
Total Juvenile Complaints	6,803	6,907	5,771
Total Complaints	15,601	16,285	15,215

INTAKE DISPOSITION OF JUVENILE COMPLAINTS, FY 2010¹

112020	
Intake Disposition	2010
Petitions	
Petition Filed	49.4%
Unsuccessful Diversion	3.0%
Detention Order with Petition	18.5%
Detention Order Only	0.0%
Resolved/Diverted	23.1%
Other	6.0%
Total Juvenile Complaints	5,771

¹ Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008 included only successful diversions. Since then, data includes all diversions.

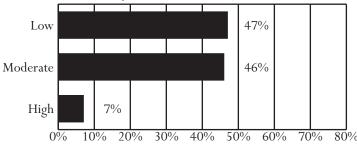
JUVENILE INTAKE CASES, FY 2008-2010*

SOTEMEE INTIMICE SACES			
Demographics	2008	2009	2010
Race			
Black	27.4%	26.6%	26.7%
White	48.0%	51.3%	51.0%
Other	24.6%	22.1%	22.3%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	23.1%	24.5%	24.4%
Sex			
Male	72.5%	70.8%	68.9%
Female	27.5%	29.2%	31.1%
Age			
8-12	2.7%	2.7%	2.3%
13	5.3%	4.8%	5.9%
14	11.4%	10.6%	10.1%
15	17.5%	16.9%	17.4%
16	26.6%	24.5%	24.8%
17	29.9%	31.7%	31.2%
18-20	6.3%	8.1%	7.2%
Error/Missing	0.2%	0.6%	1.0%
Total Juvenile Cases	5,422	5,458	4,499

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

- U.S. Census Data:
 - Between calendar years 1990 and 2000, the juvenile population (ages 10-17) increased 25% (from 88,062 to 110,320). The juvenile population on July 1st, 2009 was 110,701.
- Intakes (FY 2010):
 - 4,499 juvenile intakes and 5,771 juvenile complaints (average of 1.3 complaints per intake)
- Intake Trends (FY 2008-2010):
 - Domestic relations complaints increased 7%.
 - Juvenile complaints decreased 15%.
 - Juvenile felony complaints decreased 29%.
 - CHINS/CHINSup complaints decreased 24%.
- Intake Disposition (FY 2010):
 - A petition was filed in response to 71% of juvenile complaints. 23% of juvenile complaints were resolved or diverted.
- Time Frames (FY 2010):
 - The average time from intake to adjudication was 60 days.
 - The average time from RDC's reception of commitment papers to RDC admission was 5 days (excludes subsequent commitments).
- Risk Assessment / YASI (FY 2010):
 - 777 assessments completed; 47% had a low score, versus 33% statewide
- Most Common Juvenile Offense Category (FY 2010):
 - Intake Larceny
 - Probation Larceny or Assault
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention Assault
 - Commitment Assault
- Average Length of Stay (FY 2010):
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention 25 days, versus 22 statewide
 - Commitment to the State 13.0 months, versus 14.0 statewide
- Detention-Eligible Intake Cases (FY 2010):
 - The 19th District had 3,012 detention-eligible intake cases and 509 pre-dispositional detention placements, for a rate of 5.9 eligible intakes per detention placement.

RISK ASSESSMENT / YASI RESULTS, FY 2010*



^{*} Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because some CSUs began using the YASI during that fiscal year. Data presented combines the Risk Assessment Instrument and the YASI when applicable and includes YASI results of "no risk" in the "low risk" category.



Offense Category, FY 2010

Offense Category (See Appendix I for the full list of Miscellaneous/Other Offenses)	Intake Complaints	New Probation Cases*	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Domestic Relat	ions/Chil	d Welfare	Offenses	
Custody	63.2%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	25.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Protective Orders	9.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other DR/CW	2.7%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Total DR/CW Offenses	9,444	1	1	0
Ju	venile Of	fenses		
Abusive Language	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol	4.2%	3.0%	1.5%	0.0%
Arson	0.7%	1.9%	0.6%	0.0%
Assault	10.3%	17.7%	19.7%	21.1%
Burglary	1.4%	2.2%	5.7%	2.6%
Contempt of Court	5.4%	0.8%	4.6%	2.6%
Disorderly Conduct	1.9%	3.0%	0.6%	0.0%
Escapes	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Extortion	0.2%	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	0.2%	0.0%	0.6%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	2.0%	1.3%	2.0%	0.0%
Gangs	1.0%	1.3%	4.5%	14.5%
Kidnapping	0.3%	0.0%	1.3%	3.9%
Larceny	16.8%	18.7%	12.6%	9.2%
Miscellaneous/Other	8.5%	2.4%	3.1%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.4%	0.0%
Narcotics	8.7%	11.6%	3.9%	1.3%
Obscenity	0.7%	0.6%	0.4%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	1.1%	0.7%	1.5%	2.6%
Parole Violation	0.2%	0.0%	0.4%	0.0%
Probation Violation	8.0%	2.4%	17.0%	15.8%
Robbery	0.9%	2.3%	4.6%	9.2%
Sex Offense	1.1%	4.4%	2.5%	6.6%
Status Offense	9.9%	12.0%	0.7%	1.3%
Telephone Law	0.2%	0.0%	0.2%	0.0%
Traffic	4.7%	3.3%	1.3%	0.0%
Trespass	3.0%	1.5%	1.4%	1.3%
Vandalism	7.2%	6.7%	6.9%	7.9%
Weapons	1.2%	1.7%	1.8%	0.0%
* Offense data for new probation of	5,771	908	841	76

^{*} Offense data for new probation cases is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. As of FY 2008, multiple offenses per probation case are recorded.

CSU Workload Information, FY 2010

Completed Reports		ADP	
Pre-Dispositional Reports	117	Probation*	649
Post-Dispositional Reports	442	Parole	25
Transfer Reports	0	Intensive Prob.	0
Custody Investigations	12	Commitments	38

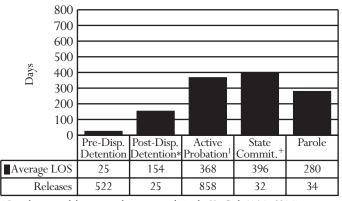
^{*} Data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because workload codes 20, 21, and 22 have been included since that fiscal year.

OFFENSE SEVERITY, FY 2010*

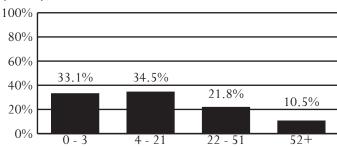
Offense Severity of the Most Serious Offense (See Appendix K for more info)	Juvenile Intake Cases	New Probation Cases ¹	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	4.4%	12.8%	23.8%	67.7%
- Weapons/Narcotics	1.0%	4.8%	2.8%	3.2%
- Other	9.2%	20.4%	13.0%	22.6%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	10.0%	17.4%	10.4%	0.0%
- Other	27.4%	22.3%	9.2%	3.2%
Prob./Parole Violation	10.3%	0.9%	28.7%	0.0%
Court Order Violation	6.4%	0.3%	7.9%	0.0%
Status Offense	12.0%	12.4%	0.2%	0.0%
Other	19.3%	8.7%	3.7%	0.0%
Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.4%	3.2%
Total Juvenile Cases/ Placements/Commitments	4,499	587	509	31
% of Statewide	8.26%	10.31%	6.48%	4.68%

 $[\]boldsymbol{\ast}$ A single intake, probation, placement, or commitment may involve multiple offenses.

AVERAGE LOS, FY 2010 RELEASES



^{*} Post-dispositional detention with programs only (under Va. Code §16.1 - 284.1)



^{*} Selected intervals are consistent with applicable citations in the Code of Virginia.

⁺ Appealed cases are included.

¹Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 due to methodological changes.



District 20L County of Loudoun

Region II -- Director: Mark V. Crowley

18 E. Market Street Leesburg, Virginia 20178 703-777-0303

Intake Complaints, FY 2008-2010

Domestic Relations	2008	2009	2010
Dom. Rel./Child Welfare	2,070	2,408	2,574
Juvenile Complaints			
Felony	387	449	371
Class 1 Misdemeanor	834	1,263	824
Class 2-4 Misdemeanor	183	187	184
CHINS/CHINSup (Status)	208	191	172
Other			
Technical Violations	238	314	324
Traffic	9	6	4
Other	11	9	13
Total Juvenile Complaints	1,870	2,419	1,892
Total Complaints	3,940	4,827	4,466

INTAKE DISPOSITION OF JUVENILE COMPLAINTS, FY 2010¹

Intake Disposition	2010
Petitions	
Petition Filed	47.6%
Unsuccessful Diversion	0.8%
Detention Order with Petition	21.7%
Detention Order Only	0.1%
Resolved/Diverted	27.5%
Other	2.3%
Total Juvenile Complaints	1,892

¹ Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008 included only successful diversions. Since then, data includes all diversions.

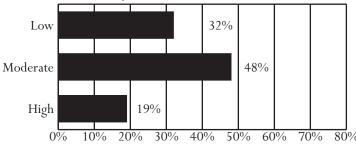
JUVENILE INTAKE CASES, FY 2008-2010*

SOTEMEE INTIANCE GAGEO,	. = 000		
Demographics	2008	2009	2010
Race			
Black	16.7%	18.6%	18.6%
White	66.8%	68.9%	69.3%
Other	16.5%	12.5%	12.2%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	21.5%	20.1%	21.3%
Sex			
Male	72.5%	69.6%	68.8%
Female	27.5%	30.4%	31.2%
Age			
8-12	3.5%	2.7%	5.2%
13	4.5%	3.8%	5.7%
14	11.5%	8.4%	11.2%
15	19.2%	21.8%	18.7%
16	28.4%	26.8%	27.2%
17	28.9%	30.2%	27.9%
18-20	3.5%	5.6%	3.3%
Error/Missing	0.5%	0.6%	0.8%
Total Juvenile Cases	1,273	1,315	1,184

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

- U.S. Census Data:
 - Between calendar years 1990 and 2000, the juvenile population (ages 10-17) increased 108% (from 9,045 to 18,825). The juvenile population on July 1st, 2009 was 35,273.
- Intakes (FY 2010):
 - 1,184 juvenile intakes and 1,892 juvenile complaints (average of 1.6 complaints per intake)
- Intake Trends (FY 2008-2010):
 - Domestic relations complaints increased 24%.
 - Juvenile complaints increased 1%.
 - Juvenile felony complaints decreased 4%.
 - CHINS/CHINSup complaints decreased 17%.
- Intake Disposition (FY 2010):
 - A petition was filed in response to 70% of juvenile complaints. 27% of juvenile complaints were resolved or diverted.
- Time Frames (FY 2010):
 - The average time from intake to adjudication was 64 days.
 - The average time from RDC's reception of commitment papers to RDC admission was 5 days (excludes subsequent commitments).
- Risk Assessment / YASI (FY 2010):
 - 130 assessments completed; 48% had a moderate score, versus 47% statewide
- Most Common Juvenile Offense Category (FY 2010):
 - Intake Larceny
 - Probation Larceny
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention Probation Violation
 - Commitment Burglary, Contempt of Court, or Larceny
- Average Length of Stay (FY 2010):
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention 12 days, versus 22 statewide
 - Commitment to the State 10.0 months, versus 14.0 statewide
- Detention-Eligible Intake Cases (FY 2010):
 - District 20L had 974 detention-eligible intake cases and 195 predispositional detention placements, for a rate of 5.0 eligible intakes per detention placement.

RISK ASSESSMENT / YASI RESULTS, FY 2010*



^{*} Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because some CSUs began using the YASI during that fiscal year. Data presented combines the Risk Assessment Instrument and the YASI when applicable and includes YASI results of "no risk" in the "low risk" category.



Offense Category, FY 2010

Offense Category (See Appendix I for the full list of Miscellaneous/Other Offenses)	Intake Complaints	New Probation Cases*	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Domestic Relat				
Custody	61.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	22.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Protective Orders	14.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other DR/CW	1.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total DR/CW Offenses	2,574	0	0	0
Ju	venile Of	fenses		
Abusive Language	1.0%	0.0%	0.3%	0.0%
Alcohol	9.4%	7.0%	1.1%	0.0%
Arson	0.7%	1.4%	1.1%	0.0%
Assault	10.6%	15.4%	14.1%	0.0%
Burglary	2.7%	2.0%	3.2%	25.0%
Contempt of Court	4.1%	3.6%	12.2%	25.0%
Disorderly Conduct	0.9%	2.0%	1.6%	0.0%
Escapes	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Extortion	0.3%	0.8%	0.5%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	0.1%	0.0%	0.3%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	1.7%	0.6%	2.4%	0.0%
Gangs	1.2%	0.8%	1.9%	12.5%
Kidnapping	0.3%	0.0%	1.1%	0.0%
Larceny	17.1%	19.6%	9.5%	25.0%
Miscellaneous/Other	3.5%	1.7%	2.1%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics	8.7%	8.7%	1.1%	0.0%
Obscenity	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	2.1%	2.0%	2.7%	0.0%
Parole Violation	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Probation Violation	12.9%	6.1%	30.5%	12.5%
Robbery	0.3%	0.8%	0.8%	0.0%
Sex Offense	1.1%	4.5%	4.0%	0.0%
Status Offense	7.8%	9.8%	0.3%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic	1.8%	1.7%	2.9%	0.0%
Trespass	3.9%	2.8%	1.9%	0.0%
Vandalism	5.8%	7.5%	4.5%	0.0%
Weapons	1.0%	1.4%	0.3%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Offenses	1,892	358	377	8

^{*} Offense data for new probation cases is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. As of FY 2008, multiple offenses per probation case are recorded.

CSU Workload Information, FY 2010

Completed Reports		ADP	
Pre-Dispositional Reports	6	Probation*	158
Post-Dispositional Reports	107	Parole	8
Transfer Reports	0	Intensive Prob.	1
Custody Investigations	0	Commitments	9

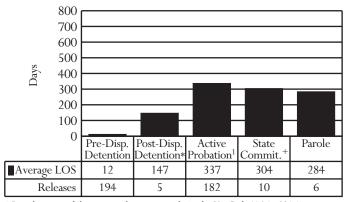
^{*} Data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because workload codes 20, 21, and 22 have been included since that fiscal year.

OFFENSE SEVERITY, FY 2010*

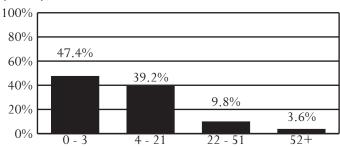
Offense Severity of the Most Serious Offense (See Appendix K for more info)	Juvenile Intake Cases	New Probation Cases ¹	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	5.4%	12.7%	14.4%	0.0%
- Weapons/Narcotics	1.3%	4.0%	1.5%	0.0%
- Other	14.7%	22.0%	18.5%	100.0%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	12.2%	20.8%	13.3%	0.0%
- Other	33.1%	23.7%	5.6%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation	11.7%	1.7%	31.3%	0.0%
Court Order Violation	3.9%	1.2%	14.9%	0.0%
Status Offense	9.7%	9.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Other	8.0%	4.0%	0.5%	0.0%
Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Cases/ Placements/Commitments	1,184	173	195	4
% of Statewide	2.17%	3.04%	2.48%	0.60%

^{*} A single intake, probation, placement, or commitment may involve multiple offenses.

AVERAGE LOS, FY 2010 RELEASES



^{*} Post-dispositional detention with programs only (under Va. Code §16.1 - 284.1)



st Selected intervals are consistent with applicable citations in the Code of Virginia.

⁺ Appealed cases are included

¹Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 due to methodological changes.



District 20W

Counties of Fauquier and Rappahannock

Region II -- Director: Kenneth E. Smith

9 Court Street Warrenton, Virginia 20186 540-422-8050

Intake Complaints, FY 2008-2010

Domestic Relations	2008	2009	2010
Dom. Rel./Child Welfare	967	891	839
Juvenile Complaints			
Felony	52	86	70
Class 1 Misdemeanor	164	145	139
Class 2-4 Misdemeanor	44	59	40
CHINS/CHINSup (Status)	46	20	29
Other			
Technical Violations	60	79	83
Traffic	7	3	2
Other	5	0	2
Total Juvenile Complaints	378	392	365
Total Complaints	1,345	1,283	1,204

INTAKE DISPOSITION OF JUVENILE COMPLAINTS, FY 2010¹

Intake Disposition	2010
Petitions	
Petition Filed	77.5%
Unsuccessful Diversion	0.5%
Detention Order with Petition	16.2%
Detention Order Only	0.3%
Resolved/Diverted	1.4%
Other	4.1%
Total Juvenile Complaints	365

¹ Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008 included only successful diversions. Since then, data includes all diversions.

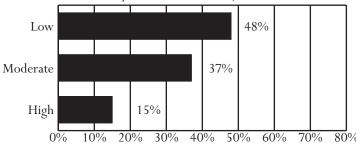
JUVENILE INTAKE CASES, FY 2008-2010*

JOVERNILL INTAKE CASES,	2000	1 2000 2010			
Demographics	2008	2009	2010		
Race					
Black	16.1%	22.6%	20.7%		
White	79.9%	73.9%	74.6%		
Other	4.0%	3.5%	4.7%		
Ethnicity - Hispanic	3.0%	2.8%	5.1%		
Sex					
Male	70.9%	74.6%	76.9%		
Female	29.1%	25.4%	23.1%		
Age					
8-12	4.0%	2.5%	3.1%		
13	5.4%	5.3%	3.7%		
14	11.7%	8.8%	10.8%		
15	12.7%	15.2%	13.9%		
16	34.8%	26.5%	26.8%		
17	26.4%	36.4%	34.9%		
18-20	4.0%	5.3%	5.4%		
Error/Missing	1.0%	0.0%	1.4%		
Total Juvenile Cases	299	283	295		

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

- U.S. Census Data:
 - Between calendar years 1990 and 2000, the juvenile population (ages 10-17) increased 31% (from 6,030 to 7,891). The juvenile population on July 1st, 2009 was 8,734.
- Intakes (FY 2010):
 - 295 juvenile intakes and 365 juvenile complaints (average of 1.2 complaints per intake)
- Intake Trends (FY 2008-2010):
 - Domestic relations complaints decreased 13%.
 - Juvenile complaints decreased 3%.
 - Juvenile felony complaints increased 35%.
 - CHINS/CHINSup complaints decreased 37%.
- Intake Disposition (FY 2010):
 - A petition was filed in response to 94% of juvenile complaints. 1% of juvenile complaints were resolved or diverted.
- Time Frames (FY 2010):
 - The average time from intake to adjudication was 37 days.
 - The average time from RDC's reception of commitment papers to RDC admission was 5 days (excludes subsequent commitments).
- Risk Assessment / YASI (FY 2010):
 - 102 assessments completed; 48% had a low score, versus 33% statewide
- Most Common Juvenile Offense Category (FY 2010):
 - Intake Probation Violation
 - Probation Narcotics
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention Assault
 - Commitment Burglary, Larceny, Murder, Narcotics, Parole Violation, or Robbery
- Average Length of Stay (FY 2010):
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention 27 days, versus 22 statewide
 - Commitment to the State 21.2 months, versus 14.0 statewide
- Detention-Eligible Intake Cases (FY 2010):
 - District 20W had 228 detention-eligible intake cases and 43 predispositional detention placements, for a rate of 5.3 eligible intakes per detention placement.

RISK ASSESSMENT / YASI RESULTS, FY 2010*



^{*} Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because some CSUs began using the YASI during that fiscal year. Data presented combines the Risk Assessment Instrument and the YASI when applicable and includes YASI results of "no risk" in the "low risk" category.



OFFENSE CATEGORY, I	1 201	.0		
Offense Category (See Appendix I for the full list of Miscellaneous/Other Offenses)	Intake Complaints	New Probation Cases*	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Domestic Relat	ions/Chil		Offenses	
Custody	64.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	15.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Protective Orders	15.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other DR/CW	5.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total DR/CW Offenses	839	0	0	0
	venile Of	fenses		
Abusive Language	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol	5.8%	8.0%	6.8%	0.0%
Arson	1.6%	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Assault	10.4%	12.3%	35.6%	0.0%
Burglary	3.6%	2.2%	0.0%	16.7%
Contempt of Court	4.7%	0.7%	5.1%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	1.9%	2.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Escapes	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Extortion	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.8%	2.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Gangs	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Larceny	11.8%	12.3%	15.3%	16.7%
Miscellaneous/Other	0.5%	1.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	16.7%
Narcotics	11.0%	24.6%	5.1%	16.7%
Obscenity	1.4%	1.4%	1.7%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	1.1%	2.2%	1.7%	0.0%
Parole Violation	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%	16.7%
Probation Violation	17.8%	0.0%	11.9%	0.0%
Robbery	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	16.7%
Sex Offense	1.6%	2.2%	3.4%	0.0%
Status Offense	7.9%	2.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.3%	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic	7.1%	15.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Trespass	1.4%	2.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Vandalism	7.9%	3.6%	11.9%	0.0%
Weapons	1.1%	1.4%	1.7%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Offenses	365	138	59	6
# O.C. 1 . C 1		11 6		

^{*} Offense data for new probation cases is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. As of FY 2008, multiple offenses per probation case are recorded.

CSU Workload Information, FY 2010

Completed Reports		ADP	
Pre-Dispositional Reports	13	Probation*	87
Post-Dispositional Reports	34	Parole	1
Transfer Reports	1	Intensive Prob.	0
Custody Investigations	0	Commitments	6

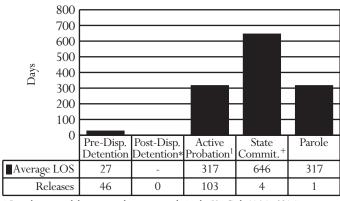
^{*} Data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because workload codes 20, 21, and 22 have been included since that fiscal year.

OFFENSE SEVERITY, FY 2010*

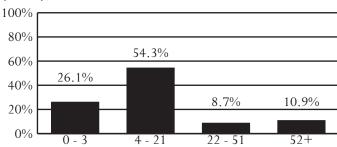
Offense Severity of the Most Serious Offense (See Appendix K for more info)	Juvenile Intake Cases	New Probation Cases ¹	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	3.1%	2.8%	14.0%	25.0%
- Weapons/Narcotics	1.7%	2.8%	4.7%	25.0%
- Other	12.5%	9.4%	23.3%	25.0%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	10.5%	15.1%	30.2%	0.0%
- Other	25.8%	42.5%	4.7%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation	22.0%	0.0%	16.3%	25.0%
Court Order Violation	4.4%	0.0%	7.0%	0.0%
Status Offense	9.2%	2.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Other	10.8%	24.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Cases/ Placements/Commitments	295	106	43	4
% of Statewide	0.54%	1.86%	0.55%	0.60%

^{*} A single intake, probation, placement, or commitment may involve multiple offenses.

AVERAGE LOS, FY 2010 RELEASES



^{*} Post-dispositional detention with programs only (under Va. Code §16.1 - 284.1)



^{*} Selected intervals are consistent with applicable citations in the Code of Virginia.

⁺ Appealed cases are included

¹Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 due to methodological changes.



Region I -- Director: Robert W. Foster

3160 Kings Mountain Road, Suite E Martinsville, Virginia 24112 276-634-4865

City of Martinsville Counties of Henry and Patrick

Intake Complaints, FY 2008-2010

Domestic Relations	2008	2009	2010
Dom. Rel./Child Welfare	3,424	3,268	3,514
Juvenile Complaints			
Felony	175	195	102
Class 1 Misdemeanor	465	434	333
Class 2-4 Misdemeanor	71	82	82
CHINS/CHINSup (Status)	153	167	200
Other			
Technical Violations	84	62	61
Traffic	14	21	25
Other	1	3	0
Total Juvenile Complaints	963	964	803
Total Complaints	4,387	4,232	4,317

INTAKE DISPOSITION OF JUVENILE COMPLAINTS, FY 2010¹

Intake Disposition	2010
Petitions	
Petition Filed	34.9%
Unsuccessful Diversion	1.1%
Detention Order with Petition	14.4%
Detention Order Only	0.6%
Resolved/Diverted	30.8%
Other	18.2%
Total Juvenile Complaints	803

¹ Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008 included only successful diversions. Since then, data includes all diversions.

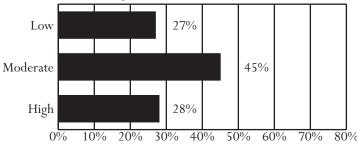
JUVENILE INTAKE CASES, FY 2008-2010*

JOVERNILE INTAKE CASES,	2000	1 2000 2010			
Demographics	2008	2009	2010		
Race					
Black	44.3%	46.2%	41.9%		
White	51.0%	49.9%	55.3%		
Other	4.7%	4.0%	2.9%		
Ethnicity - Hispanic	4.8%	4.8%	3.2%		
Sex					
Male	66.2%	67.6%	62.7%		
Female	33.8%	32.4%	37.3%		
Age					
8-12	7.2%	7.9%	7.3%		
13	8.4%	7.5%	6.8%		
14	12.2%	9.7%	12.7%		
15	18.9%	16.7%	14.1%		
16	22.4%	22.3%	24.7%		
17	28.8%	31.7%	27.6%		
18-20	1.7%	3.8%	4.6%		
Error/Missing	0.3%	0.4%	2.2%		
Total Juvenile Cases	704	682	590		

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

- U.S. Census Data:
 - Between calendar years 1990 and 2000, the juvenile population (ages 10-17) increased 2% (from 9,541 to 9,763). The juvenile population on July 1st, 2009 was 8,204.
- Intakes (FY 2010):
 - 590 juvenile intakes and 803 juvenile complaints (average of 1.4 complaints per intake)
- Intake Trends (FY 2008-2010):
 - Domestic relations complaints increased 3%.
 - Juvenile complaints decreased 17%.
 - Juvenile felony complaints decreased 42%.
 - CHINS/CHINSup complaints increased 31%.
- Intake Disposition (FY 2010):
 - A petition was filed in response to 50% of juvenile complaints. 31% of juvenile complaints were resolved or diverted.
- Time Frames (FY 2010):
 - The average time from intake to adjudication was 60 days.
 - The average time from RDC's reception of commitment papers to RDC admission was 8 days (excludes subsequent commitments).
- Risk Assessment / YASI (FY 2010):
 - 130 assessments completed; 28% had a high score, versus 20% statewide
- Most Common Juvenile Offense Category (FY 2010):
 - Intake Status Offense
 - Probation Status Offense
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention Fraud
 - Commitment Assault
- Average Length of Stay (FY 2010):
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention 19 days, versus 22 statewide
 - Commitment to the State 8.5 months, versus 14.0 statewide
- Detention-Eligible Intake Cases (FY 2010):
 - The 21st District had 363 detention-eligible intake cases and 38 pre-dispositional detention placements, for a rate of 9.6 eligible intakes per detention placement.

RISK ASSESSMENT / YASI RESULTS, FY 2010*



^{*} Data is not comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008 because some CSUs began using the YASI during that fiscal year. Data presented combines the Risk Assessment Instrument and the YASI when applicable and includes YASI results of "no risk" in the "low risk" category.



Offense Category (See Appendix I for the full list of Miscellaneous/Other Offenses)	Intake Complaints	New Probation Cases*	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Domestic Relat	ions/Chil	d Welfare	Offenses	
Custody	68.6%	66.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	17.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Protective Orders	11.5%	33.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Other DR/CW	2.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total DR/CW Offenses	3,514	3	0	0
Ju	venile Off	fenses		
Abusive Language	0.9%	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol	3.0%	4.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Arson	0.2%	0.3%	1.2%	0.0%
Assault	11.8%	13.3%	15.7%	20.8%
Burglary	0.2%	3.1%	2.4%	4.2%
Contempt of Court	1.7%	0.9%	0.0%	4.2%
Disorderly Conduct	1.4%	1.5%	1.2%	0.0%
Escapes	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Extortion	0.4%	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	0.6%	0.6%	1.2%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	2.4%	1.5%	20.5%	4.2%
Gangs	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.1%	0.0%	1.2%	0.0%
Larceny	8.5%	13.0%	4.8%	12.5%
Miscellaneous/Other	3.0%	0.3%	1.2%	0.0%
Murder	0.4%	0.3%	2.4%	0.0%
Narcotics	5.9%	9.3%	3.6%	16.7%
Obscenity	1.4%	1.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	1.1%	1.5%	7.2%	8.3%
Parole Violation	0.1%	0.0%	1.2%	4.2%
Probation Violation	5.1%	3.1%	9.6%	12.5%
Robbery	0.9%	0.6%	7.2%	0.0%
Sex Offense	1.9%	2.5%	6.0%	0.0%
Status Offense	24.9%	22.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic	15.7%	5.6%	1.2%	0.0%
Trespass	1.0%	1.2%	3.6%	8.3%
Vandalism	4.0%	7.7%	6.0%	4.2%
Weapons	2.9%	3.4%	2.4%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Offenses	803	324	83	24

^{*} Offense data for new probation cases is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. As of FY 2008, multiple offenses per probation case are recorded.

CSU Workload Information, FY 2010

Completed Reports		ADP	
Pre-Dispositional Reports	88	Probation*	139
Post-Dispositional Reports	48	Parole	5
Transfer Reports	13	Intensive Prob.	0
Custody Investigations	0	Commitments	10

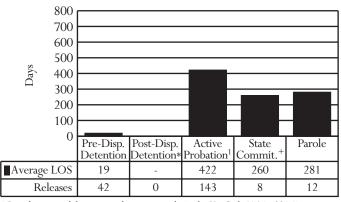
^{*} Data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because workload codes 20, 21, and 22 have been included since that fiscal year.

OFFENSE SEVERITY, FY 2010*

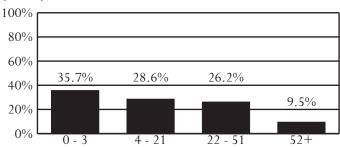
Offense Severity of the Most Serious Offense (See Appendix K for more info)	Juvenile Intake Cases	New Probation Cases ¹	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	4.6%	12.5%	47.4%	18.2%
- Weapons/Narcotics	1.4%	6.3%	0.0%	9.1%
- Other	3.9%	9.4%	10.5%	27.3%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	13.4%	14.8%	2.6%	27.3%
- Other	29.0%	17.2%	13.2%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation	6.9%	0.8%	23.7%	9.1%
Court Order Violation	2.4%	1.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Status Offense	31.5%	33.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Other	6.9%	3.9%	2.6%	9.1%
Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Cases/ Placements/Commitments	590	128	38	11
% of Statewide	1.08%	2.25%	0.48%	1.66%

^{*} A single intake, probation, placement, or commitment may involve multiple offenses.

AVERAGE LOS, FY 2010 RELEASES



^{*} Post-dispositional detention with programs only (under Va. Code §16.1 - 284.1)



^{*} Selected intervals are consistent with applicable citations in the Code of Virginia.

⁺ Appealed cases are included.

¹Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 due to methodological changes.



Region I -- Director: Mary C. Elgin

275 South Main Street, Suite 53 Rocky Mount, Virginia 24151 540-483-3050

City of Danville

Counties of Franklin and Pittsylvania

Intake Complaints, FY 2008-2010

Domestic Relations	2008	2009	2010
Dom. Rel./Child Welfare	3,491	3,958	3,620
Juvenile Complaints			
Felony	286	312	319
Class 1 Misdemeanor	893	734	652
Class 2-4 Misdemeanor	135	129	103
CHINS/CHINSup (Status)	345	350	234
Other			
Technical Violations	403	378	231
Traffic	133	109	117
Other	15	3	6
Total Juvenile Complaints	2,210	2,015	1,662
Total Complaints	5,701	5,973	5,282

INTAKE DISPOSITION OF JUVENILE COMPLAINTS, FY 2010¹

Intake Disposition	2010
Petitions	
Petition Filed	43.8%
Unsuccessful Diversion	0.6%
Detention Order with Petition	24.0%
Detention Order Only	0.1%
Resolved/Diverted	19.3%
Other	12.3%
Total Juvenile Complaints	1,662

¹ Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008 included only successful diversions. Since then, data includes all diversions.

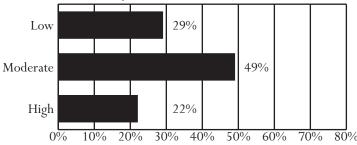
JUVENILE INTAKE CASES, FY 2008-2010*

SOTEMEE MINANE SAGES, I	. = 000		
Demographics	2008	2009	2010
Race			
Black	42.5%	47.5%	46.3%
White	54.4%	50.2%	52.0%
Other	3.1%	2.4%	1.8%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	2.7%	2.0%	1.1%
Sex			
Male	66.3%	71.6%	69.0%
Female	33.7%	28.4%	31.0%
Age			
8-12	5.9%	4.6%	6.0%
13	4.8%	6.4%	5.7%
14	12.3%	10.3%	12.5%
15	17.9%	18.6%	16.9%
16	22.5%	22.6%	20.8%
17	30.2%	30.9%	32.1%
18-20	5.6%	6.0%	4.9%
Error/Missing	0.7%	0.6%	1.0%
Total Juvenile Cases	1,631	1,559	1,253

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

- U.S. Census Data:
 - Between calendar years 1990 and 2000, the juvenile population (ages 10-17) increased 9% (from 15,641 to 17,118). The juvenile population on July 1st, 2009 was 14,877.
- Intakes (FY 2010):
 - 1,253 juvenile intakes and 1,662 juvenile complaints (average of 1.3 complaints per intake)
- Intake Trends (FY 2008-2010):
 - Domestic relations complaints increased 4%.
 - Juvenile complaints decreased 25%.
 - Juvenile felony complaints increased 12%.
 - CHINS/CHINSup complaints decreased 32%.
- Intake Disposition (FY 2010):
 - A petition was filed in response to 68% of juvenile complaints. 19% of juvenile complaints were resolved or diverted.
- Time Frames (FY 2010):
 - The average time from intake to adjudication was 67 days.
 - The average time from RDC's reception of commitment papers to RDC admission was 6 days (excludes subsequent commitments).
- Risk Assessment / YASI (FY 2010):
 - 422 assessments completed; 29% had a low score, versus 33% statewide
- Most Common Juvenile Offense Category (FY 2010):
 - Intake Assault
 - Probation Larceny or Narcotics
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention Assault
 - Commitment Larceny
- Average Length of Stay (FY 2010):
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention 22 days, same as statewide
 - Commitment to the State 12.6 months, versus 14.0 statewide
- Detention-Eligible Intake Cases (FY 2010):
 - The 22nd District had 805 detention-eligible intake cases and 159 pre-dispositional detention placements, for a rate of 5.1 eligible intakes per detention placement.

RISK ASSESSMENT / YASI RESULTS, FY 2010*



^{*} Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because some CSUs began using the YASI during that fiscal year. Data presented combines the Risk Assessment Instrument and the YASI when applicable and includes YASI results of "no risk" in the "low risk" category.



Offense Category, FY 2010

Offense Category (See Appendix I for the full list of Miscellaneous/Other Offenses)	Intake Complaints	New Probation Cases*	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Domestic Relat			- $ -$	t 0
Custody	69.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	16.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Protective Orders	11.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other DR/CW	3.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total DR/CW Offenses	3,620	0	0	0
	venile Of	fenses		
Abusive Language	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol	2.8%	2.3%	0.7%	0.0%
Arson	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Assault	13.6%	11.6%	19.5%	3.0%
Burglary	3.4%	9.5%	7.6%	26.7%
Contempt of Court	7.3%	2.5%	2.5%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	4.3%	2.1%	0.7%	0.0%
Escapes	0.1%	0.2%	0.4%	0.0%
Extortion	0.2%	0.6%	0.4%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	1.4%	0.8%	1.8%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.3%	0.8%	0.4%	0.0%
Gangs	1.3%	0.0%	2.5%	5.9%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Larceny	9.8%	20.0%	14.1%	30.7%
Miscellaneous/Other	8.0%	2.9%	7.9%	1.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.8%	0.0%	1.0%
Narcotics	5.6%	18.2%	9.4%	2.0%
Obscenity	3.2%	0.8%	5.4%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	1.5%	2.5%	2.5%	0.0%
Parole Violation	0.4%	0.0%	1.4%	1.0%
Probation Violation	3.0%	4.5%	4.7%	2.0%
Robbery	0.7%	0.4%	2.9%	5.0%
Sex Offense	0.9%	4.3%	2.2%	5.0%
Status Offense	10.2%	2.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.6%	0.4%	0.4%	0.0%
Traffic	11.4%	0.6%	0.7%	1.0%
Trespass	1.9%	1.6%	0.4%	0.0%
Vandalism	4.0%	3.9%	2.5%	7.9%
Weapons	3.2%	6.4%		7.9%
* Offense data for new probation of	1,662	516		101

^{*} Offense data for new probation cases is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. As of FY 2008, multiple offenses per probation case are recorded.

CSU Workload Information, FY 2010

Completed Reports		Activity	ADP
Pre-Dispositional Reports	172	Probation*	114
Post-Dispositional Reports	30	Parole	10
Transfer Reports	8	Intensive Prob.	0
Custody Investigations	0	Commitments	35

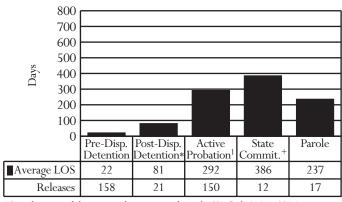
^{*} Data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because workload codes 20, 21, and 22 have been included since that fiscal year.

OFFENSE SEVERITY, FY 2010*

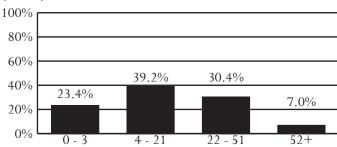
Offense Severity of the Most Serious Offense (See Appendix K for more info)	Juvenile Intake Cases	New Probation Cases ¹	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	4.6%	9.0%	17.6%	42.3%
- Weapons/Narcotics	2.5%	7.7%	11.3%	7.7%
- Other	6.7%	34.6%	15.7%	34.6%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	15.3%	19.2%	22.0%	3.8%
- Other	22.3%	16.0%	5.7%	3.8%
Prob./Parole Violation	4.4%	2.6%	10.7%	3.8%
Court Order Violation	9.7%	2.6%	4.4%	0.0%
Status Offense	16.8%	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Other	17.8%	7.7%	12.6%	0.0%
Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.8%
Total Juvenile Cases/ Placements/Commitments	1,253	156	159	26
% of Statewide	2.30%	2.74%	2.02%	3.93%

^{*} A single intake, probation, placement, or commitment may involve multiple offenses.

AVERAGE LOS, FY 2010 RELEASES



^{*} Post-dispositional detention with programs only (under Va. Code §16.1 - 284.1)



^{*} Selected intervals are consistent with applicable citations in the Code of Virginia.

⁺ Appealed cases are included

¹Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 due to methodological changes.



City of Salem County of Roanoke Region I -- Director: Carolyn Minix

400 East Main Street Salem, Virginia 24153 540-387-6123

INTAKE COMPLAINTS, FY 2008-2010

Domestic Relations	2008	2009	2010
Dom. Rel./Child Welfare	1,498	1,588	1,470
Juvenile Complaints			
Felony	205	160	127
Class 1 Misdemeanor	727	673	653
Class 2-4 Misdemeanor	109	113	100
CHINS/CHINSup (Status)	212	380	308
Other			
Technical Violations	60	67	55
Traffic	13	31	23
Other	19	3	0
Total Juvenile Complaints	1,345	1,427	1,266
Total Complaints	2,843	3,015	2,736

INTAKE DISPOSITION OF JUVENILE COMPLAINTS, FY 2010¹

112020	
Intake Disposition	2010
Petitions	
Petition Filed	46.1%
Unsuccessful Diversion	0.6%
Detention Order with Petition	10.5%
Detention Order Only	0.4%
Resolved/Diverted	35.4%
Other	7.0%
Total Juvenile Complaints	1,266

¹ Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008 included only successful diversions. Since then, data includes all diversions.

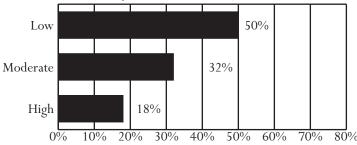
JUVENILE INTAKE CASES, FY 2008-2010*

SOTEMEE INTIANCE SACES			
Demographics	2008	2009	2010
Race			
Black	13.8%	14.7%	18.7%
White	83.4%	81.9%	77.3%
Other	2.8%	3.4%	3.9%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	2.4%	2.3%	3.2%
Sex			
Male	61.8%	64.2%	64.4%
Female	38.2%	35.8%	35.6%
Age			
8-12	6.6%	12.0%	12.6%
13	6.2%	5.1%	9.1%
14	11.3%	10.8%	10.7%
15	18.9%	16.4%	15.2%
16	26.2%	21.1%	17.9%
17	29.1%	28.8%	28.4%
18-20	1.6%	1.8%	1.2%
Error/Missing	0.1%	4.0%	5.0%
Total Juvenile Cases	1,051	1,211	1,089

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

- U.S. Census Data:
 - Between calendar years 1990 and 2000, the juvenile population (ages 10-17) increased 11% (from 10,666 to 11,858). The juvenile population on July 1st, 2009 was 12,029.
- Intakes (FY 2010):
 - 1,089 juvenile intakes and 1,266 juvenile complaints (average of 1.2 complaints per intake)
- Intake Trends (FY 2008-2010):
 - Domestic relations complaints decreased 2%.
 - Juvenile complaints decreased 6%.
 - Juvenile felony complaints decreased 38%.
 - CHINS/CHINSup complaints increased 45%.
- Intake Disposition (FY 2010):
 - A petition was filed in response to 57% of juvenile complaints. 35% of juvenile complaints were resolved or diverted.
- Time Frames (FY 2010):
 - The average time from intake to adjudication was 89 days.
 - The average time from RDC's reception of commitment papers to RDC admission was 4 days (excludes subsequent commitments).
- Risk Assessment / YASI (FY 2010):
 - 68 assessments completed; 50% had a low score, versus 33% statewide
- Most Common Juvenile Offense Category (FY 2010):
 - Intake Status Offense
 - Probation Larceny
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention Contempt of Court
 - Commitment Larceny
- Average Length of Stay (FY 2010):
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention 18 days, versus 22 statewide
 - Commitment to the State 9.1 months, versus 14.0 statewide
- Detention-Eligible Intake Cases (FY 2010):
 - The 23rd District had 693 detention-eligible intake cases and 142 pre-dispositional detention placements, for a rate of 4.9 eligible intakes per detention placement.

RISK ASSESSMENT / YASI RESULTS, FY 2010*



^{*} Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because some CSUs began using the YASI during that fiscal year. Data presented combines the Risk Assessment Instrument and the YASI when applicable and includes YASI results of "no risk" in the "low risk" category.



OFFENSE CATEGORY, I	1 201	.0		
Offense Category (See Appendix I for the full list of Miscellaneous/Other Offenses)	Intake Complaints	New Probation Cases*	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Domestic Relat	ions/Chil	d Welfare	Offenses	
Custody	66.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	18.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Protective Orders	12.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other DR/CW	2.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total DR/CW Offenses	1,470	0	0	0
Ju	venile Of	fenses		
Abusive Language	0.6%	0.0%	0.5%	0.0%
Alcohol	4.2%	3.5%	2.7%	0.0%
Arson	0.2%	0.0%	1.1%	0.0%
Assault	17.0%	15.0%	16.9%	10.6%
Burglary	1.3%	2.7%	3.3%	8.5%
Contempt of Court	4.2%	8.0%	26.2%	8.5%
Disorderly Conduct	8.5%	6.2%	2.7%	8.5%
Escapes	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Extortion	0.8%	0.0%	2.7%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	1.3%	0.9%	4.4%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	1.2%	0.9%	1.6%	0.0%
Gangs	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.1%	0.0%	0.5%	0.0%
Larceny	12.6%	17.7%	13.1%	23.4%
Miscellaneous/Other	0.5%	0.0%	0.5%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics	6.4%	15.0%	1.1%	0.0%
Obscenity	1.5%	0.0%	1.1%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	1.3%	0.9%	2.2%	0.0%
Parole Violation	0.1%	0.0%	0.5%	0.0%
Probation Violation	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	2.1%
Robbery	0.1%	0.0%	0.5%	0.0%
Sex Offense	1.2%	5.3%	4.4%	8.5%
Status Offense	24.3%	1.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic	5.2%	3.5%	1.6%	6.4%
Trespass	1.1%	4.4%	1.6%	4.3%
Vandalism	5.5%	14.2%	8.7%	19.1%
Weapons	0.8%	0.0%	1.6%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Offenses	1,266	113	183	47

^{*} Offense data for new probation cases is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. As of FY 2008, multiple offenses per probation case are recorded.

CSU Workload Information, FY 2010

Completed Reports	Activity		ADP
Pre-Dispositional Reports	72	Probation*	22
Post-Dispositional Reports	1	Parole	2
Transfer Reports	1	Intensive Prob.	0
Custody Investigations	0	Commitments	4

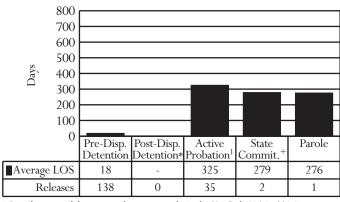
^{*} Data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because workload codes 20, 21, and 22 have been included since that fiscal year.

OFFENSE SEVERITY, FY 2010*

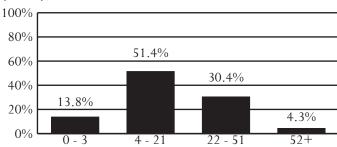
Offense Severity of the Most Serious Offense (See Appendix K for more info)	Juvenile Intake Cases	New Probation Cases ¹	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	2.4%	0.0%	15.5%	50.0%
- Weapons/Narcotics	0.6%	8.7%	1.4%	0.0%
- Other	5.5%	47.8%	13.4%	50.0%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	18.0%	4.3%	11.3%	0.0%
- Other	32.3%	30.4%	23.2%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation	0.2%	0.0%	0.7%	0.0%
Court Order Violation	4.8%	0.0%	33.8%	0.0%
Status Offense	28.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other	8.2%	8.7%	0.7%	0.0%
Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Cases/ Placements/Commitments	1,089	23	142	6
% of Statewide	2.00%	0.40%	1.81%	0.91%

^{*} A single intake, probation, placement, or commitment may involve multiple offenses.

AVERAGE LOS, FY 2010 RELEASES



^{*} Post-dispositional detention with programs only (under Va. Code §16.1 - 284.1)



st Selected intervals are consistent with applicable citations in the Code of Virginia.

⁺ Appealed cases are included

¹Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 due to methodological changes.



District 23A

City of Roanoke

Region I -- Director: Rodney C. Hubbard

215 Church Avenue, S.W., Suite 111 Roanoke, Virginia 24011 540-853-2615

INTAKE COMPLAINTS, FY 2008-2010

Domestic Relations	2008	2009	2010
Dom. Rel./Child Welfare	2,485	2,483	2,534
Juvenile Complaints			
Felony	325	326	201
Class 1 Misdemeanor	990	868	682
Class 2-4 Misdemeanor	124	116	56
CHINS/CHINSup (Status)	169	155	150
Other			
Technical Violations	182	175	120
Traffic	2	4	2
Other	15	3	4
Total Juvenile Complaints	1,807	1,647	1,215
Total Complaints	4,292	4,130	3,749

INTAKE DISPOSITION OF JUVENILE COMPLAINTS, FY 2010¹

112010	
Intake Disposition	2010
Petitions	
Petition Filed	53.3%
Unsuccessful Diversion	2.1%
Detention Order with Petition	20.7%
Detention Order Only	2.6%
Resolved/Diverted	18.7%
Other	2.7%
Total Juvenile Complaints	1,215

¹ Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008 included only successful diversions. Since then, data includes all diversions.

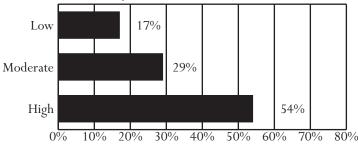
JUVENILE INTAKE CASES, FY 2008-2010*

SOTEMEE INTIANCE SACES			
Demographics	2008	2009	2010
Race			
Black	64.5%	59.3%	59.6%
White	31.7%	35.1%	35.4%
Other	3.8%	5.6%	5.0%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	1.5%	2.1%	2.8%
Sex			
Male	62.6%	61.9%	61.9%
Female	37.4%	38.1%	38.1%
Age			
8-12	6.1%	7.1%	6.9%
13	8.7%	7.0%	8.1%
14	17.4%	13.5%	13.5%
15	20.2%	21.1%	18.2%
16	22.8%	26.7%	25.2%
17	22.4%	22.9%	25.9%
18-20	2.3%	1.5%	2.1%
Error/Missing	0.1%	0.2%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Cases	1,373	1,306	960

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

- U.S. Census Data:
 - Between calendar years 1990 and 2000, the juvenile population (ages 10-17) increased 5% (from 8,471 to 8,876). The juvenile population on July 1st, 2009 was 8,173.
- Intakes (FY 2010):
 - 960 juvenile intakes and 1,215 juvenile complaints (average of 1.3 complaints per intake)
- Intake Trends (FY 2008-2010):
 - Domestic relations complaints increased 2%.
 - Juvenile complaints decreased 33%.
 - Juvenile felony complaints decreased 38%.
 - CHINS/CHINSup complaints decreased 11%.
- Intake Disposition (FY 2010):
 - A petition was filed in response to 76% of juvenile complaints. 19% of juvenile complaints were resolved or diverted.
- Time Frames (FY 2010):
 - The average time from intake to adjudication was 62 days.
 - The average time from RDC's reception of commitment papers to RDC admission was 4 days (excludes subsequent commitments).
- Risk Assessment / YASI (FY 2010):
 - \bullet 82 assessments completed; 54% had a high score, versus 20% statewide
- Most Common Juvenile Offense Category (FY 2010):
 - Intake Larceny
 - Probation Assault
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention Assault
 - Commitment Larceny
- Average Length of Stay (FY 2010):
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention 17 days, versus 22 statewide
 - Commitment to the State 10.9 months, versus 14.0 statewide
- Detention-Eligible Intake Cases (FY 2010):
 - District 23A had 753 detention-eligible intake cases and 200 predispositional detention placements, for a rate of 3.8 eligible intakes per detention placement.

RISK ASSESSMENT / YASI RESULTS, FY 2010*



^{*} Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because some CSUs began using the YASI during that fiscal year. Data presented combines the Risk Assessment Instrument and the YASI when applicable and includes YASI results of "no risk" in the "low risk" category.



Offense Category, FY 2010

Offense Category (See Appendix I for the full list of Miscellaneous/Other Offenses)	Intake Complaints	New Probation Cases*	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Domestic Relat				
Custody	58.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	15.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Protective Orders	22.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other DR/CW	3.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total DR/CW Offenses	2,534	0	0	0
	venile Of	fenses		
Abusive Language	1.5%	2.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol	1.0%	1.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Arson	0.5%	1.6%	0.8%	0.0%
Assault	17.7%	19.3%	20.4%	2.8%
Burglary	2.6%	4.8%	3.0%	19.7%
Contempt of Court	2.9%	4.3%	5.7%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	7.7%	7.5%	1.5%	4.2%
Escapes	0.1%	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Extortion	1.0%	1.1%	1.1%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	3.5%	1.1%	14.3%	1.4%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.2%	0.5%	0.0%	2.8%
Gangs	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.2%	0.5%	0.8%	0.0%
Larceny	20.3%	15.5%	7.5%	22.5%
Miscellaneous/Other	4.0%	5.3%	10.6%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics	3.1%	6.4%	2.6%	11.3%
Obscenity	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	1.7%	1.6%	0.8%	2.8%
Parole Violation	0.6%	0.0%	0.4%	1.4%
Probation Violation	3.6%	1.6%	10.9%	8.5%
Robbery	0.9%	4.8%	3.8%	0.0%
Sex Offense	0.2%	1.1%	0.4%	0.0%
Status Offense	12.3%	3.7%	1.1%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.7%	0.0%	0.4%	0.0%
Traffic	2.5%	4.8%	1.1%	4.2%
Trespass	2.6%	0.5%	0.8%	1.4%
Vandalism	6.1%	7.5%	4.5%	14.1%
Weapons	2.6%	2.7%	7.5%	2.8%
* Offense data for new probation of	1,215	187	265	71

^{*} Offense data for new probation cases is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. As of FY 2008, multiple offenses per probation case are recorded.

CSU Workload Information, FY 2010

Completed Reports	Activity		ADP		
Pre-Dispositional Reports	73	Probation*	64		
Post-Dispositional Reports	8	Parole	12		
Transfer Reports	3	Intensive Prob.	0		
Custody Investigations	0	Commitments	23		

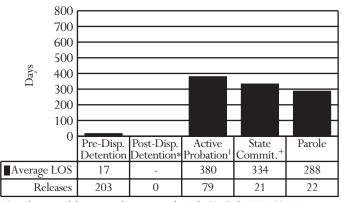
^{*} Data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because workload codes 20, 21, and 22 have been included since that fiscal year.

OFFENSE SEVERITY, FY 2010*

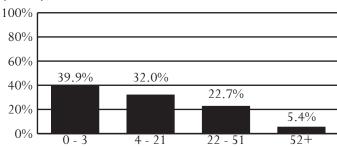
Offense Severity of the Most Serious Offense (See Appendix K for more info)	Juvenile Intake Cases	New Probation Cases ¹	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	5.4%	23.8%	19.5%	23.5%
- Weapons/Narcotics	0.8%	7.1%	1.5%	17.6%
- Other	9.6%	23.8%	11.5%	35.3%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	18.2%	14.3%	9.0%	5.9%
- Other	36.4%	23.8%	21.0%	17.6%
Prob./Parole Violation	5.3%	0.0%	15.0%	0.0%
Court Order Violation	3.5%	0.0%	7.5%	0.0%
Status Offense	14.2%	2.4%	0.5%	0.0%
Other	6.6%	4.8%	14.0%	0.0%
Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.5%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Cases/ Placements/Commitments	960	42	200	17
% of Statewide	1.76%	0.74%	2.54%	2.57%

 $[\]hbox{*A single intake, probation, placement, or commitment may involve multiple offenses.}\\$

AVERAGE LOS, FY 2010 RELEASES



^{*} Post-dispositional detention with programs only (under Va. Code §16.1 - 284.1)



st Selected intervals are consistent with applicable citations in the Code of Virginia.

⁺ Appealed cases are included

¹Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 due to methodological changes.



Region I -- Director: Robert G.Wade

909 Court Street, Level B1 Lynchburg, Virginia 24504 434-455-2660

Counties of Amherst, Bedford, Campbell, and Nelson

Cities of Bedford and Lynchburg

Intake Complaints, FY 2008-2010

Domestic Relations	2008	2009	2010
Dom. Rel./Child Welfare	5,413	5,515	6,018
Juvenile Complaints			
Felony	339	347	396
Class 1 Misdemeanor	930	920	919
Class 2-4 Misdemeanor	167	165	148
CHINS/CHINSup (Status)	625	513	454
Other			
Technical Violations	411	378	328
Traffic	11	8	8
Other	3	1	4
Total Juvenile Complaints	2,486	2,332	2,257
Total Complaints	7,899	7,847	8,275

INTAKE DISPOSITION OF JUVENILE COMPLAINTS, FY 2010¹

112020	
Intake Disposition	2010
Petitions	
Petition Filed	74.3%
Unsuccessful Diversion	1.2%
Detention Order with Petition	13.8%
Detention Order Only	0.0%
Resolved/Diverted	8.6%
Other	2.1%
Total Juvenile Complaints	2,257

¹ Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008 included only successful diversions. Since then, data includes all diversions.

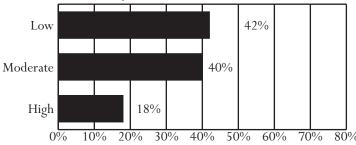
JUVENILE INTAKE CASES, FY 2008-2010*

JOVERNILE INTIANTE CASES,	1 2000 2010			
Demographics	2008	2009	2010	
Race				
Black	42.3%	41.8%	38.9%	
White	54.4%	54.6%	56.7%	
Other	3.3%	3.5%	4.4%	
Ethnicity - Hispanic	0.9%	1.2%	1.4%	
Sex				
Male	65.7%	64.7%	64.4%	
Female	34.3%	35.3%	35.6%	
Age				
8-12	7.3%	6.8%	6.7%	
13	7.6%	6.5%	8.8%	
14	12.5%	13.9%	11.5%	
15	16.5%	17.0%	17.3%	
16	25.8%	24.3%	22.2%	
17	25.4%	26.4%	27.6%	
18-20	1.5%	1.6%	2.3%	
Error/Missing	3.5%	3.4%	3.6%	
Total Juvenile Cases	1,991	1,869	1,675	

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

- U.S. Census Data:
 - Between calendar years 1990 and 2000, the juvenile population (ages 10-17) increased 17% (from 21,365 to 24,949). The juvenile population on July 1st, 2009 was 24,346.
- Intakes (FY 2010):
 - 1,675 juvenile intakes and 2,257 juvenile complaints (average of 1.3 complaints per intake)
- Intake Trends (FY 2008-2010):
 - Domestic relations complaints increased 11%.
 - Juvenile complaints decreased 9%.
 - Juvenile felony complaints increased 17%.
 - CHINS/CHINSup complaints decreased 27%.
- Intake Disposition (FY 2010):
 - A petition was filed in response to 89% of juvenile complaints. 9% of juvenile complaints were resolved or diverted.
- Time Frames (FY 2010):
 - The average time from intake to adjudication was 45 days.
 - The average time from RDC's reception of commitment papers to RDC admission was 5 days (excludes subsequent commitments).
- Risk Assessment / YASI (FY 2010):
 - 239 assessments completed; 42% had a low score, versus 33% statewide
- Most Common Juvenile Offense Category (FY 2010):
 - Intake Status Offense
 - Probation Larceny or Assault
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention Assault
 - Commitment Assault or Probation Violation
- Average Length of Stay (FY 2010):
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention 23 days, versus 22 statewide
 - Commitment to the State 11.3 months, versus 14.0 statewide
- Detention-Eligible Intake Cases (FY 2010):
 - The 24th District had 1,139 detention-eligible intake cases and 206 pre-dispositional detention placements, for a rate of 5.5 eligible intakes per detention placement.

RISK ASSESSMENT / YASI RESULTS, FY 2010*



^{*} Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because some CSUs began using the YASI during that fiscal year. Data presented combines the Risk Assessment Instrument and the YASI when applicable and includes YASI results of "no risk" in the "low risk" category.



OFFENSE CATEGORY, I	1 201	.0		
Offense Category (See Appendix I for the full list of Miscellaneous/Other Offenses)	Intake Complaints	New Probation Cases*	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Domestic Relat	ions/Chil	d Welfare	Offenses	
Custody	60.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	15.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Protective Orders	15.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other DR/CW	8.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total DR/CW Offenses	6,018	0	0	0
	venile Of	fenses		
Abusive Language	0.7%	0.0%	0.3%	0.0%
Alcohol	3.7%	3.5%	1.3%	1.4%
Arson	0.4%	1.2%	0.3%	1.4%
Assault	13.1%	20.6%	18.6%	15.7%
Burglary	1.4%	2.5%	5.1%	1.4%
Contempt of Court	9.7%	7.5%	9.0%	5.7%
Disorderly Conduct	2.7%	3.2%	1.6%	0.0%
Escapes	0.1%	0.2%	0.3%	1.4%
Extortion	0.8%	1.5%	1.6%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	0.9%	0.0%	1.6%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.8%	1.2%	1.0%	0.0%
Gangs	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.1%	0.0%	0.3%	0.0%
Larceny	14.9%	21.6%	13.8%	10.0%
Miscellaneous/Other	1.3%	1.0%	0.3%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics	5.3%	8.0%	4.2%	5.7%
Obscenity	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	0.6%	1.2%	1.6%	0.0%
Parole Violation	0.2%	0.0%	1.6%	4.3%
Probation Violation	4.2%	0.5%	11.5%	14.3%
Robbery	0.6%	1.5%	2.6%	5.7%
Sex Offense	1.0%	2.0%	2.9%	2.9%
Status Offense	20.1%	8.2%	1.0%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.3%	0.2%	0.3%	0.0%
Traffic	2.9%	2.7%	2.2%	8.6%
Trespass	2.3%	0.7%	1.6%	4.3%
Vandalism	9.8%	7.0%	9.0%	7.1%
Weapons	1.7%	3.5%	6.4%	10.0%
Total Juvenile Offenses	2,257	402	312	70
t: 0.00 1		11 6		

^{*} Offense data for new probation cases is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. As of FY 2008, multiple offenses per probation case are recorded.

CSU Workload Information, FY 2010

Completed Reports		Activity	ADP
Pre-Dispositional Reports	96	Probation*	181
Post-Dispositional Reports	103	Parole	7
Transfer Reports	1	Intensive Prob.	1
Custody Investigations	17	Commitments	19

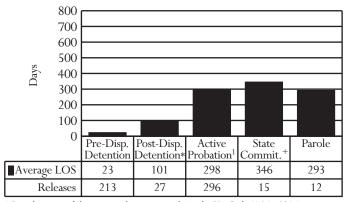
^{*} Data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because workload codes 20, 21, and 22 have been included since that fiscal year.

OFFENSE SEVERITY, FY 2010*

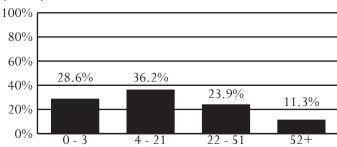
Offense Severity of the Most Serious Offense (See Appendix K for more info)	Juvenile Intake Cases	New Probation Cases ¹	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	3.5%	9.0%	18.9%	42.1%
- Weapons/Narcotics	1.0%	1.9%	3.4%	5.3%
- Other	7.7%	19.0%	17.0%	31.6%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	15.4%	24.8%	14.1%	15.8%
- Other	23.0%	25.7%	11.2%	5.3%
Prob./Parole Violation	5.6%	0.0%	19.4%	0.0%
Court Order Violation	13.0%	5.2%	13.6%	0.0%
Status Offense	25.6%	7.1%	1.0%	0.0%
Other	5.4%	7.1%	1.0%	0.0%
Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.5%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Cases/ Placements/Commitments	1,675	210	206	19
% of Statewide	3.07%	3.69%	2.62%	2.87%

^{*} A single intake, probation, placement, or commitment may involve multiple offenses.

AVERAGE LOS, FY 2010 RELEASES



^{*} Post-dispositional detention with programs only (under Va. Code §16.1 - 284.1)



^{*} Selected intervals are consistent with applicable citations in the Code of Virginia.

⁺ Appealed cases are included

¹Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 due to methodological changes.



Region I -- Director: Gary L. Conway

Cities of Buena Vista, Covington, Lexington, Staunton, and Waynesboro Counties of Alleghany, Augusta, Bath, Botetourt, Craig, Highland, and Rockbridge 6 East Johnson Street, 3rd Floor Staunton, Virginia 24402 540-245-5315

INTAKE COMPLAINTS, FY 2008-2010

Domestic Relations	2008	2009	2010
Dom. Rel./Child Welfare	4,150	4,389	4,209
Juvenile Complaints			
Felony	360	298	255
Class 1 Misdemeanor	966	864	889
Class 2-4 Misdemeanor	143	160	152
CHINS/CHINSup (Status)	401	361	312
Other			
Technical Violations	170	92	135
Traffic	30	21	25
Other	11	11	4
Total Juvenile Complaints	2,081	1,807	1,772
Total Complaints	6,231	6,196	5,981

INTAKE DISPOSITION OF JUVENILE COMPLAINTS, FY 2010¹

112010	
Intake Disposition	2010
Petitions	
Petition Filed	56.7%
Unsuccessful Diversion	0.2%
Detention Order with Petition	11.9%
Detention Order Only	0.1%
Resolved/Diverted	15.9%
Other	15.3%
Total Juvenile Complaints	1,772

¹ Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008 included only successful diversions. Since then, data includes all diversions.

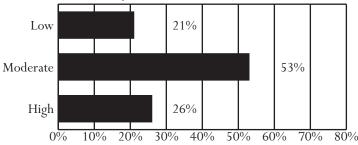
JUVENILE INTAKE CASES, FY 2008-2010*

JOVERNILE INTIANTE DAGES,	1 2000 2010			
Demographics	2008	2009	2010	
Race				
Black	14.2%	12.4%	13.5%	
White	83.8%	84.4%	84.6%	
Other	2.0%	3.2%	1.9%	
Ethnicity - Hispanic	0.9%	1.7%	0.8%	
Sex				
Male	64.6%	65.2%	65.6%	
Female	35.4%	34.8%	34.4%	
Age				
8-12	7.3%	5.9%	6.2%	
13	7.2%	7.3%	7.8%	
14	13.6%	11.1%	13.6%	
15	17.8%	17.3%	18.4%	
16	22.7%	23.9%	19.7%	
17	28.0%	30.0%	28.3%	
18-20	2.8%	3.5%	4.9%	
Error/Missing	0.5%	1.0%	1.2%	
Total Juvenile Cases	1,620	1,433	1,298	

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

- U.S. Census Data:
 - Between calendar years 1990 and 2000, the juvenile population (ages 10-17) increased 13% (from 19,714 to 22,250). The juvenile population on July 1st, 2009 was 21,514.
- Intakes (FY 2010):
 - 1,298 juvenile intakes and 1,772 juvenile complaints (average of 1.4 complaints per intake)
- Intake Trends (FY 2008-2010):
 - Domestic relations complaints increased 1%.
 - Juvenile complaints decreased 15%.
 - Juvenile felony complaints decreased 29%.
 - CHINS/CHINSup complaints decreased 22%.
- Intake Disposition (FY 2010):
 - A petition was filed in response to 69% of juvenile complaints. 16% of juvenile complaints were resolved or diverted.
- Time Frames (FY 2010):
 - The average time from intake to adjudication was 79 days.
 - The average time from RDC's reception of commitment papers to RDC admission was 3 days (excludes subsequent commitments).
- Risk Assessment / YASI (FY 2010):
 - 120 assessments completed; 21% had a low score, versus 33% statewide
- Most Common Juvenile Offense Category (FY 2010):
 - Intake Status Offense
 - Probation Larceny
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention Larceny or Assault
 - Commitment Fraud
- Average Length of Stay (FY 2010):
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention 19 days, versus 22 statewide
 - Commitment to the State 15.2 months, versus 14.0 statewide
- Detention-Eligible Intake Cases (FY 2010):
 - The 25th District had 867 detention-eligible intake cases and 119 pre-dispositional detention placements, for a rate of 7.3 eligible intakes per detention placement.

RISK ASSESSMENT / YASI RESULTS, FY 2010*



^{*} Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because some CSUs began using the YASI during that fiscal year. Data presented combines the Risk Assessment Instrument and the YASI when applicable and includes YASI results of "no risk" in the "low risk" category.



OFFENSE CATEGORY, I	1 201	.0		
Offense Category (See Appendix I for the full list of Miscellaneous/Other Offenses)	Intake Complaints	New Probation Cases*	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Domestic Relat	ions/Chil	d Welfare	Offenses	
Custody	66.7%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	13.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Protective Orders	13.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other DR/CW	6.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total DR/CW Offenses	4,209	3	0	0
Ju	venile Of	fenses		
Abusive Language	0.7%	1.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol	8.5%	3.7%	3.2%	0.0%
Arson	0.4%	0.7%	0.5%	0.0%
Assault	11.7%	11.0%	21.2%	7.7%
Burglary	1.7%	6.7%	5.0%	0.0%
Contempt of Court	5.8%	3.7%	3.6%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	2.8%	6.7%	2.7%	7.7%
Escapes	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Extortion	0.5%	1.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	0.1%	0.7%	0.9%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	1.7%	3.3%	2.7%	23.1%
Gangs	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Larceny	14.9%	19.0%	23.0%	15.4%
Miscellaneous/Other	3.0%	2.0%	0.9%	0.0%
Murder	0.1%	0.0%	0.9%	0.0%
Narcotics	6.6%	9.0%	0.9%	15.4%
Obscenity	0.3%	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	1.5%	3.3%	3.6%	0.0%
Parole Violation	0.5%	0.0%	2.3%	0.0%
Probation Violation	1.4%	0.7%	6.3%	7.7%
Robbery	0.1%	0.3%	0.5%	0.0%
Sex Offense	1.5%	5.3%	2.7%	0.0%
Status Offense	17.1%	2.7%	0.5%	0.0%
Telephone Law	1.0%	0.0%	0.9%	0.0%
Traffic	4.5%	4.7%	1.8%	7.7%
Trespass	3.3%	2.0%	0.9%	0.0%
Vandalism	9.0%	6.3%	10.8%	15.4%
Weapons	1.5%	5.3%	4.5%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Offenses	1,772	300	222	13

^{*} Offense data for new probation cases is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. As of FY 2008, multiple offenses per probation case are recorded.

CSU Workload Information, FY 2010

Completed Reports		Activity	ADP
Pre-Dispositional Reports	54	Probation*	62
Post-Dispositional Reports	43	Parole	8
Transfer Reports	1	Intensive Prob.	0
Custody Investigations	0	Commitments	7

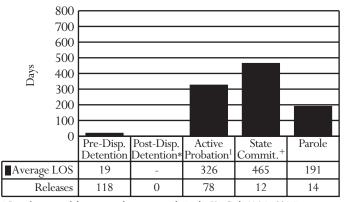
^{*} Data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because workload codes 20, 21, and 22 have been included since that fiscal year.

OFFENSE SEVERITY, FY 2010*

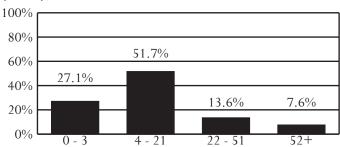
Offense Severity of the Most Serious Offense (See Appendix K for more info)	Juvenile Intake Cases	New Probation Cases ¹	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	2.4%	12.3%	12.6%	0.0%
- Weapons/Narcotics	1.2%	6.8%	0.0%	0.0%
- Other	7.8%	37.0%	21.0%	75.0%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	15.9%	12.3%	26.9%	25.0%
- Other	31.5%	23.3%	15.1%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation	2.3%	0.0%	16.0%	0.0%
Court Order Violation	7.2%	5.5%	5.9%	0.0%
Status Offense	22.1%	0.0%	0.8%	0.0%
Other	9.6%	2.7%	1.7%	0.0%
Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Cases/ Placements/Commitments	1,298	73	119	4
% of Statewide	2.38%	1.28%	1.51%	0.60%

^{*} A single intake, probation, placement, or commitment may involve multiple offenses.

AVERAGE LOS, FY 2010 RELEASES



^{*} Post-dispositional detention with programs only (under Va. Code §16.1 - 284.1)



st Selected intervals are consistent with applicable citations in the Code of Virginia.

⁺ Appealed cases are included

¹Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 due to methodological changes.



Region I -- Director: Julie A. Van Winkle

Judicial Center, 2nd Floor 5 North Kent Street Winchester, Virginia 22601 540-667-5770 ext:339

Cities of Harrisonburg and Winchester

Counties of Clarke, Frederick, Page, Rockingham, Shenandoah, and Warren

Intake Complaints, FY 2008-2010

Domestic Relations	2008	2009	2010
Dom. Rel./Child Welfare	4,440	4,537	5,114
Juvenile Complaints			
Felony	958	659	643
Class 1 Misdemeanor	1,710	1,547	1,483
Class 2-4 Misdemeanor	203	224	210
CHINS/CHINSup (Status)	294	264	246
Other			
Technical Violations	702	584	482
Traffic	10	8	8
Other	7	9	14
Total Juvenile Complaints	3,884	3,295	3,086
Total Complaints	8,324	7,832	8,200

INTAKE DISPOSITION OF JUVENILE COMPLAINTS, FY 2010¹

112020	
Intake Disposition	2010
Petitions	
Petition Filed	64.0%
Unsuccessful Diversion	1.3%
Detention Order with Petition	16.2%
Detention Order Only	0.8%
Resolved/Diverted	15.9%
Other	1.7%
Total Juvenile Complaints	3,086

¹ Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008 included only successful diversions. Since then, data includes all diversions.

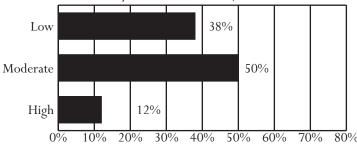
JUVENILE INTAKE CASES, FY 2008-2010*

Soverille Intake Cases, I I 2000 2010					
Demographics	2008	2009	2010		
Race					
Black	13.8%	11.6%	14.6%		
White	75.1%	81.2%	77.7%		
Other	11.1%	7.1%	7.7%		
Ethnicity - Hispanic	10.3%	8.6%	9.6%		
Sex					
Male	71.1%	70.7%	70.3%		
Female	28.9%	29.3%	29.7%		
Age					
8-12	4.4%	5.6%	5.8%		
13	8.1%	6.0%	6.4%		
14	13.4%	12.9%	10.7%		
15	17.6%	17.0%	18.6%		
16	24.5%	24.6%	23.9%		
17	27.3%	29.7%	29.7%		
18-20	3.8%	3.7%	3.7%		
Error/Missing	0.9%	0.5%	1.2%		
Total Juvenile Cases	2,387	2,286	2,043		

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

- U.S. Census Data:
 - Between calendar years 1990 and 2000, the juvenile population (ages 10-17) increased 27% (from 24,319 to 30,975). The juvenile population on July 1st, 2009 was 33,100.
- Intakes (FY 2010):
 - 2,043 juvenile intakes and 3,086 juvenile complaints (average of 1.5 complaints per intake)
- Intake Trends (FY 2008-2010):
 - Domestic relations complaints increased 15%.
 - Juvenile complaints decreased 21%.
 - Juvenile felony complaints decreased 33%.
 - CHINS/CHINSup complaints decreased 16%.
- Intake Disposition (FY 2010):
 - A petition was filed in response to 82% of juvenile complaints. 16% of juvenile complaints were resolved or diverted.
- Time Frames (FY 2010):
 - The average time from intake to adjudication was 46 days.
 - The average time from RDC's reception of commitment papers to RDC admission was 5 days (excludes subsequent commitments).
- Risk Assessment / YASI (FY 2010):
 - 294 assessments completed; 12% had a high score, versus 20% statewide
- Most Common Juvenile Offense Category (FY 2010):
 - Intake Larceny
 - Probation Larceny
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention Probation Violation
 - Commitment Larceny
- Average Length of Stay (FY 2010):
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention 18 days, versus 22 statewide
 - Commitment to the State 13.1 months, versus 14.0 statewide
- Detention-Eligible Intake Cases (FY 2010):
 - The 26th District had 1,671 detention-eligible intake cases and 245 pre-dispositional detention placements, for a rate of 6.8 eligible intakes per detention placement.

RISK ASSESSMENT / YASI RESULTS, FY 2010*



^{*} Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because some CSUs began using the YASI during that fiscal year. Data presented combines the Risk Assessment Instrument and the YASI when applicable and includes YASI results of "no risk" in the "low risk" category.



OFFENSE CATEGORY, I	1 201	.0		
Offense Category (See Appendix I for the full list of Miscellaneous/Other Offenses)	Intake Complaints	New Probation Cases*	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Domestic Relat	ions/Chil		Offenses	
Custody	68.0%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	15.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Protective Orders	13.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other DR/CW	2.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total DR/CW Offenses	5,114	2	0	0
	venile Of	fenses		
Abusive Language	0.3%	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol	3.4%	2.7%	1.8%	1.9%
Arson	0.6%	2.3%	0.7%	0.0%
Assault	11.5%	17.1%	14.5%	7.6%
Burglary	2.7%	5.9%	6.7%	7.6%
Contempt of Court	10.8%	4.7%	6.4%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	2.0%	2.1%	0.9%	0.0%
Escapes	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Extortion	0.8%	0.4%	1.4%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	1.4%	0.0%	3.7%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	1.4%	1.5%	2.8%	0.0%
Gangs	1.8%	0.9%	2.5%	7.6%
Kidnapping	0.1%	0.4%	0.9%	1.0%
Larceny	18.9%	24.9%	9.9%	26.7%
Miscellaneous/Other	1.7%	2.8%	0.9%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics	6.4%	6.3%	2.8%	0.0%
Obscenity	2.0%	0.9%	0.2%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	2.0%	3.0%	2.3%	2.9%
Parole Violation	0.7%	0.0%	2.8%	1.9%
Probation Violation	4.0%	0.9%	18.4%	3.8%
Robbery	0.7%	0.4%	4.8%	8.6%
Sex Offense	0.8%	2.7%	2.5%	1.9%
Status Offense	7.5%	2.1%	0.2%	1.0%
Telephone Law	0.7%	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic	3.0%	2.5%	2.1%	5.7%
Trespass	1.7%	1.9%	0.9%	1.0%
Vandalism	11.6%	10.8%	8.3%	19.0%
Weapons	1.4%	1.9%	1.6%	1.9%
Total Juvenile Offenses	3,086	527	435	105
t: 0.00 1		11		

^{*} Offense data for new probation cases is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. As of FY 2008, multiple offenses per probation case are recorded.

CSU Workload Information, FY 2010

Completed Reports		Activity	ADP
Pre-Dispositional Reports	35	Probation*	180
Post-Dispositional Reports	105	Parole	16
Transfer Reports	2	Intensive Prob.	0
Custody Investigations	0	Commitments	20

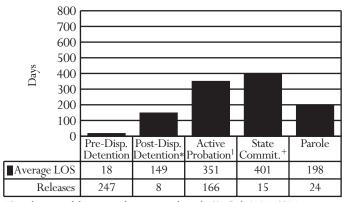
^{*} Data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because workload codes 20, 21, and 22 have been included since that fiscal year.

OFFENSE SEVERITY, FY 2010*

Offense Severity of the Most Serious Offense (See Appendix K for more info)	Juvenile Intake Cases	New Probation Cases ¹	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	5.2%	15.0%	19.2%	47.4%
- Weapons/Narcotics	1.6%	3.6%	2.0%	0.0%
- Other	11.0%	28.7%	13.9%	36.8%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	15.2%	23.4%	7.8%	5.3%
- Other	30.9%	17.4%	10.6%	5.3%
Prob./Parole Violation	6.4%	0.0%	35.9%	5.3%
Court Order Violation	12.9%	6.0%	9.0%	0.0%
Status Offense	9.9%	1.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Other	7.0%	4.8%	1.2%	0.0%
Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.4%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Cases/ Placements/Commitments	2,043	167	245	19
% of Statewide	3.75%	2.93%	3.12%	2.87%

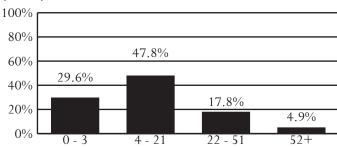
^{*} A single intake, probation, placement, or commitment may involve multiple offenses.

AVERAGE LOS, FY 2010 RELEASES



^{*} Post-dispositional detention with programs only (under Va. Code §16.1 - 284.1)

Pre-Dispositional Detention LOS Distribution (Days), FY 2010 Releases*



^{*} Selected intervals are consistent with applicable citations in the Code of Virginia.

All data were downloaded on 11/10/2010. Any changes after that date are not reflected in this book. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding.

⁺ Appealed cases are included

 $^{^{1}}$ Data is not comparable to $\it Data$ $\it Resource$ $\it Guides$ prior to FY 2008 due to methodological changes.



Region I -- Director: Kenneth M. Miller

143 3rd Street, N.W., Suite 2 Pulaski, Virginia 24301 540-980-7735

Cities of Galax and Radford

Counties of Carroll, Floyd, Grayson, Montgomery, Pulaski, and Wythe

INTAKE COMPLAINTS, FY 2008-2010

INTIANE COM EANTO, I I			
Domestic Relations	2008	2009	2010
Dom. Rel./Child Welfare	4,242	4,349	4,566
Juvenile Complaints			
Felony	385	391	332
Class 1 Misdemeanor	1,147	1,021	877
Class 2-4 Misdemeanor	219	227	170
CHINS/CHINSup (Status)	339	283	277
Other			
Technical Violations	212	189	177
Traffic	75	50	31
Other	11	10	2
Total Juvenile Complaints	2,388	2,171	1,866
Total Complaints	6,630	6,520	6,432

INTAKE DISPOSITION OF JUVENILE COMPLAINTS, FY 2010¹

Intake Disposition	2010
Petitions	
Petition Filed	56.4%
Unsuccessful Diversion	1.7%
Detention Order with Petition	11.6%
Detention Order Only	0.0%
Resolved/Diverted	22.7%
Other	7.6%
Total Juvenile Complaints	1,866

¹ Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008 included only successful diversions. Since then, data includes all diversions.

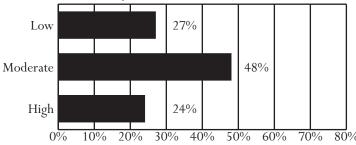
JUVENILE INTAKE CASES, FY 2008-2010*

JOVERNIEE INVIANCE SAGES,			
Demographics	2008	2009	2010
Race			
Black	11.5%	10.1%	9.2%
White	86.0%	86.6%	88.1%
Other	2.5%	3.3%	2.7%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	2.4%	2.9%	3.6%
Sex			
Male	71.1%	66.8%	68.0%
Female	28.9%	33.2%	32.0%
Age			
8-12	6.1%	4.3%	7.0%
13	8.5%	9.6%	7.3%
14	11.3%	15.8%	15.0%
15	16.6%	18.8%	18.6%
16	21.5%	20.2%	22.9%
17	30.8%	27.0%	25.3%
18-20	4.2%	3.9%	3.2%
Error/Missing	1.0%	0.4%	0.7%
Total Juvenile Cases	1,559	1,582	1,373

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

- U.S. Census Data:
 - Between calendar years 1990 and 2000, the juvenile population (ages 10-17) increased 3% (from 19,537 to 20,063). The juvenile population on July 1st, 2009 was 19,042.
- Intakes (FY 2010):
 - 1,373 juvenile intakes and 1,866 juvenile complaints (average of 1.4 complaints per intake)
- Intake Trends (FY 2008-2010):
 - Domestic relations complaints increased 8%.
 - Juvenile complaints decreased 22%.
 - Juvenile felony complaints decreased 14%.
 - CHINS/CHINSup complaints decreased 18%.
- Intake Disposition (FY 2010):
 - A petition was filed in response to 70% of juvenile complaints. 23% of juvenile complaints were resolved or diverted.
- Time Frames (FY 2010):
 - The average time from intake to adjudication was 54 days.
 - The average time from RDC's reception of commitment papers to RDC admission was 5 days (excludes subsequent commitments).
- Risk Assessment / YASI (FY 2010):
 - 164 assessments completed; 27% had a low score, versus 33% statewide
- Most Common Juvenile Offense Category (FY 2010):
 - Intake Larceny, Assault, or Status Offense
 - Probation Assault
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention Assault or Larceny
 - Commitment Assault
- Average Length of Stay (FY 2010):
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention 16 days, versus 22 statewide
 - Commitment to the State 17.3 months, versus 14.0 statewide
- Detention-Eligible Intake Cases (FY 2010):
 - The 27th District had 1,001 detention-eligible intake cases and 147 pre-dispositional detention placements, for a rate of 6.8 eligible intakes per detention placement.

RISK ASSESSMENT / YASI RESULTS, FY 2010*



^{*} Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because some CSUs began using the YASI during that fiscal year. Data presented combines the Risk Assessment Instrument and the YASI when applicable and includes YASI results of "no risk" in the "low risk" category.



Offense Category, FY 2010

Offense Category (See Appendix I for the full list of Miscellaneous/Other Offenses)	Intake Complaints	New Probation Cases*	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Domestic Relat				
Custody	64.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	15.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Protective Orders	12.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other DR/CW	7.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total DR/CW Offenses	4,566	0	0	0
	venile Of	fenses		
Abusive Language	1.6%	1.4%	0.0%	3.4%
Alcohol	5.4%	4.3%	2.5%	0.0%
Arson	0.5%	1.0%	0.4%	0.0%
Assault	16.1%	21.8%	18.1%	24.1%
Burglary	3.0%	5.9%	7.5%	3.4%
Contempt of Court	3.1%	6.9%	5.0%	3.4%
Disorderly Conduct	0.8%	0.8%	1.1%	0.0%
Escapes	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Extortion	0.4%	1.2%	0.7%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	0.2%	0.0%	1.8%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.8%	0.8%	2.1%	0.0%
Gangs	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.2%	0.2%	1.1%	0.0%
Larceny	16.4%	13.7%	18.1%	17.2%
Miscellaneous/Other	1.9%	1.8%	0.4%	0.0%
Murder	0.1%	0.0%	0.7%	0.0%
Narcotics	7.8%	5.3%	2.8%	0.0%
Obscenity	1.4%	1.6%	4.6%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	1.0%	1.2%	3.2%	6.9%
Parole Violation	0.1%	0.0%	0.4%	0.0%
Probation Violation	6.3%	4.5%	5.0%	20.7%
Robbery	0.2%	0.2%	0.7%	0.0%
Sex Offense	1.6%	2.4%	5.3%	6.9%
Status Offense	14.7%	7.1%	3.9%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.6%	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic	4.9%	1.2%	3.2%	10.3%
Trespass	1.5%	1.4%	0.4%	3.4%
Vandalism	8.1%	11.6%	8.5%	0.0%
Weapons	1.4%		2.5%	0.0%
* Offense data for new probation of	1,866		281	29

^{*} Offense data for new probation cases is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. As of FY 2008, multiple offenses per probation case are recorded.

CSU Workload Information, FY 2010

Completed Reports		Activity	ADP
Pre-Dispositional Reports	67	Probation*	174
Post-Dispositional Reports	103	Parole	2
Transfer Reports	0	Intensive Prob.	0
Custody Investigations	0	Commitments	5

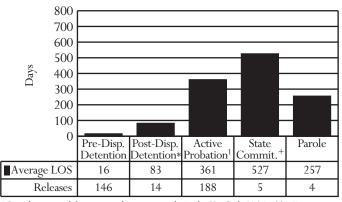
^{*} Data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because workload codes 20, 21, and 22 have been included since that fiscal year.

OFFENSE SEVERITY, FY 2010*

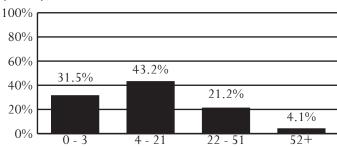
Offense Severity of the Most Serious Offense (See Appendix K for more info)	Juvenile Intake Cases	New Probation Cases ¹	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	4.0%	12.8%	15.6%	62.5%
- Weapons/Narcotics	1.3%	2.7%	2.0%	0.0%
- Other	9.5%	17.6%	24.5%	37.5%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	18.9%	27.7%	20.4%	0.0%
- Other	28.3%	19.6%	13.6%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation	8.4%	0.0%	10.2%	0.0%
Court Order Violation	3.3%	12.2%	7.5%	0.0%
Status Offense	17.5%	4.7%	6.1%	0.0%
Other	8.8%	2.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Cases/ Placements/Commitments	1,373	148	147	8
% of Statewide	2.52%	2.60%	1.87%	1.21%

^{*} A single intake, probation, placement, or commitment may involve multiple offenses.

AVERAGE LOS, FY 2010 RELEASES



^{*} Post-dispositional detention with programs only (under Va. Code §16.1 - 284.1)



st Selected intervals are consistent with applicable citations in the Code of Virginia.

⁺ Appealed cases are included

 $^{^{1}}$ Data is not comparable to $\it Data$ $\it Resource$ $\it Guides$ prior to FY 2008 due to methodological changes.



Region I -- Director: Randall T. Blevins

193 East Main Street Abingdon, Virginia 24210 276-676-6284

City of Bristol

Counties of Smyth and Washington

Intake Complaints, FY 2008-2010

Domestic Relations	2008	2009	2010
Dom. Rel./Child Welfare	2,685	3,307	3,170
Juvenile Complaints			
Felony	181	152	101
Class 1 Misdemeanor	441	433	317
Class 2-4 Misdemeanor	97	99	74
CHINS/CHINSup (Status)	138	214	232
Other			
Technical Violations	219	270	302
Traffic	8	14	10
Other	15	18	19
Total Juvenile Complaints	1,099	1,200	1,055
Total Complaints	3,784	4,507	4,225

INTAKE DISPOSITION OF JUVENILE COMPLAINTS, FY 2010¹

Intake Disposition	2010
Petitions	
Petition Filed	65.2%
Unsuccessful Diversion	0.4%
Detention Order with Petition	15.6%
Detention Order Only	0.0%
Resolved/Diverted	16.3%
Other	2.5%
Total Juvenile Complaints	1,055

¹ Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008 included only successful diversions. Since then, data includes all diversions.

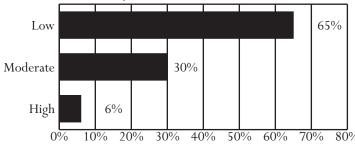
JUVENILE INTAKE CASES, FY 2008-2010*

SOTEMEE INTIANCE GAGEO,	. = 000		
Demographics	2008	2009	2010
Race			
Black	6.7%	7.6%	7.4%
White	91.0%	91.5%	90.8%
Other	2.2%	0.9%	1.8%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	2.1%	1.6%	1.9%
Sex			
Male	61.1%	66.0%	66.3%
Female	38.9%	34.0%	33.7%
Age			
8-12	4.1%	5.5%	8.3%
13	5.6%	5.8%	8.3%
14	13.8%	12.0%	10.5%
15	18.8%	21.3%	15.3%
16	22.9%	24.8%	24.8%
17	32.4%	27.0%	28.3%
18-20	1.9%	3.1%	3.0%
Error/Missing	0.7%	0.6%	1.4%
Total Juvenile Cases	756	860	731

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

- U.S. Census Data:
 - Between calendar years 1990 and 2000, the juvenile population (ages 10-17) decreased 5% (from 10,423 to 9,945). The juvenile population on July 1st, 2009 was 9,375.
- Intakes (FY 2010):
 - 731 juvenile intakes and 1,055 juvenile complaints (average of 1.4 complaints per intake)
- Intake Trends (FY 2008-2010):
 - Domestic relations complaints increased 18%.
 - Juvenile complaints decreased 4%.
 - Juvenile felony complaints decreased 44%.
 - CHINS/CHINSup complaints increased 68%.
- Intake Disposition (FY 2010):
 - A petition was filed in response to 81% of juvenile complaints. 16% of juvenile complaints were resolved or diverted.
- Time Frames (FY 2010):
 - The average time from intake to adjudication was 36 days.
 - The average time from RDC's reception of commitment papers to RDC admission was 4 days (excludes subsequent commitments).
- Risk Assessment / YASI (FY 2010):
 - 122 assessments completed; 65% had a low score, versus 33% statewide
- Most Common Juvenile Offense Category (FY 2010):
 - Intake Status Offense
 - Probation Assault
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention Probation Violation
 - Commitment Assault
- Average Length of Stay (FY 2010):
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention 14 days, versus 22 statewide
 - Commitment to the State 18.8 months, versus 14.0 statewide
- Detention-Eligible Intake Cases (FY 2010):
 - The 28th District had 449 detention-eligible intake cases and 73 pre-dispositional detention placements, for a rate of 6.2 eligible intakes per detention placement.

RISK ASSESSMENT / YASI RESULTS, FY 2010*



^{*} Data is not comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008 because some CSUs began using the YASI during that fiscal year. Data presented combines the Risk Assessment Instrument and the YASI when applicable and includes YASI results of "no risk" in the "low risk" category.



OFFENSE CATEGORY, I	1 201	.0		
Offense Category (See Appendix I for the full list of Miscellaneous/Other Offenses)	Intake Complaints	New Probation Cases*	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Domestic Relat	ions/Chil		Offenses	
Custody	76.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	7.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Protective Orders	8.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other DR/CW	7.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total DR/CW Offenses	3,170	0	0	0
	venile Of	fenses		
Abusive Language	1.1%	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol	4.5%	7.9%	1.4%	0.0%
Arson	0.7%	2.3%	2.9%	0.0%
Assault	10.3%	18.5%	16.5%	100.0%
Burglary	0.9%	3.8%	1.4%	0.0%
Contempt of Court	11.3%	3.0%	15.1%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	0.3%	1.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Escapes	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Extortion	0.8%	0.4%	4.3%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	0.4%	0.4%	1.4%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	1.8%	0.4%	10.8%	0.0%
Gangs	0.0%	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.2%	0.0%	1.4%	0.0%
Larceny	7.1%	14.7%	5.0%	0.0%
Miscellaneous/Other	2.9%	3.4%	2.2%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics	4.1%	8.3%	6.5%	0.0%
Obscenity	0.6%	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	0.8%	3.0%	2.9%	0.0%
Parole Violation	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Probation Violation	16.6%	3.8%	20.1%	0.0%
Robbery	0.0%	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Sex Offense	0.4%	0.4%	0.7%	0.0%
Status Offense	21.9%	9.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic	4.5%	4.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Trespass	1.9%	2.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Vandalism	4.3%	7.5%	4.3%	0.0%
Weapons	1.9%	2.3%	2.9%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Offenses	1,055	265	139	1
t: 0.00 1		11 6		

^{*} Offense data for new probation cases is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. As of FY 2008, multiple offenses per probation case are recorded.

CSU Workload Information, FY 2010

Completed Reports		Activity	ADP
Pre-Dispositional Reports	32	Probation*	149
Post-Dispositional Reports	113	Parole	2
Transfer Reports	0	Intensive Prob.	0
Custody Investigations	0	Commitments	7

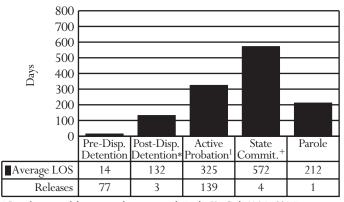
^{*} Data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because workload codes 20, 21, and 22 have been included since that fiscal year.

OFFENSE SEVERITY, FY 2010*

Offense Severity of the Most Serious Offense (See Appendix K for more info)	Juvenile Intake Cases	New Probation Cases ¹	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	4.1%	10.1%	19.2%	100.0%
- Weapons/Narcotics	1.4%	3.4%	6.8%	0.0%
- Other	4.5%	9.2%	15.1%	0.0%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	10.4%	15.1%	12.3%	0.0%
- Other	21.2%	31.1%	11.0%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation	10.9%	0.0%	16.4%	0.0%
Court Order Violation	10.7%	1.7%	15.1%	0.0%
Status Offense	29.5%	11.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Other	7.3%	17.6%	4.1%	0.0%
Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Cases/ Placements/Commitments	731	119	73	1
% of Statewide	1.34%	2.09%	0.93%	0.15%

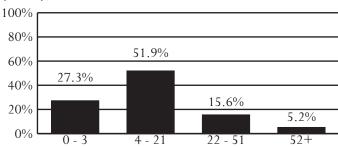
^{*} A single intake, probation, placement, or commitment may involve multiple offenses.

AVERAGE LOS, FY 2010 RELEASES



^{*} Post-dispositional detention with programs only (under Va. Code §16.1 - 284.1)

Pre-Dispositional Detention LOS Distribution (Days), FY 2010 Releases*



^{*} Selected intervals are consistent with applicable citations in the Code of Virginia.

All data were downloaded on 11/10/2010. Any changes after that date are not reflected in this book. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding.

⁺ Appealed cases are included.

¹Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 due to methodological changes.



Region I -- Director: Ronald W. Belay

Counties of Bland, Buchanan, Dickenson, Giles, Russell, and Tazewell

507 Wenonah Avenue Pearisburg, Virginia 24134 540-921-3408

Intake Complaints, FY 2008-2010

Domestic Relations	2008	2009	2010
Dom. Rel./Child Welfare	3,978	3,903	4,115
Juvenile Complaints			
Felony	205	166	159
Class 1 Misdemeanor	317	469	391
Class 2-4 Misdemeanor	108	109	78
CHINS/CHINSup (Status)	426	458	415
Other			
Technical Violations	67	71	136
Traffic	9	8	44
Other	44	35	19
Total Juvenile Complaints	1,176	1,316	1,242
Total Complaints	5,154	5,219	5, 3 57

INTAKE DISPOSITION OF JUVENILE COMPLAINTS, FY 2010¹

Intake Disposition	2010
Petitions	
Petition Filed	63.4%
Unsuccessful Diversion	0.1%
Detention Order with Petition	11.2%
Detention Order Only	0.0%
Resolved/Diverted	12.6%
Other	12.8%
Total Juvenile Complaints	1,242

¹ Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008 included only successful diversions. Since then, data includes all diversions.

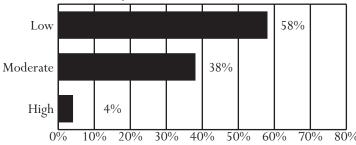
JUVENILE INTAKE CASES, FY 2008-2010*

1 2000-2010			
2008	2009	2010	
3.9%	2.9%	2.8%	
94.7%	95.9%	96.6%	
1.4%	1.2%	0.6%	
0.2%	0.4%	0.4%	
63.3%	64.5%	64.8%	
36.7%	35.5%	35.2%	
8.5%	9.9%	8.5%	
8.6%	6.9%	6.5%	
13.7%	11.8%	11.4%	
18.3%	15.3%	17.4%	
21.9%	24.3%	21.5%	
23.5%	25.2%	25.3%	
1.9%	2.5%	5.2%	
3.7%	4.2%	4.2%	
908	1,036	1,009	
	3.9% 94.7% 1.4% 0.2% 63.3% 36.7% 8.5% 8.6% 13.7% 18.3% 21.9% 23.5% 1.9% 3.7%	2008 2009 3.9% 2.9% 94.7% 95.9% 1.4% 1.2% 0.2% 0.4% 63.3% 64.5% 36.7% 35.5% 8.5% 9.9% 8.6% 6.9% 13.7% 11.8% 18.3% 15.3% 21.9% 24.3% 23.5% 25.2% 1.9% 2.5% 3.7% 4.2%	

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

- U.S. Census Data:
 - Between calendar years 1990 and 2000, the juvenile population (ages 10-17) decreased 23% (from 19,040 to 14,657). The juvenile population on July 1st, 2009 was 13,073.
- Intakes (FY 2010):
 - 1,009 juvenile intakes and 1,242 juvenile complaints (average of 1.2 complaints per intake)
- Intake Trends (FY 2008-2010):
 - Domestic relations complaints increased 3%.
 - Juvenile complaints increased 6%.
 - Juvenile felony complaints decreased 22%.
 - CHINS/CHINSup complaints decreased 3%.
- Intake Disposition (FY 2010):
 - A petition was filed in response to 75% of juvenile complaints. 13% of juvenile complaints were resolved or diverted.
- Time Frames (FY 2010):
 - The average time from intake to adjudication was 47 days.
 - The average time from RDC's reception of commitment papers to RDC admission was 5 days (excludes subsequent commitments).
- Risk Assessment / YASI (FY 2010):
 - 137 assessments completed; 58% had a low score, versus 33% statewide
- Most Common Juvenile Offense Category (FY 2010):
 - Intake Status Offense
 - Probation Assault
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention Assault
 - Commitment Narcotics, Probation Violation, or Sex Offense
- Average Length of Stay (FY 2010):
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention 22 days, same as statewide
 - Commitment to the State 10.0 months, versus 14.0 statewide
- Detention-Eligible Intake Cases (FY 2010):
 - The 29th District had 524 detention-eligible intake cases and 85 pre-dispositional detention placements, for a rate of 6.2 eligible intakes per detention placement.

RISK ASSESSMENT / YASI RESULTS, FY 2010*



^{*} Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because some CSUs began using the YASI during that fiscal year. Data presented combines the Risk Assessment Instrument and the YASI when applicable and includes YASI results of "no risk" in the "low risk" category.



Desertion/Support 12.1% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% O.0% O.0%	OFFENSE CATEGORY, I	1 201	.0		
Custody 67.6% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Desertion/Support 12.1% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Protective Orders 11.9% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Other DR/CW 8.4% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Other DR/CW Offenses 4,115 0 0 0 Juvenile Offenses Abusive Language 1,3% 0.9% 0.0% 0.0% Alcohol 3.1% 5.7% 0.9% 0.0% Arson 0.2% 1.2% 0.0% 0.0% Assault 10.0% 26.1% 24.8% 0.0% Contempt of Court 3.6% 0.6% 8.8% 0.0% Contempt of Court 3.6% 0.6% 8.8% 0.0% Disorderly Conduct 2.2% 1.8% 0.0% 0.0% Escapes 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Extortion 1.0% 1.2% 2.7% 0.0% Extortion 1.0% <th>(See Appendix I for the full list of Miscellaneous/Other Offenses)</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>[표 ㅁ 교</th> <th>Commit. to the State</th>	(See Appendix I for the full list of Miscellaneous/Other Offenses)			[표 ㅁ 교	Commit. to the State
Desertion/Support 12.1% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% O.0% O.0%	Domestic Relat	ions/Chil	d Welfare	Offenses	
Protective Orders 11.9% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Other DR/CW 8.4% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Total DR/CW Offenses 4,115 0 0 0 Abusive Language 1.3% 0.9% 0.0% 0.0% Alcohol 3.1% 5.7% 0.9% 0.0% Arson 0.2% 1.2% 0.0% 0.0% Assault 10.0% 26.1% 24.8% 0.0% Burglary 2.7% 6.9% 16.8% 0.0% Contempt of Court 3.6% 0.6% 8.8% 0.0% Disorderly Conduct 2.2% 1.8% 0.0% 0.0% Extortion 1.0% 1.2% 2.7% 0.0% Extortion 1.0% 1.2% 2.7% 0.0% Family Offense 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Fraud 0.4% 0.3% 0.9% 0.0% Kidnapping 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0%	Custody	67.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Protective Orders 11.9% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Other DR/CW 8.4% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Total DR/CW Offenses 4,115 0 0 0 Abusive Language 1.3% 0.9% 0.0% 0.0% Alcohol 3.1% 5.7% 0.9% 0.0% Arson 0.2% 1.2% 0.0% 0.0% Assault 10.0% 26.1% 24.8% 0.0% Burglary 2.7% 6.9% 16.8% 0.0% Contempt of Court 3.6% 0.6% 8.8% 0.0% Disorderly Conduct 2.2% 1.8% 0.0% 0.0% Extortion 1.0% 1.2% 2.7% 0.0% Extortion 1.0% 1.2% 2.7% 0.0% Family Offense 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Fraud 0.4% 0.3% 0.9% 0.0% Kidnapping 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0%	Desertion/Support	12.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total DR/CW Offenses	Protective Orders	11.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Juvenile Offenses	Other DR/CW	8.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Abusive Language 1.3% 0.9% 0.0% 0.0% Alcohol 3.1% 5.7% 0.9% 0.0% Arson 0.2% 1.2% 0.0% 0.0% Assault 10.0% 26.1% 24.8% 0.0% Burglary 2.7% 6.9% 16.8% 0.0% Contempt of Court 3.6% 0.6% 8.8% 0.0% Disorderly Conduct 2.2% 1.8% 0.0% 0.0% Escapes 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Extortion 1.0% 1.2% 2.7% 0.0% Faulure to Appear 0.7% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Family Offense 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Fraud 0.4% 0.3% 0.9% 0.0% Gangs 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Kidnapping 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Miscellaneous/Other 2.3% 0.9% 0.0% 0.0%	Total DR/CW Offenses	4,115	0	0	0
Alcohol 3.1% 5.7% 0.9% 0.0% Arson 0.2% 1.2% 0.0% 0.0% Assault 10.0% 26.1% 24.8% 0.0% Burglary 2.7% 6.9% 16.8% 0.0% Contempt of Court 3.6% 0.6% 8.8% 0.0% Disorderly Conduct 2.2% 1.8% 0.0% 0.0% Escapes 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Extortion 1.0% 1.2% 2.7% 0.0% Failure to Appear 0.7% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Family Offense 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Fraud 0.4% 0.3% 0.9% 0.0% Gangs 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Kidnapping 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Larceny 10.0% 17.4% 16.8% 0.0% Miscellaneous/Other 2.3% 0.9% 0.0% 0.0% <tr< td=""><td>Ju</td><td>venile Of</td><td>fenses</td><td></td><td></td></tr<>	Ju	venile Of	fenses		
Arson 0.2% 1.2% 0.0% 0.0% Assault 10.0% 26.1% 24.8% 0.0% Burglary 2.7% 6.9% 16.8% 0.0% Contempt of Court 3.6% 0.6% 8.8% 0.0% Disorderly Conduct 2.2% 1.8% 0.0% 0.0% Escapes 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Extortion 1.0% 1.2% 2.7% 0.0% Failure to Appear 0.7% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Family Offense 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Fraud 0.4% 0.3% 0.9% 0.0% Gangs 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Kidnapping 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Larceny 10.0% 17.4% 16.8% 0.0% Miscellaneous/Other 2.3% 0.9% 0.0% 0.0% Murder 0.0% 0.3% 0.0% 0.0%	Abusive Language	1.3%	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Assault 10.0% 26.1% 24.8% 0.0% Burglary 2.7% 6.9% 16.8% 0.0% Contempt of Court 3.6% 0.6% 8.8% 0.0% Disorderly Conduct 2.2% 1.8% 0.0% 0.0% Escapes 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Extortion 1.0% 1.2% 2.7% 0.0% Failure to Appear 0.7% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Family Offense 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Fraud 0.4% 0.3% 0.9% 0.0% Gangs 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Kidnapping 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Larceny 10.0% 17.4% 16.8% 0.0% Miscellaneous/Other 2.3% 0.9% 0.0% Murder 0.0% 0.3% 0.0% 0.0% Murder 0.0% 0.3% 0.0% 0.0% Narcotic	Alcohol	3.1%	5.7%	0.9%	0.0%
Burglary 2.7% 6.9% 16.8% 0.0% Contempt of Court 3.6% 0.6% 8.8% 0.0% Disorderly Conduct 2.2% 1.8% 0.0% 0.0% Escapes 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Extortion 1.0% 1.2% 2.7% 0.0% Failure to Appear 0.7% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Family Offense 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Fraud 0.4% 0.3% 0.9% 0.0% Gangs 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Kidnapping 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Larceny 10.0% 17.4% 16.8% 0.0% Miscellaneous/Other 2.3% 0.9% 0.0% 0.0% Murder 0.0% 0.3% 0.0% 0.0% Narcotics 2.9% 9.3% 0.9% 33.3% Obscenity 1.2% 1.5% 0.0% 0.0%	Arson	0.2%	1.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Contempt of Court 3.6% 0.6% 8.8% 0.0% Disorderly Conduct 2.2% 1.8% 0.0% 0.0% Escapes 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Extortion 1.0% 1.2% 2.7% 0.0% Failure to Appear 0.7% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Family Offense 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Fraud 0.4% 0.3% 0.9% 0.0% Gangs 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Kidnapping 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Larceny 10.0% 17.4% 16.8% 0.0% Miscellaneous/Other 2.3% 0.9% 0.0% 0.0% Murder 0.0% 0.3% 0.0% 0.0% Narcotics 2.9% 9.3% 0.9% 33.3% Obscenity 1.2% 1.5% 0.0% 0.0% Parole Violation 0.6% 0.0% 1.8% 0.0% <td>Assault</td> <td>10.0%</td> <td>26.1%</td> <td>24.8%</td> <td>0.0%</td>	Assault	10.0%	26.1%	24.8%	0.0%
Contempt of Court 3.6% 0.6% 8.8% 0.0% Disorderly Conduct 2.2% 1.8% 0.0% 0.0% Escapes 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Extortion 1.0% 1.2% 2.7% 0.0% Failure to Appear 0.7% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Family Offense 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Fraud 0.4% 0.3% 0.9% 0.0% Gangs 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Kidnapping 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Larceny 10.0% 17.4% 16.8% 0.0% Miscellaneous/Other 2.3% 0.9% 0.0% 0.0% Murder 0.0% 0.3% 0.0% 0.0% Narcotics 2.9% 9.3% 0.9% 33.3% Obscenity 1.2% 1.5% 0.0% 0.0% Parole Violation 0.6% 0.0% 1.8% 0.0% <td>Burglary</td> <td>2.7%</td> <td>6.9%</td> <td>16.8%</td> <td>0.0%</td>	Burglary	2.7%	6.9%	16.8%	0.0%
Escapes 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Extortion 1.0% 1.2% 2.7% 0.0% Failure to Appear 0.7% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Family Offense 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Fraud 0.4% 0.3% 0.9% 0.0% Gangs 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Kidnapping 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Larceny 10.0% 17.4% 16.8% 0.0% Miscellaneous/Other 2.3% 0.9% 0.0% 0.0% Murder 0.0% 0.3% 0.0% 0.0% Narcotics 2.9% 9.3% 0.9% 33.3% Obscenity 1.2% 1.5% 0.0% 0.0% Obstruction of Justice 0.8% 1.5% 1.8% 0.0% Probation Violation 6.4% 1.8% 16.8% 33.3% Robbery 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% <td></td> <td>3.6%</td> <td>0.6%</td> <td>8.8%</td> <td>0.0%</td>		3.6%	0.6%	8.8%	0.0%
Extortion 1.0% 1.2% 2.7% 0.0% Failure to Appear 0.7% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Family Offense 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Fraud 0.4% 0.3% 0.9% 0.0% Gangs 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Kidnapping 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Larceny 10.0% 17.4% 16.8% 0.0% Miscellaneous/Other 2.3% 0.9% 0.0% 0.0% Murder 0.0% 0.3% 0.0% 0.0% Narcotics 2.9% 9.3% 0.9% 33.3% Obscenity 1.2% 1.5% 0.0% 0.0% Obstruction of Justice 0.8% 1.5% 1.8% 0.0% Parole Violation 0.6% 0.0% 1.8% 0.0% Probation Violation 6.4% 1.8% 16.8% 33.3% Robbery 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0%	Disorderly Conduct	2.2%	1.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Failure to Appear 0.7% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Family Offense 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Fraud 0.4% 0.3% 0.9% 0.0% Gangs 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Kidnapping 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Larceny 10.0% 17.4% 16.8% 0.0% Miscellaneous/Other 2.3% 0.9% 0.0% 0.0% Murder 0.0% 0.3% 0.0% 0.0% Narcotics 2.9% 9.3% 0.9% 33.3% Obscenity 1.2% 1.5% 0.0% 0.0% Obstruction of Justice 0.8% 1.5% 1.8% 0.0% Parole Violation 0.6% 0.0% 1.8% 0.0% Probation Violation 6.4% 1.8% 16.8% 33.3% Robbery 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Sex Offense 0.4% 2.7% 2.7% 33.3% </td <td>Escapes</td> <td>0.0%</td> <td>0.0%</td> <td>0.0%</td> <td>0.0%</td>	Escapes	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Family Offense 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Fraud 0.4% 0.3% 0.9% 0.0% Gangs 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Kidnapping 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Larceny 10.0% 17.4% 16.8% 0.0% Miscellaneous/Other 2.3% 0.9% 0.0% 0.0% Murder 0.0% 0.3% 0.0% 0.0% Narcotics 2.9% 9.3% 0.9% 33.3% Obscenity 1.2% 1.5% 0.0% 0.0% Obstruction of Justice 0.8% 1.5% 1.8% 0.0% Parole Violation 0.6% 0.0% 1.8% 0.0% Probation Violation 6.4% 1.8% 16.8% 33.3% Robbery 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Sex Offense 0.4% 2.7% 2.7% 33.3% Status Offense 33.4% 3.3% 0.9% 0.0% <td>Extortion</td> <td>1.0%</td> <td>1.2%</td> <td>2.7%</td> <td>0.0%</td>	Extortion	1.0%	1.2%	2.7%	0.0%
Fraud 0.4% 0.3% 0.9% 0.0% Gangs 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Kidnapping 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Larceny 10.0% 17.4% 16.8% 0.0% Miscellaneous/Other 2.3% 0.9% 0.0% 0.0% Murder 0.0% 0.3% 0.0% 0.0% Narcotics 2.9% 9.3% 0.9% 33.3% Obscenity 1.2% 1.5% 0.0% 0.0% Obstruction of Justice 0.8% 1.5% 1.8% 0.0% Parole Violation 0.6% 0.0% 1.8% 0.0% Probation Violation 6.4% 1.8% 16.8% 33.3% Robbery 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Sex Offense 0.4% 2.7% 2.7% 33.3% Status Offense 33.4% 3.3% 0.9% 0.0% Trespass 1.4% 1.2%	Failure to Appear	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Gangs 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Kidnapping 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Larceny 10.0% 17.4% 16.8% 0.0% Miscellaneous/Other 2.3% 0.9% 0.0% 0.0% Murder 0.0% 0.3% 0.0% 0.0% Narcotics 2.9% 9.3% 0.9% 33.3% Obscenity 1.2% 1.5% 0.0% 0.0% Obstruction of Justice 0.8% 1.5% 1.8% 0.0% Parole Violation 0.6% 0.0% 1.8% 0.0% Probation Violation 6.4% 1.8% 16.8% 33.3% Robbery 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Sex Offense 0.4% 2.7% 2.7% 33.3% Status Offense 33.4% 3.3% 0.9% 0.0% Trelephone Law 1.4% 1.2% 0.9% 0.0% Trespass 1.4% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0%<	Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Larceny 10.0% 17.4% 16.8% 0.0% Miscellaneous/Other 2.3% 0.9% 0.0% 0.0% Murder 0.0% 0.3% 0.0% 0.0% Narcotics 2.9% 9.3% 0.9% 33.3% Obscenity 1.2% 1.5% 0.0% 0.0% Parole Violation of Justice 0.8% 1.5% 1.8% 0.0% Parole Violation 0.6% 0.0% 1.8% 0.0% Probation Violation 6.4% 1.8% 16.8% 33.3% Robbery 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Sex Offense 0.4% 2.7% 2.7% 33.3% Status Offense 33.4% 3.3% 0.9% 0.0% Telephone Law 1.4% 1.2% 0.9% 0.0% Trespass 1.4% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Vandalism 5.4% 10.8% 1.8% 0.0% <td>Fraud</td> <td>0.4%</td> <td>0.3%</td> <td>0.9%</td> <td>0.0%</td>	Fraud	0.4%	0.3%	0.9%	0.0%
Larceny 10.0% 17.4% 16.8% 0.0% Miscellaneous/Other 2.3% 0.9% 0.0% 0.0% Murder 0.0% 0.3% 0.0% 0.0% Narcotics 2.9% 9.3% 0.9% 33.3% Obscenity 1.2% 1.5% 0.0% 0.0% Obstruction of Justice 0.8% 1.5% 1.8% 0.0% Parole Violation 0.6% 0.0% 1.8% 0.0% Probation Violation 6.4% 1.8% 16.8% 33.3% Robbery 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Sex Offense 0.4% 2.7% 2.7% 33.3% Status Offense 33.4% 3.3% 0.9% 0.0% Telephone Law 1.4% 1.2% 0.9% 0.0% Trespass 1.4% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Vandalism 5.4% 10.8% 1.8% 0.0% Weapons 0.6% 1.2% 0.9% 0.0%	Gangs	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Larceny 10.0% 17.4% 16.8% 0.0% Miscellaneous/Other 2.3% 0.9% 0.0% 0.0% Murder 0.0% 0.3% 0.0% 0.0% Narcotics 2.9% 9.3% 0.9% 33.3% Obscenity 1.2% 1.5% 0.0% 0.0% Obstruction of Justice 0.8% 1.5% 1.8% 0.0% Parole Violation 0.6% 0.0% 1.8% 0.0% Probation Violation 6.4% 1.8% 16.8% 33.3% Robbery 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Sex Offense 0.4% 2.7% 2.7% 33.3% Status Offense 33.4% 3.3% 0.9% 0.0% Telephone Law 1.4% 1.2% 0.9% 0.0% Trespass 1.4% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Vandalism 5.4% 10.8% 1.8% 0.0% Weapons 0.6% 1.2% 0.9% 0.0%	Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder 0.0% 0.3% 0.0% 0.0% Narcotics 2.9% 9.3% 0.9% 33.3% Obscenity 1.2% 1.5% 0.0% 0.0% Obstruction of Justice 0.8% 1.5% 1.8% 0.0% Parole Violation 0.6% 0.0% 1.8% 0.0% Probation Violation 6.4% 1.8% 16.8% 33.3% Robbery 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Sex Offense 0.4% 2.7% 2.7% 33.3% Status Offense 33.4% 3.3% 0.9% 0.0% Telephone Law 1.4% 1.2% 0.9% 0.0% Trespass 1.4% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Vandalism 5.4% 10.8% 1.8% 0.0% Weapons 0.6% 1.2% 0.9% 0.0%		10.0%	17.4%	16.8%	0.0%
Narcotics 2.9% 9.3% 0.9% 33.3% Obscenity 1.2% 1.5% 0.0% 0.0% Obstruction of Justice 0.8% 1.5% 1.8% 0.0% Parole Violation 0.6% 0.0% 1.8% 0.0% Probation Violation 6.4% 1.8% 16.8% 33.3% Robbery 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Sex Offense 0.4% 2.7% 2.7% 33.3% Status Offense 33.4% 3.3% 0.9% 0.0% Telephone Law 1.4% 1.2% 0.9% 0.0% Trespass 1.4% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Vandalism 5.4% 10.8% 1.8% 0.0% Weapons 0.6% 1.2% 0.9% 0.0%	Miscellaneous/Other	2.3%	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Obscenity 1.2% 1.5% 0.0% 0.0% Obstruction of Justice 0.8% 1.5% 1.8% 0.0% Parole Violation 0.6% 0.0% 1.8% 0.0% Probation Violation 6.4% 1.8% 16.8% 33.3% Robbery 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Sex Offense 0.4% 2.7% 2.7% 33.3% Status Offense 33.4% 3.3% 0.9% 0.0% Telephone Law 1.4% 1.2% 0.9% 0.0% Traffic 8.0% 3.3% 0.0% 0.0% Trespass 1.4% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Vandalism 5.4% 10.8% 1.8% 0.0% Weapons 0.6% 1.2% 0.9% 0.0%	Murder	0.0%	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice 0.8% 1.5% 1.8% 0.0% Parole Violation 0.6% 0.0% 1.8% 0.0% Probation Violation 6.4% 1.8% 16.8% 33.3% Robbery 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Sex Offense 0.4% 2.7% 2.7% 33.3% Status Offense 33.4% 3.3% 0.9% 0.0% Telephone Law 1.4% 1.2% 0.9% 0.0% Traffic 8.0% 3.3% 0.0% 0.0% Trespass 1.4% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Vandalism 5.4% 10.8% 1.8% 0.0% Weapons 0.6% 1.2% 0.9% 0.0%	Narcotics	2.9%	9.3%	0.9%	33.3%
Parole Violation 0.6% 0.0% 1.8% 0.0% Probation Violation 6.4% 1.8% 16.8% 33.3% Robbery 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Sex Offense 0.4% 2.7% 2.7% 33.3% Status Offense 33.4% 3.3% 0.9% 0.0% Telephone Law 1.4% 1.2% 0.9% 0.0% Traffic 8.0% 3.3% 0.0% 0.0% Trespass 1.4% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Vandalism 5.4% 10.8% 1.8% 0.0% Weapons 0.6% 1.2% 0.9% 0.0%	Obscenity	1.2%	1.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Probation Violation 6.4% 1.8% 16.8% 33.3% Robbery 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Sex Offense 0.4% 2.7% 2.7% 33.3% Status Offense 33.4% 3.3% 0.9% 0.0% Telephone Law 1.4% 1.2% 0.9% 0.0% Traffic 8.0% 3.3% 0.0% 0.0% Trespass 1.4% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Vandalism 5.4% 10.8% 1.8% 0.0% Weapons 0.6% 1.2% 0.9% 0.0%	Obstruction of Justice	0.8%	1.5%	1.8%	0.0%
Robbery 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Sex Offense 0.4% 2.7% 2.7% 33.3% Status Offense 33.4% 3.3% 0.9% 0.0% Telephone Law 1.4% 1.2% 0.9% 0.0% Traffic 8.0% 3.3% 0.0% 0.0% Trespass 1.4% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Vandalism 5.4% 10.8% 1.8% 0.0% Weapons 0.6% 1.2% 0.9% 0.0%	Parole Violation	0.6%	0.0%		0.0%
Sex Offense 0.4% 2.7% 2.7% 33.3% Status Offense 33.4% 3.3% 0.9% 0.0% Telephone Law 1.4% 1.2% 0.9% 0.0% Traffic 8.0% 3.3% 0.0% 0.0% Trespass 1.4% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Vandalism 5.4% 10.8% 1.8% 0.0% Weapons 0.6% 1.2% 0.9% 0.0%	Probation Violation	6.4%	1.8%	16.8%	33.3%
Status Offense 33.4% 3.3% 0.9% 0.0% Telephone Law 1.4% 1.2% 0.9% 0.0% Traffic 8.0% 3.3% 0.0% 0.0% Trespass 1.4% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Vandalism 5.4% 10.8% 1.8% 0.0% Weapons 0.6% 1.2% 0.9% 0.0%	Robbery	0.0%			0.0%
Telephone Law 1.4% 1.2% 0.9% 0.0% Traffic 8.0% 3.3% 0.0% 0.0% Trespass 1.4% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Vandalism 5.4% 10.8% 1.8% 0.0% Weapons 0.6% 1.2% 0.9% 0.0%		0.4%			33.3%
Traffic 8.0% 3.3% 0.0% 0.0% Trespass 1.4% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Vandalism 5.4% 10.8% 1.8% 0.0% Weapons 0.6% 1.2% 0.9% 0.0%	Status Offense	33.4%	3.3%	0.9%	0.0%
Trespass 1.4% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Vandalism 5.4% 10.8% 1.8% 0.0% Weapons 0.6% 1.2% 0.9% 0.0%		1.4%		0.9%	0.0%
Vandalism 5.4% 10.8% 1.8% 0.0% Weapons 0.6% 1.2% 0.9% 0.0%		8.0%		0.0%	0.0%
Weapons 0.6% 1.2% 0.9% 0.0%	Trespass	1.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
	Vandalism	5.4%			0.0%
Total Lyvenile Offenses 1 242 333 113					0.0%
10tal favorine Officials 1,272 333 113	Total Juvenile Offenses	1,242	333	113	3

^{*} Offense data for new probation cases is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. As of FY 2008, multiple offenses per probation case are recorded.

CSU Workload Information, FY 2010

Completed Reports		Activity	ADP
Pre-Dispositional Reports	51	Probation*	171
Post-Dispositional Reports	71	Parole	5
Transfer Reports	1	Intensive Prob.	0
Custody Investigations	0	Commitments	3

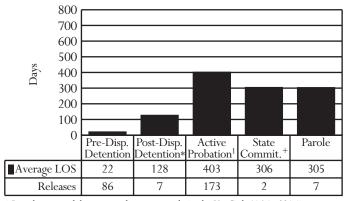
^{*} Data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because workload codes 20, 21, and 22 have been included since that fiscal year.

OFFENSE SEVERITY, FY 2010*

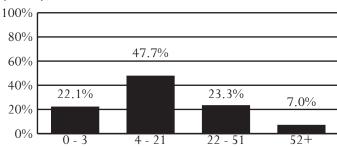
Offense Severity of the Most Serious Offense (See Appendix K for more info)	Juvenile Intake Cases	New Probation Cases ¹	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	2.9%	11.8%	14.1%	50.0%
- Weapons/Narcotics	0.4%	1.5%	1.2%	50.0%
- Other	7.5%	21.3%	22.4%	0.0%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	11.9%	32.4%	23.5%	0.0%
- Other	17.5%	23.5%	1.2%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation	8.3%	0.7%	24.7%	0.0%
Court Order Violation	4.6%	1.5%	11.8%	0.0%
Status Offense	39.5%	1.5%	1.2%	0.0%
Other	7.3%	5.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Cases/ Placements/Commitments	1,009	136	85	2
% of Statewide	1.85%	2.39%	1.08%	0.30%

^{*} A single intake, probation, placement, or commitment may involve multiple offenses.

AVERAGE LOS, FY 2010 RELEASES



^{*} Post-dispositional detention with programs only (under Va. Code §16.1 - 284.1)



^{*} Selected intervals are consistent with applicable citations in the Code of Virginia.

⁺ Appealed cases are included

 $^{^{1}}$ Data is not comparable to $\it Data$ $\it Resource$ $\it Guides$ prior to FY 2008 due to methodological changes.



Region I -- Director: R. Wayne McClelland

122 Municipal Avenue Gate City, Virginia 24251 276-386-9561

City of Norton Counties of Lee, Scott, and Wise

Intake Complaints, FY 2008-2010

Domestic Relations	2008	2009	2010
Dom. Rel./Child Welfare	2,284	2,433	2,295
Juvenile Complaints			
Felony	84	133	125
Class 1 Misdemeanor	397	389	314
Class 2-4 Misdemeanor	52	50	47
CHINS/CHINSup (Status)	226	272	254
Other			
Technical Violations	99	79	57
Traffic	9	2	4
Other	10	17	24
Total Juvenile Complaints	877	942	825
Total Complaints	3,161	3,375	3,120

INTAKE DISPOSITION OF JUVENILE COMPLAINTS, FY 2010¹

Intake Disposition	2010
Petitions	
Petition Filed	77.3%
Unsuccessful Diversion	0.2%
Detention Order with Petition	9.7%
Detention Order Only	0.0%
Resolved/Diverted	5.7%
Other	7.0%
Total Juvenile Complaints	825

¹ Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008 included only successful diversions. Since then, data includes all diversions.

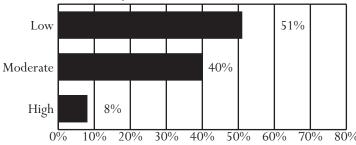
Juvenile Intake Cases, FY 2008-2010*

1 1 2000	2010	
2008	2009	2010
3.1%	3.2%	4.9%
96.0%	95.6%	92.9%
0.9%	1.2%	2.3%
1.9%	1.4%	1.5%
67.2%	59.8%	65.6%
32.8%	40.2%	34.4%
6.4%	8.0%	8.8%
7.2%	7.1%	6.4%
12.1%	14.6%	12.9%
17.2%	18.9%	16.7%
26.6%	23.6%	27.5%
26.8%	25.6%	26.7%
2.7%	1.4%	0.3%
0.9%	0.8%	0.8%
745	774	659
	2008 3.1% 96.0% 0.9% 1.9% 67.2% 32.8% 6.4% 7.2% 12.1% 17.2% 26.6% 26.8% 2.7% 0.9%	2008 2009 3.1% 3.2% 96.0% 95.6% 0.9% 1.2% 1.9% 1.4% 67.2% 59.8% 32.8% 40.2% 6.4% 8.0% 7.2% 7.1% 12.1% 14.6% 17.2% 18.9% 26.6% 23.6% 2.7% 1.4% 0.9% 0.8%

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

- U.S. Census Data:
 - Between calendar years 1990 and 2000, the juvenile population (ages 10-17) decreased 17% (from 11,570 to 9,585). The juvenile population on July 1st, 2009 was 8,754.
- Intakes (FY 2010):
 - 659 juvenile intakes and 825 juvenile complaints (average of 1.3 complaints per intake)
- Intake Trends (FY 2008-2010):
 - Domestic relations complaints increased less than 1%.
 - Juvenile complaints decreased 6%.
 - Juvenile felony complaints increased 49%.
 - CHINS/CHINSup complaints increased 12%.
- Intake Disposition (FY 2010):
 - A petition was filed in response to 87% of juvenile complaints. 6% of juvenile complaints were resolved or diverted.
- Time Frames (FY 2010):
 - The average time from intake to adjudication was 69 days.
 - The average time from RDC's reception of commitment papers to RDC admission was 9 days (excludes subsequent commitments).
- Risk Assessment / YASI (FY 2010):
 - 167 assessments completed; 51% had a low score, versus 33% statewide
- Most Common Juvenile Offense Category (FY 2010):
 - Intake Status Offense
 - Probation Status Offense
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention Status Offense
 - Commitment Assault
- Average Length of Stay (FY 2010):
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention 27 days, versus 22 statewide
 - Commitment to the State 7.0 months, versus 14.0 statewide
- Detention-Eligible Intake Cases (FY 2010):
 - The 30th District had 370 detention-eligible intake cases and 87 pre-dispositional detention placements, for a rate of 4.3 eligible intakes per detention placement.

RISK ASSESSMENT / YASI RESULTS, FY 2010*



^{*} Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because some CSUs began using the YASI during that fiscal year. Data presented combines the Risk Assessment Instrument and the YASI when applicable and includes YASI results of "no risk" in the "low risk" category.



OFFENSE CATEGORY, I	1 201	.0		
Offense Category (See Appendix I for the full list of Miscellaneous/Other Offenses)	Intake Complaints	New Probation Cases*	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Domestic Relat	ions/Chil	d Welfare	Offenses	
Custody	59.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	5.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Protective Orders	14.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other DR/CW	21.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total DR/CW Offenses	2,295	0	0	0
	venile Of	fenses		
Abusive Language	1.2%	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol	5.1%	3.5%	4.2%	0.0%
Arson	0.4%	1.8%	1.7%	0.0%
Assault	13.6%	18.7%	12.5%	27.8%
Burglary	2.8%	2.5%	4.2%	5.6%
Contempt of Court	0.8%	0.4%	2.5%	5.6%
Disorderly Conduct	0.6%	1.4%	0.8%	0.0%
Escapes	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Extortion	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	1.5%	1.1%	7.5%	0.0%
Gangs	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	5.6%
Kidnapping	0.5%	0.0%	0.8%	0.0%
Larceny	11.6%	5.7%	6.7%	5.6%
Miscellaneous/Other	4.6%	11.0%	2.5%	5.6%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics	3.9%	9.2%	2.5%	5.6%
Obscenity	0.7%	2.1%	0.8%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	1.3%	1.4%	2.5%	0.0%
Parole Violation	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Probation Violation	5.9%	0.4%	14.2%	0.0%
Robbery	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	22.2%
Sex Offense	2.1%	1.8%	10.0%	0.0%
Status Offense	30.5%	23.3%	16.7%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic	3.2%	1.1%	0.8%	0.0%
Trespass	2.3%	2.8%	2.5%	5.6%
Vandalism	5.2%	8.5%	5.8%	11.1%
Weapons	1.7%	2.8%	0.8%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Offenses	825	283	120	18
<u> </u>				

^{*} Offense data for new probation cases is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. As of FY 2008, multiple offenses per probation case are recorded.

CSU Workload Information, FY 2010

Completed Reports		Activity	ADP
Pre-Dispositional Reports	53	Probation*	131
Post-Dispositional Reports	115	Parole	1
Transfer Reports	1	Intensive Prob.	0
Custody Investigations	0	Commitments	3

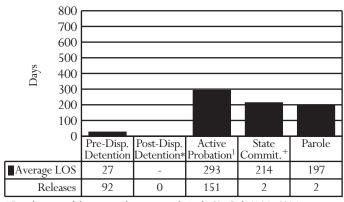
^{*} Data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because workload codes 20, 21, and 22 have been included since that fiscal year.

OFFENSE SEVERITY, FY 2010*

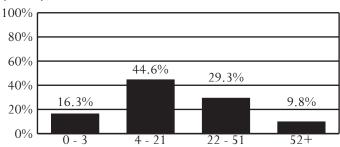
Offense Severity of the Most Serious Offense (See Appendix K for more info)	Juvenile Intake Cases	New Probation Cases ¹	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	4.4%	6.2%	9.2%	66.7%
- Weapons/Narcotics	0.8%	1.5%	1.1%	0.0%
- Other	6.1%	6.9%	9.2%	33.3%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	15.5%	17.7%	14.9%	0.0%
- Other	21.2%	21.5%	16.1%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation	7.1%	0.0%	19.5%	0.0%
Court Order Violation	1.1%	0.0%	3.4%	0.0%
Status Offense	35.5%	26.2%	23.0%	0.0%
Other	8.3%	20.0%	3.4%	0.0%
Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Cases/ Placements/Commitments	659	130	87	3
% of Statewide	1.21%	2.28%	1.11%	0.45%

^{*} A single intake, probation, placement, or commitment may involve multiple offenses.

AVERAGE LOS, FY 2010 RELEASES



^{*} Post-dispositional detention with programs only (under Va. Code §16.1 - 284.1)



st Selected intervals are consistent with applicable citations in the Code of Virginia.

Appealed cases are included.

 $^{^{1}}$ Data is not comparable to $\it Data$ $\it Resource$ $\it Guides$ prior to FY 2008 due to methodological changes.



Region II -- Director: Jeffrey S. Homan

9540 Center Street, Suite 200 Manassas, Virginia 20110 703-792-6200

Cities of Manassas and Manassas Park County of Prince William

Intake Complaints, FY 2008-2010

Domestic Relations	2008	2009	2010
Dom. Rel./Child Welfare	4,536	4,743	4,884
Juvenile Complaints			
Felony	962	1,052	1,040
Class 1 Misdemeanor	1,760	1,646	1,630
Class 2-4 Misdemeanor	320	304	338
CHINS/CHINSup (Status)	220	247	199
Other			
Technical Violations	545	474	370
Traffic	5	17	7
Other	15	15	3
Total Juvenile Complaints	3,827	3,755	3,587
Total Complaints	8,363	8,498	8,471

INTAKE DISPOSITION OF JUVENILE COMPLAINTS, FY 2010¹

Intake Disposition	2010
Petitions	
Petition Filed	52.3%
Unsuccessful Diversion	1.4%
Detention Order with Petition	18.6%
Detention Order Only	0.0%
Resolved/Diverted	24.9%
Other	2.8%
Total Juvenile Complaints	3,587

¹ Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008 included only successful diversions. Since then, data includes all diversions.

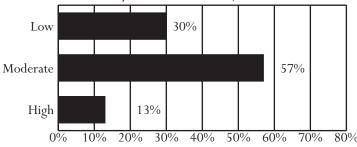
Juvenile Intake Cases, FY 2008-2010*

1 2000	2010	
2008	2009	2010
37.5%	38.1%	38.9%
45.0%	46.6%	43.7%
17.5%	15.3%	17.4%
18.2%	20.1%	21.8%
72.5%	71.9%	70.2%
27.5%	28.1%	29.8%
4.7%	4.4%	5.0%
6.7%	5.5%	6.9%
12.8%	12.5%	12.7%
20.2%	18.6%	20.4%
25.7%	27.0%	24.4%
26.3%	28.8%	27.3%
3.5%	2.7%	2.8%
0.1%	0.4%	0.5%
2,898	2,712	2,579
	2008 37.5% 45.0% 17.5% 18.2% 72.5% 27.5% 4.7% 6.7% 12.8% 20.2% 25.7% 26.3% 3.5% 0.1%	37.5% 38.1% 45.0% 46.6% 17.5% 15.3% 18.2% 20.1% 72.5% 71.9% 27.5% 28.1% 4.7% 4.4% 6.7% 5.5% 12.8% 12.5% 20.2% 18.6% 25.7% 27.0% 26.3% 28.8% 3.5% 2.7% 0.1% 0.4%

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

- U.S. Census Data:
 - Between calendar years 1990 and 2000, the juvenile population (ages 10-17) increased 40% (from 30,382 to 42,556). The juvenile population on July 1st, 2009 was 51,065.
- Intakes (FY 2010):
 - 2,579 juvenile intakes and 3,587 juvenile complaints (average of 1.4 complaints per intake)
- Intake Trends (FY 2008-2010):
 - Domestic relations complaints increased 8%.
 - Juvenile complaints decreased 6%.
 - Juvenile felony complaints increased 8%.
 - CHINS/CHINSup complaints decreased 10%.
- Intake Disposition (FY 2010):
 - A petition was filed in response to 72% of juvenile complaints. 25% of juvenile complaints were resolved or diverted.
- Time Frames (FY 2010):
 - The average time from intake to adjudication was 68 days.
 - The average time from RDC's reception of commitment papers to RDC admission was 5 days (excludes subsequent commitments).
- Risk Assessment / YASI (FY 2010):
 - 421 assessments completed; 57% had a moderate score, versus 47% statewide
- Most Common Juvenile Offense Category (FY 2010):
 - Intake Larceny
 - Probation Larceny or Assault
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention Assault or Larceny
 - Commitment Larceny
- Average Length of Stay (FY 2010):
 - Pre-Dispositional Detention 21 days, versus 22 statewide
 - Commitment to the State 11.2 months, versus 14.0 statewide
- Detention-Eligible Intake Cases (FY 2010):
 - The 31st District had 2,135 detention-eligible intake cases and 364 pre-dispositional detention placements, for a rate of 5.9 eligible intakes per detention placement.

RISK ASSESSMENT / YASI RESULTS, FY 2010*



^{*} Data is not comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008 because some CSUs began using the YASI during that fiscal year. Data presented combines the Risk Assessment Instrument and the YASI when applicable and includes YASI results of "no risk" in the "low risk" category.



Offense Category, FY 2010

Offense Category (See Appendix I for the full list of Miscellaneous/Other Offenses)	Intake Complaints	New Probation Cases*	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Domestic Relat				<u>د</u> 0
Custody	66.2%	60.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	12.8%	20.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Protective Orders	18.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other DR/CW	2.3%	20.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total DR/CW Offenses	4,884	5	0.070	0.070
	venile Of	-		
Abusive Language	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol	3.5%	2.3%	1.0%	0.0%
Arson	0.9%	0.5%	0.4%	0.0%
Assault	14.1%	18.1%	15.8%	13.2%
Burglary	3.5%	7.2%	7.6%	13.2%
Contempt of Court	2.0%	0.7%	2.0%	1.1%
Disorderly Conduct	3.5%	2.4%	1.9%	0.0%
Escapes	0.1%	0.0%	0.4%	0.0%
Extortion	0.3%	0.6%	0.3%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	3.3%	0.7%	7.8%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	2.5%	1.8%	0.9%	2.2%
Gangs	0.4%	1.8%	0.9%	1.1%
Kidnapping	0.4%	0.0%	0.9%	0.0%
Larceny	22.1%	19.1%	14.6%	23.1%
Miscellaneous/Other	0.8%	0.9%	1.2%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics	8.2%	9.0%	3.4%	4.4%
Obscenity	1.8%	1.7%	1.2%	3.3%
Obstruction of Justice	2.9%	1.6%	3.1%	4.4%
Parole Violation	0.3%	0.0%	0.4%	0.0%
Probation Violation	7.7%	0.6%	9.1%	8.8%
Robbery	1.7%	3.4%	6.4%	4.4%
Sex Offense	1.6%	4.4%	5.9%	8.8%
Status Offense	5.4%	8.1%	0.3%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.1%	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic	2.3%	1.7%	2.0%	5.5%
Trespass	2.5%	1.3%	0.7%	1.1%
Vandalism	6.1%	8.5%	6.7%	5.5%
Weapons	2.2%	3.2%	5.0%	0.0%
* Offense data for new probation of	3,587	873	683	91

^{*} Offense data for new probation cases is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. As of FY 2008, multiple offenses per probation case are recorded.

CSU Workload Information, FY 2010

Completed Reports	Activity	ADP	
Pre-Dispositional Reports	60	Probation*	289
Post-Dispositional Reports	110	Parole	17
Transfer Reports	3	Intensive Prob.	67
Custody Investigations	0	Commitments	34

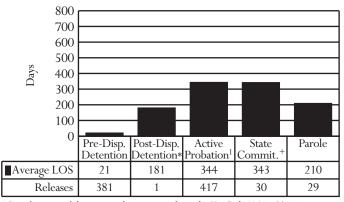
^{*} Data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 because workload codes 20, 21, and 22 have been included since that fiscal year.

OFFENSE SEVERITY, FY 2010*

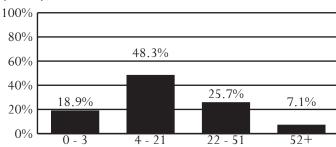
Offense Severity of the Most Serious Offense (See Appendix K for more info)	Juvenile Intake Cases	New Probation Cases ¹	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	7.2%	18.1%	27.5%	40.7%
- Weapons/Narcotics	1.4%	5.2%	3.0%	7.4%
- Other	14.4%	26.6%	19.8%	44.4%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	15.4%	18.6%	8.5%	3.7%
- Other	31.2%	20.1%	16.5%	3.7%
Prob./Parole Violation	10.4%	0.0%	17.3%	0.0%
Court Order Violation	2.7%	1.1%	4.4%	0.0%
Status Offense	7.1%	6.3%	0.5%	0.0%
Other	10.1%	4.0%	2.5%	0.0%
Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Juvenile Cases/ Placements/Commitments	2,579	349	364	27
% of Statewide	4.73%	6.13%	4.63%	4.08%

 $[\]hbox{*A single intake, probation, placement, or commitment may involve multiple offenses.}\\$

AVERAGE LOS, FY 2010 RELEASES



^{*} Post-dispositional detention with programs only (under Va. Code §16.1 - 284.1)



^{*} Selected intervals are consistent with applicable citations in the Code of Virginia.

⁺ Appealed cases are included

¹Data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008 due to methodological changes.



CSU Trends, FY 2008-2010

JUVENILE INTAKE CASES, NEW PROBATION CASES*, PRE-DISPOSITIONAL DETENTION PLACEMENTS, AND COMMITMENTS TO DJJ

Danian ¹	Diatuiat	Juveni	le Intake	Cases	New P	robatio	n Cases	Pre-	D Deten	tion	Comm	itments 1	to DJJ
Region ¹	District	2008	2009	2010	2008	2009	2010	2008	2009	2010	2008	2009	2010
1	10	1,498	1,461	1,218	137	116	114	205	197	170	13	16	5
	21	704	682	590	155	156	128	88	72	38	8	10	11
	22	1,631	1,559	1,253	134	168	156	243	213	159	38	25	26
	23	1,051	1,211	1,089	31	31	23	137	134	142	4	2	6
	23A	1,373	1,306	960	88	76	42	314	323	200	18	21	17
	24	1,991	1,869	1,675	210	241	210	252	245	206	25	13	19
	25	1,620	1,433	1,298	111	90	73	159	133	119	20	13	4
	26	2,387	2,286	2,043	169	163	167	309	259	245	22	20	19
	27	1,559	1,582	1,373	193	200	148	160	141	147	5	3	8
	28	756	860	731	103	170	119	92	81	73	4	5	1
	29	908	1,036	1,009	145	164	136	88	92	85	3	4	2
	30	745	774	659	122	142	130	95	100	87	1	3	3
2	6	992	884	721	57	58	61	166	172	110	13	16	10
	11	1,085	1,055	1,006	114	89	73	279	258	153	34	42	36
	14	2,965	2,894	2,376	478	458	370	922	840	684	36	50	56
	15	3,962	4,023	3,524	354	328	272	885	786	626	60	51	40
	16	2,124	1,883	1,772	325	303	255	283	213	194	33	32	21
	17	1,291	1,460	1,613	207	212	253	316	347	346	18	15	19
	17F	63	78	88	7	13	8	18	15	25	0	0	0
	18	940	1,059	1,010	135	165	140	145	139	150	11	12	4
	19	5,422	5,458	4,499	990	821	587	996	955	509	31	41	31
	20L	1,273	1,315	1,184	180	182	173	229	240	195	8	12	4
	20W	299	283	295	99	116	106	40	30	43	6	2	4
	31	2,898	2,712	2,579	436	412	349	436	474	364	36	34	27
3	1	1,995	1,924	1,645	283	216	270	199	227	196	14	16	8
	2	2,758	2,343	2,038	275	218	201	489	466	344	55	48	30
	2A	417	404	341	59	67	48	86	34	32	10	7	12
	3	892	1,132	1,187	104	97	80	204	179	131	38	20	16
	4	2,470	2,398	2,068	224	174	215	480	452	384	48	51	34
	5	901	806	764	81	74	73	174	141	130	26	20	19
	7	3,220	3,967	3,095	282	246	219	401	453	386	48	57	35
	8	2,222	1,864	1,742	104	76	74	276	253	195	24	37	28
	9	1,635	1,465	1,420	61	78	62	228	191	156	15	15	19
	12	3,759	4,072	3,978	112	105	167	482	494	435	31	40	37
	13	2,141	1,838	1,631	257	212	189	722	584	401	62	67	51
To	tal	61,947	61,376	54,474	6,822	6,437	5,691	10,598	9,933	7,860	818	820	662

^{*} Offense data for new probation cases is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to 2008. Since then, multiple offenses per probation case have been recorded. During FY 2009, CSUs 6, 11, and 26 were reassigned to new regions.

- Juvenile Intake Cases decreased 12.1%.
- New Probation Cases decreased 16.6%.
- Pre-Dispositional Detention Placements decreased 25.8%.
- Commitments to DJJ decreased 19.1%.

All data were downloaded on 11/10/2010. Any changes after that date are not reflected in this book.

[•] To account for variations in reporting across jurisdictions, a single intake case includes all complaints reported for a single juvenile, on a single day, within a single locality.

Between FY 2008 and FY 2010:



Virginia Juvenile Community Crime Control Act (VJCCCA)

A legislative study on the lack of alternatives to detention and substantial revisions to the juvenile code led the 1995 session of the Virginia General Assembly to pass the Virginia Juvenile Community Crime Control Act (VJCCCA) "to establish a community-based system of progressive intensive sanctions and services that correspond to the severity of offense and treatment needs" (Va. Code §16.1-309.2). The purpose of VJCCCA is "to deter crime by providing immediate, effective punishment that emphasizes accountability of the juvenile offender for his actions as well as reduces the pattern of repeat offending."

Since January 1996, funding has been allocated to each local governing body (an independent city or county) through a formula based on factors including number and types of arrests in a locality and average daily cost for serving a child. In order to maintain their commitment to youth, participating localities must maintain the same level of contribution to these programs that they made in 1995.

LOCALITIES DEVELOP PLANS

To participate in VJCCCA, each jurisdiction must develop a plan for how it will use the funding and have that plan approved by the Board of Juvenile Justice. Some localities have combined programs and funding across jurisdictions. Communities are given substantial autonomy and flexibility to address local juvenile crime patterns. Development of the plan requires consultation with judges, CSU directors, and Comprehensive Services Act (CSA) Community Policy and Management Teams (an interagency body that manages the expenditure of CSA state funding to serve children and families). The local governing body designates who will be responsible for managing the plan. In over one-half of the localities, this responsibility has been delegated to the CSU.

All funding must be used to serve "juveniles before intake on complaints or the court on petitions alleging that the juvenile is a child in need of services, child in need of supervision or delinquent" (Va. Code §16.1-309.2). Local governing bodies may provide services directly or purchase them from other public or private agencies. No specific types of programs or services are required, although a menu of permissible activities is in place. The intent is for programs and services to be developed to fit the needs of each locality.

PROGRAMS INCLUDED

In FY 2010,VJCCCA served over 11,000 youth through residential and non-residential programs and services, including group homes; family-oriented group homes; crisis intervention and shelter care; outreach detention and electronic monitoring; intensive supervision; case management; substance abuse assessment and treatment; sex offender assessment and treatment; mental health assessments; individual, group, and family counseling; homebased, in-home, or family preservation services; mentoring; community service; restitution/restorative justice; after-school or extended day services; academic improvement; employment/vocational programs; shoplifting programs; law-related education; anger management; parenting skills; life skills; and individually purchased services to meet specific needs.

Services Provided, FY 2010

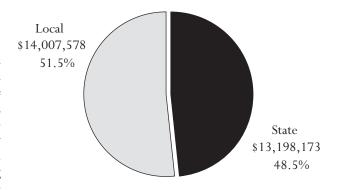
Services	
Juveniles Placed	11,311
Total Program Placements	19,764
Average Placements per Juvenile	1.8
Juveniles Eligible for Detention	81.1%

JUVENILE DEMOGRAPHICS¹, FY 2010

Demographics	Total	%
Race		
Black	5,330	47.1%
White	5,409	47.8%
Other	572	5.1%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	549	4.9%
Sex		
Male	7,776	68.7%
Female	3,535	31.3%
Age		
Under 13	448	4.0%
13	655	5.8%
14	1,315	11.6%
15	2,188	19.3%
16	2,868	25.4%
17	3,298	29.2%
18 and older	539	4.8%
Total Juveniles	11,311	100%

Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

Funding Source, FY 2010



All data were downloaded on 11/10/2010. Any changes after that date are not reflected in this book.



PLACEMENTS BY STATUS, FY 2010

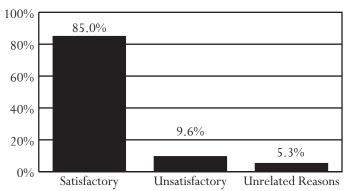
Dispositional	Residential Status						
Ŝtatus	Residential	Non-Residential					
Pre-Dispositional	1,129 (5.7%)	10,645 (53.9%)					
Post-Dispositional	381 (1.9%)	7,609 (38.5%)					

PLACEMENTS BY TYPE OF SERVICE, FY 2010

Service Type	Total	%
Public Safety	7,280	36.8%
Outreach/Electronic Monitoring	4,738	24.0%
Intensive Supervision, Survelliance	1,390	7.0%
Crisis Intervention and Shelter Care	1,152	5.8%
Competency	7,714	39.0%
Anger Management Programs	885	4.5%
Case Management	571	2.9%
Home-Based or Family Preservation	232	1.2%
Individual, Group, Family Counseling	181	0.9%
Shoplifting Programs	837	4.2%
Employment/Vocational	128	0.6%
Academic Improvement Programs	35	0.2%
After School or Extended Day	315	1.6%
Parenting Skills	188	1.0%
Life Skills	96	0.5%
Mentoring	134	0.7%
Law Related Education	488	2.5%
Subst. Abuse Education/Treatment	703	3.6%
Sex Offender Education/Treatment	11	0.1%
Substance Abuse Assessment	2,649	13.4%
Mental Health Assessment	259	1.3%
Sex Offender Assessment	2	0.0%
Accountability	4,112	20.8%
Restitution/Restorative Justice	369	1.9%
Community Service	3,743	18.9%
Group Homes	358	1.8%
Family-Oriented Group Homes	1	0.0%
Group Homes	357	1.8%
Individually Purchased Services	300	1.5%
Missing	0	0.0%
Total	19,764	100%

- Program Services Provided:
 - 11,311 juveniles received services in 19,764 program placements for an average of 1.8 placements per juvenile.
 - 81% of FY 2010 juveniles met the statutory criteria for detention.
- VJCCCA Funding:
 - The state and localities spent a combined total of \$27,205,751 on services.
 - Approximately one-half of funding expended on VJCCCA was state funding.
- Placements by Status:
 - Residential program placements typically provide more intensive public safety and/or competency services than non-residential programming; 8% of placements fell into this category in FY 2010. Non-residential program placements accounted for 92%.
 - 40% of program placements were post-dispositional.
- Placements by Type of Service:
 - 37% of VJCCCA program placements focused on public safety through outreach/electronic monitoring, intensive supervision and surveillance, and crisis intervention and shelter care.
 - Competency services accounted for 39% of program placements.
 - Accountability programs (e.g., community service, restitution, and restorative justice) provided services to 21% of VJCCCA placements.
- Program Placement Completions Reported by VJCCCA Programs:
 - 85% completed the programs satisfactorily. The specific criteria for satisfactory completion are determined by each program.
 - 10% were unsatisfactory completions.
 - 5% left the programs due to unrelated reasons such as status changes, program closures, or juvenile relocation.

PLACEMENTS BY COMPLETION STATUS, FY 2010





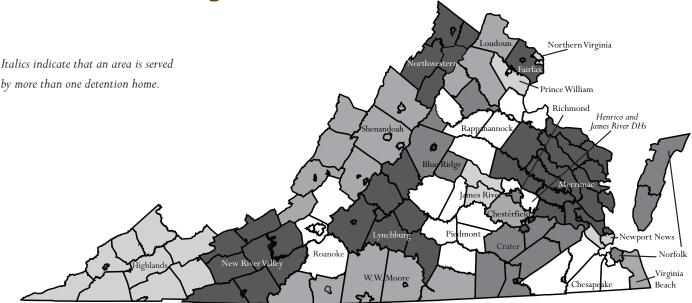


Juveniles from Dinwiddie County's First Time Offenders Program participating in team building activities at the Chesterfield Challenge Course





Service Areas for Virginia's Juvenile Detention Homes



Blue Ridge Juvenile Detention Home – City of Charlottesville and counties of Albemarle, Culpeper, Fluvanna, and Greene

Chesapeake Juvenile Services — Cities of Chesapeake, Franklin, Portsmouth, and Suffolk, and counties of Isle of Wight and Southampton

Chesterfield Juvenile Detention Home – City of Colonial Heights and Chesterfield County

Crater Juvenile Detention Home – Cities of Emporia, Hopewell, and Petersburg, and counties of Brunswick, Dinwiddie, Greensville, Prince George, Surry, and Sussex

Fairfax County Juvenile Detention Center – Fairfax City and County

Henrico Juvenile Detention Home - Henrico County

Highlands Juvenile Detention Center — Cities of Bristol and Norton and counties of Buchanan, Dickenson, Lee, Russell, Scott, Smyth, Tazewell, Washington, and Wise

James River Juvenile Detention Center – Counties of Goochland, Henrico, and Powhatan

Loudoun County Juvenile Detention Center – Counties of Fauquier, Loudoun, and Rappahannock

Lynchburg Regional Juvenile Detention Center — Cities of Bedford and Lynchburg and counties of Amherst, Appomattox, Bedford, Campbell, Charlotte, and Nelson

Merrimac Center — Cities of Poquoson and Williamsburg and counties of Caroline, Charles City, Essex, Gloucester, Hanover, James City, King & Queen, King William, Lancaster, Mathews, Middlesex, New Kent, Northumberland, Richmond, Westmoreland, and York

New River Valley Juvenile Detention Home – Cities of Galax and Radford and counties of Bland, Carroll, Floyd, Giles, Grayson, Montgomery, Pulaski, and Wythe

Newport News Secure Detention – Cities of Hampton and Newport News

Norfolk Juvenile Detention Center – City of Norfolk and counties of Accomack and Northampton

Northern Virginia Juvenile Detention Home – Cities of Alexandria and Falls Church and Arlington County

Northwestern Regional Juvenile Detention Center – City of Winchester and counties of Clarke, Frederick, Page, Shenandoah, and Warren

Piedmont Regional Juvenile Detention Center – Counties of Amelia, Buckingham, Cumberland, Lunenburg, Nottoway, and Prince Edward

Prince William County Juvenile Detention Home – Cities of Manassas and Manassas Park and Prince William County

Rappahannock Juvenile Detention Center – City of Fredericksburg and counties of King George, Louisa, Madison, Orange, Spotsylvania, and Stafford

Richmond Juvenile Detention Home – City of Richmond Roanoke Valley Juvenile Detention Center – Cities of Covington, Roanoke, and Salem, and counties of Alleghany, Botetourt, Craig, Franklin, and Roanoke

Shenandoah Valley Juvenile Center — Cities of Buena Vista, Harrisonburg, Lexington, Staunton, and Waynesboro, and counties of Augusta, Bath, Highland, Rockbridge, and Rockingham

Virginia Beach Juvenile Detention Center – City of Virginia Beach

W.W. Moore, Jr. Home for Juveniles – Cities of Danville and Martinsville and counties of Halifax, Henry, Mecklenburg, Patrick, and Pittsylvania

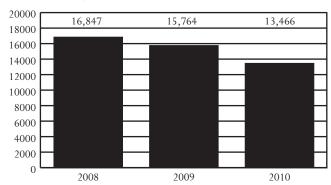


Statewide Activity for Detention Homes

Total Capacity: 1,425 beds

In FY 2010, there were 24 secure detention facilities throughout the Commonwealth. These community-based, residential facilities provide temporary care for delinquents and alleged delinquents requiring secure custody pending court disposition or placement. Twelve of these facilities are locally operated, and 12 are run by commissions (political entities comprised of three or more localities). According to the Census of Juveniles in Residential Placement Databook, Virginia ranked 12th highest for the number of detained youth per 100,000 in 2007 among the 38 states with an upper age of jurisdiction of 17.

ADMISSIONS, FY 2008-2010



DAI Scores at Admission*, FY 2008-2010

DAI Scores	2008	2009	2010
0-9 (Release)	16.8%	16.6%	16.6%
10-14 (Detention Alternative)	22.7%	22.5%	23.1%
15+ (Secure Detention)	56.9%	57.5%	55.0%
Missing	3.6%	3.4%	5.2%

*Only includes Pre-D and "non-judge ordered" cases

Admissions by Demographics*, FY 2008-2010

Demographics	2008	2009	2010
Race			
Black	55.0%	53.7%	53.8%
White	36.9%	38.8%	40.1%
Other	8.1%	7.5%	6.1%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	7.2%	8.2%	8.5%
Sex			
Male	78.3%	78.5%	76.9%
Female	21.7%	21.5%	23.1%
Age			
8-12	1.1%	1.2%	1.3%
13	4.1%	3.1%	3.1%
14	11.1%	10.1%	9.7%
15	20.5%	20.3%	19.3%
16	28.4%	29.8%	29.5%
17	34.3%	35.2%	36.8%
18-20	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%
Error/Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%
Total Admissions	16,847	15,764	13,466

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

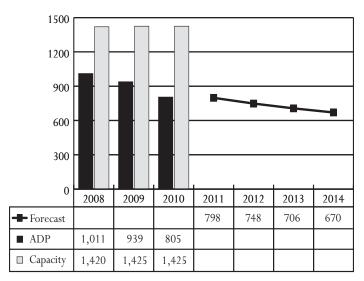
- Source of Admissions (FY 2010):
 - 49.2%, 28.7%, and 22.1% of admissions were from the Northern, Eastern, and Western regions, respectively.
 - Weekender admissions were counted as a single admission.
- Juveniles Admitted to Detention (FY 2010):
 - 4,839 juveniles were admitted once to detention and 2,698 juveniles were admitted multiple times, for a total of 7,537 juveniles and 13,466 detention admissions.
- Admission Trends:
 - Admissions decreased 20% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and 15% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
- DAI Scores at Admission (FY 2010):
 - Of the juveniles who were detained, 55.0% had a DAI score indicating secure detention.
 - Of the juveniles who received a score of less than 15, 24.8% had mandatory overrides.
- Most Common Offense Category (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Pre-D Probation/Parole Violation (20.3%)
 - Post-D Probation/Parole Violation (26.0%)
- Offense Severity (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Felony 40.3% of Pre-D; 17.6% of Post-D
 - Class 1 Misdemeanor 25.2% of Pre-D; 27.6% of Post-D
 - Probation/Parole Violation 20.6% of Pre-D; 26.8% of Post-D
- Average Daily Population (ADP):
 - ADP decreased 20% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and 14% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
 - ADP has consistently been below capacity.
- Average Length of Stay (LOS):
 - In order to accurately account for movement of juveniles between facilities, LOS is calculated at the detaining CSU level. For specific LOS data, refer to pages for CSUs served by a specific detention home.
- Child Care Days (CCD):
 - Total number of CCD for FY 2010 was 293,708. This is a 14.5% decrease from the previous fiscal year (343,469 CCD).
- Dispositional Status:
 - 8,993 pre-dispositional admissions
 - 4,091 post-dispositional admissions without programs, including 411 weekend admissions
 - 382 post-dispositional admissions with programs

Note: During FY 2009, the detention module of JTS was updated, making data incomparable to previous Data Resource Guides. See page 99 for a description of this update.



	Pre-l		Post-	
Most Serious Offense	Judge No	Order? Yes	With Pr No	ogram? Yes
Offe	ense Cate		NO	168
Abusive Language	0.0%		0.1%	0.0%
Alcohol	0.4%		2.0%	0.5%
Arson	1.6%		0.3%	1.0%
Assault	21.6%		11.6%	9.4%
Burglary	8.0%		3.2%	8.9%
Contempt of Court	3.9%		23.3%	7.6%
Custody	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	0.3%	1.5%	2.2%	1.0%
Escapes Escapes	0.5%		0.1%	0.8%
Extortion	0.7%	0.3%	0.1%	0.3%
Failure to Appear	0.7%	11.6%	1.5%	3.1%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.3%
Fraud	1.0%	0.176	0.0%	1.6%
	0.6%	0.8%	0.7%	
Gangs	0.8%			0.3%
Kidnapping		0.3%	0.1%	0.0%
Larceny Miscellaneous/Other	10.6%	11.7%	11.1%	18.6%
		2.0%	0.7%	1.0%
Murder	0.4%	0.3%	0.0%	0.3%
Narcotics	3.1%	3.6%	4.3%	3.9%
Obscenity	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.3%
Obstruction of Justice	0.9%	0.8%	0.4%	0.3%
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	20.0%	20.8%	25.4%	31.7%
Protective Orders	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	10.1%	2.3%	0.9%	1.3%
Sex Offense	4.4%	1.0%	0.4%	1.0%
Status Offense ²	0.1%	2.0%	3.3%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%
Traffic	0.9%	0.8%	3.2%	1.0%
Trespass	0.8%		1.3%	1.0%
Vandalism	2.4%		2.4%	1.8%
Weapons	3.5%		0.5%	2.6%
	ense Seve	rity		
Felonies:	24.004		4.224	10.101
- Against Persons	31.8%	7.7%	4.3%	13.4%
- Weapons/Narcotics	3.8%	1.3%	1.3%	4.7%
- Other	18.6%	12.7%	9.6%	25.7%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	12.3%	9.7%	10.3%	4.5%
- Other	7.4%	22.8%	18.5%	10.5%
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	20.3%	21.0%	26.3%	32.7%
Court Order Violation	3.7%	19.0%	22.9%	7.3%
Status Offense ²	0.1%	2.2%	3.5%	0.0%
Others	1.5%	3.5%	3.3%	1.0%
Offense Information Missing	0.7%	0.0%	0.1%	0.3%
Total Admissions	5,169	3,824	4,091	382

Average Daily Population vs Capacity, FY 2008-2014

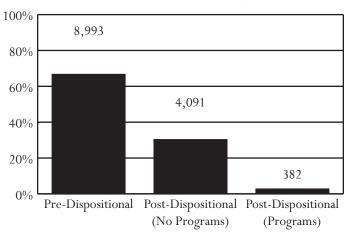


In FY 2002, DJJ, in conjunction with the Governor's Inmate Population Forecasting Committee, began producing a projection of local juvenile detention homes' average daily population (ADP). The most recent forecast predicts that the ADP will decrease 1% (7 juveniles) between FY 2010 and FY 2011 and that ADP will decrease 17% between FY 2010 and FY 2014.

Updates to Detention Module in JTS

In FY 2009, DJJ made improvements to the design and functionality of the JTS detention module. Historical detention data were translated to new tables in the JTS data warehouse used for reporting. Part of this process included data "cleanup" of historical records. For example, duplicated records may have been deleted. Several dispositional status codes were also added for tracking purposes. As a result of these updates, detention data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2009.

Admissions by Dispositional Status, FY 2010



^{1, 2 -} Variations are due to slightly different offense categorization.



Blue Ridge Juvenile Detention Home

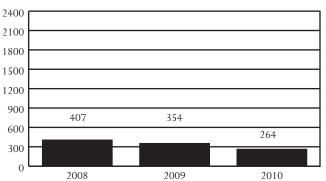
Superintendent: Charles S. Edwards (edwardsch@brjd.org)

Capacity: 40 beds

195 Peregory Lane Charlottesville, Virginia 22902 434-951-9340

Owned by: A commission of the city of Charlottesville and counties of Albemarle, Fluvanna, and Greene. Primary users: Members of the commission as well as Culpeper County.

ADMISSIONS, FY 2008-2010



DAI Scores at Admission*, FY 2008-2010

DAI Scores	2008	2009	2010
0-9 (Release)	7.7%	5.8%	8.6%
10-14 (Detention Alternative)	21.3%	23.7%	25.0%
15+ (Secure Detention)	54.8%	63.2%	52.3%
Missing	16.3%	7.4%	14.1%

*Only includes Pre-D and "non-judge ordered" cases

Admissions by Demographics*, FY 2008-2010

Demographics	2008	2009	2010
Race			
Black	55.8%	57.3%	51.9%
White	34.6%	36.4%	44.7%
Other	9.6%	6.2%	3.4%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	4.4%	2.3%	2.7%
Sex			
Male	79.6%	82.2%	79.9%
Female	20.4%	17.8%	20.1%
Age			
8-12	0.2%	0.0%	0.4%
13	5.2%	2.3%	1.5%
14	12.0%	11.0%	9.5%
15	22.1%	15.0%	16.3%
16	24.6%	30.5%	36.0%
17	35.6%	39.5%	36.4%
18-20	0.2%	1.7%	0.0%
Error/Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Admissions	407	354	264

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

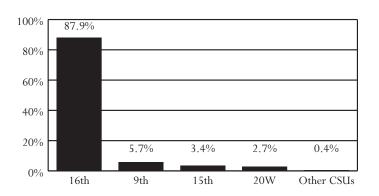
- Source of Admissions (FY 2010):
 - 93.6% of admissions were from the 16th and 9th Districts. See pages 54-55 and 40-41, respectively, for data pertaining to these CSUs.
 - Weekender admissions were counted as a single admission.
- *Juveniles Admitted to Detention (FY 2010):*
 - 136 juveniles were admitted once to detention and 50 juveniles were admitted multiple times, for a total of 186 juveniles and 264 detention admissions.
- Admission Trends:
 - Admissions decreased 35% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and 25% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
- DAI Scores at Admission (FY 2010):
 - Of the juveniles who were detained, 52.3% had a DAI score indicating secure detention.
 - Of the juveniles who received a score of less than 15, 48.8% had mandatory overrides.
- Most Common Offense Category (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Pre-D Contempt of Court (23.1%)
 - Post-D Contempt of Court (59.3%)
- Offense Severity (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Felony 37.8% of Pre-D; 8.3% of Post-D
 - Class 1 Misdemeanor 14.7% of Pre-D; 15.7% of Post-D
 - Probation/Parole Violation 21.2% of Pre-D; 20.4% of Post-D
- Average Daily Population (ADP):
 - ADP decreased 30% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and 24% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
 - ADP has consistently been below capacity.
- Average Length of Stay (LOS):
 - In order to accurately account for movement of juveniles between facilities, LOS is calculated at the detaining CSU level. For specific LOS data, refer to pages for CSUs served by this detention home.
- Child Care Days (CCD):
 - Total number of CCD for FY 2010 was 5,956. This is a 23.3% decrease from the previous fiscal year (7,762 CCD).
- Dispositional Status:
 - 156 pre-dispositional admissions
 - 101 post-dispositional admissions without programs, including 3 weekend admissions
 - 7 post-dispositional admissions with programs

Note: During FY 2009, the detention module of JTS was updated, making data incomparable to previous Data Resource Guides. See page 99 for a description of this update.

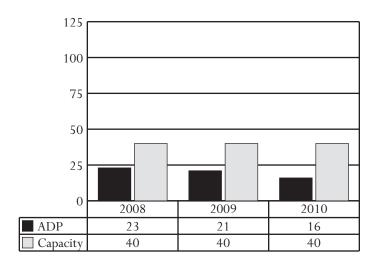


	Pre-l	Disp.	Post-	
Most Serious Offense	Judge	Order?	With Pr	ogram?
	No	Yes	No	Yes
Off	ense Cate	gory		
Abusive Language	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Arson	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Assault	20.3%	0.0%	4.0%	0.0%
Burglary	6.3%	0.0%	1.0%	14.3%
Contempt of Court	21.1%	32.1%	61.4%	28.6%
Custody	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	0.0%	0.0%	4.0%	0.0%
Escapes	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Extortion	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	1.6%	0.0%	1.0%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.8%	3.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Gangs	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Larceny	7.0%	21.4%	5.9%	0.0%
Miscellaneous/Other	0.8%	3.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics	1.6%	7.1%	2.0%	0.0%
Obscenity	0.0%	0.0%	1.0%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	18.0%	28.6%	13.9%	42.9%
Protective Orders	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	7.8%	0.0%	1.0%	0.0%
Sex Offense	3.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Status Offense ²	0.0%	3.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic	1.6%	0.0%	3.0%	0.0%
Trespass	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Vandalism	0.8%	0.0%	1.0%	0.0%
Weapons	3.1%	0.0%	0.0%	14.3%
	fense Seve		0.070	11.370
Felonies:	Tense seve	1109		
- Against Persons	28.1%	0.0%	2.0%	0.0%
- Weapons/Narcotics	3.9%	0.0%	0.0%	14.3%
- Other	11.7%	10.7%	5.0%	14.3%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:	11.,,,0	10.,,0	3.070	1370
- Against Persons	10.2%	0.0%	4.0%	0.0%
- Other	3.1%	21.4%	12.9%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	19.5%	28.6%	18.8%	42.9%
Court Order Violation	19.5%	32.1%	56.4%	28.6%
Status Offense ²	0.0%	3.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Others	0.0%	3.6%	0.0%	0.0%
	3.9%	0.0%	1.0%	0.0%
Offense Information Missing Total Admissions		28		7
i otai Aamissions	128	28	101	/

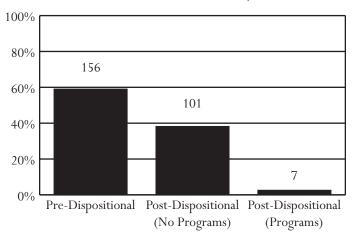
Admissions by Court District, FY 2010



Average Daily Population vs Capacity, FY 2008-2010



Admissions by Dispositional Status, FY 2010



^{1, 2 -} Variations are due to slightly different offense categorization.



Chesapeake Juvenile Services

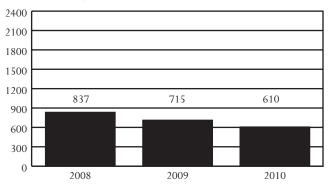
Director: Sam Taylor (staylor@cityofchesapeake.net)

Capacity: 100 beds

Formerly the Tidewater Detention Home

Owned by: The city of Chesapeake. Primary users: Cities of Chesapeake, Franklin, Portsmouth, and Suffolk, and counties of Isle of Wight and Southampton.

ADMISSIONS, FY 2008-2010



DAI Scores at Admission*, FY 2008-2010

DAI Scores	2008	2009	2010
0-9 (Release)	9.0%	7.5%	13.3%
10-14 (Detention Alternative)	16.0%	16.0%	18.7%
15+ (Secure Detention)	71.1%	75.1%	64.3%
Missing	4.0%	1.4%	3.7%

*Only includes Pre-D and "non-judge ordered" cases

Admissions by Demographics*, FY 2008-2010

Demographics	2008	2009	2010
Race			
Black	71.0%	69.9%	70.0%
White	26.3%	26.6%	26.9%
Other	2.7%	3.5%	3.1%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	1.0%	1.3%	0.5%
Sex			
Male	80.2%	79.6%	75.4%
Female	19.8%	20.4%	24.6%
Age			
8-12	1.8%	0.8%	2.1%
13	3.7%	3.6%	4.6%
14	8.8%	8.0%	12.0%
15	18.2%	16.1%	18.4%
16	30.0%	29.8%	28.7%
17	37.4%	41.4%	34.3%
18-20	0.1%	0.3%	0.0%
Error/Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Admissions	837	715	610

* Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

- Source of Admissions (FY 2010):
 - 99.8% of admissions were from the 1st, 5th, and 3rd Districts. See pages 22-23, 32-33, and 28-29, respectively, for data pertaining to these CSUs.

420 Albemarle Drive

757-382-6364

Chesapeake, Virginia 23320

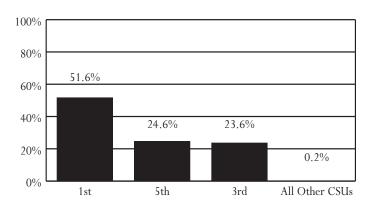
- Weekender admissions were counted as a single admission.
- Juveniles Admitted to Detention (FY 2010):
 - 318 juveniles were admitted once to detention and 122 juveniles were admitted multiple times, for a total of 440 juveniles and 610 detention admissions.
- Admission Trends:
 - Admissions decreased 27% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and 15% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
- DAI Scores at Admission (FY 2010):
 - Of the juveniles who were detained, 64.3% had a DAI score indicating secure detention.
 - Of the juveniles who received a score of less than 15, 7.8% had mandatory overrides.
- Most Common Offense Category (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Pre-D Assault (17.2%) and Probation/Parole Violation (16.7%)
 - Post-D Contempt of Court (38.0%)
- Offense Severity (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Felony 47.6% of Pre-D; 19.3% of Post-D
 - Class 1 Misdemeanor 19.3% of Pre-D; 26.0% of Post-D
 - Probation/Parole Violation 16.7% of Pre-D; 14.7% of Post-D
- Average Daily Population (ADP):
 - ADP decreased 15% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and 18% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
 - ADP has consistently been below capacity.
- Average Length of Stay (LOS):
 - In order to accurately account for movement of juveniles between facilities, LOS is calculated at the detaining CSU level. For specific LOS data, refer to pages for CSUs served by this detention home.
- Child Care Days (CCD):
 - Total number of CCD for FY 2010 was 18,679. This is a 17.3% decrease from the previous fiscal year (22,578 CCD).
- Dispositional Status:
 - 460 pre-dispositional admissions
 - 131 post-dispositional admissions without programs, including 4 weekend admissions
 - 19 post-dispositional admissions with programs

Note: During FY 2009, the detention module of JTS was updated, making data incomparable to previous Data Resource Guides. See page 99 for a description of this update.

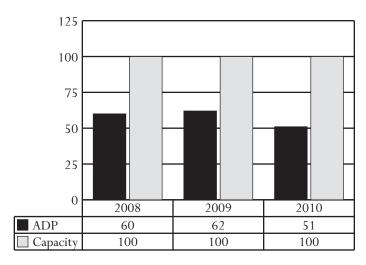


	Pre-l	Disp.	Post-	
Most Serious Offense	Judge	Order?	With Pr	ogram?
	No	Yes	No	Yes
Offe	ense Cate			
Abusive Language	0.0%	0.5%	0.8%	0.0%
Alcohol	0.0%	2.3%	1.5%	5.3%
Arson	3.7%	0.5%	0.8%	0.0%
Assault	16.5%	18.0%	14.5%	5.3%
Burglary	14.8%	4.6%	6.9%	15.8%
Contempt of Court	1.2%	25.8%	42.0%	10.5%
Custody	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	0.0%	0.9%	0.8%	0.0%
Escapes	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Extortion	0.8%	0.0%	0.8%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	0.8%	1.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.8%	0.0%
Fraud	1.6%	1.4%	1.5%	0.0%
Gangs	3.3%	1.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Larceny	6.6%	11.1%	10.7%	10.5%
Miscellaneous/Other	1.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics	2.1%	1.8%	3.1%	0.0%
Obscenity	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	1.2%	0.9%	0.0%	5.3%
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	18.5%	14.7%	10.7%	42.1%
Protective Orders	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	12.3%	1.4%	0.8%	0.0%
Sex Offense	5.8%	2.8%	0.8%	5.3%
Status Offense ²	0.0%	3.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic	0.4%	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Trespass	0.0%	0.9%	2.3%	0.0%
Vandalism	2.1%	3.2%	1.5%	0.0%
Weapons	4.9%	1.4%	0.0%	0.0%
	fense Seve		*****	
Felonies:		- 1		
- Against Persons	40.7%	9.2%	4.6%	15.8%
- Weapons/Narcotics	2.9%	1.4%	1.5%	0.0%
- Other	27.6%	10.6%	11.5%	15.8%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:		-0.070	-1.5/0	10.070
- Against Persons	4.5%	16.1%	13.0%	0.0%
- Other	2.5%	17.1%	14.5%	15.8%
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	18.5%	14.7%	10.7%	42.1%
Court Order Violation	1.2%	26.3%	42.0%	10.5%
Status Offense ²	0.0%	3.7%	0.8%	0.0%
Others	1.2%	0.9%	1.5%	0.0%
Offense Information Missing	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Admissions		217	131	
1 OLGI AGMISSIONS	243	21/	131	19

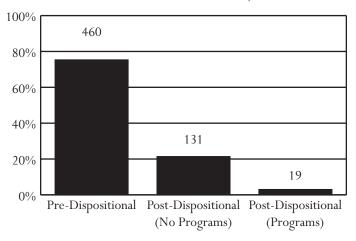
Admissions by Court District, FY 2010



Average Daily Population vs Capacity, FY 2008-2010



Admissions by Dispositional Status, FY 2010



 $[\]overline{\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ }$ 1, 2 - Variations are due to slightly different offense categorization.



Chesterfield Juvenile Detention Home

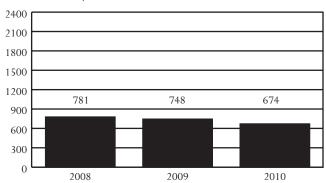
Director: D. Joe Campbell (campbellj@co.chesterfield.va.us)

Capacity: 90 beds

9700 Krause Road Chesterfield, Virginia 23832 804-748-1460

Owned by: Chesterfield County. Primary users: City of Colonial Heights and Chesterfield County.

ADMISSIONS, FY 2008-2010



DAI Scores at Admission*, FY 2008-2010

DAI Scores	2008	2009	2010
0-9 (Release)	28.9%	31.0%	28.2%
10-14 (Detention Alternative)	22.1%	23.2%	21.4%
15+ (Secure Detention)	48.4%	43.1%	50.0%
Missing	0.6%	2.7%	0.4%

^{*}Only includes Pre-D and "non-judge ordered" cases

Admissions by Demographics*, FY 2008-2010

Demographics	2008	2009	2010
Race			
Black	47.0%	41.7%	43.9%
White	49.0%	54.4%	51.6%
Other	4.0%	3.9%	4.5%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	2.2%	2.9%	5.6%
Sex			
Male	79.8%	79.8%	81.2%
Female	20.2%	20.2%	18.8%
Age			
8-12	0.9%	0.7%	0.7%
13	2.3%	1.9%	3.3%
14	7.7%	7.5%	5.5%
15	15.7%	19.4%	18.2%
16	28.9%	28.7%	31.9%
17	43.5%	41.0%	39.8%
18-20	0.9%	0.8%	0.4%
Error/Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%
Total Admissions	781	748	674

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

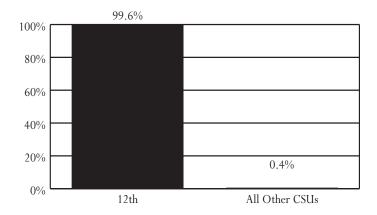
- Source of Admissions (FY 2010):
 - 99.6% of admissions were from the 12th District. See pages 46-47 for data pertaining to this CSU.
 - Weekender admissions were counted as a single admission.
- Juveniles Admitted to Detention (FY 2010):
 - 279 juveniles were admitted once to detention and 146 juveniles were admitted multiple times, for a total of 425 juveniles and 674 detention admissions.
- Admission Trends:
 - Admissions decreased 14% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and 10% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
- DAI Scores at Admission (FY 2010):
 - Of the juveniles who were detained, 50.0% had a DAI score indicating secure detention.
 - Of the juveniles who received a score of less than 15, 70.0% had mandatory overrides.
- Most Common Offense Category (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Pre-D Assault (24.3%)
 - Post-D Larceny (18.9%)
- Offense Severity (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Felony 36.9% of Pre-D; 24.8% of Post-D
 - Class 1 Misdemeanor 36.0% of Pre-D; 39.1% of Post-D
 - Probation/Parole Violation 10.8% of Pre-D; 16.0% of Post-D
- Average Daily Population (ADP):
 - ADP increased 2% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and 11% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
 - ADP has consistently been below capacity.
- Average Length of Stay (LOS):
 - In order to accurately account for movement of juveniles between facilities, LOS is calculated at the detaining CSU level. For specific LOS data, refer to pages for CSUs served by this detention home.
- Child Care Days (CCD):
 - Total number of CCD for FY 2010 was 18,254. This is a 11.0% increase from the previous fiscal year (16,446 CCD).
- Dispositional Status:
 - 436 pre-dispositional admissions
 - 221 post-dispositional admissions without programs, including 33 weekend admissions
 - 17 post-dispositional admissions with programs

Note: During FY 2009, the detention module of JTS was updated, making data incomparable to previous Data Resource Guides. See page 99 for a description of this update.

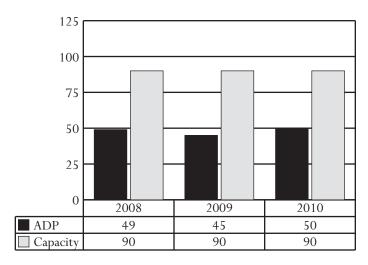


	Pre-l	Disp.	Post-	Disp.
Most Serious Offense	Judge		With Pr	
	No	Yes	No	Yes
	ense Cate	gory		
Abusive Language	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol	0.0%	4.0%	3.2%	0.0%
Arson	0.8%	1.1%	0.5%	0.0%
Assault	30.9%	14.4%	12.2%	17.6%
Burglary	5.3%	4.0%	4.5%	0.0%
Contempt of Court	13.4%	11.5%	17.6%	0.0%
Custody	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	0.0%	1.1%	1.8%	0.0%
Escapes	1.1%	0.0%	0.9%	0.0%
Extortion	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	4.6%	10.9%	1.4%	11.8%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	0.6%	0.5%	0.0%
Gangs	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Larceny	6.5%	16.7%	17.6%	35.3%
Miscellaneous/Other	1.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.8%	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics	1.1%	9.2%	6.3%	11.8%
Obscenity	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	0.4%	1.1%	1.4%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	10.7%	10.9%	15.4%	17.6%
Protective Orders	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	13.4%	1.7%	2.3%	0.0%
Sex Offense	3.1%	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Status Offense ²	0.0%	1.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic	1.1%	0.6%	8.1%	0.0%
Trespass	0.4%	5.2%	1.8%	5.9%
Vandalism	0.8%	4.0%		0.0%
Weapons	4.2%	0.6%	1.4%	0.0%
	ense Seve			
Felonies:		- 1		
- Against Persons	40.5%	4.6%	5.4%	17.6%
- Weapons/Narcotics	1.1%	1.1%	1.8%	11.8%
- Other	8.8%	10.9%	15.4%	23.5%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:			.,	
- Against Persons	14.5%	13.8%	11.8%	5.9%
- Other	9.9%	39.7%	28.1%	23.5%
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	10.7%	10.9%	15.8%	17.6%
Court Order Violation	13.4%	11.5%	17.2%	0.0%
Status Offense ²	0.0%	1.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Others	1.1%	6.3%	4.5%	0.0%
Offense Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Admissions	262	174	221	17
1 Otal Admissions 1 2 - Variations are due to slightly diff			221	1 /

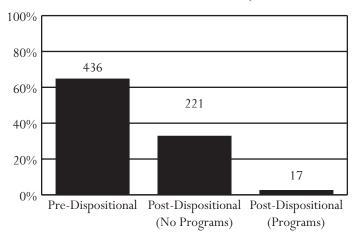
Admissions by Court District, FY 2010



Average Daily Population vs Capacity, FY 2008-2010



Admissions by Dispositional Status, FY 2010



 $^{{\}bf 1}, {\bf 2}$ -Variations are due to slightly different offense categorization.



Crater Juvenile Detention Home

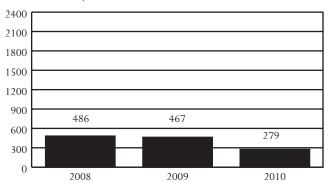
Executive Director: Jack Scott (JScott@cyc.state.va.us)

Capacity: 22 beds

6102 County Drive Disputanta, Virginia 23842 804-732-3803

Owned by: A commission of the cities of Emporia, Hopewell, and Petersburg, and counties of Dinwiddie, Prince George, Surry, and Sussex. Primary users: Members of the commission as well as the counties of Brunswick and Greensville.

ADMISSIONS, FY 2008-2010



DAI Scores at Admission*, FY 2008-2010

DAI Scores	2008	2009	2010
0-9 (Release)	7.0%	5.6%	12.4%
10-14 (Detention Alternative)	15.3%	9.1%	33.9%
15+ (Secure Detention)	77.7%	84.2%	52.9%
Missing	0.0%	1.1%	0.8%

*Only includes Pre-D and "non-judge ordered" cases

Admissions by Demographics*, FY 2008-2010

Demographics	2008	2009	2010
Race			
Black	77.4%	81.4%	73.5%
White	18.7%	15.6%	23.3%
Other	3.9%	3.0%	3.2%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	1.6%	1.3%	2.9%
Sex			
Male	84.0%	88.0%	82.4%
Female	16.0%	12.0%	17.6%
Age			
8-12	0.8%	1.7%	1.4%
13	3.1%	2.4%	4.7%
14	12.3%	13.9%	11.5%
15	20.2%	15.0%	15.8%
16	31.9%	29.3%	27.2%
17	31.7%	37.7%	39.4%
18-20	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Error/Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Admissions	486	467	279

* Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

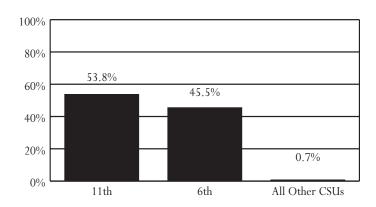
- Source of Admissions (FY 2010):
 - 99.3% of admissions were from the 11th and 6th Districts. See pages 44-45 and 34-35, respectively, for data pertaining to these CSUs
 - Weekender admissions were counted as a single admission.
- Juveniles Admitted to Detention (FY 2010):
 - 153 juveniles were admitted once to detention and 52 juveniles were admitted multiple times, for a total of 205 juveniles and 279 detention admissions.
- Admission Trends:
 - Admissions decreased 43% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and 40% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
- DAI Scores at Admission (FY 2010):
 - Of the juveniles who were detained, 52.9% had a DAI score indicating secure detention.
 - Of the juveniles who received a score of less than 15, 12.5% had mandatory overrides.
- Most Common Offense Category (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Pre-D Assault (16.8%) and Burglary (16.3%)
 - Post-D Contempt of Court (19.3%)
- Offense Severity (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Felony 53.1% of Pre-D; 15.7% of Post-D
 - Class 1 Misdemeanor 20.9% of Pre-D; 37.3% of Post-D
 - Probation/Parole Violation 13.8% of Pre-D; 13.3% of Post-D
- Average Daily Population (ADP):
 - ADP decreased 24% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and 27% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
 - ADP has been below capacity for 2 of the last 3 fiscal years.
- Average Length of Stay (LOS):
 - In order to accurately account for movement of juveniles between facilities, LOS is calculated at the detaining CSU level. For specific LOS data, refer to pages for CSUs served by this detention home.
- Child Care Days (CCD):
 - Total number of CCD for FY 2010 was 5,970. This is a 25.8% decrease from the previous fiscal year (8,045 CCD).
- Dispositional Status:
 - 196 pre-dispositional admissions
 - 83 post-dispositional admissions without programs, including 17 weekend admissions
 - This detention home does not offer post-dispositional programs.

Note: During FY 2009, the detention module of JTS was updated, making data incomparable to previous Data Resource Guides. See page 99 for a description of this update.

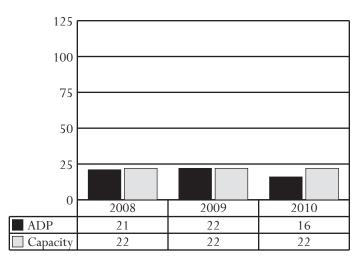


	Pre-I	Disp.	Post-	
Most Serious Offense	Judge	Order?	With Pr	ogram?
	No	Yes	No	Yes
	ense Cate			
Abusive Language	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol	0.0%	2.7%	2.4%	0.0%
Arson	3.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Assault	20.7%	10.7%	14.5%	0.0%
Burglary	18.2%	13.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Contempt of Court	1.7%	17.3%	19.3%	0.0%
Custody	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	0.8%	2.7%	4.8%	0.0%
Escapes	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Extortion	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	0.0%	2.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Gangs	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Larceny	15.7%	9.3%	8.4%	0.0%
Miscellaneous/Other	0.8%	1.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	2.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics	1.7%	8.0%	14.5%	0.0%
Obscenity	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	0.0%	1.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	14.0%	12.0%	13.3%	0.0%
Protective Orders	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	8.3%	1.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Sex Offense	3.3%	1.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Status Offense ²	0.0%	2.7%	10.8%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic	0.0%	4.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Trespass	0.8%	0.0%	1.2%	0.0%
Vandalism	6.6%	5.3%	8.4%	0.0%
Weapons	4.1%	1.3%	1.2%	0.0%
	ense Seve			
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	28.1%	9.3%	3.6%	0.0%
- Weapons/Narcotics	4.1%	2.7%	3.6%	0.0%
- Other	34.7%	18.7%	8.4%	0.0%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:	2 0	,,,	21170	2.070
- Against Persons	10.7%	6.7%	10.8%	0.0%
- Other	5.8%	21.3%	26.5%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	14.0%	13.3%	13.3%	0.0%
Court Order Violation	1.7%	20.0%	19.3%	0.0%
Status Offense ²	0.0%	4.0%	10.8%	0.0%
Others	0.8%	4.0%	2.4%	0.0%
Offense Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	1.2%	0.0%
Total Admissions	121	75	83	0.078
TOTAL AUIIISSIONS	121	/3	0.5	U

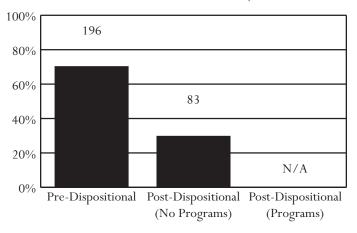
Admissions by Court District, FY 2010



Average Daily Population vs Capacity, FY 2008-2010



Admissions by Dispositional Status, FY 2010



 $[\]overline{\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ }$ 1, 2 - Variations are due to slightly different offense categorization.



Fairfax County Juvenile Detention Center

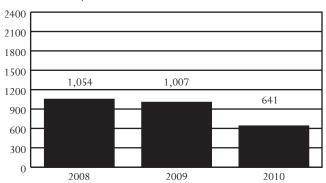
Superintendent: George Corbin (george.corbin@fairfaxcounty.gov)

Capacity: 121 beds

10650 Page Avenue Fairfax, Virginia 22030 703-246-2844

Owned by: Fairfax County. Primary users: Fairfax City and County.

ADMISSIONS, FY 2008-2010



DAI Scores at Admission*, FY 2008-2010

DAI Scores	2008	2009	2010
0-9 (Release)	26.7%	21.6%	17.8%
10-14 (Detention Alternative)	24.8%	27.1%	24.2%
15+ (Secure Detention)	42.3%	48.2%	54.8%
Missing	6.1%	3.1%	3.2%

*Only includes Pre-D and "non-judge ordered" cases

Admissions by Demographics*, FY 2008-2010

Demographics	2008	2009	2010
Race			
Black	34.8%	35.0%	32.8%
White	37.2%	35.3%	44.1%
Other	28.0%	29.8%	23.1%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	27.2%	33.0%	31.7%
Sex			
Male	79.8%	81.0%	73.9%
Female	20.2%	19.0%	26.1%
Age			
8-12	1.0%	0.7%	1.1%
13	3.6%	2.7%	3.0%
14	11.6%	11.2%	9.0%
15	20.6%	21.0%	18.6%
16	29.5%	27.1%	31.0%
17	33.6%	36.8%	36.8%
18-20	0.1%	0.5%	0.5%
Error/Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Admissions	1,054	1,007	641

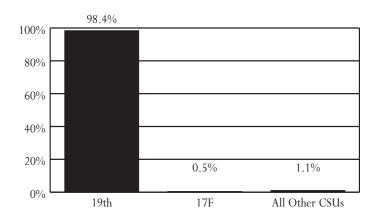
- Source of Admissions (FY 2010):
 - 98.4% of admissions were from the 19th District. See pages 62-63 for data pertaining to this CSU.
 - Weekender admissions were counted as a single admission.
- Juveniles Admitted to Detention (FY 2010):
 - 313 juveniles were admitted once to detention and 122 juveniles were admitted multiple times, for a total of 435 juveniles and 641 detention admissions.
- Admission Trends:
 - Admissions decreased 39% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and 36% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
- DAI Scores at Admission (FY 2010):
 - Of the juveniles who were detained, 54.8% had a DAI score indicating secure detention.
 - Of the juveniles who received a score of less than 15, 40.6% had mandatory overrides.
- Most Common Offense Category (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Pre-D Probation/Parole Violation (28.6%)
 - Post-D Probation/Parole Violation (47.2%)
- Offense Severity (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Felony 39.1% of Pre-D; 25.2% of Post-D
 - Class 1 Misdemeanor 19.5% of Pre-D; 21.3% of Post-D
 - Probation/Parole Violation 28.6% of Pre-D; 47.2% of Post-D
- Average Daily Population (ADP):
 - ADP decreased 39% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and 30% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
 - ADP has consistently been below capacity.
- Average Length of Stay (LOS):
 - In order to accurately account for movement of juveniles between facilities, LOS is calculated at the detaining CSU level. For specific LOS data, refer to pages for CSUs served by this detention home.
- Child Care Days (CCD):
 - Total number of CCD for FY 2010 was 17,714. This is a 30.2% decrease from the previous fiscal year (25,382 CCD).
- Dispositional Status:
 - 514 pre-dispositional admissions
 - 109 post-dispositional admissions without programs, including 21 weekend admissions
 - 18 post-dispositional admissions with programs

Note: During FY 2009, the detention module of JTS was updated, making data incomparable to previous Data Resource Guides. See page 99 for a description of this update.

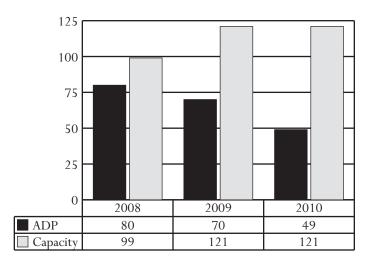


	Pre-l		Post-	
Most Serious Offense	Judge	Order?	With Pr	ogram?
	No	Yes	No	Yes
	ense Cate			
Abusive Language	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol	1.2%	0.0%	0.9%	0.0%
Arson	1.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Assault	23.7%	7.3%	8.3%	11.1%
Burglary	4.2%	1.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Contempt of Court	0.2%	35.8%	3.7%	0.0%
Custody	0.0%	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	0.0%	1.8%	2.8%	0.0%
Escapes	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Extortion	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	0.0%	4.6%	1.8%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	1.7%	0.0%	1.8%	0.0%
Gangs	2.0%	0.0%	0.0%	5.6%
Kidnapping	1.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Larceny	9.6%	10.1%	11.9%	50.0%
Miscellaneous/Other	3.5%	7.3%	3.7%	0.0%
Murder	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics	3.7%	0.0%	3.7%	5.6%
Obscenity	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	0.2%	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	30.1%	22.9%	51.4%	22.2%
Protective Orders	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	6.9%	0.9%	2.8%	5.6%
Sex Offense	3.5%	0.0%	0.9%	0.0%
Status Offense ²	0.2%	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic	0.5%	2.8%	5.5%	0.0%
Trespass	1.5%	0.9%	0.9%	0.0%
Vandalism	2.7%	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Weapons	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
	fense Seve			
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	28.9%	2.8%	6.4%	22.2%
- Weapons/Narcotics	3.5%	0.0%	2.8%	5.6%
- Other	14.8%	6.4%	9.2%	38.9%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:	1			70
- Against Persons	11.4%	6.4%	6.4%	0.0%
- Other	7.7%	14.7%	16.5%	11.1%
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	30.1%	22.9%	51.4%	22.2%
Court Order Violation	0.2%	36.7%	3.7%	0.0%
Status Offense ²	0.2%	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Others	2.7%	9.2%	3.7%	0.0%
Offense Information Missing	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Admissions	405	109	109	18
1 OTAL AMILISSIONS	1 403	109	109	10

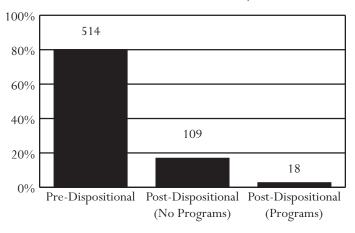
Admissions by Court District, FY 2010



Average Daily Population vs Capacity, FY 2008-2010



Admissions by Dispositional Status, FY 2010



^{1, 2 -} Variations are due to slightly different offense categorization.



Henrico Juvenile Detention Home

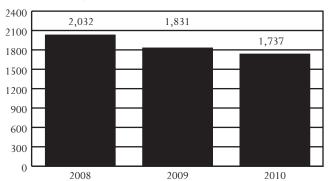
Superintendent: Michael D. Bingham (bin05@co.henrico.va.us)

Capacity: 20 beds

4201 East Parham Road Richmond, Virginia 23273 804-501-4329

Owned and primarily used by Henrico County.

ADMISSIONS, FY 2008-2010



DAI Scores at Admission*, FY 2008-2010

DAI Scores	2008	2009	2010
0-9 (Release)	13.8%	15.0%	11.5%
10-14 (Detention Alternative)	20.8%	26.0%	26.3%
15+ (Secure Detention)	65.4%	58.4%	62.0%
Missing	0.0%	0.6%	0.3%

*Only includes Pre-D and "non-judge ordered" cases

Admissions by Demographics*, FY 2008-2010

Demographics	2008	2009	2010
Race			
Black	70.5%	70.4%	73.9%
White	23.4%	23.9%	20.9%
Other	6.2%	5.7%	5.2%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	4.2%	4.6%	4.4%
Sex			
Male	75.9%	76.6%	76.9%
Female	24.1%	23.4%	23.1%
Age			
8-12	0.9%	1.3%	1.1%
13	3.3%	1.7%	1.7%
14	12.5%	8.4%	9.7%
15	20.1%	21.7%	17.8%
16	28.0%	31.2%	32.3%
17	34.8%	35.1%	37.1%
18-20	0.3%	0.5%	0.3%
Error/Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Admissions	2,032	1,831	1,737

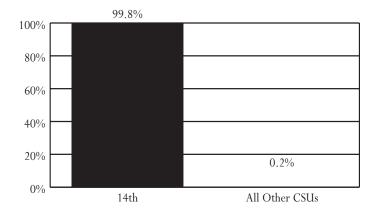
- Source of Admissions (FY 2010):
 - 99.8% of admissions were from the 14th District. See pages 50-51 for data pertaining to this CSU.
 - Weekender admissions were counted as a single admission.
- Juveniles Admitted to Detention (FY 2010):
 - 257 juveniles were admitted once to detention and 391 juveniles were admitted multiple times, for a total of 648 juveniles and 1,737 detention admissions.
- Admission Trends:
 - Admissions decreased 15% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and 5% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
- DAI Scores at Admission (FY 2010):
 - Of the juveniles who were detained, 62.0% had a DAI score indicating secure detention.
 - Of the juveniles who received a score of less than 15, 33.3% had mandatory overrides.
- Most Common Offense Category (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Pre-D Probation/Parole Violation (29.5%)
 - Post-D Probation/Parole Violation (31.9%)
- Offense Severity (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Felony 32.1% of Pre-D; 17.3% of Post-D
 - Class 1 Misdemeanor 27.0% of Pre-D; 32.5% of Post-D
 - Probation/Parole Violation 30.0% of Pre-D; 34.4% of Post-D
- Average Daily Population (ADP):
 - ADP decreased 32% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and 24% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
 - ADP has exceeded capacity for 2 of the last 3 fiscal years.
- Average Length of Stay (LOS):
 - In order to accurately account for movement of juveniles between facilities, LOS is calculated at the detaining CSU level. For specific LOS data, refer to pages for CSUs served by this detention home.
- Child Care Days (CCD):
 - Total number of CCD for FY 2010 was 6,999. This is a 24.3% decrease from the previous fiscal year (9,241 CCD).
- Dispositional Status:
 - 1,170 pre-dispositional admissions
 - 567 post-dispositional admissions without programs, including 72 weekend admissions
 - This detention home does not offer post-dispositional programs.

Note: During FY 2009, the detention module of JTS was updated, making data incomparable to previous Data Resource Guides. See page 99 for a description of this update.

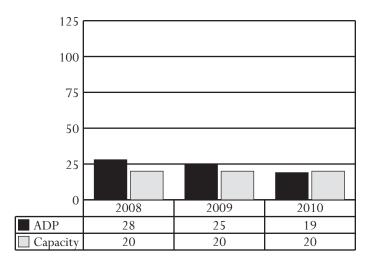


	Pre-l	Disp.	Post-	Disp.
Most Serious Offense	Judge		With Pr	
	No	Yes	No	Yes
Offe	ense Cate	gory		
Abusive Language	0.0%	0.2%	0.2%	0.0%
Alcohol	0.0%	0.6%	0.9%	0.0%
Arson	0.6%	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Assault	9.8%	13.8%	13.9%	0.0%
Burglary	7.8%	4.8%	3.9%	0.0%
Contempt of Court	0.3%	8.6%	16.0%	0.0%
Custody	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	0.0%	2.5%	3.4%	0.0%
Escapes	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Extortion	0.0%	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	0.3%	13.3%		0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.8%	0.1%		0.0%
Gangs	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	1.4%	1.0%	0.4%	0.0%
Larceny	7.5%	15.4%	16.6%	0.0%
Miscellaneous/Other	0.0%	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics	2.2%	3.1%	3.0%	0.0%
Obscenity	0.0%	0.4%	0.2%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	0.0%	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	39.4%	25.1%	31.9%	0.0%
Protective Orders	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	18.2%	3.1%	1.2%	0.0%
Sex Offense	4.2%	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Status Offense ²	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic	0.6%	0.5%	2.5%	0.0%
Trespass	0.3%	1.7%	1.4%	0.0%
Vandalism	0.8%	1.4%		0.0%
Weapons	5.6%	1.2%	0.7%	0.0%
	ense Seve		0,,,,	0.070
Felonies:	<u> </u>	- 1		
- Against Persons	31.3%	9.6%	4.9%	0.0%
- Weapons/Narcotics	4.7%	1.4%	1.1%	0.0%
- Other	15.4%	12.7%	11.3%	0.0%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:	131170	12.770	111370	0.070
- Against Persons	6.4%	10.7%	11.5%	0.0%
- Other	1.4%	24.8%	21.0%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	39.4%	25.9%	34.4%	0.0%
Court Order Violation	0.3%	12.9%	14.5%	0.0%
Status Offense ²	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Others	1.1%	2.0%	1.4%	0.0%
Offense Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Admissions	358	812	567	0.078
1 0101 Admissions 1 2 - Variations are due to slightly diff			307	U

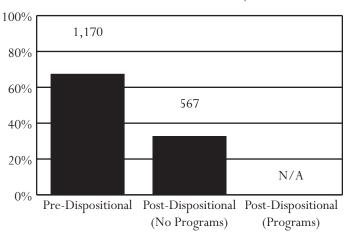
Admissions by Court District, FY 2010



Average Daily Population vs Capacity, FY 2008-2010



Admissions by Dispositional Status, FY 2010



 $^{1,\,2}$ -Variations are due to slightly different offense categorization.



Highlands Juvenile Detention Center

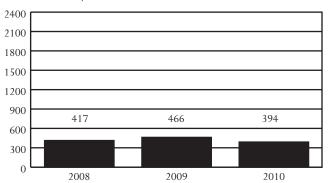
Superintendent: Tim Dotson (tdotson@hjdc.org)

Capacity: 35 beds

2105 Shakesville Road Bristol, Virginia 24203 276-466-7800

Owned by: A commission of the cities of Bristol and Norton and counties of Buchanan, Dickenson, Lee, Russell, Scott, Smyth, Tazewell, Washington, and Wise. Primary users: Members of the commission.

ADMISSIONS, FY 2008-2010



DAI Scores at Admission*, FY 2008-2010

DAI Scores	2008	2009	2010
0-9 (Release)	22.1%	17.5%	19.1%
10-14 (Detention Alternative)	18.6%	19.0%	17.0%
15+ (Secure Detention)	56.4%	56.2%	53.2%
Missing	2.9%	7.3%	10.6%

*Only includes Pre-D and "non-judge ordered" cases

Admissions by Demographics*, FY 2008-2010

Demographics	2008	2009	2010
Race			
Black	7.4%	6.4%	6.3%
White	90.2%	92.3%	92.9%
Other	2.4%	1.3%	0.8%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	1.9%	1.3%	1.8%
Sex			
Male	80.1%	70.2%	72.6%
Female	19.9%	29.8%	27.4%
Age			
8-12	0.7%	1.9%	1.0%
13	4.6%	3.2%	3.8%
14	11.3%	12.4%	6.6%
15	24.0%	18.2%	20.6%
16	26.4%	33.9%	28.4%
17	33.1%	30.3%	39.6%
18-20	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Error/Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Admissions	417	466	394

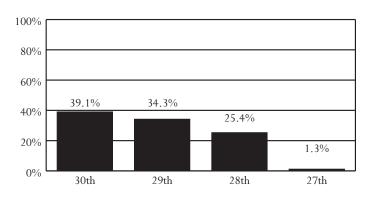
- Source of Admissions (FY 2010):
 - 98.7% of admissions were from the 30th, 29th, and 28th Districts. See pages 88-89, 86-87, and 84-85, respectively, for data pertaining to these CSUs.
 - Weekender admissions were counted as a single admission.
- Juveniles Admitted to Detention (FY 2010):
 - 194 juveniles were admitted once to detention and 82 juveniles were admitted multiple times, for a total of 276 juveniles and 394 detention admissions.
- Admission Trends:
 - Admissions decreased 6% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and 15% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
- DAI Scores at Admission (FY 2010):
 - Of the juveniles who were detained, 53.2% had a DAI score indicating secure detention.
 - Of the juveniles who received a score of less than 15, none had mandatory overrides.
- Most Common Offense Category (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Pre-D Assault (22.2%)
 - Post-D Status Offense (30.0%)
- Offense Severity (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Felony 32.9% of Pre-D; 13.8% of Post-D
 - Class 1 Misdemeanor 26.5% of Pre-D; 16.3% of Post-D
 - Probation/Parole Violation 19.7% of Pre-D; 26.9% of Post-D
- Average Daily Population (ADP):
 - ADP increased 4% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and decreased 7% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
 - ADP has consistently been below capacity.
- Average Length of Stay (LOS):
 - In order to accurately account for movement of juveniles between facilities, LOS is calculated at the detaining CSU level. For specific LOS data, refer to pages for CSUs served by this detention home.
- Child Care Days (CCD):
 - Total number of CCD for FY 2010 was 8,944. This is a 8.7% decrease from the previous fiscal year (9,791 CCD).
- Dispositional Status:
 - 234 pre-dispositional admissions
 - 147 post-dispositional admissions without programs, including 19 weekend admissions
 - 13 post-dispositional admissions with programs

Note: During FY 2009, the detention module of [TS was updated, making data incomparable to previous Data Resource Guides. See page 99 for a description of this update.

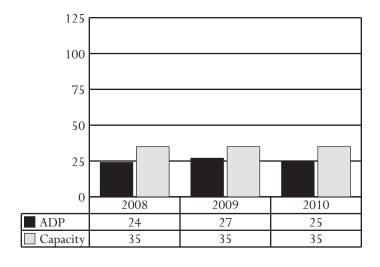


	Pre-l	Disp.	Post-	Disp.
Most Serious Offense	Judge	Order?	With Pr	
	No	Yes	No	Yes
Offe	ense Cate	gory		
Abusive Language	0.0%	0.0%	0.7%	0.0%
Alcohol	2.1%	2.2%	1.4%	0.0%
Arson	2.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Assault	29.8%	10.8%	5.4%	7.7%
Burglary	7.1%	4.3%	4.8%	15.4%
Contempt of Court	5.7%	17.2%	10.2%	7.7%
Custody	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Escapes	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Extortion	4.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	0.0%	2.2%	0.7%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	2.8%	2.2%	0.7%	0.0%
Gangs	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Larceny	8.5%	4.3%	6.8%	15.4%
Miscellaneous/Other	3.5%	1.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics	6.4%	1.1%	4.1%	15.4%
Obscenity	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	7.7%
Obstruction of Justice	2.1%	1.1%	0.7%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	12.8%	28.0%	27.9%	23.1%
Protective Orders	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Sex Offense	5.0%	1.1%	0.0%	7.7%
Status Offense ²	0.0%	22.6%	32.7%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Trespass	2.1%	0.0%	0.7%	0.0%
Vandalism	2.1%	1.1%		0.0%
Weapons	1.4%	1.1%	0.0%	0.0%
1	ense Seve			
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	22.7%	2.2%	0.7%	7.7%
- Weapons/Narcotics	5.0%	0.0%	0.7%	15.4%
- Other	20.6%	7.5%	8.2%	38.5%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				·
- Against Persons	21.3%	9.7%	4.8%	7.7%
- Other	8.5%	11.8%	12.2%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	14.2%	28.0%	27.2%	23.1%
Court Order Violation	4.3%	17.2%	10.9%	7.7%
Status Offense ²	0.0%	22.6%	34.0%	0.0%
Others	3.5%	1.1%	1.4%	0.0%
Offense Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Oftense Information Wissina				

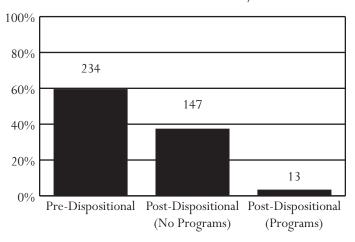
Admissions by Court District, FY 2010



Average Daily Population vs Capacity, FY 2008-2010



Admissions by Dispositional Status, FY 2010



 $^{{\}bf 1}, {\bf 2}$ -Variations are due to slightly different offense categorization.



James River Juvenile Detention Center

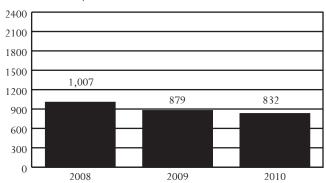
Superintendent: Patricia Carrington (car56@co.henrico.va.us)

Capacity: 60 beds

3650 Beaumont Road Powhatan, Virginia 23139 804-556-8121

Owned by: A commission of the counties of Goochland, Henrico, and Powhatan. Primary users: Members of the commission.

ADMISSIONS, FY 2008-2010



DAI Scores at Admission*, FY 2008-2010

DAI Scores	2008	2009	2010
0-9 (Release)	9.2%	13.0%	9.1%
10-14 (Detention Alternative)	19.5%	23.6%	22.5%
15+ (Secure Detention)	70.6%	63.4%	68.4%
Missing	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%

*Only includes Pre-D and "non-judge ordered" cases

Admissions by Demographics*, FY 2008-2010

Demographics	2008	2009	2010
Race			
Black	69.3%	67.5%	71.8%
White	24.4%	24.9%	22.2%
Other	6.3%	7.6%	6.0%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	5.2%	5.8%	5.0%
Sex			
Male	83.9%	85.6%	85.2%
Female	16.1%	14.4%	14.8%
Age			
8-12	0.1%	0.8%	0.5%
13	2.2%	0.8%	1.6%
14	11.9%	7.5%	9.9%
15	20.1%	19.3%	20.4%
16	28.2%	31.7%	30.9%
17	37.0%	39.4%	36.8%
18-20	0.5%	0.5%	0.0%
Error/Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Admissions	1,007	879	832

* Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

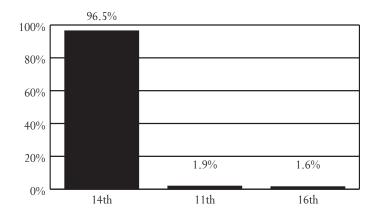
- Source of Admissions (FY 2010):
 - 96.5% of admissions were from the 14th District. See pages 50-51 for data pertaining to this CSU.
 - Weekender admissions were counted as a single admission.
- Juveniles Admitted to Detention (FY 2010):
 - 182 juveniles were admitted once to detention and 195 juveniles were admitted multiple times, for a total of 377 juveniles and 832 detention admissions.
- Admission Trends:
 - Admissions decreased 17% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and 5% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
- DAI Scores at Admission (FY 2010):
 - Of the juveniles who were detained, 68.4% had a DAI score indicating secure detention.
 - Of the juveniles who received a score of less than 15, 26.0% had mandatory overrides.
- Most Common Offense Category (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Pre-D Probation/Parole Violation (30.5%)
 - Post-D Probation/Parole Violation (41.4%)
- Offense Severity (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Felony 39.1% of Pre-D; 22.9% of Post-D
 - Class 1 Misdemeanor 21.4% of Pre-D; 21.7% of Post-D
 - Probation/Parole Violation 30.9% of Pre-D; 43.8% of Post-D
- Average Daily Population (ADP):
 - ADP decreased 2% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and increased 2% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
 - ADP has consistently been below capacity.
- Average Length of Stay (LOS):
 - In order to accurately account for movement of juveniles between facilities, LOS is calculated at the detaining CSU level. For specific LOS data, refer to pages for CSUs served by this detention home.
- Child Care Days (CCD):
 - Total number of CCD for FY 2010 was 21,320. This is a 2.1% increase from the previous fiscal year (20,876 CCD).
- Dispositional Status:
 - 583 pre-dispositional admissions
 - 171 post-dispositional admissions without programs, including 3 weekend admissions
 - 78 post-dispositional admissions with programs

Note: During FY 2009, the detention module of JTS was updated, making data incomparable to previous Data Resource Guides. See page 99 for a description of this update.

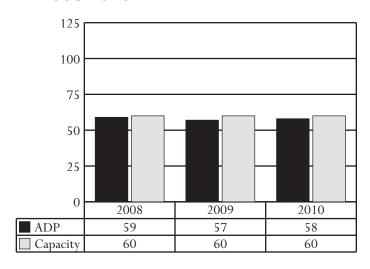


	Dwo 1	Dien	Post	Dien
Most Sarious Offense	Pre-l		Post-	
Most Serious Offense	Judge No	Yes	With Pr No	ogram <i>:</i> Yes
Offe	ense Cate			
Abusive Language	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol	0.0%	0.9%	0.0%	1.3%
Arson	0.0%	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Assault	8.7%	11.6%	9.9%	11.5%
Burglary	11.7%	8.0%	2.9%	11.5%
Contempt of Court	0.0%	7.1%	17.5%	2.6%
Custody	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	0.0%	0.0%		0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	0.0%	2.0%	1.2%	2.6%
Escapes	0.0%	0.0%		0.0%
Extortion	0.0%	0.3%		0.0%
Failure to Appear	0.0%	11.1%		2.6%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%		0.0%
Fraud	0.9%	0.0%		2.6%
Gangs	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.9%	1.1%	0.6%	0.0%
Larceny	9.1%		14.0%	19.2%
Miscellaneous/Other	0.0%	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics	1.7%	3.1%	2.9%	3.8%
Obscenity	0.0%	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	0.0%	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	34.6%	27.8%	42.1%	39.7%
Protective Orders	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	20.8%	3.1%	2.3%	0.0%
Sex Offense	4.3%	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Status Offense ²	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic	0.4%	0.6%	1.8%	0.0%
Trespass	0.0%	1.7%		0.0%
Vandalism	0.4%			0.0%
Weapons	6.5%		1.8%	2.6%
	ense Seve		1,070	2,070
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	33.3%	8.5%	5.3%	6.4%
- Weapons/Narcotics	4.8%	1.7%		2.6%
- Other	19.0%	17.0%	8.2%	32.1%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:	13.070	17.070	0.270	32.170
- Against Persons	6.1%	10.2%	8.8%	5.1%
- Other	1.3%	20.5%	15.8%	10.3%
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	34.6%	28.4%	44.4%	42.3%
Court Order Violation	0.0%	11.9%	15.8%	1.3%
Status Offense ²	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Others	0.9%	1.7%	0.6%	0.0%
Offense Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Admissions	231	352	171	78
1 2 - Variations are due to slightly diff			1/1	10

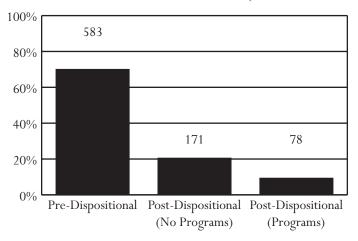
Admissions by Court District, FY 2010



Average Daily Population vs Capacity, FY 2008-2010



Admissions by Dispositional Status, FY 2010



 $^{1,\,2}$ -Variations are due to slightly different offense categorization.



Loudoun County Juvenile Detention Center

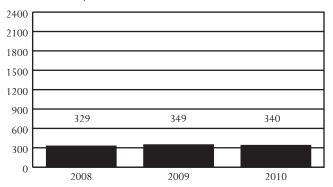
Superintendent: Michelle Smith (michelle.smith@loudoun.gov)

Capacity: 24 beds

Owned by: Loudoun County. Primary users: Counties of Fauquier, Loudoun, and Rappahannock.

42020 Loudoun Center Place Leesburg, Virginia 20175 703-771-5200

ADMISSIONS, FY 2008-2010



DAI Scores at Admission*, FY 2008-2010

DAI Scores	2008	2009	2010
0-9 (Release)	26.8%	21.7%	23.2%
10-14 (Detention Alternative)	33.7%	32.9%	37.5%
15+ (Secure Detention)	33.3%	39.4%	35.7%
Missing	6.1%	6.0%	3.6%

*Only includes Pre-D and "non-judge ordered" cases

Admissions by Demographics*, FY 2008-2010

Demographics	2008	2009	2010
Race			
Black	20.1%	24.9%	29.1%
White	62.3%	61.6%	62.4%
Other	17.6%	13.5%	8.5%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	23.7%	24.4%	20.0%
Sex			
Male	77.8%	74.5%	73.2%
Female	22.2%	25.5%	26.8%
Age			
8-12	2.1%	0.3%	3.5%
13	2.7%	2.3%	4.1%
14	9.7%	7.2%	9.4%
15	17.3%	28.1%	19.1%
16	31.3%	25.2%	33.5%
17	36.8%	37.0%	30.0%
18-20	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Error/Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.3%
Total Admissions	329	349	340

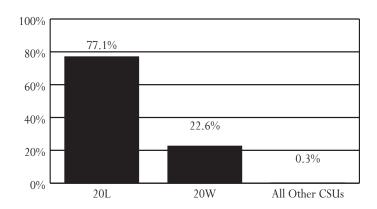
- Source of Admissions (FY 2010):
 - 99.7% of admissions were from the 20L and 20W Districts. See pages 64-65 and 66-67, respectively, for data pertaining to these CSUs.
 - Weekender admissions were counted as a single admission.
- Juveniles Admitted to Detention (FY 2010):
 - 118 juveniles were admitted once to detention and 80 juveniles were admitted multiple times, for a total of 198 juveniles and 340 detention admissions.
- Admission Trends:
 - Admissions increased 3% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and decreased 3% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
- DAI Scores at Admission (FY 2010):
 - Of the juveniles who were detained, 35.7% had a DAI score indicating secure detention.
 - Of the juveniles who received a score of less than 15, 1.5% had mandatory overrides.
- Most Common Offense Category (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Pre-D Probation/Parole Violation (25.3%)
 - Post-D Probation/Parole Violation (50.5%)
- Offense Severity (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Felony 35.2% of Pre-D; 8.4% of Post-D
 - Class 1 Misdemeanor 21.9% of Pre-D; 16.8% of Post-D
 - Probation/Parole Violation 28.3% of Pre-D; 57.0% of Post-D
- Average Daily Population (ADP):
 - ADP decreased 11% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and 24% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
 - ADP has consistently been below capacity.
- Average Length of Stay (LOS):
 - In order to accurately account for movement of juveniles between facilities, LOS is calculated at the detaining CSU level. For specific LOS data, refer to pages for CSUs served by this detention home.
- Child Care Days (CCD):
 - Total number of CCD for FY 2010 was 5,872. This is a 24.0% decrease from the previous fiscal year (7,724 CCD).
- Dispositional Status:
 - 233 pre-dispositional admissions
 - 100 post-dispositional admissions without programs, including 22 weekend admissions
 - 7 post-dispositional admissions with programs

Note: During FY 2009, the detention module of JTS was updated, making data incomparable to previous Data Resource Guides. See page 99 for a description of this update.

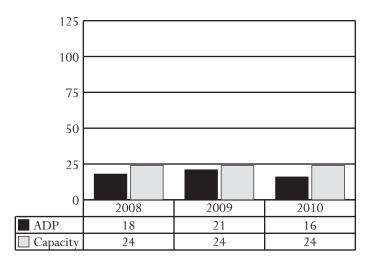


	Pre-l	Disp.	Post-	Disp.
Most Serious Offense	Judge		With Pr	
	No	Yes	No	Yes
Offe	ense Cate	gory		
Abusive Language	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Arson	1.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Assault	20.1%	0.0%	6.0%	0.0%
Burglary	4.0%	0.0%	2.0%	0.0%
Contempt of Court	16.5%	22.2%	20.0%	42.9%
Custody	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Escapes	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Extortion	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	1.8%	11.1%	1.0%	0.0%
Gangs	1.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Larceny	12.1%	44.4%	3.0%	28.6%
Miscellaneous/Other	0.4%	0.0%		0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics	1.8%	0.0%	1.0%	0.0%
Obscenity	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	1.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	25.4%	22.2%	52.0%	28.6%
Protective Orders	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	1.3%	0.0%	1.0%	0.0%
Sex Offense	3.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Status Offense ²	0.0%	0.0%	2.0%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic	0.9%	0.0%	4.0%	0.0%
Trespass	0.4%	0.0%	3.0%	0.0%
Vandalism	3.6%	0.0%	5.0%	0.0%
Weapons	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
	ense Seve	rity		
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	13.8%	0.0%	3.0%	0.0%
- Weapons/Narcotics	2.2%	0.0%	0.0%	14.3%
- Other	19.2%	33.3%	5.0%	0.0%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	17.0%	0.0%	4.0%	0.0%
- Other	4.9%	22.2%	13.0%	14.3%
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	28.6%	22.2%	58.0%	42.9%
Court Order Violation	13.4%	22.2%	14.0%	28.6%
Status Offense ²	0.0%	0.0%	2.0%	0.0%
Others	0.4%	0.0%	1.0%	0.0%
Offense Information Missing	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

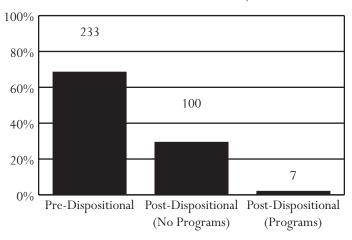
Admissions by Court District, FY 2010



Average Daily Population vs Capacity, FY 2008-2010



Admissions by Dispositional Status, FY 2010



 $^{1,\,2}$ -Variations are due to slightly different offense categorization.

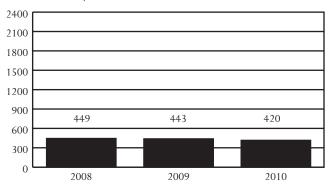


Lynchburg Regional Juvenile Detention Center

Superintendent: Bernard Mitchell (bernard.mitchell@lynchburgva.gov) Capacity: 48 beds 1400 Florida Avenue Lynchburg, Virginia 24501 434-455-7878

Owned by: The city of Lynchburg. Primary users: Cities of Bedford and Lynchburg and counties of Amherst, Appomattox, Bedford, Campbell, Charlotte, and Nelson.

ADMISSIONS, FY 2008-2010



DAI Scores at Admission*, FY 2008-2010

DAI Scores	2008	2009	2010
0-9 (Release)	14.4%	22.0%	24.4%
10-14 (Detention Alternative)	26.1%	25.6%	33.8%
15+ (Secure Detention)	56.4%	51.2%	38.8%
Missing	3.2%	1.2%	3.1%

*Only includes Pre-D and "non-judge ordered" cases

Admissions by Demographics*, FY 2008-2010

Demographics	2008	2009	2010
Race			
Black	52.6%	51.0%	41.9%
White	44.8%	44.5%	55.7%
Other	2.7%	4.5%	2.4%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	1.1%	2.3%	1.7%
Sex			
Male	81.5%	79.0%	79.3%
Female	18.5%	21.0%	20.7%
Age			
8-12	0.4%	2.0%	1.2%
13	4.7%	3.8%	4.8%
14	9.1%	12.9%	9.5%
15	17.6%	16.5%	15.5%
16	31.0%	30.2%	26.0%
17	37.2%	34.5%	43.1%
18-20	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Error/Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Admissions	449	443	420

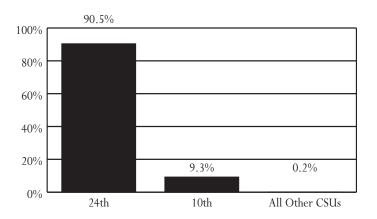
- Source of Admissions (FY 2010):
 - 99.8% of admissions were from the 24th and 10th Districts. See pages 76-77 and 42-43, respectively, for data pertaining to these CSUs.
 - Weekender admissions were counted as a single admission.
- Juveniles Admitted to Detention (FY 2010):
 - 245 juveniles were admitted once to detention and 71 juveniles were admitted multiple times, for a total of 316 juveniles and 420 detention admissions.
- Admission Trends:
 - Admissions decreased 6% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and 5% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
- DAI Scores at Admission (FY 2010):
 - Of the juveniles who were detained, 38.8% had a DAI score indicating secure detention.
 - Of the juveniles who received a score of less than 15, 4.3% had mandatory overrides.
- Most Common Offense Category (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Pre-D Assault (21.6%)
 - Post-D Contempt of Court (27.1%)
- Offense Severity (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Felony 37.1% of Pre-D; 14.4% of Post-D
 - Class 1 Misdemeanor 24.1% of Pre-D; 33.5% of Post-D
 - Probation/Parole Violation 18.5% of Pre-D; 19.1% of Post-D
- Average Daily Population (ADP):
 - ADP decreased 19% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and 7% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
 - ADP has consistently been below capacity.
- Average Length of Stay (LOS):
 - In order to accurately account for movement of juveniles between facilities, LOS is calculated at the detaining CSU level. For specific LOS data, refer to pages for CSUs served by this detention home.
- Child Care Days (CCD):
 - Total number of CCD for FY 2010 was 9,583. This is a 6.2% decrease from the previous fiscal year (10,212 CCD).
- Dispositional Status:
 - 232 pre-dispositional admissions
 - 163 post-dispositional admissions without programs, including 6 weekend admissions
 - 25 post-dispositional admissions with programs

Note: During FY 2009, the detention module of JTS was updated, making data incomparable to previous Data Resource Guides. See page 99 for a description of this update.

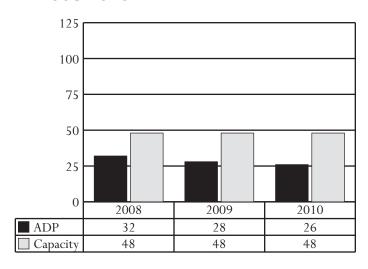


Pre-I Judge No nse Cates 0.6% 0.6% 1.8% 25.7% 6.0% 3.6% 0.0% 0.6% 0.6% 1.8% 0.6%	Order? Yes	Post- With Pr No 0.0% 1.2% 0.0% 16.6% 0.0% 30.7% 0.0% 4.3% 0.0%	0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 12.0% 4.0% 4.0% 0.0% 0.0%
No nse Cate; 0.6% 0.6% 1.8% 25.7% 6.0% 3.6% 0.0% 0.6% 0.6% 1.8%	Yes 0.0% 1.5% 0.0% 10.8% 0.0% 43.1% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0%	0.0% 1.2% 0.0% 16.6% 0.0% 30.7% 0.0% 0.0% 4.3% 0.0%	Yes 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 12.0% 4.0% 4.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0%
0.6% 0.6% 1.8% 25.7% 6.0% 3.6% 0.0% 0.6% 0.6%	0.0% 1.5% 0.0% 10.8% 0.0% 43.1% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0%	1.2% 0.0% 16.6% 0.0% 30.7% 0.0% 4.3% 0.0%	0.0% 0.0% 12.0% 4.0% 4.0% 0.0% 0.0%
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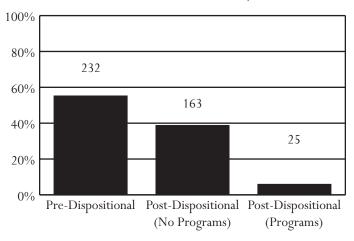
Admissions by Court District, FY 2010



Average Daily Population vs Capacity, FY 2008-2010



Admissions by Dispositional Status, FY 2010



 $^{1,\,2}$ -Variations are due to slightly different offense categorization.



Merrimac Center

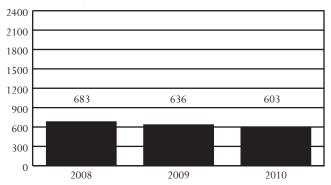
 $Executive\ Director:\ Michael\ Sawyer\ (msawyer@merrimac-center.net)$

Capacity: 48 beds

9300 Merrimac Trail Williamsburg, Virginia 23185 757-887-0225

Owned by: A commission of the cities of Poquoson and Williamsburg and counties of Caroline, Charles City, Essex, Gloucester, Hanover, James City, King & Queen, King William, Lancaster, Mathews, Middlesex, New Kent, Northumberland, Richmond, Westmoreland, and York. Primary users: Members of the commission.

ADMISSIONS, FY 2008-2010



DAI Scores at Admission*, FY 2008-2010

DAI Scores	2008	2009	2010
0-9 (Release)	20.5%	21.4%	20.8%
10-14 (Detention Alternative)	33.0%	27.2%	24.7%
15+ (Secure Detention)	44.7%	48.9%	47.5%
Missing	1.7%	2.6%	6.9%

*Only includes Pre-D and "non-judge ordered" cases

Admissions by Demographics*, FY 2008-2010

Demographics	2008	2009	2010
Race			
Black	36.5%	38.7%	37.0%
White	58.7%	58.8%	61.4%
Other	4.8%	2.5%	1.7%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	1.9%	1.9%	2.2%
Sex			
Male	77.9%	79.4%	71.3%
Female	22.1%	20.6%	28.7%
Age			
8-12	0.9%	1.9%	0.5%
13	2.3%	3.0%	5.5%
14	10.4%	9.0%	7.6%
15	21.5%	17.3%	18.6%
16	29.1%	32.7%	31.0%
17	35.7%	36.2%	36.8%
18-20	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Error/Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Admissions	683	636	603

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

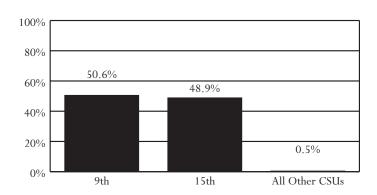
- Source of Admissions (FY 2010):
 - 99.5% of admissions were from the 9th and 15th Districts. See pages 40-41 and 52-53, respectively, for data pertaining to these CSUs.
 - Weekender admissions were counted as a single admission.
- Juveniles Admitted to Detention (FY 2010):
 - 278 juveniles were admitted once to detention and 132 juveniles were admitted multiple times, for a total of 410 juveniles and 603 detention admissions.
- Admission Trends:
 - Admissions decreased 12% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and 5% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
- DAI Scores at Admission (FY 2010):
 - Of the juveniles who were detained, 47.5% had a DAI score indicating secure detention.
 - Of the juveniles who received a score of less than 15, 44.1% had mandatory overrides.
- Most Common Offense Category (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Pre-D Assault (20.0%) and Probation/Parole Violation (18.8%)
 - Post-D Contempt of Court (23.1%)
- Offense Severity (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Felony 46.4% of Pre-D; 19.4% of Post-D
 - Class 1 Misdemeanor 23.3% of Pre-D; 34.8% of Post-D
 - Probation/Parole Violation 18.8% of Pre-D; 14.3% of Post-D
- Average Daily Population (ADP):
 - ADP decreased 14% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and 5% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
 - ADP has consistently been below capacity.
- Average Length of Stay (LOS):
 - In order to accurately account for movement of juveniles between facilities, LOS is calculated at the detaining CSU level. For specific LOS data, refer to pages for CSUs served by this detention home.
- Child Care Days (CCD):
 - Total number of CCD for FY 2010 was 13,874. This is a 6.0% decrease from the previous fiscal year (14,766 CCD).
- Dispositional Status:
 - 330 pre-dispositional admissions
 - 253 post-dispositional admissions without programs, including 19 weekend admissions
 - 20 post-dispositional admissions with programs

Note: During FY 2009, the detention module of JTS was updated, making data incomparable to previous Data Resource Guides. See page 99 for a description of this update.

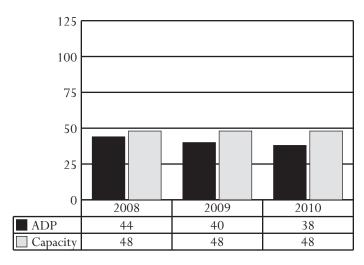


	Pre-l	Disp.	Post-	Disp.
Most Serious Offense	Judge		With Pr	
	No	Yes	No	Yes
Offe	ense Cate	gory		
Abusive Language	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol	0.4%	1.4%	5.5%	0.0%
Arson	2.3%	0.0%	0.0%	5.0%
Assault	22.0%	12.7%	13.0%	15.0%
Burglary	12.4%	2.8%	5.9%	5.0%
Contempt of Court	8.5%	16.9%	24.5%	5.0%
Custody	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	0.0%	0.0%		0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	0.0%	0.0%	2.8%	0.0%
Escapes	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Extortion	1.2%	2.8%		0.0%
Failure to Appear	0.8%	5.6%	2.4%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.4%	1.4%	0.4%	0.0%
Gangs	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	1.2%	0.0%		0.0%
Larceny	8.1%	16.9%		10.0%
Miscellaneous/Other	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics	2.7%	0.0%	9.5%	10.0%
Obscenity	0.0%	0.0%	0.4%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	0.8%	2.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	16.6%	26.8%	12.3%	40.0%
Protective Orders	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	3.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Sex Offense	9.7%	0.0%	0.4%	0.0%
Status Offense ²	0.4%	2.8%	5.9%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic	0.8%	0.0%	2.4%	0.0%
Trespass	1.9%	0.0%	1.2%	0.0%
Vandalism	3.5%	4.2%		5.0%
Weapons	2.3%	2.8%	0.4%	5.0%
	ense Seve	rity		
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	30.5%	5.6%		15.0%
- Weapons/Narcotics	2.3%	0.0%		10.0%
- Other	21.6%	11.3%	13.8%	15.0%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	14.3%	14.1%	12.6%	15.0%
- Other	5.4%	22.5%	23.7%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	16.6%	26.8%	12.3%	40.0%
Court Order Violation	8.5%	16.9%	24.5%	5.0%
Status Offense ²	0.4%	2.8%	6.3%	0.0%
Others	0.0%	0.0%	2.8%	0.0%
Offense Information Missing	0.4%	0.0%		0.0%
Total Admissions	259	71	253	20

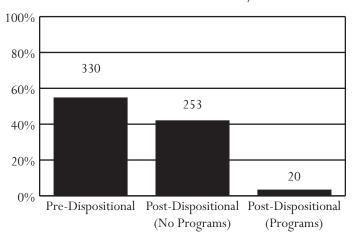
Admissions by Court District, FY 2010



Average Daily Population vs Capacity, FY 2008-2010



Admissions by Dispositional Status, FY 2010



 $^{{\}bf 1}, {\bf 2}$ -Variations are due to slightly different offense categorization.



New River Valley Juvenile Detention Home

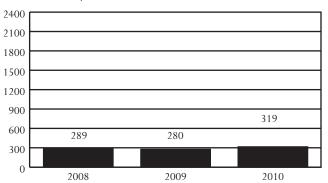
Superintendent: Colleen French (frenchca@verizon.net)

Capacity: 24 beds

650 Wades Lane, N.W. Christiansburg, Virginia 24073 540-381-0097

Owned by: A commission of the city of Radford and counties of Giles, Montgomery, and Pulaski. Primary users: Members of the commission as well as the city of Galax and counties of Bland, Carroll, Floyd, Grayson, and Wythe.

ADMISSIONS, FY 2008-2010



DAI Scores at Admission*, FY 2008-2010

DAI Scores	2008	2009	2010
0-9 (Release)	21.7%	19.2%	18.7%
10-14 (Detention Alternative)	22.8%	24.2%	25.2%
15+ (Secure Detention)	53.3%	50.5%	45.8%
Missing	2.2%	6.1%	10.3%

*Only includes Pre-D and "non-judge ordered" cases

Admissions by Demographics*, FY 2008-2010

Demographics	2008	2009	2010
Race			
Black	18.0%	12.5%	11.0%
White	77.5%	85.4%	86.8%
Other	4.5%	2.1%	2.2%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	3.8%	3.2%	5.0%
Sex			
Male	83.7%	78.6%	82.1%
Female	16.3%	21.4%	17.9%
Age			
8-12	0.3%	1.1%	0.0%
13	4.2%	6.4%	4.1%
14	7.3%	16.1%	20.1%
15	19.0%	23.9%	18.2%
16	24.2%	21.1%	29.5%
17	45.0%	31.4%	28.2%
18-20	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Error/Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Admissions	289	280	319

* Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

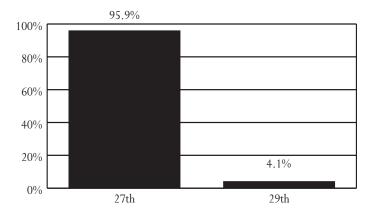
- Source of Admissions (FY 2010):
 - 95.9% of admissions were from the 27th District. See pages 82-83 for data pertaining to this CSU.
 - Weekender admissions were counted as a single admission.
- Juveniles Admitted to Detention (FY 2010):
 - 120 juveniles were admitted once to detention and 66 juveniles were admitted multiple times, for a total of 186 juveniles and 319 detention admissions.
- Admission Trends:
 - Admissions increased 10% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and 14% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
- DAI Scores at Admission (FY 2010):
 - Of the juveniles who were detained, 45.8% had a DAI score indicating secure detention.
 - Of the juveniles who received a score of less than 15, none had mandatory overrides.
- Most Common Offense Category (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Pre-D Assault (26.1%)
 - Post-D Probation/Parole Violation (27.2%)
- Offense Severity (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Felony 42.0% of Pre-D; 19.1% of Post-D
 - Class 1 Misdemeanor 34.4% of Pre-D; 30.9% of Post-D
 - Probation/Parole Violation 10.2% of Pre-D; 27.2% of Post-D
- Average Daily Population (ADP):
 - ADP decreased 21% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and 21% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
 - ADP has consistently been below capacity.
- Average Length of Stay (LOS):
 - In order to accurately account for movement of juveniles between facilities, LOS is calculated at the detaining CSU level. For specific LOS data, refer to pages for CSUs served by this detention home.
- Child Care Days (CCD):
 - Total number of CCD for FY 2010 was 5,604. This is a 20.3% decrease from the previous fiscal year (7,033 CCD).
- Dispositional Status:
 - 157 pre-dispositional admissions
 - 147 post-dispositional admissions without programs, including 28 weekend admissions
 - 15 post-dispositional admissions with programs

Note: During FY 2009, the detention module of JTS was updated, making data incomparable to previous Data Resource Guides. See page 99 for a description of this update.

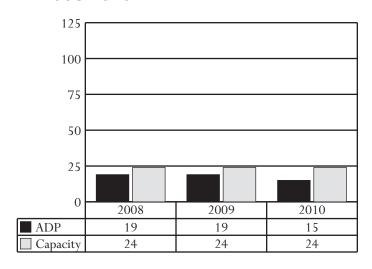


	Pre-Disp.		Post-Disp.	
Most Serious Offense	Judge		With Pr	
	No	Yes	No	Yes
Offe	ense Cate	gory		
Abusive Language	0.0%	0.0%	0.7%	0.0%
Alcohol	0.0%	0.0%	2.7%	0.0%
Arson	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Assault	28.0%	22.0%	16.3%	6.7%
Burglary	10.3%	2.0%	4.8%	6.7%
Contempt of Court	2.8%	18.0%	10.2%	6.7%
Custody	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	2.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Escapes	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Extortion	1.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	0.0%	8.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	4.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Gangs	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Larceny	18.7%	8.0%		46.7%
Miscellaneous/Other	0.9%	0.0%		0.0%
Murder	1.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics	3.7%	2.0%	6.8%	0.0%
Obscenity	1.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	0.0%	0.0%	0.7%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	6.5%	18.0%	29.3%	6.7%
Protective Orders	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Sex Offense	3.7%	2.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Status Offense ²	0.0%	18.0%	9.5%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic	0.9%	0.0%	1.4%	20.0%
Trespass	0.9%	0.0%	2.7%	0.0%
Vandalism	6.5%	2.0%		6.7%
Weapons	0.9%	0.0%		0.0%
	ense Seve			
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	17.8%	8.0%	4.1%	40.0%
- Weapons/Narcotics	2.8%	0.0%	1.4%	0.0%
- Other	34.6%	6.0%	7.5%	40.0%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	24.3%	16.0%	14.3%	0.0%
- Other	11.2%	16.0%	19.0%	6.7%
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	6.5%	18.0%	29.3%	6.7%
Court Order Violation	2.8%	18.0%	12.9%	6.7%
Status Offense ²	0.0%	18.0%	10.2%	0.0%
Others	0.0%	0.0%	1.4%	0.0%
Offense Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%		0.0%
	2.070	50	147	15

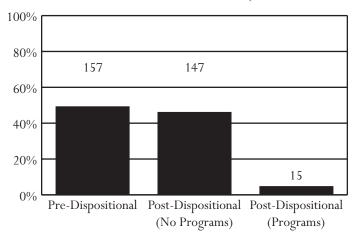
Admissions by Court District, FY 2010



Average Daily Population vs Capacity, FY 2008-2010



Admissions by Dispositional Status, FY 2010



 $^{1,\,2}$ -Variations are due to slightly different offense categorization.



Newport News Secure Detention

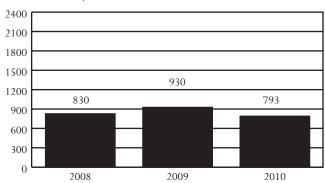
Superintendent: Sheena Christian-Howard (schristian-howard@nngov.com)

Capacity: 110 beds

350 25th Street Newport News, Virginia 23607 757-926-1600

Owned by: The city of Newport News. Primary users: The cities of Hampton and Newport News.

ADMISSIONS, FY 2008-2010



DAI Scores at Admission*, FY 2008-2010

DAI Scores	2008	2009	2010
0-9 (Release)	5.1%	10.6%	10.6%
10-14 (Detention Alternative)	16.3%	17.7%	25.5%
15+ (Secure Detention)	75.6%	69.0%	57.3%
Missing	3.0%	2.7%	6.5%

*Only includes Pre-D and "non-judge ordered" cases

Admissions by Demographics*, FY 2008-2010

Demographics	2008	2009	2010
Race			
Black	79.6%	79.9%	75.9%
White	15.5%	16.2%	21.2%
Other	4.8%	3.9%	2.9%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	2.9%	1.6%	3.2%
Sex			
Male	76.5%	75.5%	71.4%
Female	23.5%	24.5%	28.6%
Age			
8-12	2.0%	1.0%	0.6%
13	6.6%	4.1%	3.5%
14	10.5%	11.4%	10.2%
15	23.7%	21.9%	22.1%
16	25.4%	31.8%	30.4%
17	31.7%	29.8%	33.0%
18-20	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%
Error/Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Admissions	830	930	793

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

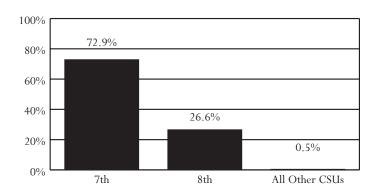
- Source of Admissions (FY 2010):
 - 99.5% of admissions were from the 7th and 8th Districts. See pages 36-37 and 38-39, respectively, for data pertaining to these CSUs.
 - Weekender admissions were counted as a single admission.
- Juveniles Admitted to Detention (FY 2010):
 - 350 juveniles were admitted once to detention and 159 juveniles were admitted multiple times, for a total of 509 juveniles and 793 detention admissions.
- Admission Trends:
 - Admissions decreased 4% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and 15% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
- DAI Scores at Admission (FY 2010):
 - Of the juveniles who were detained, 57.3% had a DAI score indicating secure detention.
 - Of the juveniles who received a score of less than 15, 28.7% had mandatory overrides.
- Most Common Offense Category (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Pre-D Assault (14.9%) and Probation/Parole Violation (13.8%)
 - Post-D Contempt of Court (50.0%)
- Offense Severity (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Felony 45.3% of Pre-D; 13.0% of Post-D
 - Class 1 Misdemeanor 26.5% of Pre-D; 15.9% of Post-D
 - Probation/Parole Violation 13.8% of Pre-D; 17.8% of Post-D
- Average Daily Population (ADP):
 - ADP decreased 3% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and 18% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
 - ADP has consistently been below capacity.
- Average Length of Stay (LOS):
 - In order to accurately account for movement of juveniles between facilities, LOS is calculated at the detaining CSU level. For specific LOS data, refer to pages for CSUs served by this detention home.
- Child Care Days (CCD):
 - Total number of CCD for FY 2010 was 27,628. This is a 19.0% decrease from the previous fiscal year (34,125 CCD).
- Dispositional Status:
 - 585 pre-dispositional admissions
 - 170 post-dispositional admissions without programs, including 48 weekend admissions
 - 38 post-dispositional admissions with programs

Note: During FY 2009, the detention module of JTS was updated, making data incomparable to previous Data Resource Guides. See page 99 for a description of this update.

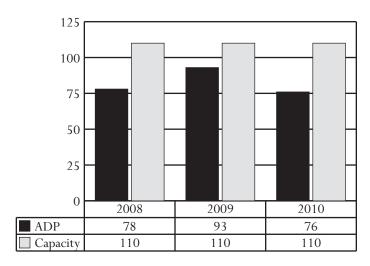


	Pre-l	Disp.	Post-	Disp.
Most Serious Offense			With Pr	
	No	Yes	No	Yes
Offe	ense Cate	gory		
Abusive Language	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Arson	1.7%	0.6%	1.2%	0.0%
Assault	17.8%	7.6%	6.5%	7.9%
Burglary	8.9%	2.9%	2.4%	0.0%
Contempt of Court	1.9%	28.2%	54.7%	28.9%
Custody	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	0.0%	0.0%	0.6%	0.0%
Escapes	4.6%	0.0%	1.2%	0.0%
Extortion	0.5%	0.0%	0.6%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	3.9%	28.2%	1.8%	15.8%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Gangs	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Larceny	10.8%	8.2%	5.3%	13.2%
Miscellaneous/Other	1.4%	3.5%	1.2%	0.0%
Murder	1.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics	4.1%	2.9%	0.6%	2.6%
Obscenity	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	1.7%	1.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	16.6%	7.1%	17.6%	18.4%
Protective Orders	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	10.6%	2.4%	1.2%	5.3%
Sex Offense	3.4%	0.0%	0.6%	0.0%
Status Offense ²	0.2%	0.6%	2.4%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic	0.0%	1.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Trespass	1.0%	0.0%	2.4%	0.0%
Vandalism	2.9%	3.5%	0.0%	2.6%
Weapons	6.5%	1.8%	0.0%	5.3%
	ense Seve	rity		
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	29.6%	9.4%	4.7%	15.8%
- Weapons/Narcotics	5.8%	1.2%	0.0%	2.6%
- Other	19.0%	12.4%	4.1%	13.2%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	11.6%	2.4%	5.3%	2.6%
- Other	14.2%	25.9%	10.0%	15.8%
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	16.6%	7.1%	17.6%	18.4%
Court Order Violation	1.9%	36.5%	54.7%	31.6%
Status Offense ²	0.2%	0.6%	2.9%	0.0%
Others	1.0%	4.7%	0.6%	0.0%
Offense Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%		0.0%
Total Admissions	415	170	170	38

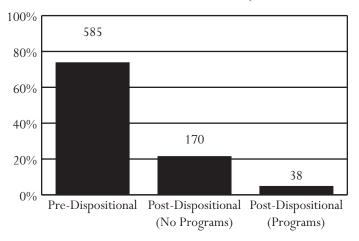
Admissions by Court District, FY 2010



Average Daily Population vs Capacity, FY 2008-2010



Admissions by Dispositional Status, FY 2010



 $^{1,\,2}$ -Variations are due to slightly different offense categorization.

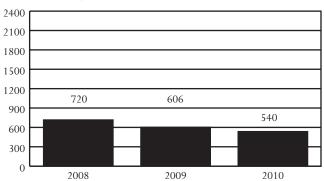


Norfolk Juvenile Detention Center

Acting Superintendent: Joseph Jackson (Joseph. Jackson@norfolk.gov) Capacity: 80 beds 1260 Security Lane Norfolk, Virginia 23502 757-441-5667

Owned by: The city of Norfolk. Primary users: The city of Norfolk and counties of Accomack and Northampton.

ADMISSIONS, FY 2008-2010



DAI Scores at Admission*, FY 2008-2010

DAI Scores	2008	2009	2010
0-9 (Release)	8.6%	8.7%	10.4%
10-14 (Detention Alternative)	17.8%	20.4%	15.3%
15+ (Secure Detention)	68.3%	67.5%	69.4%
Missing	5.4%	3.4%	5.0%

*Only includes Pre-D and "non-judge ordered" cases

Admissions by Demographics*, FY 2008-2010

Demographics	2008	2009	2010
Race			
Black	81.1%	81.5%	80.6%
White	13.6%	11.6%	13.5%
Other	5.3%	6.9%	5.9%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	1.7%	3.3%	3.0%
Sex			
Male	76.5%	78.1%	81.3%
Female	23.5%	21.9%	18.7%
Age			
8-12	2.1%	1.5%	1.5%
13	5.4%	4.1%	3.9%
14	11.0%	11.9%	11.3%
15	24.0%	23.9%	20.6%
16	26.4%	27.9%	26.1%
17	30.8%	30.4%	36.3%
18-20	0.0%	0.2%	0.4%
Error/Missing	0.3%	0.2%	0.0%
Total Admissions	720	606	540

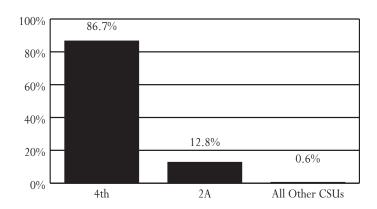
- Source of Admissions (FY 2010):
 - 99.4% of admissions were from the 4th and 2A Districts. See pages 30-31 and 26-27, respectively, for data pertaining to these CSUs.
 - Weekender admissions were counted as a single admission.
- Juveniles Admitted to Detention (FY 2010):
 - 260 juveniles were admitted once to detention and 108 juveniles were admitted multiple times, for a total of 368 juveniles and 540 detention admissions.
- Admission Trends:
 - Admissions decreased 25% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and 11% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
- DAI Scores at Admission (FY 2010):
 - Of the juveniles who were detained, 69.4% had a DAI score indicating secure detention.
 - Of the juveniles who received a score of less than 15, 36.8% had mandatory overrides.
- Most Common Offense Category (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Pre-D Assault (17.1%) and Probation/Parole Violation (16.4%)
 - Post-D Probation/Parole Violation (25.0%)
- Offense Severity (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Felony 45.8% of Pre-D; 22.3% of Post-D
 - Class 1 Misdemeanor 28.5% of Pre-D; 39.3% of Post-D
 - Probation/Parole Violation 16.4% of Pre-D; 25.0% of Post-D
- Average Daily Population (ADP):
 - ADP decreased 12% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and 2% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
 - ADP has consistently been below capacity.
- Average Length of Stay (LOS):
 - In order to accurately account for movement of juveniles between facilities, LOS is calculated at the detaining CSU level. For specific LOS data, refer to pages for CSUs served by this detention home.
- Child Care Days (CCD):
 - Total number of CCD for FY 2010 was 18,657. This is a 1.6% decrease from the previous fiscal year (18,954 CCD).
- Dispositional Status:
 - 428 pre-dispositional admissions
 - 89 post-dispositional admissions without programs, including 11 weekend admissions
 - 23 post-dispositional admissions with programs

Note: During FY 2009, the detention module of JTS was updated, making data incomparable to previous Data Resource Guides. See page 99 for a description of this update.

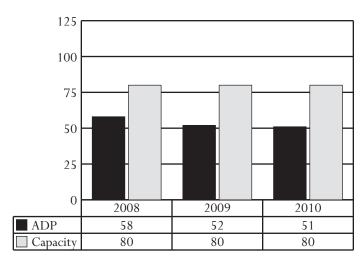


	Pre-l		Post-	
Most Serious Offense	Judge	Order?	With Pr	ogram?
	No	Yes	No	Yes
	ense Cate			
Abusive Language	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol	0.0%	0.0%	1.1%	0.0%
Arson	4.9%	1.0%	0.0%	4.3%
Assault	17.0%	17.2%	22.5%	4.3%
Burglary	8.5%	5.9%	5.6%	17.4%
Contempt of Court	2.2%	6.9%	6.7%	4.3%
Custody	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	0.0%	3.9%	5.6%	0.0%
Escapes	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Extortion	0.0%	0.0%	2.2%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	1.8%	11.8%	3.4%	4.3%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Gangs	0.4%	0.0%	1.1%	0.0%
Kidnapping	3.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Larceny	8.9%	12.3%	7.9%	21.7%
Miscellaneous/Other	2.2%	0.5%	1.1%	4.3%
Murder	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics	0.4%	2.5%	4.5%	0.0%
Obscenity	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	1.8%	1.5%	2.2%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	10.7%	22.5%	24.7%	26.1%
Protective Orders	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	22.3%	3.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Sex Offense	4.5%	1.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Status Offense ²	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic	0.9%	0.5%	6.7%	0.0%
Trespass	1.3%	2.9%	2.2%	8.7%
Vandalism	0.9%	4.4%	2.2%	4.3%
Weapons	6.3%	1.5%	0.0%	0.0%
	ense Seve	rity		
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	46.9%	5.9%	3.4%	8.7%
- Weapons/Narcotics	1.8%	1.0%	1.1%	0.0%
- Other	18.8%	15.2%	12.4%	34.8%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				<u> </u>
- Against Persons	8.5%	18.1%	22.5%	4.3%
- Other	7.6%	24.0%	21.3%	17.4%
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	10.7%	22.5%	24.7%	26.1%
Court Order Violation	3.1%	11.8%	9.0%	4.3%
Status Offense ²	0.0%	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Others	1.8%	1.0%	5.6%	4.3%
Offense Information Missing	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Admissions	224	204	89	23
1 0.01 /1011115510115		204	0,9	∠)

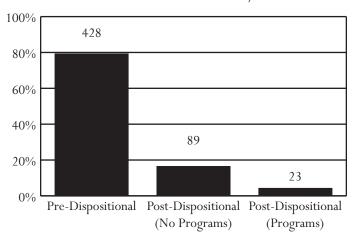
Admissions by Court District, FY 2010



Average Daily Population vs Capacity, FY 2008-2010



Admissions by Dispositional Status, FY 2010



^{1, 2 -} Variations are due to slightly different offense categorization.



Northern Virginia Juvenile Detention Home

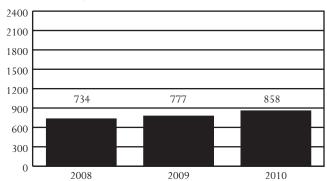
Executive Director: Krystal Kimrey (kkimrey@jdcnv.org)

Capacity: 70 beds

200 South Whiting Street Alexandria, Virginia 22304 703-751-3700

Owned by: A commission of the cities of Alexandria and Falls Church and Arlington County. Primary users: Members of the commission.

ADMISSIONS, FY 2008-2010



DAI Scores at Admission*, FY 2008-2010

DAI Scores	2008	2009	2010
0-9 (Release)	15.3%	29.0%	29.6%
10-14 (Detention Alternative)	22.6%	16.8%	19.1%
15+ (Secure Detention)	35.0%	40.0%	33.2%
Missing	27.0%	14.2%	18.1%

*Only includes Pre-D and "non-judge ordered" cases

Admissions by Demographics*, FY 2008-2010

Demographics	2008	2009	2010
Race			
Black	52.9%	50.2%	50.8%
White	31.3%	39.8%	42.5%
Other	15.8%	10.0%	6.6%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	28.9%	34.1%	35.4%
Sex			
Male	69.9%	70.9%	68.8%
Female	30.1%	29.1%	31.2%
Age			
8-12	1.4%	0.9%	1.3%
13	6.4%	4.4%	3.3%
14	12.4%	12.4%	11.8%
15	18.0%	27.4%	22.7%
16	28.2%	27.4%	29.6%
17	33.2%	27.2%	31.0%
18-20	0.4%	0.4%	0.3%
Error/Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Admissions	734	777	858

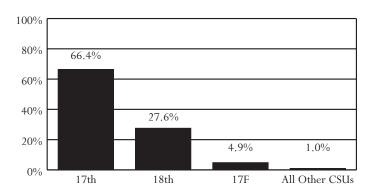
- Source of Admissions (FY 2010):
 - 94.1% of admissions were from the 17th and 18th Districts. See pages 56-57 and 60-61, respectively, for data pertaining to these CSUs.
 - Weekender admissions were counted as a single admission.
- Juveniles Admitted to Detention (FY 2010):
 - 245 juveniles were admitted once to detention and 196 juveniles were admitted multiple times, for a total of 441 juveniles and 858 detention admissions.
- Admission Trends:
 - Admissions increased 17% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and 10% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
- DAI Scores at Admission (FY 2010):
 - Of the juveniles who were detained, 33.2% had a DAI score indicating secure detention.
 - Of the juveniles who received a score of less than 15, 4.1% had mandatory overrides.
- Most Common Offense Category (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Pre-D Probation/Parole Violation (28.3%)
 - Post-D Probation/Parole Violation (44.9%)
- Offense Severity (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Felony 28.3% of Pre-D; 16.0% of Post-D
 - Class 1 Misdemeanor 27.0% of Pre-D; 16.0% of Post-D
 - Probation/Parole Violation 28.3% of Pre-D; 44.9% of Post-D
- Average Daily Population (ADP):
 - ADP increased 7% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and remained the same between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
 - ADP has consistently been below capacity.
- Average Length of Stay (LOS):
 - In order to accurately account for movement of juveniles between facilities, LOS is calculated at the detaining CSU level. For specific LOS data, refer to pages for CSUs served by this detention home.
- Child Care Days (CCD):
 - Total number of CCD for FY 2010 was 16,506. This is a 1.5% increase from the previous fiscal year (16,263 CCD).
- Dispositional Status:
 - 526 pre-dispositional admissions
 - 308 post-dispositional admissions without programs, including 14 weekend admissions
 - 24 post-dispositional admissions with programs

Note: During FY 2009, the detention module of JTS was updated, making data incomparable to previous Data Resource Guides. See page 99 for a description of this update.

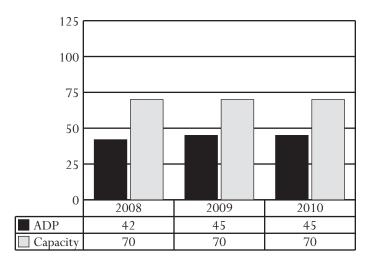


	Pre-l	Disp.	Post-	Disp.
Most Serious Offense	Judge		With Pr	
	No	Yes	No	Yes
Offe	ense Cate			
Abusive Language	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol	0.0%	0.6%	0.6%	0.0%
Arson	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Assault	20.5%	9.2%	6.8%	8.3%
Burglary	6.0%	0.3%	1.0%	8.3%
Contempt of Court	0.0%	16.0%	16.9%	0.0%
Custody	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	0.0%	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Escapes	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Extortion	0.0%	0.3%	0.3%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	0.0%	6.7%	2.9%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	2.0%	1.5%	1.6%	0.0%
Gangs	0.0%	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Larceny	29.5%	11.3%	11.7%	12.5%
Miscellaneous/Other	1.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics	5.0%	4.3%	3.2%	4.2%
Obscenity	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	3.0%	0.3%	0.3%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	12.0%	38.3%	43.5%	62.5%
Protective Orders	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	8.0%	1.8%	2.3%	0.0%
Sex Offense	2.0%	0.0%	0.3%	0.0%
Status Offense ²	0.5%	4.6%	4.9%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic	1.0%	0.3%	1.0%	0.0%
Trespass	1.5%	1.5%	1.6%	0.0%
Vandalism	1.5%	1.5%	1.0%	0.0%
Weapons	1.0%	0.3%	0.0%	4.2%
Off	ense Seve	rity		
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	25.0%	4.3%	5.5%	12.5%
- Weapons/Narcotics	3.5%	0.6%	0.6%	4.2%
- Other	24.5%	8.3%	8.4%	16.7%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	13.5%	8.0%	5.8%	0.0%
- Other	17.0%	16.9%	11.0%	4.2%
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	12.0%	38.3%	43.5%	62.5%
Court Order Violation	0.0%	16.0%	16.9%	0.0%
Status Offense ²	0.5%	4.9%	4.9%	0.0%
Others	1.0%	2.8%	3.2%	0.0%
Offense Information Missing	3.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Admissions	200	326	308	24

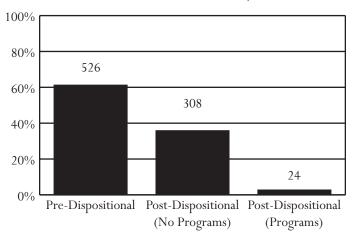
Admissions by Court District, FY 2010



Average Daily Population vs Capacity, FY 2008-2010



Admissions by Dispositional Status, FY 2010



 $^{{\}bf 1}, {\bf 2}$ -Variations are due to slightly different offense categorization.



Northwestern Regional Juvenile Detention Center

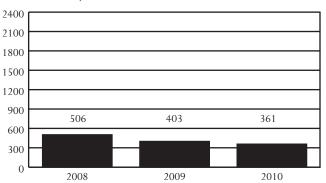
Superintendent: Jim Stevenson (Stevensj@frederick.k12.va.us)

Capacity: 32 beds

145 Fort Collier Road Winchester, Virginia 22603 540-722-6174

Owned by: A commission of the city of Winchester and counties of Clarke, Frederick, Page, Shenandoah, and Warren. Primary users: Members of the commission.

ADMISSIONS, FY 2008-2010



DAI Scores at Admission*, FY 2008-2010

DAI Scores	2008	2009	2010
0-9 (Release)	13.2%	10.7%	7.8%
10-14 (Detention Alternative)	29.5%	27.9%	32.0%
15+ (Secure Detention)	51.9%	50.8%	48.5%
Missing	5.4%	10.7%	11.7%

*Only includes Pre-D and "non-judge ordered" cases

Admissions by Demographics*, FY 2008-2010

Demographics	2008	2009	2010
Race			
Black	14.6%	11.2%	14.7%
White	79.1%	81.4%	80.6%
Other	6.3%	7.4%	4.7%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	4.5%	8.2%	1.9%
Sex			
Male	72.7%	81.4%	78.1%
Female	27.3%	18.6%	21.9%
Age			
8-12	0.0%	0.5%	0.0%
13	2.0%	2.0%	1.7%
14	11.9%	13.4%	7.2%
15	20.9%	17.1%	24.1%
16	30.2%	27.5%	24.9%
17	34.6%	39.5%	41.6%
18-20	0.2%	0.0%	0.3%
Error/Missing	0.2%	0.0%	0.3%
Total Admissions	506	403	361

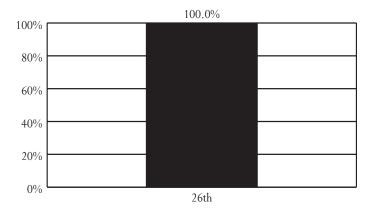
- Source of Admissions (FY 2010):
 - 100.0% of admissions were from the 26th District. See pages 80-81 for data pertaining to this CSU.
 - Weekender admissions were counted as a single admission.
- Juveniles Admitted to Detention (FY 2010):
 - 145 juveniles were admitted once to detention and 80 juveniles were admitted multiple times, for a total of 225 juveniles and 361 detention admissions.
- Admission Trends:
 - Admissions decreased 29% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and 10% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
- DAI Scores at Admission (FY 2010):
 - Of the juveniles who were detained, 48.5% had a DAI score indicating secure detention.
 - · Of the juveniles who received a score of less than 15, none had mandatory overrides.
- Most Common Offense Category (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Pre-D Probation/Parole Violation (29.0%)
 - Post-D Contempt of Court (43.1%)
- Offense Severity (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Felony 35.2% of Pre-D; 12.0% of Post-D
 - Class 1 Misdemeanor 21.4% of Pre-D; 31.0% of Post-D
 - Probation/Parole Violation 29.0% of Pre-D; 11.6% of Post-D
- Average Daily Population (ADP):
 - ADP decreased 37% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and 15% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
 - ADP has consistently been below capacity.
- Average Length of Stay (LOS):
 - In order to accurately account for movement of juveniles between facilities, LOS is calculated at the detaining CSU level. For specific LOS data, refer to pages for CSUs served by this detention home.
- Child Care Days (CCD):
 - Total number of CCD for FY 2010 was 6,204. This is a 16.5% decrease from the previous fiscal year (7,426 CCD).
- Dispositional Status:
 - 145 pre-dispositional admissions
 - 205 post-dispositional admissions without programs, including 7 weekend admissions
 - 11 post-dispositional admissions with programs

Note: During FY 2009, the detention module of JTS was updated, making data incomparable to previous Data Resource Guides. See page 99 for a description of this update.

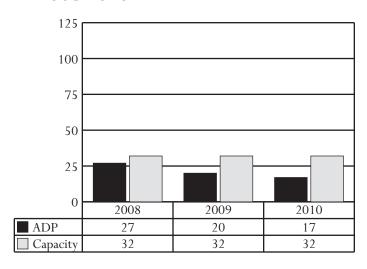


Pre-		Disp.	Post-Disp.	
Most Serious Offense	Judge		With Program?	
	No	Yes	No	Yes
Off	ense Cate	gory		
Abusive Language	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol	0.0%	0.0%	1.5%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	0.5%	0.0%
Assault	18.4%	11.9%	9.8%	9.1%
Burglary	1.0%	4.8%	0.5%	0.0%
Contempt of Court	5.8%	28.6%	44.9%	9.1%
Custody	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	0.0%	0.0%	1.5%	0.0%
Escapes	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Extortion	4.9%	0.0%	0.5%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	2.9%	14.3%	0.5%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	3.9%	0.0%	0.5%	9.1%
Gangs	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	2.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Larceny	12.6%	9.5%	12.2%	18.2%
Miscellaneous/Other	1.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics	1.0%	2.4%	4.4%	0.0%
Obscenity	0.0%	0.0%	1.0%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	0.0%	0.0%	1.5%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	31.1%	23.8%	9.3%	54.5%
Protective Orders	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	6.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Sex Offense	3.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Status Offense ²	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.0%	0.0%	0.5%	0.0%
Traffic	1.0%	2.4%	4.9%	0.0%
Trespass	0.0%	0.0%		0.0%
Vandalism	4.9%	0.0%		0.0%
Weapons	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
	fense Seve		0.070	0.070
Felonies:	I Serve	1109		
- Against Persons	26.2%	11.9%	1.0%	0.0%
- Weapons/Narcotics	1.0%	0.0%	1.0%	0.0%
- Other	11.7%	14.3%	9.8%	18.2%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:	11.,,,0	11,370	2,070	10.270
- Against Persons	10.7%	4.8%	10.7%	9.1%
- Other	11.7%	14.3%	21.0%	9.1%
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	31.1%	23.8%	9.3%	54.5%
Court Order Violation	5.8%	28.6%	45.9%	9.1%
Status Offense ²	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Others	1.0%	2.4%	1.5%	0.0%
Offense Information Missing	1.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Admissions		42		
1 OLAI AAMISSIONS	103	42	205	11

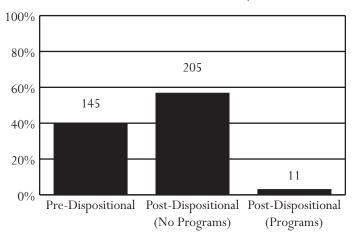
Admissions by Court District, FY 2010



Average Daily Population vs Capacity, FY 2008-2010



Admissions by Dispositional Status, FY 2010



 $^{{\}bf 1}, {\bf 2}$ -Variations are due to slightly different offense categorization.



Piedmont Regional Juvenile Detention Center

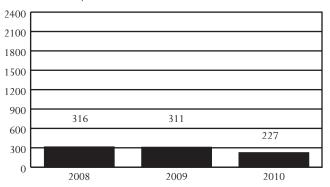
Superintendent: Spring Johnson (sprjohnson@embarqmail.com)

Capacity: 20 beds

701 Industrial Park Road Farmville, Virginia 23901 434-392-3834

Owned by: A commission of the counties of Amelia, Buckingham, Cumberland, Lunenburg, Nottoway, and Prince Edward. Primary users: Members of the commission.

ADMISSIONS, FY 2008-2010



DAI Scores at Admission*, FY 2008-2010

DAI Scores	2008	2009	2010
0-9 (Release)	14.1%	16.2%	23.5%
10-14 (Detention Alternative)	18.8%	14.9%	20.4%
15+ (Secure Detention)	67.1%	66.9%	54.1%
Missing	0.0%	2.0%	2.0%

*Only includes Pre-D and "non-judge ordered" cases

Admissions by Demographics*, FY 2008-2010

Demographics	2008	2009	2010
Race			
Black	69.0%	71.1%	63.9%
White	27.8%	25.4%	33.9%
Other	3.2%	3.5%	2.2%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	0.9%	1.3%	0.9%
Sex			
Male	83.5%	73.6%	74.4%
Female	16.5%	26.4%	25.6%
Age			
8-12	1.3%	1.3%	1.8%
13	4.4%	2.3%	2.6%
14	11.1%	10.0%	15.0%
15	21.8%	23.5%	17.6%
16	29.4%	30.2%	31.7%
17	32.0%	32.8%	31.3%
18-20	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Error/Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Admissions	316	311	227

* Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

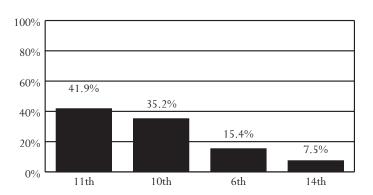
- Source of Admissions (FY 2010):
 - 100.0% of admissions were from the 11th, 10th, 6th, and 14th Districts. See pages 44-45, 42-43, 34-35, and 50-51, respectively, for data pertaining to these CSUs.
 - Weekender admissions were counted as a single admission.
- Juveniles Admitted to Detention (FY 2010):
 - 140 juveniles were admitted once to detention and 36 juveniles were admitted multiple times, for a total of 176 juveniles and 227 detention admissions.
- Admission Trends:
 - Admissions decreased 28% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and 27% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
- DAI Scores at Admission (FY 2010):
 - Of the juveniles who were detained, 54.1% had a DAI score indicating secure detention.
 - Of the juveniles who received a score of less than 15, 7.0% had mandatory overrides.
- Most Common Offense Category (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Pre-D Assault (25.7%)
 - Post-D Contempt of Court (43.7%)
- Offense Severity (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Felony 43.6% of Pre-D; 12.6% of Post-D
 - Class 1 Misdemeanor 20.7% of Pre-D; 28.7% of Post-D
 - Probation/Parole Violation 17.1% of Pre-D; 11.5% of Post-D
- Average Daily Population (ADP):
 - ADP decreased 33% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and 29% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
 - ADP has consistently been below capacity.
- Average Length of Stay (LOS):
 - In order to accurately account for movement of juveniles between facilities, LOS is calculated at the detaining CSU level. For specific LOS data, refer to pages for CSUs served by this detention home.
- Child Care Days (CCD):
 - Total number of CCD for FY 2010 was 4,536. This is a 28.4% decrease from the previous fiscal year (6,338 CCD).
- Dispositional Status:
 - 140 pre-dispositional admissions
 - 87 post-dispositional admissions without programs, including 8 weekend admissions
 - This detention home does not offer post-dispositional programs.

Note: During FY 2009, the detention module of JTS was updated, making data incomparable to previous Data Resource Guides. See page 99 for a description of this update.

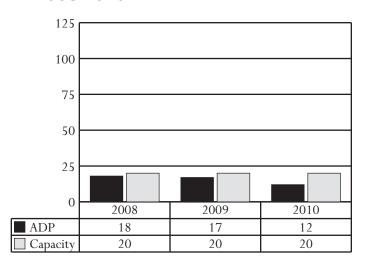


	Pre-Disp.		Post-Disp.	
Most Serious Offense			With Program?	
	No	Yes	No	Yes
Offe	ense Cate	gory		
Abusive Language	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol	0.0%	0.0%	3.4%	0.0%
Arson	2.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Assault	32.7%	9.5%	13.8%	0.0%
Burglary	7.1%	2.4%	2.3%	0.0%
Contempt of Court	3.1%	33.3%	43.7%	0.0%
Custody	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	0.0%	0.0%	12.6%	0.0%
Escapes	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Extortion	1.0%	0.0%	3.4%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	0.0%	7.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Gangs	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Larceny	6.1%	9.5%	3.4%	0.0%
Miscellaneous/Other	3.1%	2.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics	4.1%	7.1%	4.6%	0.0%
Obscenity	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	14.3%	23.8%	9.2%	0.0%
Protective Orders	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	8.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Sex Offense	4.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Status Offense ²	0.0%	4.8%	2.3%	0.0%
Telephone Law	1.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic	2.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Trespass	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Vandalism	7.1%	0.0%	1.1%	0.0%
Weapons	4.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Off	ense Seve	rity		
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	40.8%	4.8%	5.7%	0.0%
- Weapons/Narcotics	5.1%	0.0%	1.1%	0.0%
- Other	11.2%	7.1%	5.7%	0.0%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	17.3%	4.8%	11.5%	0.0%
- Other	5.1%	11.9%	17.2%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	14.3%	23.8%	11.5%	0.0%
Court Order Violation	3.1%	35.7%	42.5%	0.0%
Status Offense ²	0.0%	7.1%	2.3%	0.0%
Others	3.1%	4.8%	2.3%	0.0%
Offense Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Admissions	98	42	87	0

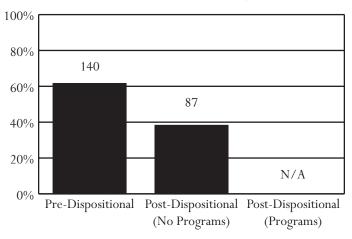
Admissions by Court District, FY 2010



Average Daily Population vs Capacity, FY 2008-2010



Admissions by Dispositional Status, FY 2010



 $^{1,\,2}$ -Variations are due to slightly different offense categorization.

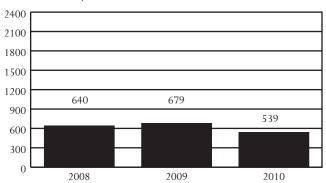


Prince William County Juvenile Detention Home

Superintendent: Scott Facyson (sfacyson@pwcgov.org) Capacity: 72 beds 14873 Dumfries Road Manassas, Virginia 20112 703-791-3181

Owned by: Prince William County. Primary users: The cities of Manassas and Manassas Park and Prince William County.

ADMISSIONS, FY 2008-2010



DAI Scores at Admission*, FY 2008-2010

DAI Scores	2008	2009	2010
0-9 (Release)	13.0%	7.6%	9.3%
10-14 (Detention Alternative)	25.3%	23.8%	22.4%
15+ (Secure Detention)	60.4%	68.6%	67.5%
Missing	1.3%	0.0%	0.8%

*Only includes Pre-D and "non-judge ordered" cases

Admissions by Demographics*, FY 2008-2010

Demographics	2008	2009	2010
Race			
Black	44.2%	41.8%	46.4%
White	31.4%	40.4%	32.3%
Other	24.4%	17.8%	21.3%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	24.7%	23.6%	25.6%
Sex			
Male	83.4%	81.7%	82.2%
Female	16.6%	18.3%	17.8%
Age			
8-12	1.3%	0.9%	1.5%
13	4.2%	4.7%	3.7%
14	12.3%	9.6%	9.3%
15	20.3%	19.1%	21.7%
16	30.6%	30.8%	28.4%
17	31.3%	34.8%	35.4%
18-20	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%
Error/Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Admissions	640	679	539

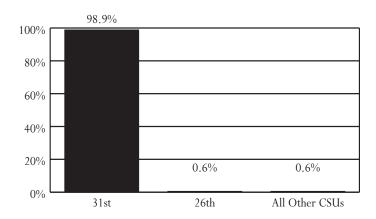
- Source of Admissions (FY 2010):
 - 98.9% of admissions were from the 31st District. See pages 90-91 for data pertaining to this CSU.
 - Weekender admissions were counted as a single admission.
- Juveniles Admitted to Detention (FY 2010):
 - 250 juveniles were admitted once to detention and 106 juveniles were admitted multiple times, for a total of 356 juveniles and 539 detention admissions.
- Admission Trends:
 - Admissions decreased 16% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and 21% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
- DAI Scores at Admission (FY 2010):
 - Of the juveniles who were detained, 67.5% had a DAI score indicating secure detention.
 - Of the juveniles who received a score of less than 15, 11.5% had mandatory overrides.
- Most Common Offense Category (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Pre-D Probation/Parole Violation (17.3%) and Assault (16.8%)
 - Post-D Probation/Parole Violation (49.4%)
- Offense Severity (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Felony 50.1% of Pre-D; 15.3% of Post-D
 - Class 1 Misdemeanor 24.7% of Pre-D; 21.2% of Post-D
 - Probation/Parole Violation 17.6% of Pre-D; 50.0% of Post-D
- Average Daily Population (ADP):
 - ADP decreased 14% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and 24% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
 - ADP has consistently been below capacity.
- Average Length of Stay (LOS):
 - In order to accurately account for movement of juveniles between facilities, LOS is calculated at the detaining CSU level. For specific LOS data, refer to pages for CSUs served by this detention home.
- Child Care Days (CCD):
 - Total number of CCD for FY 2010 was 11,427. This is a 24.4% decrease from the previous fiscal year (15,125 CCD).
- Dispositional Status:
 - 369 pre-dispositional admissions
 - 170 post-dispositional admissions without programs, including 12 weekend admissions
 - This detention home does not offer post-dispositional programs.

Note: During FY 2009, the detention module of JTS was updated, making data incomparable to previous Data Resource Guides. See page 99 for a description of this update.

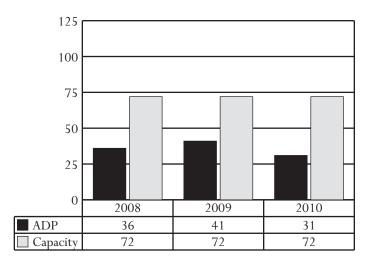


	Pre-l	Disp.	Post-	Disp.
Most Serious Offense	Judge	Order?	With Pr	ogram?
	No	Yes	No	Yes
	ense Cate	gory		
Abusive Language	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol	0.8%	0.0%	0.6%	0.0%
Arson	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Assault	23.6%	3.3%	10.6%	0.0%
Burglary	9.3%	6.5%	4.7%	0.0%
Contempt of Court	1.2%	9.8%	10.6%	0.0%
Custody	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	1.2%	0.0%	1.8%	0.0%
Escapes	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Extortion	0.4%	0.0%	0.6%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	0.8%	40.7%	5.9%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.8%	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Gangs	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Larceny	9.3%	4.9%	5.9%	0.0%
Miscellaneous/Other	2.8%	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics	3.7%	4.9%	1.8%	0.0%
Obscenity	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	0.8%	0.0%	1.2%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	14.6%	22.8%	49.4%	0.0%
Protective Orders	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	11.8%	1.6%	0.6%	0.0%
Sex Offense	7.7%	1.6%	0.6%	0.0%
Status Offense ²	0.0%	1.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic	1.6%	0.8%	2.9%	0.0%
Trespass	0.4%	0.0%	0.6%	0.0%
Vandalism	2.0%	0.0%	1.2%	0.0%
Weapons	4.1%	0.0%	1.2%	0.0%
	fense Seve		1,270	0.070
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	40.2%	2.4%	5.9%	0.0%
- Weapons/Narcotics	3.7%	1.6%	1.2%	0.0%
- Other	17.5%	23.6%	8.2%	0.0%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:	17.370	_3.570	0.270	0.070
- Against Persons	11.0%	4.1%	7.6%	0.0%
- Other	8.9%	30.1%	13.5%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	14.6%	23.6%	50.0%	0.0%
Court Order Violation	1.2%	11.4%	11.2%	0.0%
Status Offense ²	0.0%	1.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Others	2.8%	1.6%	2.4%	0.0%
Offense Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Admissions	246	123	170	0.070
1 στα1 Λαιιιιςς10Πς	246	123	170	U

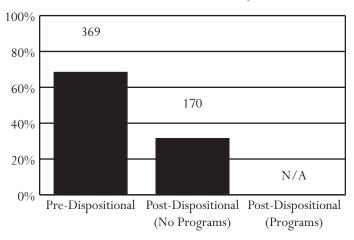
Admissions by Court District, FY 2010



Average Daily Population vs Capacity, FY 2008-2010



Admissions by Dispositional Status, FY 2010



 $[\]overline{\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ }$ 1, 2 - Variations are due to slightly different offense categorization.



Rappahannock Juvenile Detention Center

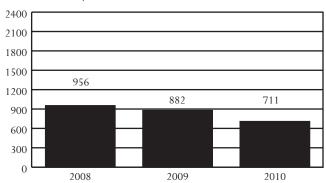
Superintendent: Douglas W. Jones (djones@rjdc-va.com)

Capacity: 80 beds

275 Wyche Road Stafford, Virginia 22554 540-658-1691

Owned by: A commission of the city of Fredericksburg and counties of King George, Louisa, Madison, Orange, Spotsylvania, and Stafford. Primary users: Members of the commission.

ADMISSIONS, FY 2008-2010



DAI Scores at Admission*, FY 2008-2010

DAI Scores	2008	2009	2010
0-9 (Release)	32.1%	28.8%	25.0%
10-14 (Detention Alternative)	29.5%	25.8%	18.3%
15+ (Secure Detention)	35.9%	36.0%	43.7%
Missing	2.5%	9.4%	13.0%

*Only includes Pre-D and "non-judge ordered" cases

Admissions by Demographics*, FY 2008-2010

Demographics	2008	2009	2010
Race			
Black	38.2%	38.7%	41.5%
White	53.6%	54.3%	53.7%
Other	8.3%	7.0%	4.8%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	6.9%	5.3%	5.2%
Sex			
Male	75.3%	74.9%	78.5%
Female	24.7%	25.1%	21.5%
Age			
8-12	1.0%	1.2%	1.1%
13	5.0%	2.7%	2.7%
14	10.3%	10.2%	7.7%
15	19.4%	17.5%	19.0%
16	28.1%	31.4%	29.3%
17	35.5%	36.5%	39.1%
18-20	0.7%	0.3%	0.7%
Error/Missing	0.0%	0.1%	0.4%
Total Admissions	956	882	711

* Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

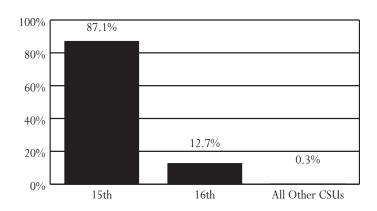
- Source of Admissions (FY 2010):
 - 99.7% of admissions were from the 15th and 16th Districts. See pages 52-53 and 54-55, respectively, for data pertaining to these CSUs.
 - Weekender admissions were counted as a single admission.
- Juveniles Admitted to Detention (FY 2010):
 - 307 juveniles were admitted once to detention and 147 juveniles were admitted multiple times, for a total of 454 juveniles and 711 detention admissions.
- Admission Trends:
 - Admissions decreased 26% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and 19% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
- DAI Scores at Admission (FY 2010):
 - Of the juveniles who were detained, 43.7% had a DAI score indicating secure detention.
 - Of the juveniles who received a score of less than 15, 53.8% had mandatory overrides.
- Most Common Offense Category (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Pre-D Probation/Parole Violation (24.8%)
 - Post-D Probation/Parole Violation (33.0%)
- Offense Severity (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Felony 33.1% of Pre-D; 16.3% of Post-D
 - Class 1 Misdemeanor 27.0% of Pre-D; 27.6% of Post-D
 - Probation/Parole Violation 24.8% of Pre-D; 33.5% of Post-D
- Average Daily Population (ADP):
 - ADP decreased 29% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and 14% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
 - ADP has consistently been below capacity.
- Average Length of Stay (LOS):
 - In order to accurately account for movement of juveniles between facilities, LOS is calculated at the detaining CSU level. For specific LOS data, refer to pages for CSUs served by this detention home.
- Child Care Days (CCD):
 - Total number of CCD for FY 2010 was 15,489. This is a 13.3% decrease from the previous fiscal year (17,870 CCD).
- Dispositional Status:
 - 508 pre-dispositional admissions
 - 181 post-dispositional admissions without programs, including 17 weekend admissions
 - 22 post-dispositional admissions with programs

Note: During FY 2009, the detention module of JTS was updated, making data incomparable to previous Data Resource Guides. See page 99 for a description of this update.

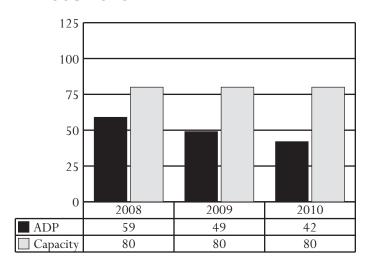


	Pre-l	Disp.	Post-	Disp.
Most Serious Offense	Judge		With Pr	
	No	Yes	No	Yes
Offe	ense Cate	gory		
Abusive Language	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol	0.3%	9.1%	3.9%	0.0%
Arson	2.0%	0.0%	0.0%	9.1%
Assault	23.0%	11.5%	7.7%	4.5%
Burglary	3.0%	1.9%	1.7%	9.1%
Contempt of Court	7.3%	19.7%	17.1%	0.0%
Custody	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	0.7%	0.5%	0.6%	9.1%
Escapes	0.3%	5.3%	1.1%	9.1%
Extortion	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	0.7%	4.3%	2.2%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.6%	0.0%
Fraud	1.3%	1.9%	2.2%	0.0%
Gangs	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Larceny	15.7%	8.2%	13.3%	18.2%
Miscellaneous/Other	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics	2.7%	7.7%	7.2%	4.5%
Obscenity	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	1.0%	0.5%	0.6%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	26.3%	22.6%	32.6%	36.4%
Protective Orders	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	4.0%	1.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Sex Offense	4.0%	1.0%	1.1%	0.0%
Status Offense ²	0.0%	1.0%	2.2%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic	2.3%	1.4%	6.1%	0.0%
Trespass	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Vandalism	1.7%	1.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Weapons	1.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Off	ense Seve	rity		
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	26.7%	2.9%	2.8%	13.6%
- Weapons/Narcotics	2.3%	1.0%	2.8%	4.5%
- Other	17.7%	9.6%	7.2%	27.3%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	9.3%	12.0%	7.2%	0.0%
- Other	8.3%	28.4%	21.5%	18.2%
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	26.7%	22.1%	33.1%	36.4%
Court Order Violation	7.0%	19.7%	16.6%	0.0%
Status Offense ²	0.0%	1.0%	2.8%	0.0%
Others	0.7%	3.4%	6.1%	0.0%
Offense Information Missing	1.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Admissions	300	208	181	22

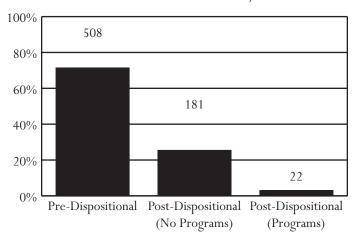
Admissions by Court District, FY 2010



Average Daily Population vs Capacity, FY 2008-2010



Admissions by Dispositional Status, FY 2010



 $^{1,\,2}$ -Variations are due to slightly different offense categorization.



Richmond Juvenile Detention Home

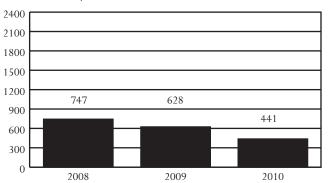
Superintendent: Dianne Gadow (Dianne. Gadow@richmondgov.com)

Capacity: 60 beds

1700 Oliver Hill Way Richmond, Virginia 23219 804-646-2937

Owned and primarily used by the city of Richmond.

ADMISSIONS, FY 2008-2010



DAI Scores at Admission*, FY 2008-2010

DAI Scores	2008	2009	2010
0-9 (Release)	11.2%	12.1%	10.0%
10-14 (Detention Alternative)	26.7%	23.2%	21.8%
15+ (Secure Detention)	61.7%	63.8%	67.9%
Missing	0.4%	1.0%	0.4%

*Only includes Pre-D and "non-judge ordered" cases

Admissions by Demographics*, FY 2008-2010

Demographics	2008	2009	2010
Race			
Black	97.5%	94.7%	93.4%
White	1.6%	3.2%	4.5%
Other	0.9%	2.1%	2.0%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	0.9%	3.2%	2.7%
Sex			
Male	83.9%	85.8%	84.8%
Female	16.1%	14.2%	15.2%
Age			
8-12	1.3%	0.6%	1.6%
13	4.8%	4.3%	1.8%
14	11.5%	10.4%	9.3%
15	21.7%	18.3%	17.7%
16	31.9%	31.5%	26.8%
17	27.4%	33.6%	41.3%
18-20	1.3%	1.3%	1.4%
Error/Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.2%
Total Admissions	747	628	441

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

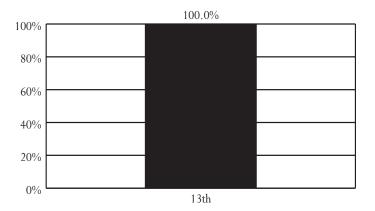
- Source of Admissions (FY 2010):
 - 100.0% of admissions were from the 13th District. See pages 48-49 for data pertaining to this CSU.
 - Weekender admissions were counted as a single admission.
- Juveniles Admitted to Detention (FY 2010):
 - 209 juveniles were admitted once to detention and 84 juveniles were admitted multiple times, for a total of 293 juveniles and 441 detention admissions.
- Admission Trends:
 - Admissions decreased 41% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and 30% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
- DAI Scores at Admission (FY 2010):
 - Of the juveniles who were detained, 67.9% had a DAI score indicating secure detention.
 - Of the juveniles who received a score of less than 15, 20.9% had mandatory overrides.
- Most Common Offense Category (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Pre-D Assault (19.5%)
 - Post-D Contempt of Court (46.3%)
- Offense Severity (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Felony 56.0% of Pre-D; 12.2% of Post-D
 - Class 1 Misdemeanor 22.5% of Pre-D; 14.6% of Post-D
 - Probation/Parole Violation 14.0% of Pre-D; 19.5% of Post-D
- Average Daily Population (ADP):
 - ADP decreased 58% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and 35% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
 - ADP has been below capacity for 2 of the last 3 fiscal years.
- Average Length of Stay (LOS):
 - In order to accurately account for movement of juveniles between facilities, LOS is calculated at the detaining CSU level. For specific LOS data, refer to pages for CSUs served by this detention home.
- Child Care Days (CCD):
 - Total number of CCD for FY 2010 was 9,308. This is a 36.2% decrease from the previous fiscal year (14,587 CCD).
- Dispositional Status:
 - 400 pre-dispositional admissions
 - 41 post-dispositional admissions without programs, including 2 weekend admissions
 - This detention home does not offer post-dispositional programs.

Note: During FY 2009, the detention module of JTS was updated, making data incomparable to previous Data Resource Guides. See page 99 for a description of this update.

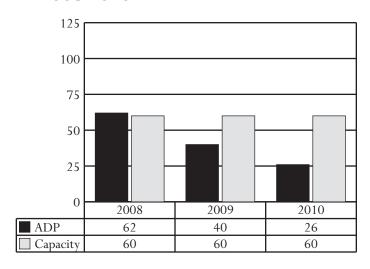


	Pre-I	Disp.	Post-	Disp.
Most Serious Offense	Judge		With Pr	
	No	Yes	No	Yes
Offe	ense Cate	gory		
Abusive Language	0.0%	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Assault	23.9%	10.2%	2.4%	0.0%
Burglary	6.3%	4.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Contempt of Court	0.4%	13.3%	46.3%	0.0%
Custody	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	1.5%	1.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Escapes	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Extortion	1.5%	1.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	0.0%	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	1.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	0.8%	9.8%	0.0%
Gangs	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	1.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Larceny	9.2%	6.3%	2.4%	0.0%
Miscellaneous/Other	0.0%	4.7%	9.8%	0.0%
Murder	1.5%	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics	8.8%	10.2%	4.9%	0.0%
Obscenity	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	0.0%	1.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	9.6%	23.4%	17.1%	0.0%
Protective Orders	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	22.8%	2.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Sex Offense	4.4%	3.9%	4.9%	0.0%
Status Offense ²	0.0%	2.3%	2.4%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Trespass	1.5%	3.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Vandalism	1.1%	5.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Weapons	5.1%	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%
	ense Seve			
Felonies:		-)		
- Against Persons	44.1%	16.4%	4.9%	0.0%
- Weapons/Narcotics	7.4%	3.9%	2.4%	0.0%
- Other	15.1%	13.3%	4.9%	0.0%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	14.0%	5.5%	2.4%	0.0%
- Other	9.2%	15.6%	12.2%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	9.6%	23.4%	19.5%	0.0%
Court Order Violation	0.4%	13.3%	43.9%	0.0%
Status Offense ²	0.0%	6.3%	4.9%	0.0%
Others	0.0%	2.3%	4.9%	0.0%
	0.070	,,,,		5.07
Offense Information Missing	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

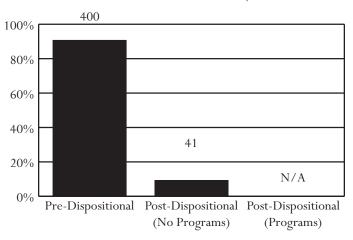
Admissions by Court District, FY 2010



Average Daily Population vs Capacity, FY 2008-2010



Admissions by Dispositional Status, FY 2010



 $^{1,\,2}$ -Variations are due to slightly different offense categorization.

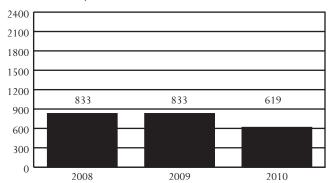


Roanoke Valley Juvenile Detention Center

Superintendent: Alan Hullette (ahullette@rvjdc.org) Capacity: 81 beds 498 Coyner Springs Road Roanoke, Virginia 24012 540-561-3840

Owned by: A commission of the cities of Roanoke and Salem and counties of Botetourt, Franklin, and Roanoke. Primary users: Members of the commission as well as the city of Covington and counties of Alleghany and Craig. Additional placements from other localities can occur if the population is below 48.

ADMISSIONS, FY 2008-2010



DAI Scores at Admission*, FY 2008-2010

DAI Scores	2008	2009	2010
0-9 (Release)	25.1%	21.9%	19.8%
10-14 (Detention Alternative)	16.3%	18.9%	15.7%
15+ (Secure Detention)	54.4%	55.4%	54.3%
Missing	4.2%	3.9%	10.2%

*Only includes Pre-D and "non-judge ordered" cases

Admissions by Demographics*, FY 2008-2010

Demographics	2008	2009	2010
Race			
Black	45.3%	44.9%	42.3%
White	50.8%	52.0%	54.6%
Other	4.0%	3.1%	3.1%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	2.5%	1.3%	3.2%
Sex			
Male	73.6%	73.5%	70.3%
Female	26.4%	26.5%	29.7%
Age			
8-12	1.3%	3.2%	3.4%
13	4.8%	4.1%	3.7%
14	14.8%	9.7%	7.3%
15	21.6%	24.5%	17.8%
16	26.8%	28.7%	30.0%
17	30.7%	29.7%	37.6%
18-20	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Error/Missing	0.0%	0.1%	0.2%
Total Admissions	833	833	619

* Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

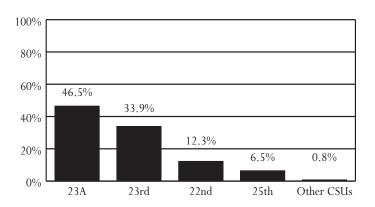
- Source of Admissions (FY 2010):
 - 99.2% of admissions were from the 23A, 23rd, 22rd, and 25th Districts. See pages 74-75, 72-73, 70-71, and 78-79, respectively, for data pertaining to these CSUs.
 - Weekender admissions were counted as a single admission.
- Juveniles Admitted to Detention (FY 2010):
 - 293 juveniles were admitted once to detention and 131 juveniles were admitted multiple times, for a total of 424 juveniles and 619 detention admissions.
- Admission Trends:
 - Admissions decreased 26% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and 26% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
- DAI Scores at Admission (FY 2010):
 - Of the juveniles who were detained, 54.3% had a DAI score indicating secure detention.
 - Of the juveniles who received a score of less than 15, 8.6% had mandatory overrides.
- Most Common Offense Category (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Pre-D Assault (19.6%)
 - Post-D Assault (19.9%) and Larceny (18.4%)
- Offense Severity (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Felony 33.3% of Pre-D; 19.9% of Post-D
 - Class 1 Misdemeanor 31.3% of Pre-D; 47.3% of Post-D
 - Probation/Parole Violation 9.3% of Pre-D; 5.5% of Post-D
- Average Daily Population (ADP):
 - ADP decreased 33% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and 29% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
 - ADP has consistently been below capacity.
- Average Length of Stay (LOS):
 - In order to accurately account for movement of juveniles between facilities, LOS is calculated at the detaining CSU level. For specific LOS data, refer to pages for CSUs served by this detention home.
- Child Care Days (CCD):
 - Total number of CCD for FY 2010 was 11,534. This is a 29.0% decrease from the previous fiscal year (16,256 CCD).
- Dispositional Status:
 - 418 pre-dispositional admissions
 - 201 post-dispositional admissions without programs, including 24 weekend admissions
 - This detention home does not offer post-dispositional programs.

Note: During FY 2009, the detention module of JTS was updated, making data incomparable to previous Data Resource Guides. See page 99 for a description of this update.

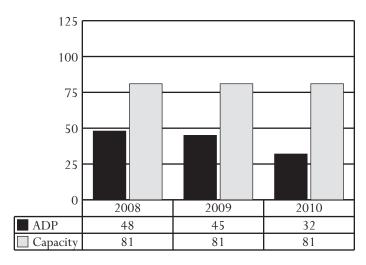


	Pre-l	Disp.	Post-	Disp.
Most Serious Offense		Order?	With Pr	
	No	Yes	No	Yes
Off	ense Cate	gory		
Abusive Language	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol	0.0%	2.3%	3.0%	0.0%
Arson	1.5%	0.0%	0.5%	0.0%
Assault	35.0%	5.9%	19.9%	0.0%
Burglary	3.6%	4.1%	2.0%	0.0%
Contempt of Court	2.0%	29.4%	14.4%	0.0%
Custody	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	0.5%	2.3%	4.5%	0.0%
Escapes	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Extortion	2.5%	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	0.5%	20.8%	4.0%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.5%	1.4%	1.0%	0.0%
Gangs	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	1.0%	0.0%	0.5%	0.0%
Larceny	10.2%	8.1%	18.4%	0.0%
Miscellaneous/Other	3.0%	13.6%	4.5%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics	5.6%	2.3%	3.0%	0.0%
Obscenity	1.5%	1.4%	0.5%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	0.5%	0.0%	1.5%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	18.3%	1.4%	5.5%	0.0%
Protective Orders	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	4.6%	0.0%	1.0%	0.0%
Sex Offense	3.6%	0.5%	0.5%	0.0%
Status Offense ²	0.0%	0.5%	3.5%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.0%	0.0%	0.5%	0.0%
Traffic	0.5%	2.3%	7.5%	0.0%
Trespass	0.0%	0.5%	0.5%	0.0%
Vandalism	3.0%	2.7%	2.5%	0.0%
Weapons	2.0%	0.0%	1.0%	0.0%
Off	ense Seve	rity		
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	35.0%	2.3%	6.0%	0.0%
- Weapons/Narcotics	5.1%	1.8%	0.5%	0.0%
- Other	12.7%	11.8%	13.4%	0.0%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	19.3%	5.9%	17.9%	0.0%
- Other	4.6%	32.1%	29.4%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	18.3%	1.4%	5.5%	0.0%
Court Order Violation	2.0%	29.9%	14.4%	0.0%
Status Offense ²	0.0%	0.5%	3.5%	0.0%
Others	3.0%	14.5%	9.5%	0.0%
Offense Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Admissions	197	221	201	(

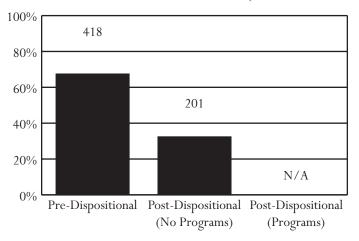
Admissions by Court District, FY 2010



Average Daily Population vs Capacity, FY 2008-2010



Admissions by Dispositional Status, FY 2010



 $^{1,\,2}$ -Variations are due to slightly different offense categorization.



Shenandoah Valley Juvenile Center

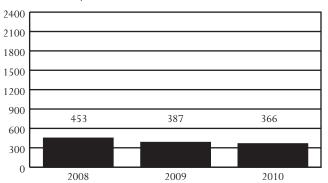
Superintendent: Timothy J. Smith (tsmith@svjc.org)

Capacity: 38 beds

300 Technology Drive Staunton, Virginia 24401 540-886-0729

Owned by: A commission of the cities of Harrisonburg, Lexington, Staunton, and Waynesboro and counties of Augusta, Rockbridge, and Rockingham. Primary users: Members of the commission as well as the city of Buena Vista and counties of Bath and Highland.

ADMISSIONS, FY 2008-2010



DAI Scores at Admission*, FY 2008-2010

DAI Scores	2008	2009	2010
0-9 (Release)	25.1%	31.5%	25.9%
10-14 (Detention Alternative)	27.3%	32.1%	33.8%
15+ (Secure Detention)	43.3%	32.1%	30.2%
Missing	4.3%	4.3%	10.1%

*Only includes Pre-D and "non-judge ordered" cases

Admissions by Demographics*, FY 2008-2010

Demographics	2008	2009	2010
Race			
Black	15.7%	12.4%	20.5%
White	67.1%	73.6%	61.7%
Other	17.2%	14.0%	17.8%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	15.0%	14.2%	17.5%
Sex			
Male	76.6%	72.4%	75.4%
Female	23.4%	27.6%	24.6%
Age			
8-12	0.7%	0.0%	1.4%
13	5.3%	1.3%	3.8%
14	11.7%	11.4%	11.5%
15	24.1%	17.6%	21.0%
16	24.9%	27.9%	22.4%
17	33.3%	41.6%	39.9%
18-20	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Error/Missing	0.0%	0.3%	0.0%
Total Admissions	453	387	366

* Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

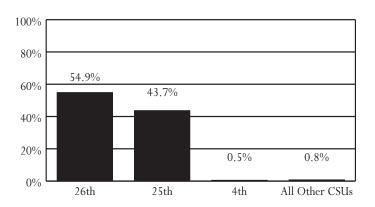
- Source of Admissions (FY 2010):
 - 98.6% of admissions were from the 26th and 25th Districts. See pages 80-81 and 78-79, respectively, for data pertaining to these CSUs.
 - Weekender admissions were counted as a single admission.
- Juveniles Admitted to Detention (FY 2010):
 - 137 juveniles were admitted once to detention and 79 juveniles were admitted multiple times, for a total of 216 juveniles and 366 detention admissions.
- Admission Trends:
 - Admissions decreased 19% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and 5% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
- DAI Scores at Admission (FY 2010):
 - Of the juveniles who were detained, 30.2% had a DAI score indicating secure detention.
 - Of the juveniles who received a score of less than 15, none had mandatory overrides.
- Most Common Offense Category (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Pre-D Probation/Parole Violation (32.6%)
 - Post-D Contempt of Court (33.5%)
- Offense Severity (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Felony 34.2% of Pre-D; 16.5% of Post-D
 - Class 1 Misdemeanor 26.6% of Pre-D; 22.0% of Post-D
 - Probation/Parole Violation 32.6% of Pre-D; 22.0% of Post-D
- Average Daily Population (ADP):
 - ADP decreased 19% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and increased 6% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
 - ADP has consistently been below capacity.
- Average Length of Stay (LOS):
 - In order to accurately account for movement of juveniles between facilities, LOS is calculated at the detaining CSU level. For specific LOS data, refer to pages for CSUs served by this detention home.
- Child Care Days (CCD):
 - Total number of CCD for FY 2010 was 6,382. This is a 10.7% increase from the previous fiscal year (5,765 CCD).
- Dispositional Status:
 - 184 pre-dispositional admissions
 - 182 post-dispositional admissions without programs, including 2 weekend admissions
 - This detention home does not offer post-dispositional programs.

Note: During FY 2009, the detention module of JTS was updated, making data incomparable to previous Data Resource Guides. See page 99 for a description of this update.

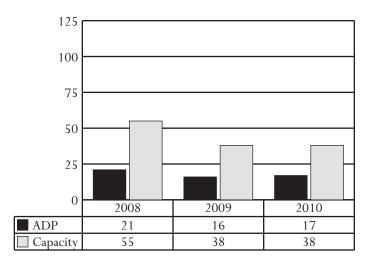


	Pre-I	Disp.	Post-Disp.		
Most Serious Offense	Judge	Order?	With Pr	ogram?	
	No	Yes	No	Yes	
Off	ense Cate				
Abusive Language	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
Alcohol	3.6%	2.2%	3.3%	0.0%	
Arson	0.7%	2.2%	3.3%	0.0%	
Assault	18.7%	17.8%	6.0%	0.0%	
Burglary	12.2%	0.0%	6.0%	0.0%	
Contempt of Court	0.0%	17.8%	33.5%	0.0%	
Custody	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
Desertion/Support	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
Disorderly Conduct	0.0%	2.2%	0.0%	0.0%	
Escapes	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
Extortion	0.7%	0.0%	0.5%	0.0%	
Failure to Appear	0.0%	13.3%	0.5%	0.0%	
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
Fraud	0.7%	2.2%	0.5%	0.0%	
Gangs	2.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
Larceny	7.9%	13.3%	10.4%	0.0%	
Miscellaneous/Other	0.7%	4.4%	0.0%	0.0%	
Murder	0.0%	2.2%	0.0%	0.0%	
Narcotics	0.7%	0.0%	3.8%	0.0%	
Obscenity	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
Obstruction of Justice	2.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	39.6%	11.1%	22.0%	0.0%	
Protective Orders	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
Robbery	3.6%	2.2%	0.5%	0.0%	
Sex Offense	1.4%	4.4%	0.5%	0.0%	
Status Offense ²	0.0%	2.2%	3.8%	0.0%	
Telephone Law	0.0%	0.0%	0.5%	0.0%	
Traffic	1.4%	2.2%	1.1%	0.0%	
Trespass	1.4%	0.0%	1.1%	0.0%	
Vandalism	0.7%	0.0%	1.6%	0.0%	
Weapons	0.0%	0.0%	0.5%	0.0%	
	fense Seve				
Felonies:		<i></i>			
- Against Persons	12.2%	15.6%	4.9%	0.0%	
- Weapons/Narcotics	2.9%	0.0%	1.6%	0.0%	
- Other	20.1%	15.6%	9.9%	0.0%	
Class 1 Misdemeanors:					
- Against Persons	15.1%	13.3%	7.1%	0.0%	
- Other	9.4%	20.0%	14.8%	0.0%	
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	39.6%	11.1%	22.0%	0.0%	
Court Order Violation	0.0%	17.8%	33.5%	0.0%	
Status Offense ²	0.0%	2.2%	3.8%	0.0%	
Others	0.7%	4.4%	2.2%	0.0%	
Offense Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
Total Admissions	139	45	182	0.070	
1 OLGI /IGIIIISSIUIIS	139	73	102		

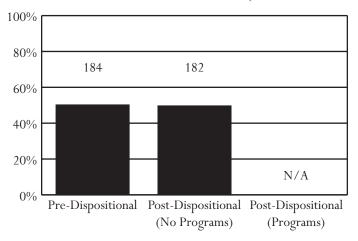
Admissions by Court District, FY 2010



Average Daily Population vs Capacity, FY 2008-2010



Admissions by Dispositional Status, FY 2010



 $[\]overline{\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ }$ 1, 2 - Variations are due to slightly different offense categorization.



Virginia Beach Juvenile Detention Center

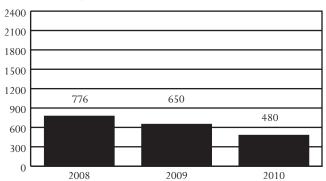
Superintendent: S. Pete Withers (pwithers@vbgov.com)

Capacity: 90 beds

2533 George Mason Drive Virginia Beach, Virginia 23456 757-385-1220

Owned and primarily used by the city of Virginia Beach.

ADMISSIONS, FY 2008-2010



DAI Scores at Admission*, FY 2008-2010

DAI Scores	2008	2009	2010
0-9 (Release)	7.0%	5.1%	4.0%
10-14 (Detention Alternative)	14.5%	7.0%	3.4%
15+ (Secure Detention)	74.1%	83.7%	92.7%
Missing	4.4%	4.2%	0.0%

*Only includes Pre-D and "non-judge ordered" cases

Admissions by Demographics*, FY 2008-2010

Demographics	2008	2009	2010
Race			
Black	53.9%	50.8%	58.3%
White	40.6%	43.8%	36.0%
Other	5.5%	5.4%	5.6%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	2.7%	3.8%	4.2%
Sex			
Male	76.5%	78.2%	74.8%
Female	23.5%	21.8%	25.2%
Age			
8-12	1.2%	2.2%	1.9%
13	4.8%	4.6%	2.3%
14	9.1%	6.9%	9.2%
15	21.5%	19.7%	18.5%
16	29.1%	30.8%	27.3%
17	33.4%	35.7%	39.6%
18-20	0.9%	0.2%	1.3%
Error/Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Admissions	776	650	480

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

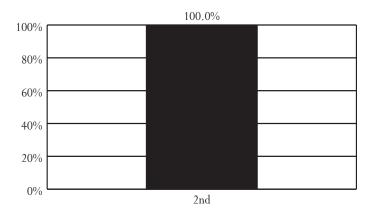
- Source of Admissions (FY 2010):
 - 100.0% of admissions were from the 2nd District. See pages 24-25 for data pertaining to this CSU.
 - Weekender admissions were counted as a single admission.
- Juveniles Admitted to Detention (FY 2010):
 - 248 juveniles were admitted once to detention and 92 juveniles were admitted multiple times, for a total of 340 juveniles and 480 detention admissions.
- Admission Trends:
 - Admissions decreased 38% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and 26% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
- DAI Scores at Admission (FY 2010):
 - Of the juveniles who were detained, 92.7% had a DAI score indicating secure detention.
 - Of the juveniles who received a score of less than 15, 38.5% had mandatory overrides.
- Most Common Offense Category (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Pre-D Assault (19.7%)
 - Post-D Assault (17.7%)
- Offense Severity (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Felony 62.0% of Pre-D; 24.6% of Post-D
 - Class 1 Misdemeanor 23.1% of Pre-D; 36.2% of Post-D
 - Probation/Parole Violation 5.1% of Pre-D; 16.2% of Post-D
- Average Daily Population (ADP):
 - ADP decreased 32% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and 15% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
 - ADP has consistently been below capacity.
- Average Length of Stay (LOS):
 - In order to accurately account for movement of juveniles between facilities, LOS is calculated at the detaining CSU level. For specific LOS data, refer to pages for CSUs served by this detention home.
- Child Care Days (CCD):
 - Total number of CCD for FY 2010 was 16,842. This is a 14.6% decrease from the previous fiscal year (19,722 CCD).
- Dispositional Status:
 - 350 pre-dispositional admissions
 - 111 post-dispositional admissions without programs, including 5 weekend admissions
 - 19 post-dispositional admissions with programs

Note: During FY 2009, the detention module of JTS was updated, making data incomparable to previous Data Resource Guides. See page 99 for a description of this update.

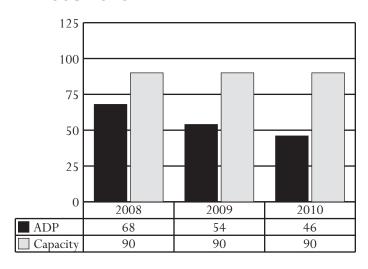


	Pre-l	Disp.	Post-Disp.	
Most Serious Offense			With Program?	
	No	Yes	No	Yes
Offe	ense Cate	gory		
Abusive Language	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Alcohol	1.1%	4.8%	12.6%	0.0%
Arson	4.4%	0.0%	1.8%	0.0%
Assault	23.6%	15.5%	18.0%	15.8%
Burglary	14.3%	9.5%	6.3%	15.8%
Contempt of Court	0.5%	11.9%	16.2%	5.3%
Custody	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	0.0%	1.2%	0.9%	0.0%
Escapes	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Extortion	0.0%	0.0%	0.9%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	0.0%	17.3%	5.4%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.5%	1.8%	0.0%	10.5%
Gangs	1.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Larceny	14.3%	10.7%	7.2%	10.5%
Miscellaneous/Other	0.0%	4.8%		0.0%
Murder	1.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics	1.6%	0.0%	6.3%	0.0%
Obscenity	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	0.5%	2.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	4.9%	5.4%	14.4%	21.1%
Protective Orders	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	14.3%	7.7%	0.9%	5.3%
Sex Offense	8.2%	1.8%	0.9%	0.0%
Status Offense ²	0.0%	0.0%	0.9%	0.0%
Telephone Law	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic	0.5%	0.6%	1.8%	0.0%
Trespass	0.5%	0.0%		0.0%
Vandalism	1.6%			0.0%
Weapons	3.3%	1.8%		10.5%
	fense Seve			
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	49.5%	17.9%	8.1%	21.1%
- Weapons/Narcotics	2.7%	1.2%		5.3%
- Other	29.7%	21.4%	10.8%	31.6%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:	1		.,	
- Against Persons	4.9%	8.9%	14.4%	5.3%
- Other	4.9%	28.6%	26.1%	5.3%
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	4.9%	5.4%	14.4%	26.3%
Court Order Violation	0.5%	11.9%	16.2%	0.0%
Status Offense ²	0.0%	0.0%	1.8%	0.0%
Others	0.0%	4.8%	7.2%	0.0%
Offense Information Missing	2.7%	0.0%		5.3%
Total Admissions	182	168	111	19
1 Otal Admissions 1 2 - Variations are due to slightly diff	<u>. </u>		111	19

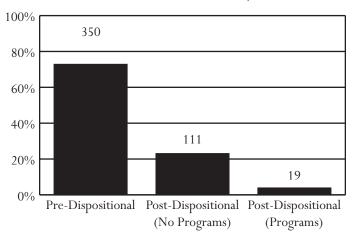
Admissions by Court District, FY 2010



Average Daily Population vs Capacity, FY 2008-2010



Admissions by Dispositional Status, FY 2010



 $^{1,\,2}$ -Variations are due to slightly different offense categorization.

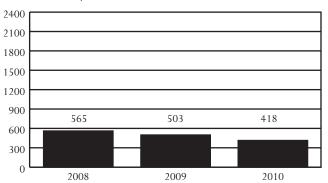


W.W. Moore, Jr. Home for Juveniles

Superintendent: Michelle Johnson (johnsmo@ci.danville.va.us) Capacity: 60 beds 603 Colquohoun Street Danville, Virginia 24541 434-799-5295

Owned by: The city of Danville. Primary users: Cities of Danville and Martinsville and counties of Halifax, Henry, Mecklenburg, Patrick, and Pittsylvania.

ADMISSIONS, FY 2008-2010



DAI Scores at Admission*, FY 2008-2010

DAI Scores	2008	2009	2010
0-9 (Release)	27.1%	20.3%	23.8%
10-14 (Detention Alternative)	29.5%	27.5%	23.8%
15+ (Secure Detention)	42.5%	49.5%	49.0%
Missing	1.0%	2.7%	3.4%

*Only includes Pre-D and "non-judge ordered" cases

Admissions by Demographics*, FY 2008-2010

Demographics	2008	2009	2010
Race			
Black	71.3%	70.6%	67.9%
White	26.7%	26.0%	30.6%
Other	1.9%	3.4%	1.4%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	1.8%	1.2%	1.0%
Sex			
Male	78.9%	85.3%	79.4%
Female	21.1%	14.7%	20.6%
Age			
8-12	3.0%	1.6%	1.4%
13	4.8%	3.6%	2.4%
14	11.0%	11.3%	10.5%
15	21.6%	18.9%	18.7%
16	27.1%	26.6%	25.4%
17	31.2%	37.2%	41.6%
18-20	1.4%	0.8%	0.0%
Error/Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Admissions	565	503	418

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

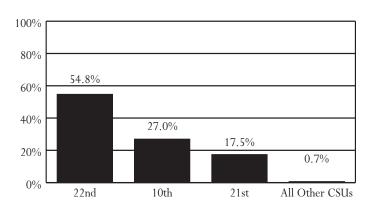
- Source of Admissions (FY 2010):
 - 99.3% of admissions were from the 22nd, 10th, and 21st Districts. See pages 70-71, 42-43, and 68-69, respectively, for data pertaining to these CSUs.
 - Weekender admissions were counted as a single admission.
- Juveniles Admitted to Detention (FY 2010):
 - 194 juveniles were admitted once to detention and 89 juveniles were admitted multiple times, for a total of 283 juveniles and 418 detention admissions.
- Admission Trends:
 - Admissions decreased 26% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and 17% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
- DAI Scores at Admission (FY 2010):
 - Of the juveniles who were detained, 49.0% had a DAI score indicating secure detention.
 - Of the juveniles who received a score of less than 15, 18.6% had mandatory overrides.
- Most Common Offense Category (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Pre-D Assault (21.8%)
 - Post-D Contempt of Court (22.9%) and Probation/Parole Violation (21.2%)
- Offense Severity (Most Serious Detaining Offense):
 - Felony 39.7% of Pre-D; 22.3% of Post-D
 - Class 1 Misdemeanor 23.0% of Pre-D; 19.6% of Post-D
 - Probation/Parole Violation 10.9% of Pre-D; 21.2% of Post-D
- Average Daily Population (ADP):
 - ADP decreased 24% between FY 2008 and FY 2010 and 6% between FY 2009 and FY 2010.
 - ADP has consistently been below capacity.
- Average Length of Stay (LOS):
 - In order to accurately account for movement of juveniles between facilities, LOS is calculated at the detaining CSU level. For specific LOS data, refer to pages for CSUs served by this detention home.
- Child Care Days (CCD):
 - Total number of CCD for FY 2010 was 10,426. This is a 6.8% decrease from the previous fiscal year (11,182 CCD).
- Dispositional Status:
 - 239 pre-dispositional admissions
 - 153 post-dispositional admissions without programs, including 14 weekend admissions
 - 26 post-dispositional admissions with programs

Note: During FY 2009, the detention module of JTS was updated, making data incomparable to previous Data Resource Guides. See page 99 for a description of this update.

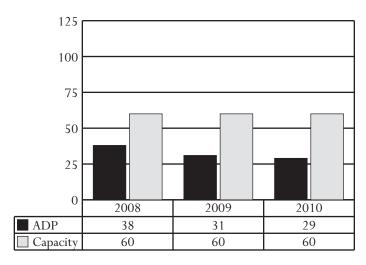


	Pre-l		Post-Disp.		
Most Serious Offense	Judge	Order?	With Pr	ogram?	
	No	Yes	No	Yes	
	ense Cate				
Abusive Language	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
Alcohol	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
Arson	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
Assault	30.6%	7.6%	13.1%	7.7%	
Burglary	8.8%	6.5%	2.6%	19.2%	
Contempt of Court	1.4%	42.4%	25.5%	7.7%	
Custody	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
Desertion/Support	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
Disorderly Conduct	0.7%	1.1%	2.6%	0.0%	
Escapes	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
Extortion	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
Failure to Appear	0.0%	7.6%	0.7%	0.0%	
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
Fraud	1.4%	0.0%	0.7%	0.0%	
Gangs	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
Larceny	8.2%	2.2%	8.5%	11.5%	
Miscellaneous/Other	9.5%	6.5%	5.2%	11.5%	
Murder	0.0%	2.2%	0.7%	3.8%	
Narcotics	2.7%	2.2%	4.6%	7.7%	
Obscenity	0.0%	0.0%	0.7%	0.0%	
Obstruction of Justice	3.4%	0.0%	0.7%	0.0%	
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	12.2%	8.7%	22.9%	11.5%	
Protective Orders	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
Robbery	6.8%	4.3%	0.7%	0.0%	
Sex Offense	2.7%	4.3%	1.3%	3.8%	
Status Offense ²	0.0%	1.1%	0.0%	0.0%	
Telephone Law	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
Traffic	2.7%	0.0%	7.8%	0.0%	
Trespass	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
Vandalism	2.0%	2.2%	0.7%	11.5%	
Weapons	5.4%	1.1%	1.3%	3.8%	
Off	ense Seve	rity			
Felonies:					
- Against Persons	27.2%	13.0%	5.2%	15.4%	
- Weapons/Narcotics	6.8%	2.2%	1.3%	11.5%	
- Other	15.0%	9.8%	8.5%	38.5%	
Class 1 Misdemeanors:					
- Against Persons	23.1%	6.5%	11.1%	3.8%	
- Other	4.8%	8.7%	11.1%	0.0%	
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	12.2%	8.7%	22.9%	11.5%	
Court Order Violation	1.4%	43.5%	25.5%	7.7%	
Status Offense ²	0.0%	1.1%	0.0%	0.0%	
Others	9.5%	6.5%	14.4%	11.5%	
Offense Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
Total Admissions	147	92	153	26	
1 0 2 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 7 /	/ 4	155	20	

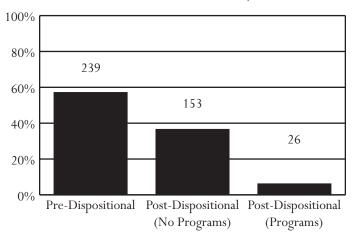
Admissions by Court District, FY 2010



Average Daily Population vs Capacity, FY 2008-2010



Admissions by Dispositional Status, FY 2010



 $[\]overline{\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ }$ 1, 2 - Variations are due to slightly different offense categorization.

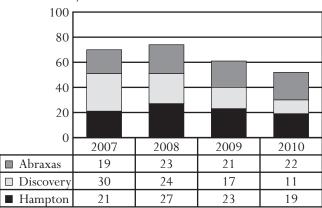


Halfway Houses

In FY 2010, DJJ operated three state-run halfway houses to meet the transitional needs of juveniles who were released from the juvenile correctional centers (JCCs). DJJ operated Hampton Place located in Norfolk, Abraxas House in Staunton, and Discovery House in Roanoke. Due to budget reductions, Discovery House was closed on June 10, 2010.

The purpose of a halfway house is to provide transitional living for juveniles unable to return home or whose service needs make this type of placement beneficial. Residents learn independent living skills and are required to enroll in school, work towards a GED, and/or be gainfully employed. Residents are placed on parole supervision during their stay at the halfway house. Supportive services such as substance abuse relapse services and sex offender relapse treatment are provided by public or private service providers with the use of transitional service funds. Upon completion of residence at a halfway house, juveniles may return to their families or live independently.

ADMISSIONS, FY 2007-2010



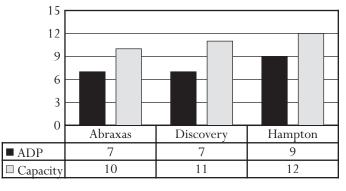
Admissions by Demographics*, FY 2007-2010¹

Demographics	2007	2008	2009	2010
Race				
Black	57.1%	70.3%	59.0%	57.7%
White	41.4%	27.0%	36.1%	38.5%
Other	1.4%	2.7%	4.9%	3.8%
Ethnicity- Hispanic	1.4%	0.0%	1.6%	0.0%
Sex				
Male	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Female	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Age				
16	4.3%	4.1%	9.8%	0.0%
17	20.0%	17.6%	18.0%	21.2%
18	31.4%	32.4%	32.8%	44.2%
19	31.4%	29.7%	27.9%	26.9%
20	12.9%	16.2%	11.5%	7.7%
Region				
Western	27.1%	14.9%	14.8%	15.4%
Northern	11.4%	16.2%	26.2%	28.8%
Eastern	61.4%	68.9%	59.0%	55.8%
Total Admissions	70	74	61	52

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes. Regional data is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2009 due to CSU reassignment. ¹ Includes data for all halfway houses.

- FY 2010 data for Discovery House reflects July 1, 2009 June 10, 2010 (when the facility was closed).
- Admissions Trends:
 - Admissions to halfway houses decreased 26% between FY 2007 and FY 2010.
- Capacity (FY 2010):
 - All three of the halfway houses operated below capacity.
- Most Common Offense Category (Most Serious Committing Offense):
 - Abraxas Larceny (18%) and Robbery (18%); Discovery Burglary (27%); Hampton Sex Offenses (53%)
- Offense Severity (Most Serious Committing Offense):
 - 54% of juveniles admitted to the halfway houses had a person felony as the most serious committing offense.
- Average Length of Stay (LOS):
 - Discovery had the longest average LOS (200 days) in FY 2010, an increase of 44% since FY 2009. The average LOS for Hampton (165 days) increased in FY 2010 while Abraxas' average LOS (108 days) decreased.
- Admissions, Releases, and Average LOS by Committing Court (FY 2010):
 - The highest number of admissions (12%) came from the 12th CSU. The highest number of releases (15%) came from the 4th CSU.

Average Daily Population (ADP) vs Capacity, FY 2010

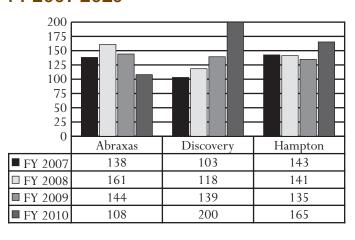




Admissions by Committing Offense, FY 2010 (A - Abraxas; D - Discovery; H - Hampton)

Most Serious Offense	A	D	Н	Total
Offe	ense Cate	gory		
Assault	9.1%	9.1%	10.5%	9.6%
Burglary	9.1%	27.3%	15.8%	15.4%
Fraud	9.1%	0.0%	0.0%	3.8%
Larceny	18.2%	18.2%	0.0%	11.5%
Murder	4.5%	0.0%	5.3%	3.8%
Narcotics	0.0%	9.1%	5.3%	3.8%
Parole Violation	13.6%	0.0%	0.0%	5.8%
Robbery	18.2%	18.2%	10.5%	15.4%
Sex Offense	13.6%	9.1%	52.6%	26.9%
Trespass	0.0%	9.1%	0.0%	1.9%
Weapons	4.5%	0.0%	0.0%	1.9%
Off	ense Seve	rity		
Felonies:				
- Against Persons	45.5%	36.4%	73.7%	53.8%
- Weapons/Narcotics	0.0%	9.1%	5.3%	3.8%
- Other	36.4%	45.5%	15.8%	30.8%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:				
- Against Persons	0.0%	0.0%	5.3%	1.9%
- Other	4.5%	9.1%	0.0%	3.8%
Parole Violation	9.1%	0.0%	0.0%	3.8%
Probation Violation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other	4.5%	0.0%	0.0%	1.9%
Information Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Admissions	22	11	19	52

Average Length of Stay by Halfway House, FY 2007-2010



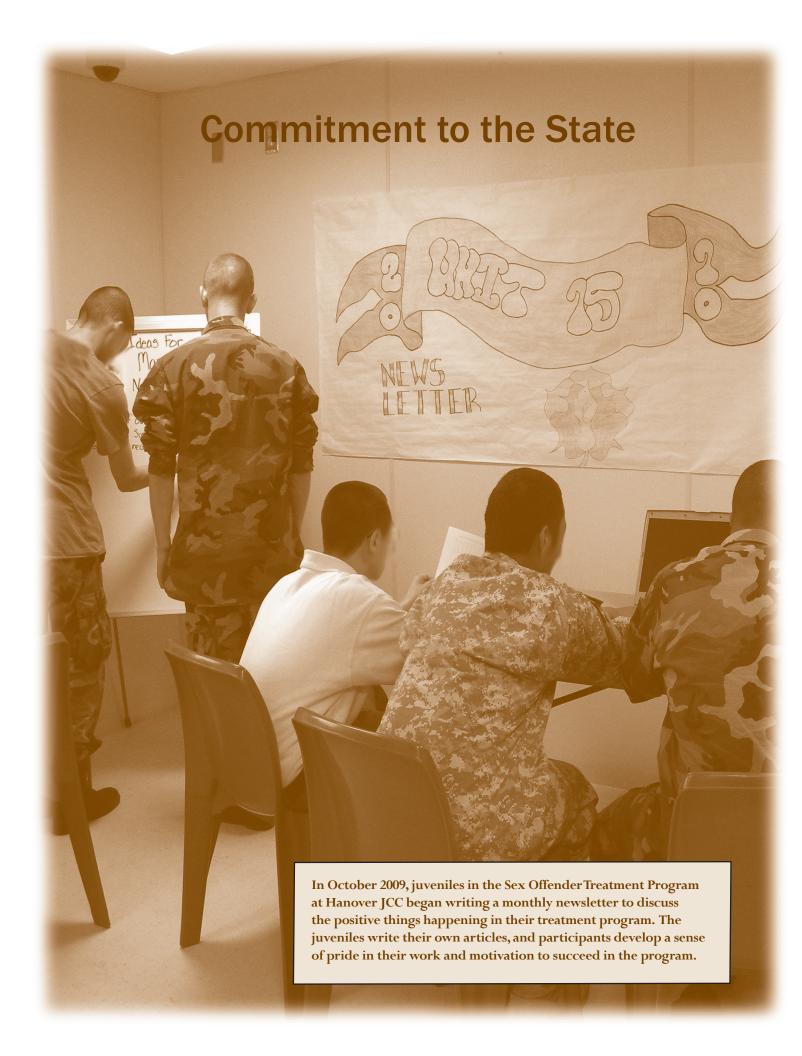
Admissions, Releases, and Average Length of Stay by Committing Court, FY 2010*

	Admissions Rele			eases	Average
District	#	%	#	%	LOS
1st	1	1.9%	0	0.0%	N/A
2nd	2	3.8%	5	7.6%	201
2A	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	N/A
3rd	2	3.8%	2	3.0%	65
4th	5	9.6%	10	15.2%	200
5th	0	0.0%	1	1.5%	124
6th	2	3.8%	1	1.5%	231
7th	4	7.7%	4	6.1%	175
8th	3	5.8%	4	6.1%	129
9th	1	1.9%	1	1.5%	23
10th	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	N/A
11th	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	N/A
12th	6	11.5%	5	7.6%	168
13th	5	9.6%	7	10.6%	147
14th	4	7.7%	4	6.1%	103
15th	3	5.8%	4	6.1%	143
16th	1	1.9%	3	4.5%	145
17th	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	N/A
17F	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	N/A
18th	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	N/A
19th	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	N/A
20L	0	0.0%	1	1.5%	176
20W	2	3.8%	1	1.5%	95
21st	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	N/A
22nd	1	1.9%	3	4.5%	160
23rd	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	N/A
23A	1	1.9%	1	1.5%	58
24th	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	N/A
25th	2	3.8%	2	3.0%	47
26th	2	3.8%	2	3.0%	213
27th	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	N/A
28th	1	1.9%	1	1.5%	170
29th	0	0.0%	1	1.5%	143
30th	1	1.9%	1	1.5%	223
31st	3	5.8%	2	3.0%	92
Total	52	100%	66	100%	153

^{*}Includes data for all halfway houses.

- Admissions, Releases, and Average LOS by Committing Court (continued):
 - Fourteen CSUs did not have any halfway house admissions.
 - The 6th CSU had the longest average LOS (8 months).







Introduction to Institutional Programs

The Institutions Section of the Division of Operations has direct responsibility for juvenile offenders who have been committed to the state, ensuring that they receive treatment and educational services while in a safe and secure setting. It operates the Carroll R. Minor Reception and Diagnostic Center (RDC), juvenile correctional centers (JCCs) and also contracts with private providers to house certain juvenile offenders.

The JCCs and RDC had a combined operating capacity of 917 as of June 30, 2010. The Behavioral Services Unit (BSU), Central Infirmary, Youth Industries, Bon Air Complex Maintenance, Health Services Unit, and Food Services Unit provide support to the JCCs. The Department of Correctional Education (DCE) also helps by meeting educational needs of the committed juveniles. Through contractual agreements with providers, DJJ offers supplemental programs and services in environments designed to more intensely deliver services. All programs within the institutions offer community reintegration and specialized services in a secure residential setting, taking into consideration adjustments in service delivery during the course of operation.

Based on a FY 2005 General Assembly mandate, DJJ developed a utilization plan to maximize the use of resources; efforts to implement recommendations from the plan continued throughout FY 2010. This includes ongoing population management through movement of juveniles according to the plan's mandates and DJJ's needs.

Also, DJJ plans renovations and new capital construction, as funding is available, in an ongoing effort to improve facilities. This planning requires close population management. When reviewing and adjusting the population for each facility, several factors are taken into consideration, such as housing capacity, staffing levels, and programming initiatives. Revisions to capacities and shifts in

CAPACITY AND AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION, FY 2010*

Facility	Capacity	ADP On-Site	ADP Off-Site	ADP Total
Beaumont	284	264	1	265
Bon Air	193	177	1	178
Culpeper	144	143	2	145
Hanover	120	118	0**	118
Natural Bridge ¹	0	15	0**	15
Oak Ridge	40	40	0**	40
JCC Total	781	757	4	761
RDC	136	96	2	98
State Total	917	853	7	859

^{*}Averages may not add to totals due to rounding.

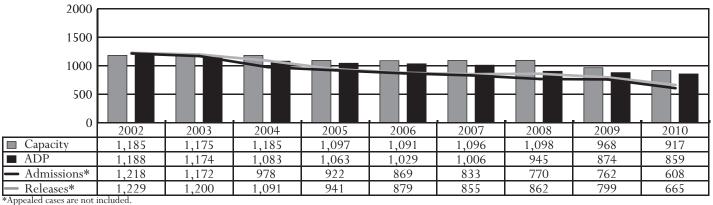
RDC's utilization rate was 72% in FY 2010.

the population are considered in order to keep the treatment needs of the juveniles in the forefront. These were a natural result of the necessary closure of housing units on facility campuses. The utilization plan also called for a move toward therapeutic capacities within the facilities. To address this, DJJ began interrelations with staff and improved security in treatment settings. Continued population management has become a vital tool, and DJJ continues to work toward this goal.

RECEPTION AND DIAGNOSTIC CENTER

The Department operates a centralized evaluation and classification process at RDC. This facility serves as the central intake facility for all juveniles committed to DJJ and is the first encoun-

CAPACITY, AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION, ADMISSIONS, AND RELEASES, FY 2002-2010



Between FY 2009 and FY 2010, admissions to RDC decreased 20%. Data above includes Alternative Placements.

^{**}ADP off-site averages for these facilities were less than 1.

¹ Prior to closing on 10/09/2009, capacity for Natural Bridge JCC was 71 beds.



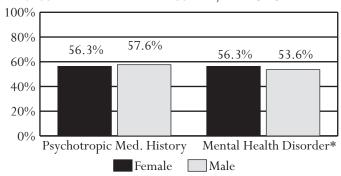
Admissions by Demographics*, FY 2007-2010

Demographics	2007	2008	2009	2010
Race				
Black	66.0%	66.1%	66.7%	64.8%
White	27.0%	25.7%	25.7%	28.0%
Other	7.0%	8.2%	7.6%	7.2%
Ethnicity-Hispanic	6.5%	5.5%	6.0%	7.1%
Sex				
Male	90.8%	92.1%	92.7%	94.7%
Female	9.2%	7.9%	7.3%	5.3%
Age				
Under 14	1.7%	1.9%	1.6%	1.2%
14	6.8%	6.5%	5.0%	4.4%
15	17.4%	15.7%	16.7%	13.5%
16	28.7%	27.7%	31.8%	24.5%
17	37.6%	40.6%	36.6%	44.4%
18	7.0%	7.1%	7.3%	11.0%
19 or older	0.8%	0.4%	1.0%	1.0%
Region				
Western	18.5%	18.8%	16.5%	19.6%
Northern	39.3%	36.0%	38.7%	37.5%
Eastern	42.3%	45.2%	44.8%	42.9%
Total Admissions	833	770	762	608

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

ter a juvenile has with a correctional center. The facility was established in 1968 to receive, evaluate, and place all juveniles committed by the juvenile and domestic relations district or

Admissions by Psychotropic Medication History and Diagnosed Mental Health Disorder, FY 2010¹



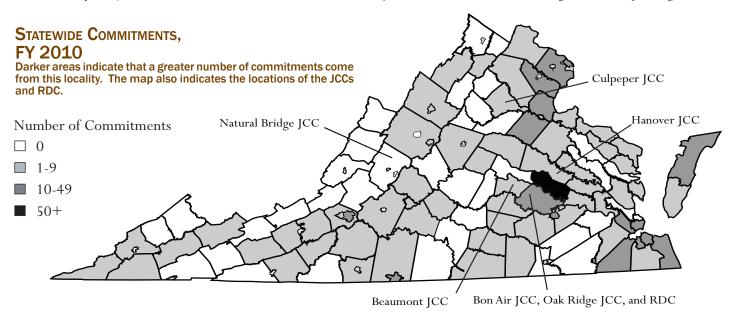
* Includes juveniles with a mental health disorder, according to diagnostic criteria in the DSM-IV (Diagnostic and Statistical Manual, 4th edition). The graph includes juveniles with a depressive disorder and excludes those with Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD), Conduct Disorder (CD), Oppositional Defiant Disorder (ODD), and Substance Abuse/Dependence Disorder. Data on mental health disorder is not comparable to previous Data Resource Guides.

¹The change in trends from prior years may be due to the small number of female admissions (32) in FY 2010.

Over half (58%) of the juveniles admitted to the JCCs have a history of prescription psychotropic medication use. At admission, 54% of juveniles had a mental health disorder (other than a DSM-IV diagnosis of ADHD, CD, ODD, or Substance Abuse/Dependence Disorder).

circuit courts. With the primary function of orientation, evaluation, and classification of juveniles, services provided at RDC include academic, medical, psychological, behavioral, and sociological evaluation and classification to determine appropriate treatment needs, security requirements, institutional placements, and lengths of stay.

The facility consists of six housing units: five for males and one for females. Juveniles may range in age from 11 to 20 and are typically housed at RDC from four to eight weeks, depending on their



According to the Census of Juveniles in Residential Placement Databook, among the 38 states with an upper age of jurisdiction of 17, Virginia ranked 25th highest in the number of committed youth per 100,000 in 2007.

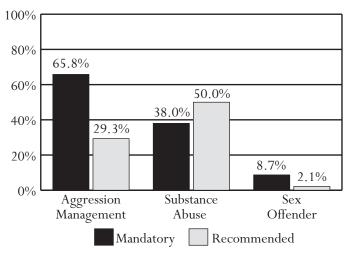


individual needs. In addition to a psychological screening and evaluation, all youth receive both medical and dental examinations. Each juvenile receives a battery of tests from DCE staff to identify the appropriate educational level, vocational aptitude, and any special educational needs. RDC counselors are responsible for coordination of the evaluation process, individual and crisis counseling, completion of social history, and case management. At the conclusion of the evaluation process, a team of evaluators meet to discuss each case to determine treatment needs, length of stay, classification, transitioning/re-entry, mental health transitioning, and placement recommendations. From RDC, juveniles are sent to their designated correctional facilities or special placements.

RDC operates a highly structured orientation to the behavioral management program, REACH, utilized throughout the JCCs. REACH emphasizes development in areas of responsibility, empowerment, achievement, changes to ways of thinking and acting, and hope for a successful return to the community. It is designed to encourage juveniles to take responsibility for their own actions by earning credits, phases, and reinforcers based on their behaviors. (See page 158 for more detailed information on REACH.)

RDC plays a vital role in tracking juvenile data. Juvenile Profile data is collected at RDC and provides a global picture of the juvenile, including education, mental health, physical, and social information. Additionally, the facility is responsible for housing and maintaining all master files. RDC is a clearinghouse for release information, works in conjunction with the State Library on retention and destruction of documents, and is responsible for initial case screening by reviewing all court and legal documentation regarding the commitment.

Admissions By Treatment Needs, FY 2010



Note: BSU began identifying the different aggression management tracks in September 2008.

Although sex offender treatment is the least common treatment need, it can have the greatest impact on a resident's LOS within the JCCs.

Admissions by Reading, Writing, and Math Grade Levels, FY 2010



Female offenders tested higher for all three subject areas. The difference is greatest for writing.

After the closing of Natural Bridge JCC on October 9, 2009, the Department relocated the Work/Education Release Program (WERP) to RDC. DJJ utilized minimal existing resources by reopening a housing unit that had been previously closed due to budget reductions. In addition to reopening this unit, RDC refurbished it to create a more 'homelike' feel and was subsequently able to expand the program from the previous capacity of 10 participants to 12.

The purpose of WERP is to afford residents opportunities to successfully transition back to the community by providing employability skills, job placement in the community, life skills training, and transitional living. Residents who qualify for the program have access to a wide array of off-site employment opportunities as well as a community college education. Wages earned by WERP participants are initially used to pay any restitution, fines, or court costs, with any remaining wages credited to the residents' accounts. In addition to equipping residents with employability skills and/or furthering their education, the program provides a life skills component facilitated by the program's counselor utilizing the "Returning Home" curriculum from the Department's psychoeducational program, Phoenix. (See page 158 for more details on Phoenix.)

BEHAVIORAL SERVICES UNIT (BSU)

BSU is the organizational unit responsible for providing treatment services to residents of RDC and the JCCs. The primary services provided by BSU staff include mental health, substance abuse, sex offender, and aggression management treatment services, as well as psychological and risk assessments.

Organizational Structure: There are four BSU staff located at the DJJ Central Office: the Psychology Manager who serves as the Director of the Unit, the Program Supervisor for Substance



Abuse and Sex Offender Services, the Program Supervisor for Aggression and Behavior Management Services, and the Executive Secretary of the Unit. RDC and each JCC have a BSU Treatment Director on-site who is responsible for the clinical treatment services at the institution. All supervisory staff are licensed professionals in their respective disciplines.

In addition to clinician supervisors, BSU employs qualified mental health professionals who are doctoral and masters level practitioners in psychology, social work, and rehabilitation counseling. Currently, approximately 55 BSU staff are distributed across the six facilities based upon the number of youth and particular

Admissions by Offense, FY 2010

Most Serious Offense	Deter	minate	Indeter	minate		
Offense Category						
Alcohol	0	0.0%	1	0.2%		
Arson	0	0.0%	12	2.4%		
Assault	22	19.8%	74	14.9%		
Burglary	9	8.1%	99	19.9%		
Disorderly Conduct	0	0.0%	2	0.4%		
Fraud	0	0.0%	11	2.2%		
Gangs	0	0.0%	7	1.4%		
Kidnapping	3	2.7%	1	0.2%		
Larceny	2	1.8%	99	19.9%		
Miscellaneous/Other	0	0.0%	2	0.4%		
Murder	2	1.8%	0	0.0%		
Narcotics	4	3.6%	23	4.6%		
Obscenity	0	0.0%	1	0.2%		
Parole Violation	0	0.0%	27	5.4%		
Robbery	55	49.5%	63	12.7%		
Sex Offense	11	9.9%	32	6.4%		
Traffic	1	0.9%	8	1.6%		
Trespass	0	0.0%	2	0.4%		
Vandalism	0	0.0%	15	3.0%		
Weapons	2	1.8%	18	3.6%		
	fense Sev	erity				
Felonies:						
Against Persons	95	85.6%	168	33.8%		
Weapons/Narcotics	7	6.3%	24	4.8%		
Other	9	8.1%	218	43.9%		
Class 1 Misdemeanors:						
Against Persons	0	0.0%	34	6.8%		
Other	0	0.0%	26	5.2%		
Parole Violation	0	0.9%	25	5.0%		
Other	0	0.0%	2	0.4%		
Information Missing	0	0.0%	0	0.0%		
Total Admissions	111	100.0%	497	100.0%		

The most common offense for determinate admissions was robbery, and the most common offenses for indeterminate admissions were burglary and larceny.

treatment programs offered at each facility. BSU strongly supports the recruitment and retention of licensed/certified staff.

Mental Health Treatment: BSU conducts comprehensive psychological evaluations of all youth committed to DJJ while they are residents at RDC. At each facility, BSU provides 24/7 crisis intervention; individual, group, and family therapy; mental status evaluations; case consultations and development of individualized behavior support protocols; program development and implementation; and staff training. Three JCCs have intensive services units for residents whose mental health needs do not allow them to function effectively in the general population of the institution. Risk assessments are completed for all serious and major offenders when they are considered for release.

Psychiatric services at each of the facilities include psychiatric evaluation and medication management. Psychiatric services are provided through contracts with psychiatrists from the Virginia Commonwealth University School of Medicine as well as the private sector.

Substance Abuse Treatment: Evidence-based substance abuse treatment services are provided in specialized treatment units as well as in the general population at each of the JCCs. Treatment emphasizes motivation to change, drug and alcohol refusal skills, addiction/craving coping skills, relapse prevention, problem solving, effective communication, and transition to the community, among other skills.

Individualized treatment planning allows residents with co-occurring disorders and/or specialized needs to receive additional intervention, including individual, group, and family therapy. Girls with substance abuse treatment needs participate in a specialized treatment unit program that is evidence-based and addresses gender-specific issues, including female sexuality, trauma, and grief and loss.

Depending upon individual needs, completion of substance abuse treatment services requires five weeks to six months.

Sex Offender Treatment: DJJ opened its first state-operated juvenile sex offender unit in January, 1990. Currently, there are seven sex offender units (a total of 112 beds) with at least one unit at each of the JCCs. Evidence-based sex offender evaluation and treatment services are also provided in the general population and the intensive services units at the JCCs.

Residents in sex offender treatment units receive intensive milieubased treatment from a multi-disciplinary treatment team that includes a unit manager, counselor, psychologist, and social worker. Specialized sex offender treatment units offer an array of services, including individual, group, and family therapy. Each resident receives an individualized treatment plan that addresses programmatic goals, competencies, and core treatment activities. Successful completion of sex offender treatment may require 6 to 36 months depending upon the treatment needs, behavioral stability, and motivation of the resident. Median treatment time is approximately 18 months.





Care provided through Health Services

Aggression Management: Evidence-based aggression management treatment services are provided at each of the JCCs. Residents receive treatment in specialized units as well as in the general population from multidisciplinary treatment teams consisting of mental health professionals, institutional counselors, and security staff.

Residents must complete core objectives that address anger control, moral reasoning, and social skills as well as demonstrate aggression management in their environment. Depending upon individual needs, treatment completion requires 10 to 16 weeks or longer.

HEALTH SERVICES

The Division of Health Services utilizes an integrated team approach to provide quality health care services to youth confined in the JCCs and RDC. The Department's approach to health care is to ensure services provided are clinically appropriate and medically necessary while emphasizing both prevention and wellness. Health education is an important component of the program; youth are provided information to encourage healthy lifestyle choices both now and in the future.

The provision of health care services in the correctional environment presents unique challenges since many youth have not had consistent access to preventive care or a medical provider. To meet this challenge, DJJ maintains a staff of physicians, dentists, and nurses on-site who provide assessment, treatment, and care to meet the medical and dental needs of the population housed in the facilities. On-site staff is supplemented by a network of hospitals, physicians, and transport services, provided through contract, to ensure all medically necessary health care services are delivered consistently with the standards of the community.

Upon admission, each youth undergoes a comprehensive evaluation which includes a health care screening, medical history, and complete physical examination. A review of immunizations, including the administration of any missed doses; a dental evaluation and prophylaxis; vision and hearing screenings; and routine laboratory testing, including testing for sexually transmitted diseases, complete the evaluation process.

On a continuing basis, evaluation and treatment of new medical concerns as well as follow-up care are provided based on individual needs. Additional health care requirements such as specialty medical care, pharmacy services, diagnostic imaging, physical therapy, and hospital services are provided through the Department's extensive network of medical partners in the community.

The Health Services Division of DJJ offers continuing education programs for physician, dental, and nursing staff who work in JCCs, RDC, and detention centers across the Commonwealth to ensure that they are current on adolescent health issues.

SECURITY AND OPERATIONS

The Institutions Section of the Division of Operations incorporates functions that provide public safety, including supervision and control of committed juveniles and support functions of proper facility operation. Security, which involves both public safety and the safety of the juveniles themselves, is facilitated by the juvenile correctional officers (JCOs) in the field. JCOs operate using paramilitary-style rankings and titles under standard operating procedures that establish how facilities and services are to operate on a 24-hour basis, including proper techniques for addressing various situations. Support staff provide basic daily operating services, including food service, maintenance, human resources, medical, recreation, and business office responsibilities.

As a safeguard for the resident, a grievance process is in place in the institutions. The DJJ's Ombudsman Program was instituted in 2002 as part of the Inspector General's office. The purpose of the program is to provide a strong system of advocacy for Virginia's incarcerated youth.

The program is staffed by an agency-wide ombudsman and grievance coordinators assigned to each of the juvenile correctional centers. This staffing structure provides a balanced view of facility strengths and challenges and a more objective approach to solving identified problems. By monitoring conditions of confinement and service delivery systems, the program helps identify and solve problems with potential to cause harm or impede rehabilitative efforts. It helps protect the rights of residents; promotes system accountability; and helps ensure safe, humane, and lawful living conditions. The Ombudsman and the grievance coordinators operate independently from the facilities in order to provide juveniles with an outlet for addressing issues for which they have expressed concern.



Key components of the Ombudsman Program include SOP-105 Resident Grievance and Complaint/Request Procedure, thorough orientations and training on how to use the grievance procedure for new staff and residents, Resident Advisory Committees in each facility, and the grievance database. In addition, the program provides a toll-free number for parents and staff to contact the office in order to voice any concerns they may have. Additional information is on the agency's website under Initiatives.

CASE MANAGEMENT AND TREATMENT PROGRAMS

The Case Management and Treatment Programs Section of the Division provides oversight of treatment needs, security requirements (with respect to classification), length of stay, institutional placements, and changes while in direct care. Case management staff monitor treatment and program delivery, facilitate psychoeducational groups utilizing the Phoenix curriculum, assess progress achieved, set parameters for the programs, and deal with broad regulations on classification as well as the residential location of juveniles with different classifications. They are responsible for ensuring that all needed services (including mental health, substance abuse, sex offender, aggression management, and independent living skills development) are available and operational at the facilities, and they serve as a liaison between the field and the administrative offices for procedures and resources. They are responsible for establishing and updating the length of stay for each resident and the resident's custody classification. These staff follow the case management practices that will eventually justify the release of a juvenile back to the community, and they work with the community to provide a transition and parole plan for re-entry.

PHOENIX PROGRAM

The Phoenix Program is an evidence-based curriculum developed by A. R. Phoenix Resources, Inc. The curriculum helps residents develop a variety of behavioral, cognitive, and affective skills necessary to function effectively in the institutions and community settings. This curriculum, designed for adolescents, includes skills such as decision-making, problem-solving, anger management, coping skills, relapse prevention, returning home, vocational issues, understanding and handling feelings, and dealing with transitions. The Phoenix Program treatment assignments are organized according to the stages of change. This design ensures that each resident receives treatment during their entire stay at DJJ. Weekly group sessions are accompanied by specific assignments that require residents to apply the lessons to their daily lives.

The Phoenix curriculum begins at RDC with counselors delivering the 'Treatment Readiness' portion of the program. Residents continue to receive instruction in the Phoenix curriculum throughout their stay in direct care, participating in groups specifically targeted to address areas identified as a need for the resident. Prior to release, all residents receive the 'Going Home' portion of the

curriculum to prepare them for successful re-entry to the community. Finally, additional curriculum can be delivered by the parole officer in the community to reinforce the components the residents receive in the institution.

REACH PROGRAM

In 2007, DJJ implemented a new institutional behavior management program focusing on Responsibility, Empowerment, Achievement, Change, and Hope (REACH). The program provides residents with the knowledge, skills, and abilities necessary for rehabilitation, positive growth, and behavioral change. The program is designed to focus on identifying desired behaviors, tracking inappropriate behaviors, providing feedback, and having a system of phases through which the juvenile can advance. The program also emphasizes a community approach within the facilities in order to better prepare youth for successful re-entry upon release.

REACH allows residents to earn credits for positive behavior and to exchange those credits for reinforcers or privileges. With consistent positive behavior, residents can obtain higher phases within the program and corresponding access to a greater number of reinforcer choices at each level. All of the JCCs and RDC are equipped with a Reinforcer Room to promote the atmosphere of REACH.

The program also emphasizes the relationship between staff and residents and the appropriate modeling of behavior. Housing unit management plays an integral part in the REACH program. The same staff work with the same youth on an ongoing basis; staff and residents get to know each other, thereby increasing the expectations for appropriate behavior within the unit. Staff can also be more attentive to the individual needs of the youth and help them with their



Juveniles participating in an IREAP softball game coordinated by the Youth Industries Program



day-to-day problems, all of which is designed to result in the solving of problems and issues at the lowest level and reducing the need for physical intervention by staff. Finally, each housing unit operates as a community with daily meetings and a leadership structure board to encourage positive interactions between residents.

The implementation of the REACH program is evaluated using multiple approaches. The JCCs and RDC track resident participation and progress in the program by entering data into the database, including credits earned and spent as well as phase promotions and demotions. Additionally, housing units submit weekly checklist forms in order to monitor each unit's fulfillment of REACH activities and requirements, such as community meetings, reinforcer opportunities, and leadership structure board positions. These data are then analyzed in order to determine the facility's adherence to program guidelines, and the results are reported to the facility administration and the Central Programming Committee on a monthly and quarterly basis. Additionally, a team of DJJ staff evaluate the REACH program at each ICC by observing daily routines, interviewing staff and residents, and utilizing surveys. A debriefing of JCC staff follows each on-site REACH evaluation, and each facility develops an action plan to address areas identified as needing improvement.

As the REACH program continues, slight changes may be necessary to improve its operation in the JCCs. The evaluations of the program have prompted facility staff to collaborate with the program evaluators to make adjustments and clarifications to the program and its implementation. In addition to seeking input from staff, the evaluators and the Central Programming Committee have encouraged input from residents through interviews, surveys, and a focus group. The REACH evaluation will continue to measure facilities' implementation of the program and guide program amendments.

Youth Industries

Juvenile re-entry programs begin with the premise that planning for release starts at RDC admission. Recognizing that many of the youth released to the community from the JCCs were not prepared to enter the workforce, the Youth Industries Program was created to help participants overcome barriers to employment and was designed as a partnership with DCE and the U.S. Department of Labor (DOL). DJJ manages its programs so that juveniles are offered meaningful opportunities to learn employable skills and to practice those skills in a constructive environment.

Participant selection is based on a resident's custody level, age, physical abilities, length of stay, and educational development and requirements. Those residents who meet established criteria are afforded the opportunity to engage in employment provided both on the JCC grounds and in local communities through agreements with agencies of state and local government, private employers, foundations, and charitable organizations. Additionally, residents who otherwise might not be able to complete or participate in all phases of the work-training



Beaumont JCC resident participating in the Barbering Program through Youth Industries

program may be offered the opportunity to contribute toward meaningful community service work activities both on the facility grounds and in local communities.

Each JCC, in cooperation with DCE, develops its own processes to provide work-training programs to its population based on local resources, staff competencies, and juvenile characteristics. For this reason, programs offered at each of the JCCs vary. However, similar elementary components are provided to contribute to positive results as juveniles enter the workforce upon release. In an effort to improve a juvenile's likelihood of success, Youth Industries works with the State's One-Stop Centers, operated through the Virginia Workforce Council and Workforce Investment Boards, to help secure employment and other needed services for these youthful offenders.

Selected youth receive one or more of the following:

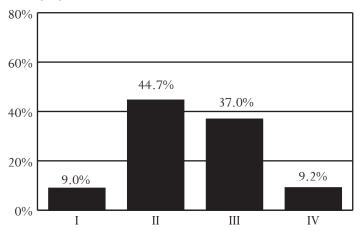
- Vocational and academic instruction
- Hands-on work-based training
- Ongoing counseling services
- Transitional skills and services
- Follow-up

If warranted, participating juveniles are modestly compensated based on work-training hours completed or receive an established piecework rate. Fields of study may also be integrated with an apprenticeship program. Such fields of study include horticulture, silk screening, offset printing, food service, immediate assembly, woodworking, electrical, barbering, embroidery, vinyl sign-making, and advertising and design. Each year, creative arts and crafts work produced by juveniles are collected for display and sale at the annual *Expressions Arts and Crafts Exhibit* held at the General Assembly Building at the start of the legislative session.

In the past, DJJ, in conjunction with DCE, has utilized DOL grant funding from two separate grants to build and enhance



Admissions by Security Initial Classification Level, FY 2010



54% of residents admitted to the JCCs in FY 2010 had a low (I) or medium (II) initial classification level.

Youth Industries programming at Beaumont, Culpeper, and Natural Bridge JCCs. Juveniles who participated in a program under the DOL grants were provided with an aftercare component that focused on the employability of the juveniles through education, work experience, direct job placement, follow-up, or a combination of these. Since expiration of the grant funding, DJJ and DCE have assumed all program-related costs to ensure that these opportunities continue to be available for residents.

At Beaumont, the funding was used to establish a barbering program as well as an electrical program and an expansion of the existing printing program. Funding was used at Culpeper to establish programs in barbering and horticulture. At Natural Bridge, grant funds allowed for the development of a 10-bed Work/Education Release program that utilized living quarters separate from other juveniles housed at the JCC. This program provided selected juveniles an opportunity to obtain higher education/work-experience outside of a JCC. Wages earned were first used to pay any restitutions, fines, or court costs.

The electrical program at Beaumont JCC has also incorporated a new copper/fiber optic-based Network Cabling Installer course. Completion of this eight-month course will allow juveniles to become fully certified cable installers. Currently, juveniles at Beaumont and Culpeper JCCs who are participating in the barbering program provide grooming services for other juveniles housed at the facilities as well as to staff. Additionally, the horticulture program incorporates classroom instruction as well as the use of a fully functional greenhouse that was constructed on the grounds of the facility. Residents involved in the horticulture program have completed numerous beautification projects at the Culpeper facility as well as several other JCCs. To date, 18 juveniles from the Beaumont and Culpeper barbering programs have earned their barbering

licenses. By the end of FY 2009 (Natural Bridge's last full fiscal year of operation) there were 70 juveniles who had participated in the Work/Education Release Program. They attended college classes at a nearby campus and/or were employed by local businesses.

The Youth Industries Program is also currently responsible for coordinating the Inter/Intramural Recreation and Extracurricular Activities Program (IREAP), which was introduced into the JCCs during 2007. IREAP is also a component of the REACH behavioral management program, providing opportunities for the diverse resident population to participate in structured, healthy competition in traditional sports and academic-related activities. Activities include basketball, softball, soccer, volleyball, chess, table tennis tournaments, swimming, track & field, a spelling bee, and an academic bowl. A Career and Technical Education – Technical Bowl is planned and will require JCC residents to work together in teams during four activities: problem solving, applied math, poster competition, and puzzle problem solving. These activities will allow the residents a chance to travel, secured, to other JCCs and compete against their peers.

CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

The Department operates an objective classification system to enable staff to assess a resident's appropriate security and custody level, determine the most appropriate services and programs, assign residents to appropriate housing placements within a facility, and assess residents for placement in community transition programs and for special needs. The classification system also provides for periodic reviews of security, custody, and program placement in consideration of the juveniles' needs and progress and for the reclassification of juveniles as appropriate. A resident's behavior, initial committing offense, and willingness to participate in treatment/education programs will impact the classification level.

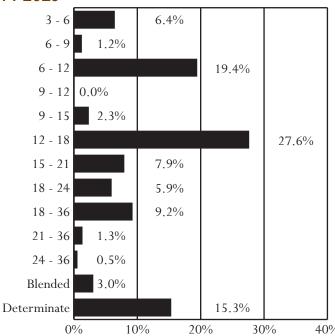
Residents are classified according to their need for structure:

Level I - low structure Level II - medium structure Level III - high structure Level IV - intensive structure

Residents are assigned to facilities based on these classification levels, age, sex, and other factors identified in Appendix D. Each facility houses residents with classification levels I though IV. The need for specific treatment may override a classification level for facility placement, but the classification level is still taken into consideration for room assignment.



Admissions by Length of Stay Assignments, FY 2010



74% of JCC admissions were committed by the J&DR court and over half of those had either 6-12 or 12-18 month assigned LOS; 18% of JCC admissions were committed by circuit court with 53% of them having a determinate LOS. (The remaining 8% of admissions had both a J&DR and CC commitment).

LENGTH OF STAY (LOS)

Using guidelines issued by the Board of Juvenile Justice, DJJ establishes the length of stay for indeterminately committed juveniles based on the severity of a juvenile's offense(s) and chronicity of criminal behavior, with due consideration given to the youth's treatment needs and demonstrated behavior while under DJJ's supervision. LOS categories are defined by an anticipated minimum and maximum number of months that the resident will remain

with DJJ. For example, the LOS category 3-6 indicates a resident is expected to stay between three and six months. The actual LOS may vary from this range due to institutional offenses or failure to complete mandatory treatment. (The guidelines and LOS categories can be found in Appendix E.)

Releases by Actual Length of Stay, FY 2010

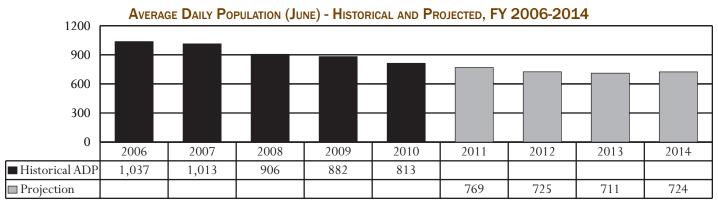
LOS Category	Actual LOS	Releases	Releases,%
3 - 6 months	5.04	37	5.6%
6 - 9 months	5.42	6	0.9%
6 - 12 months	7.73	131	19.7%
9 - 12 months	7.58	1	0.2%
9 - 15 months	9.39	20	3.0%
12 - 18 months	11.41	185	27.8%
15 - 21 months	13.98	43	6.5%
18 - 24 months	15.66	44	6.6%
18 - 36 months	19.11	89	13.4%
21 - 36 months	22.45	10	1.5%
24 - 36 months	32.34	7	1.1%
Blended	28.50	23	3.5%
Total Indeterminate	12.40	577*	86.8%
Determinate	29.98	65	9.8%

^{*}Four juveniles had subsequent commitments with an LOS category exceeding 36 months.

The average actual LOS for all juveniles regardless of their commitment type is 14.7 months.

Projection for the Institutional Population

Each year DJJ, in conjunction with the Governor's Inmate Population Forecasting Committee, produces a projection of the state-responsible juvenile offender average daily population. The most recent forecast projects that the institutional population will decrease 10.9% between FY 2010 and FY 2014. It is important to note that the values shown in the graph below are June values for each fiscal year.



The state-responsible juvenile offender population is expected to decrease by 10.9% between FY 2010 and FY 2014. The historical ADP and forecast numbers shown in the table are the June values for each fiscal year.



Beaumont JCC

Superintendent: Michael Ito

Capacity: 284

Population Housed: 16-20 year old more aggressive male offenders

3500 Beaumont Road Beaumont, Virginia 23014 804-556-3316

Programs/Services Include: Aggression Management; Sex Offender; Substance Abuse; Life Skills; Youth Industries; Institutional Work Program; Intensive Services Unit for individuals with special needs; Individual, Group, and Family Therapy provided by social workers and psychologists; Enhanced Transitional Parole; and Religious/Recreation/Volunteer Programs

DCE School(s): Paul S. Blanford School and Annex

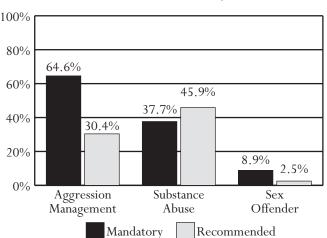
DCE Programs Available: comprehensive high school education program including GED preparation and testing; Reading Program; Tutorial Program; career and technical programs; apprenticeship programs; College Bound Program; and SAT testing.

PLACEMENTS BY DEMOGRAPHICS*, FY 2007-2010

Demographics	2007	2008	2009	2010
Race				
Black	72.1%	63.6%	68.1%	71.5%
White	22.4%	29.6%	23.6%	21.5%
Other	5.6%	6.7%	8.3%	7.0%
Ethnicity- Hispanic	4.1%	4.7%	5.9%	7.0%
Sex				
Male	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Female	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Age				
Under 14	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
14	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
15	0.9%	0.6%	0.3%	0.3%
16	20.0%	13.5%	21.2%	9.5%
17	62.1%	69.8%	67.8%	70.3%
18	15.9%	15.5%	9.1%	18.7%
19 or older	1.2%	0.6%	1.5%	1.3%
Total Placements	340	341	339	316

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

PLACEMENTS BY TREATMENT NEEDS, FY 2010



- Source of Placements (FY 2010):
 - 46.8% were from the Eastern Region, 35.8% were from the Northern Region, and 17.4% were from the Western Region.
- Treatment Programs:
 - 83.5% had a substance abuse treatment need.
 - 94.9% had an aggression management treatment need.
 - 8.9% had a mandatory sex offender treatment need.
- Committing Offenses:
 - The 316 juveniles placed at Beaumont in FY 2010 were committed for a combined total of 1,144 offenses, with an average of 3.6 offenses per juvenile.
 - 8 juveniles placed at Beaumont were recommitted in FY 2010 as a result of an institutional offense.
- Most Common Offense Category (Most Serious Committing Offense):
 - Determinate Sentence Robbery (58.2%)
 - Indeterminate Sentence Larceny (21.3%)
- Most Common Offense Severity (Most Serious Committing Offense):
 - Felony 100.0% of Determinate; 83.9% of Indeterminate
 - Class 1 Misdemeanor 11.6% of Indeterminate
- \bullet LOS Assignment:
 - 21.2% had a determinate or blended sentence.
 - 43.7% had an assigned LOS of 6-12 or 12-18 months.
 - 16.8% (53 residents) had a minimum LOS range 18 or more months.
- Custody Classification:
 - 34.3% of all juveniles placed in FY 2010 with a classification level of IV were housed at Beaumont.
- Average Daily Population:
 - ADP decreased 8% between FY 2002 and FY 2010.
- Utilization Rate:
 - \bullet Beaumont's utilization rate increased from 88.3% in FY 2009 to 93.3% in FY 2010.

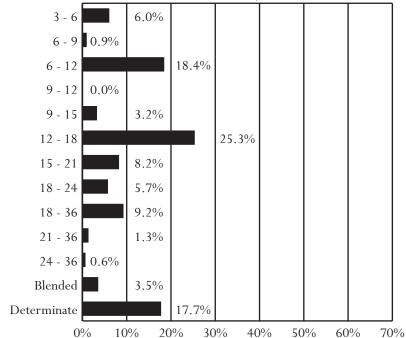


PLACEMENTS BY OFFENSE, FY 2010

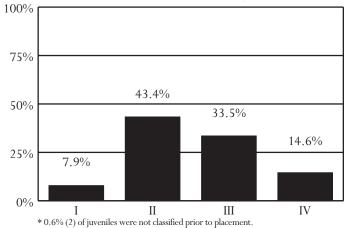
PLACEMENTS BY OFFENS					
Most Serious Offense	Det.	Indet.			
Offense Category					
Alcohol	0.0%	0.0%			
Arson	0.0%	2.0%			
Assault	13.4%	14.1%			
Burglary	6.0%	16.5%			
Contempt of Court	0.0%	0.0%			
Disorderly Conduct	0.0%	0.8%			
Escapes	0.0%	0.0%			
Extortion	0.0%	0.0%			
Failure to Appear	0.0%	0.0%			
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%			
Fraud	0.0%	2.4%			
Gangs	0.0%	1.6%			
Kidnapping	3.0%	0.4%			
Larceny	3.0%	21.3%			
Miscellaneous/Other	0.0%	0.8%			
Murder	0.0%	0.0%			
Narcotics	6.0%	6.0%			
Obscenity	0.0%	0.4%			
Obstruction of Justice	0.0%	0.0%			
Parole Violation 1	0.0%	4.4%			
Robbery	58.2%	15.7%			
Sex Offense	9.0%	5.6%			
Telephone Law	0.0%	0.0%			
Traffic	0.0%	1.6%			
Trespass	0.0%	0.8%			
Vandalism	0.0%	1.6%			
Weapons	1.5%	4.0%			
Offense Seve	erity				
Felonies:					
Against Persons	82.1%	37.3%			
Weapons/Narcotics	10.4%	5.6%			
Other	7.5%	41.0%			
Class 1 Misdemeanors:					
Against Persons	0.0%	6.4%			
Other	0.0%	5.2%			
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	0.0%	4.4%			
Total Placements	67	249			

1 - Variations may be due to slightly different offense categorization.

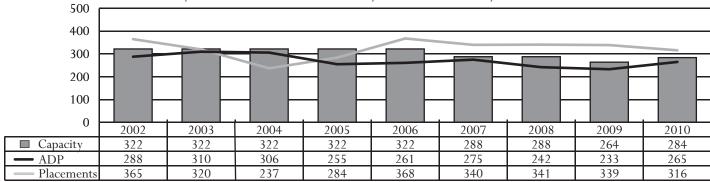
PLACEMENTS BY ASSIGNED LENGTH OF STAY, FY 2010



PLACEMENTS BY CUSTODY CLASSIFICATION LEVELS, FY 2010*



CAPACITY, AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION, AND PLACEMENTS, FY 2002-2010





Bon Air JCC

Superintendent: Linda S. McWilliams

Capacity: 193

Population Housed: 15-18 year old male offenders; 11-20 year old female offenders (Bon Air is the only JCC to house females.)

Programs / Services Include: Aggression Management; Sex Offender; Substance Abuse; Youth Industries; Institutional Work Program; Intensive Services Unit for individuals with special needs; Individual, Group, and Family Therapy provided by social workers and psychologists; gender specific programming; Enhanced Transitional Parole; and Religious/Recreation/Volunteer Programs.

DCE School(s): Joseph Mastin School and Annex

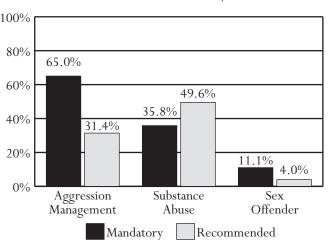
DCE Programs Available: comprehensive high school education program with GED preparation and testing; Reading Program; Tutorial Program; career & technical programs; apprenticeship programs; distance learning for future college courses; cognitive skills training; and SAT testing.

PLACEMENTS BY DEMOGRAPHICS*, FY 2007-2010

1 1 2007-2010				
Demographics	2007	2008	2009	2010
Race				
Black	67.9%	68.4%	69.7%	67.3%
White	26.6%	21.6%	24.2%	25.7%
Other	5.5%	10.0%	6.1%	7.1%
Ethnicity- Hispanic	5.2%	7.8%	2.7%	8.0%
Sex				
Male	72.4%	77.9%	78.0%	87.6%
Female	27.6%	22.1%	22.0%	12.4%
Age				
Under 14	0.3%	0.0%	0.4%	0.0%
14	6.2%	5.6%	4.2%	2.2%
15	25.9%	27.3%	27.3%	20.4%
16	47.2%	46.8%	50.4%	49.6%
17	17.2%	18.6%	15.9%	23.0%
18	2.8%	0.9%	1.5%	4.9%
19 or older	0.3%	0.9%	0.4%	0.0%
Total Placements	290	231	264	226

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

PLACEMENTS BY TREATMENT NEEDS, FY 2010



- Source of Placements (FY 2010):
 - 45.6% were from the Eastern Region, 36.7% were from the Northern Region, and 17.7% were from the Western Region.

1900 Chatsworth Avenue

Bon Air, Virginia 23235

804-323-2550

- Treatment Programs:
 - 85.4% had a substance abuse treatment need.
 - 96.5% had an aggression management treatment need.
 - 11.1% had a mandatory sex offender treatment need.
- Committing Offenses:
 - The 226 juveniles placed at Bon Air in FY 2010 were committed for a combined total of 864 offenses, with an average of 3.8 offenses per juvenile.
 - 3 juveniles placed at Bon Air were recommitted in FY 2010 as a result of an institutional offense.
- Most Common Offense Category (Most Serious Committing Offense):
 - Determinate Sentence Robbery (50.0%)
 - Indeterminate Sentence Burglary (21.4%)
- Most Common Offense Severity (Most Serious Committing Offense):
 - Felony 100.0% of Determinate; 82.8% of Indeterminate
 - Class 1 Misdemeanor 12.5% of Indeterminate
- LOS Assignment:
 - 15.1% had a determinate or blended sentence.
 - 44.7% had an assigned LOS of 6-12 or 12-18 months.
 - 21.7% (49 residents) had a minimum LOS range 18 or more months.
- Custody Classification:
 - 22.4% of all juveniles placed in FY 2010 with a classification level of IV were housed at Bon Air.
- Average Daily Population:
 - ADP decreased 35% between FY 2002 and FY 2010.
- Utilization Rate:
 - Bon Air's utilization rate increased from 91.2% in FY 2009 to 92.2% in FY 2010.

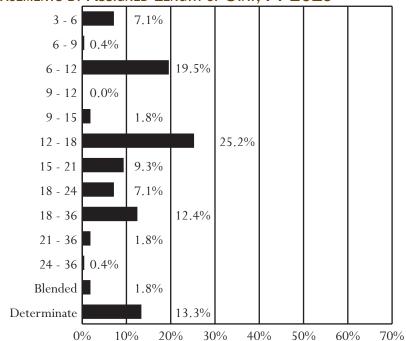


PLACEMENTS BY OFFENSE, FY 2010

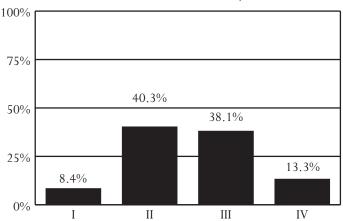
I LACEMENTS BY OFFEIN		.010			
Most Serious Offense Det. Indet.					
Offense Category					
Alcohol	0.0%	0.5%			
Arson	0.0%	2.1%			
Assault	17.6%	13.0%			
Burglary	11.8%	21.4%			
Contempt of Court	0.0%	0.0%			
Disorderly Conduct	0.0%	0.5%			
Escapes	0.0%	0.0%			
Extortion	0.0%	0.0%			
Failure to Appear	0.0%	0.0%			
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%			
Fraud	0.0%	3.1%			
Gangs	0.0%	1.0%			
Kidnapping	2.9%	0.5%			
Larceny	0.0%	18.2%			
Miscellaneous/Other	0.0%	0.0%			
Murder	2.9%	0.0%			
Narcotics	0.0%	3.6%			
Obscenity	0.0%	0.5%			
Obstruction of Justice	0.0%	1.0%			
Parole Violation 1	0.0%	4.7%			
Robbery	50.0%	15.1%			
Sex Offense	14.7%	7.3%			
Telephone Law	0.0%	0.0%			
Traffic	0.0%	0.0%			
Trespass	0.0%	0.0%			
Vandalism	0.0%	4.7%			
Weapons	0.0%	2.6%			
Offense Seve	erity				
Felonies:					
Against Persons	85.3%	34.9%			
Weapons/Narcotics	2.9%	3.6%			
Other	11.8%	44.3%			
Class 1 Misdemeanors:					
Against Persons	0.0%	5.7%			
Other	0.0%	6.8%			
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	0.0%	4.7%			
Total Placements	34	192			
1 V					

1 - Variations may be due to slightly different offense categorization.

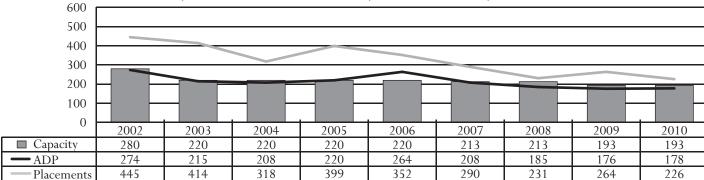
PLACEMENTS BY ASSIGNED LENGTH OF STAY, FY 2010



PLACEMENTS BY CUSTODY CLASSIFICATION LEVELS, FY 2010



CAPACITY, AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION, AND PLACEMENTS, FY 2002-2010





Culpeper JCC

Superintendent: Crystal M. Wynn

Capacity: 144

Population Housed: 18-20 year old male offenders (emphasis on circuit court committed youth 18.6 years of age or older)

Programs/Services Include: Aggression Management; Sex Offender; Substance Abuse; Youth Industries; Institutional Work Program; Independent Living; Intensive Services Unit for individuals with special needs; Individual, Group, and Family Therapy provided by social workers and psychologists; Religious/Recreation/Volunteer Programs; and barbering/horticulture programs initiated by a DOL grant.

DCE School(s): Cedar Mountain School

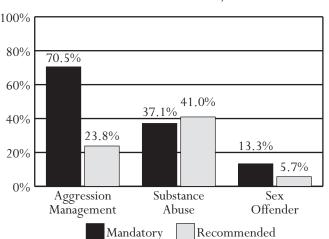
DCE Programs Available: comprehensive high school education program with GED preparation and testing; Reading Program; Tutorial Program; career & technical programs; apprenticeship programs; distance learning for future college courses; cognitive skills training; and SAT testing.

PLACEMENTS BY DEMOGRAPHICS*, FY 2007-2010

Demographics	2007	2008	2009	2010
Race				
Black	68.3%	79.2%	72.4%	72.4%
White	25.6%	13.2%	21.9%	21.9%
Other	6.1%	7.5%	5.7%	5.7%
Ethnicity- Hispanic	4.9%	3.8%	3.8%	2.9%
Sex				
Male	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Female	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Age				
Under 14	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
14	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
15	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
16	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
17	6.1%	16.0%	10.5%	1.9%
18	78.0%	71.7%	78.1%	79.0%
19 or older	15.9%	12.3%	11.4%	19.0%
Total Placements	82	106	105	105

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

PLACEMENTS BY TREATMENT NEEDS, FY 2010



- Source of Placements (FY 2010):
 - 53.3% were from the Eastern Region, 34.3% were from the Northern Region, and 12.4% were from the Western Region.

12240 Coffeewood Drive

Mitchells, Virginia 22729

540-727-3333

- Treatment Programs:
 - 78.1% had a substance abuse treatment need.
 - 94.3% had an aggression management treatment need.
 - 13.3% had a mandatory sex offender treatment need.
- Committing Offenses:
 - The 105 juveniles placed at Culpeper in FY 2010 were committed for a combined total of 315 offenses, with an average of 3.0 offenses per juvenile.
 - None of the juveniles placed at Culpeper were recommitted in FY 2010 as a result of an institutional offense.
- Most Common Offense Category (Most Serious Committing Offense):
 - Determinate Sentence Robbery (47.5%)
 - Indeterminate Sentence Robbery (34.1%)
- Most Common Offense Severity (Most Serious Committing Offense):
 - Felony 100.0% of Determinate; 88.6% of Indeterminate
 - Class 1 Misdemeanor 2.3% of Indeterminate
- LOS Assignment:
 - 58.1% had a determinate or blended sentence.
 - 17.2% had an assigned LOS of 6-12 or 12-18 months.
 - 18.1% (19 residents) had a minimum LOS range 18 or more months.
- Custody Classification:
 - 25.4% of all juveniles placed in FY 2010 with a classification level of IV were housed at Culpeper.
- Average Daily Population:
 - ADP decreased 36% between FY 2002 and FY 2005, then increased 138% between FY 2005 and FY 2010.
- Utilization Rate:
 - Culpeper's utilization rate increased from 95.1% in FY 2009 to 100.7% in FY 2010.

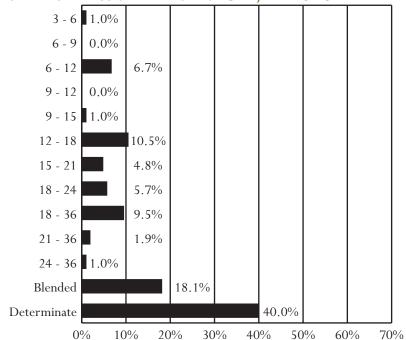


PLACEMENTS BY OFFENSE. FY 2010

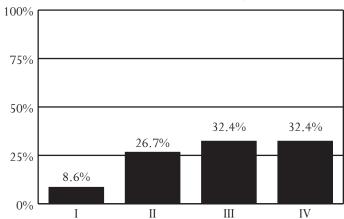
PLACEMENTS BY OFFEN					
Most Serious Offense		Indet.			
Offense Category					
Alcohol	0.0%	0.0%			
Arson	1.6%	0.0%			
Assault	18.0%	11.4%			
Burglary	4.9%	18.2%			
Contempt of Court	0.0%	0.0%			
Disorderly Conduct	0.0%	2.3%			
Escapes	0.0%	0.0%			
Extortion	0.0%	0.0%			
Failure to Appear	0.0%	0.0%			
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%			
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%			
Gangs	1.6%	0.0%			
Kidnapping	1.6%	0.0%			
Larceny	0.0%	9.1%			
Miscellaneous/Other	0.0%	0.0%			
Murder	6.6%	0.0%			
Narcotics	4.9%	4.5%			
Obscenity	0.0%	0.0%			
Obstruction of Justice	0.0%	0.0%			
Parole Violation 1	0.0%	9.1%			
Robbery	47.5%	34.1%			
Sex Offense	11.5%	11.4%			
Telephone Law	0.0%	0.0%			
Traffic	1.6%	0.0%			
Trespass	0.0%	0.0%			
Vandalism	0.0%	0.0%			
Weapons	0.0%	0.0%			
Offense Sev	erity				
Felonies:					
Against Persons	86.9%	56.8%			
Weapons/Narcotics	6.6%	2.3%			
Other	6.6%	29.5%			
Class 1 Misdemeanors:					
Against Persons	0.0%	0.0%			
Other	0.0%	2.3%			
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	0.0%	9.1%			
Total Placements	61	44			

1 - Variations may be due to slightly different offense categorization.

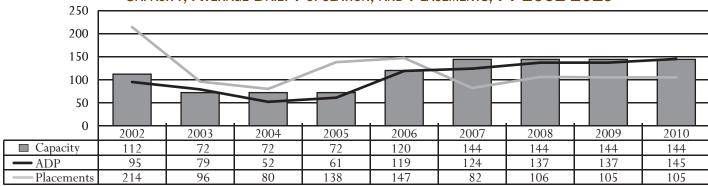
PLACEMENTS BY ASSIGNED LENGTH OF STAY, FY 2010



PLACEMENTS BY CUSTODY CLASSIFICATION LEVELS, FY 2010



CAPACITY, AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION, AND PLACEMENTS, FY 2002-2010





Hanover JCC

Superintendent: Sharon P. Havens

Capacity: 120

Population Housed: 11-18 year old male offenders

7093 Broad Neck Road Hanover, Virginia 23069 804-537-5316

Programs/Services Include: JROTC; Aggression Management; Sex Offender; Substance Abuse; Youth Industries; Institutional Work Program; Intensive Services Unit for individuals with special needs; Individual, Group, and Family Therapy provided by social workers and psychologists; and Religious/Recreation/Volunteer Programs.

DCE School(s): John H. Smyth School

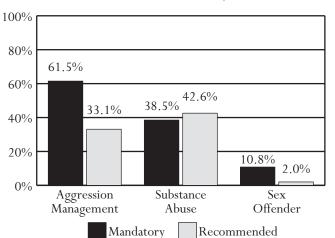
DCE Programs Available: comprehensive high school education and full middle school curriculum including GED preparation and testing as well as career and technical programs.

PLACEMENTS BY DEMOGRAPHICS*, FY 2007-2010

Demographics	2007	2008	2009	2010
Race				
Black	77.7%	70.4%	70.9%	60.8%
White	16.9%	23.7%	20.9%	34.5%
Other	5.4%	5.9%	8.1%	4.7%
Ethnicity- Hispanic	5.4%	5.9%	5.4%	5.4%
Sex				
Male	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Female	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Age				
Under 14	6.0%	6.6%	4.1%	4.1%
14	22.3%	15.1%	20.3%	14.9%
15	39.2%	34.2%	31.8%	20.3%
16	19.9%	28.9%	26.4%	27.0%
17	10.2%	13.8%	14.9%	26.4%
18	1.8%	1.3%	2.7%	6.1%
19 or older	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%	1.4%
Total Placements	166	152	148	148

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

PLACEMENTS BY TREATMENT NEEDS, FY 2010



- Source of Placements (FY 2010):
 - 37.8% were from the Eastern Region, 36.5% were from the Northern Region, and 25.7% were from the Western Region.
- Treatment Programs:
 - 81.1% had a substance abuse treatment need.
 - 94.6% had an aggression management treatment need.
 - 10.8% had a mandatory sex offender treatment need.
- Committing Offenses:
 - The 148 juveniles placed at Hanover in FY 2010 were committed for a combined total of 542 offenses, with an average of 3.7 offenses per juvenile.
 - 3 juveniles placed at Hanover were recommitted in FY 2010 as a result of an institutional offense.
- Most Common Offense Category (Most Serious Committing Offense):
 - Determinate Sentence Robbery (52.2%)
 - Indeterminate Sentence Burglary (24.8%)
- Most Common Offense Severity (Most Serious Committing Offense):
 - Felony 100.0% of Determinate; 86.4% of Indeterminate
 - Class 1 Misdemeanor 11.2% of Indeterminate
- LOS Assignment:
 - 15.5% had a determinate or blended sentence.
 - 33.7% had an assigned LOS of 6-12 or 12-18 months.
 - 29.8% (44 residents) had a minimum LOS range 18 or more months.
- Custody Classification:
 - 13.4% of all juveniles placed in FY 2010 with a classification level of IV were housed at Hanover.
- Average Daily Population:
 - ADP decreased 12% between FY 2002 and FY 2010.
- Utilization Rate:
 - Hanover's utilization rate decreased from 102.5% in FY 2009 to 98.3% in FY 2010.

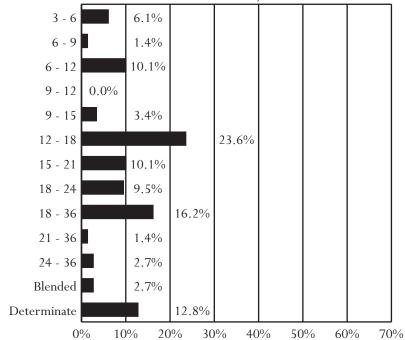


PLACEMENTS BY OFFENSE. FY 2010

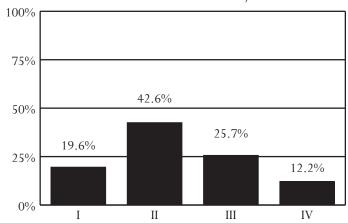
I LACEMENTS BY OFFEIN)	OTO			
Most Serious Offense	Det.	Indet.			
Offense Category					
Alcohol	0.0%	0.0%			
Arson	0.0%	1.6%			
Assault	17.4%	16.0%			
Burglary	4.3%	24.8%			
Contempt of Court	0.0%	0.0%			
Disorderly Conduct	0.0%	0.0%			
Escapes	0.0%	0.0%			
Extortion	0.0%	0.0%			
Failure to Appear	0.0%	0.0%			
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%			
Fraud	0.0%	2.4%			
Gangs	0.0%	0.8%			
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.8%			
Larceny	0.0%	15.2%			
Miscellaneous/Other	0.0%	0.0%			
Murder	0.0%	0.0%			
Narcotics	4.3%	2.4%			
Obscenity	0.0%	0.0%			
Obstruction of Justice	0.0%	0.0%			
Parole Violation 1	0.0%	2.4%			
Robbery	52.2%	18.4%			
Sex Offense	17.4%	8.8%			
Telephone Law	0.0%	0.0%			
Traffic	0.0%	2.4%			
Trespass	0.0%	0.0%			
Vandalism	0.0%	0.8%			
Weapons	4.3%	3.2%			
Offense Seve	erity				
Felonies:					
Against Persons	78.3%	43.2%			
Weapons/Narcotics	17.4%	0.8%			
Other	4.3%	42.4%			
Class 1 Misdemeanors:					
Against Persons	0.0%	8.0%			
Other	0.0%	3.2%			
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	0.0%	2.4%			
Total Placements	23	125			
1 V					

$\ensuremath{\mathsf{1}}$ - $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Variations}}$ may be due to slightly different offense categorization.

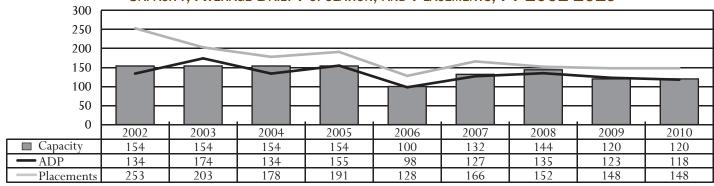
PLACEMENTS BY ASSIGNED LENGTH OF STAY, FY 2010



PLACEMENTS BY CUSTODY CLASSIFICATION LEVELS, FY 2010



CAPACITY, AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION, AND PLACEMENTS, FY 2002-2010





Natural Bridge JCC

Superintendent: John C. Loving, Jr.

Capacity: 71

1425 Arnolds Valley Road Natural Bridge Station, Virginia 24579 540-291-2129

Population Housed: 15-20 year old male offenders (lower security risk offenders and offenders preparing for release). Due to mid-fiscal year budget reductions, DJJ was required to close Natural Bridge JCC on October 9, 2009.

Programs / Services Include: Aggression Management; Substance Abuse; Youth Industries; Institutional Work Program; Individual, Group, and Family Therapy provided by social workers and psychologists; Religious/Recreation/Volunteer Programs; Camp New Hope; Agri-Business Program in conjunction with the Department of Corrections; and a Work/Education Release Program initiated by a DOL grant.

DCE School(s): Thunder Ridge School

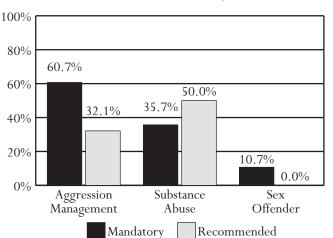
DCE Programs Available: comprehensive high school education program including GED preparation and testing; Reading Program; Tutorial Program; career and technical programs; apprenticeship programs; distance learning for future college courses; cognitive skills training; and SAT testing.

PLACEMENTS BY DEMOGRAPHICS*, FY 2007-2010

Demographics	2007	2008	2009	2010
Race				
Black	57.8%	54.9%	57.6%	50.0%
White	35.9%	27.9%	28.8%	50.0%
Other	6.3%	17.2%	13.6%	0.0%
Ethnicity- Hispanic	5.5%	14.8%	9.1%	3.6%
Sex				
Male	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Female	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Age				
Under 14	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
14	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
15	5.5%	4.9%	7.6%	3.6%
16	31.3%	27.9%	26.5%	32.1%
17	37.5%	30.3%	34.8%	32.1%
18	20.3%	27.9%	22.7%	17.9%
19 or older	5.5%	9.0%	8.3%	14.3%
Total Placements	128	122	132	28

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes

PLACEMENTS BY TREATMENT NEEDS, FY 2010



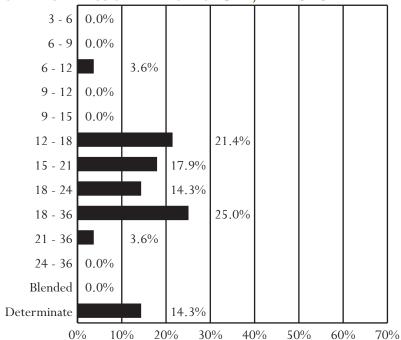
- Source of Placements (FY 2010):
 - 32.1% were from the Eastern Region, 32.1% were from the Northern Region, and 35.7% were from the Western Region.
- Treatment Programs:
 - 85.7% had a substance abuse treatment need.
 - 92.9% had an aggression management treatment need.
 - 10.7% had a mandatory sex offender treatment need.
- Committing Offenses:
 - The 28 juveniles placed at Natural Bridge in FY 2010 were committed for a combined total of 105 offenses, with an average of 3.8 offenses per juvenile.
 - None of the juveniles placed at Natural Bridge were recommitted in FY 2010 as a result of an institutional offense.
- Most Common Offense Category (Most Serious Committing Offense):
 - Determinate Sentence Robbery (50.0%)
 - Indeterminate Sentence Larceny (29.2%)
- Most Common Offense Severity (Most Serious Committing Offense):
 - Felony 100.0% of Determinate; 95.8% of Indeterminate
 - Class 1 Misdemeanor 4.2% of Indeterminate
- LOS Assignment:
 - 14.3% had a determinate sentence.
 - 25.0% had an assigned LOS of 6-12 or 12-18 months.
 - 42.9% (12 residents) had a minimum LOS range 18 or more months.
- Custody Classification:
 - No juveniles with a classification level of IV were housed at Natural Bridge.
- Average Daily Population:
 - ADP was relatively stable between FY 2002 and FY 2009 prior to the facility's closing in FY 2010.
- Utilization Rate:
 - Natural Bridge's utilization rate decreased from 78.9% in FY 2009 to 0.0% in FY 2010 due to its closing.



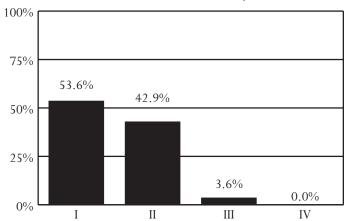
PLACEMENTS BY OFFENSE, FY 2010

PLACEMENTS BY OFFEN	SE, FI 🚄	OTO						
Most Serious Offense	Det.	Indet.						
Offense Category								
Alcohol	0.0%	0.0%						
Arson	0.0%	0.0%						
Assault	25.0%	16.7%						
Burglary	0.0%	25.0%						
Contempt of Court	0.0%	0.0%						
Disorderly Conduct	0.0%	0.0%						
Escapes	0.0%	0.0%						
Extortion	0.0%	0.0%						
Failure to Appear	0.0%	0.0%						
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%						
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%						
Gangs	0.0%	0.0%						
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%						
Larceny	0.0%	29.2%						
Miscellaneous/Other	0.0%	0.0%						
Murder	0.0%	0.0%						
Narcotics	0.0%	4.2%						
Obscenity	0.0%	0.0%						
Obstruction of Justice	0.0%	0.0%						
Parole Violation 1	0.0%	0.0%						
Robbery	50.0%	20.8%						
Sex Offense	25.0%	4.2%						
Telephone Law	0.0%	0.0%						
Traffic	0.0%	0.0%						
Trespass	0.0%	0.0%						
Vandalism	0.0%	0.0%						
Weapons	0.0%	0.0%						
Offense Sev	erity							
Felonies:								
Against Persons	100.0%	37.5%						
Weapons/Narcotics	0.0%	4.2%						
Other	0.0%	54.2%						
Class 1 Misdemeanors:								
Against Persons	0.0%	4.2%						
Other	0.0%	0.0%						
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	0.0%	0.0%						
Total Placements	4	24						
1 - Variations may be due to slightly di								

PLACEMENTS BY ASSIGNED LENGTH OF STAY, FY 2010

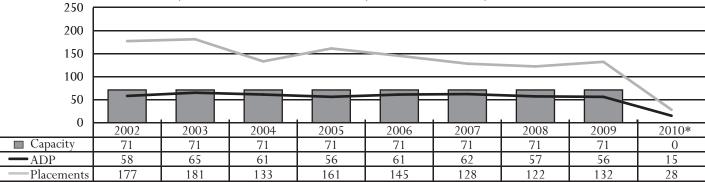


PLACEMENTS BY CUSTODY CLASSIFICATION LEVELS, FY 2010



1 - Variations may be due to slightly different offense categorization.

CAPACITY, AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION, AND PLACEMENTS, FY 2002-2010



Natural Bridge ICC closed on October 9, 2009.

All data were downloaded on 11/10/2010. Any changes after that date are not reflected in this book. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding.



Oak Ridge JCC

Superintendent: Kathryn B. Dickerson

Capacity: 40

1801 Bon Air Road Bon Air, Virginia 23235 804-323-2335

Population Housed: 11-20 year old male offenders (youth with developmental disabilities and behavior disorders, measured intelligence scores in the borderline to moderately retarded range, and Woodcock Johnson academic scores at or below the fourth grade level)

Programs/Services Include: Aggression Management; Substance Abuse; Sex Offender; Youth Industries; Institutional Work Programs; Individual, Group, and Family Therapy provided by social workers and psychologists; Token Economy Program; and Religious/Recreation/Volunteer Programs

DCE School(s): W. H. Crockford School

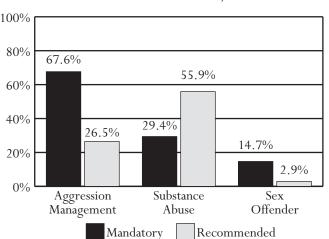
DCE Programs Available: comprehensive special education curriculum as well as career and technical programs

PLACEMENTS BY DEMOGRAPHICS*, FY 2007-2010

F1 2001-2010				
Demographics	2007	2008	2009	2010
Race				
Black	77.1%	87.5%	85.4%	88.2%
White	18.8%	12.5%	12.5%	8.8%
Other	4.2%	0.0%	2.1%	2.9%
Ethnicity- Hispanic	2.1%	0.0%	2.1%	0.0%
Sex				
Male	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Female	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Age				
Under 14	0.0%	6.3%	2.1%	0.0%
14	8.3%	6.3%	8.3%	0.0%
15	18.8%	15.6%	10.4%	5.9%
16	31.3%	25.0%	33.3%	14.7%
17	22.9%	25.0%	25.0%	55.9%
18	16.7%	18.8%	18.8%	23.5%
19 or older	2.1%	3.1%	2.1%	0.0%
Total Placements	48	32	48	34

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

PLACEMENTS BY TREATMENT NEEDS, FY 2010



- Source of Placements (FY 2010):
 - 64.7% were from the Eastern Region, 26.5% were from the Northern Region, and 8.8% were from the Western Region.
- Treatment Programs:
 - 85.3% had a substance abuse treatment need.
 - 94.1% had an aggression management treatment need.
 - 14.7% had a mandatory sex offender treatment need.
- Committing Offenses:
 - The 34 juveniles placed at Oak Ridge in FY 2010 were committed for a combined total of 125 offenses, with an average of 3.7 offenses per juvenile.
 - 1 juvenile placed at Oak Ridge was recommitted in FY 2010 as a result of an institutional offense.
- Most Common Offense Category (Most Serious Committing Offense):
 - Determinate Sentence Robbery (60.0%)
 - Indeterminate Sentence Larceny (33.3%)
- Most Common Offense Severity (Most Serious Committing Offense):
 - Felony 100.0% of Determinate; 91.7% of Indeterminate
 - Class 1 Misdemeanor 4.2% of Indeterminate
- LOS Assignment:
 - 29.4% had a determinate or blended sentence.
 - 32.4% had an assigned LOS of 6-12 or 12-18 months.
 - 23.5% (8 residents) had a minimum LOS range 18 or more months.
- Custody Classification:
 - 4.5% of all juveniles placed in FY 2010 with a classification level of IV were housed at Oak Ridge.
- Average Daily Population:
 - ADP has remained almost constant between FY 2002 and FY 2010.
- Utilization Rate:
 - Oak Ridge's utilization rate remained the same (100.0%) between FY 2009 and FY 2010.

All data were downloaded on 11/10/2010. Any changes after that date are not rejected in this book. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding.

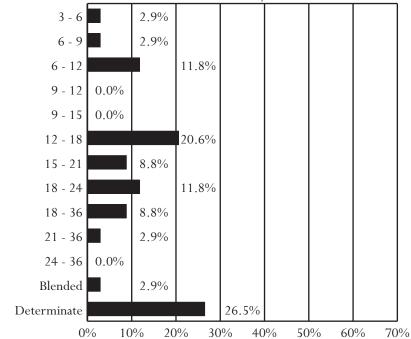


PLACEMENTS BY OFFENSE, FY 2010

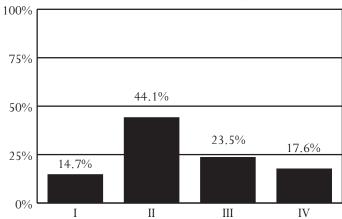
I LACEMENTS BY OFFEIN		OTO
Most Serious Offense		Indet.
Offense Cat		
Alcohol	0.0%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	4.2%
Assault	0.0%	8.3%
Burglary	10.0%	16.7%
Contempt of Court	0.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	0.0%	0.0%
Escapes	0.0%	0.0%
Extortion	0.0%	0.0%
Failure to Appear	0.0%	0.0%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%
Gangs	0.0%	4.2%
Kidnapping	0.0%	0.0%
Larceny	0.0%	33.3%
Miscellaneous/Other	0.0%	0.0%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%
Narcotics	0.0%	8.3%
Obscenity	0.0%	0.0%
Obstruction of Justice	0.0%	0.0%
Parole Violation 1	0.0%	4.2%
Robbery	60.0%	12.5%
Sex Offense	30.0%	4.2%
Telephone Law	0.0%	0.0%
Traffic	0.0%	4.2%
Trespass	0.0%	0.0%
Vandalism	0.0%	0.0%
Weapons	0.0%	0.0%
Offense Seve	erity	
Felonies:		
Against Persons	100.0%	29.2%
Weapons/Narcotics	0.0%	4.2%
Other	0.0%	58.3%
Class 1 Misdemeanors:		
Against Persons	0.0%	4.2%
Other	0.0%	0.0%
Prob./Parole Violation ¹	0.0%	4.2%
Total Placements	10	24
1 V	CC	

1 - Variations may be due to slightly different offense categorization.

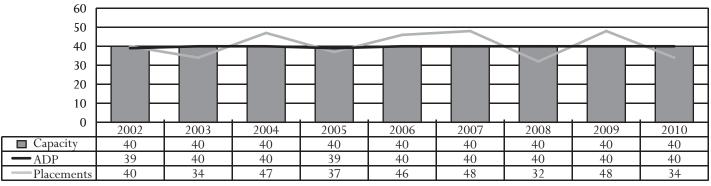
PLACEMENTS BY ASSIGNED LENGTH OF STAY, FY 2010



PLACEMENTS BY CUSTODY CLASSIFICATION LEVELS, FY 2010



CAPACITY, AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION, AND PLACEMENTS, FY 2002-2010



All data were downloaded on 11/10/2010. Any changes after that date are not reflected in this book. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding.







Measuring Reoffense Rates

Recidivism, or reoffending, is an important concept for juvenile and adult criminal justice systems because it provides a measure of outcome success. In terms of public awareness, this concept is usually the primary measure of interest when evaluating program effectiveness. Use of a standardized measure of recidivism allows evaluation across different types of programs and facilitates comparison to program outcomes from other states.

While there are many studies on offender recidivism, comparison of results is difficult because the evaluation methodologies used vary widely. Definitions of recidivism differ from study to study, and characteristics of the juveniles studied may not be adequately identified. These issues, as well as others concerning reoffense analysis, were discussed in DJJ's research quarterly on juvenile recidivism in Virginia (available on the DJJ website at www.djj.virginia.gov/Resources/DJJ_Publications/ ResearchQuarterlies.aspx). In November 2009, the Council of Juvenile Correctional Administrators (CJCA) released a white paper entitled, "Defining and Measuring Recidivism." This study determined that because reoffense findings can differ greatly depending on how recidivism is defined and measured, there is a need for standardization of measurement. According to CJCA, "standardization is necessary in order to communicate clearly the meaning of outcome study results, to communicate unambiguously the methods used to obtain research findings, to enable replication of research designs, to make possible comparisons across studies and regions, and to facilitate knowledge development." Since there is a general agreement regarding the use of adjudication/conviction, CJCA recommends that all recidivism studies use this decision point to measure recidivism and the date of the offense to determine the date of the recidivism event.

METHODS FOR STUDYING REOFFENDING

One method used to evaluate reoffending is the longitudinal cohort study. A cohort is a group of individuals who share some common characteristic, such as release from incarceration during a specific year. This method may use the entire population of interest or a sample from that population. The chosen cohort is followed over a period of time so that any trends for the group may be identified. For reoffense rates, a cohort is tracked for a specific follow-up period. For a longitudinal cohort analysis, the cohort is chosen (for example, all juveniles released from JCCs during FY 2008). At the end of a specified follow-up period (for example, 12 months after release) all instances of reoffending are identified. The cohort is then divided into groups depending on whether or not they reoffended.

Most recidivism studies use the longitudinal cohort method, including the Florida Department of Corrections' report on adult recidivism (2003) and Virginia's annual evaluations of juvenile reoffending (see previous *Data Resource Guides*). This method provides a clear picture of long-term trends and allows public safety agencies to see patterns in offending.

DEFINITIONS OF REOFFENDING

The American Correctional Association (ACA) has stated that the definition of recidivism is one of the primary issues for juvenile and

adult correctional organizations. According to the ACA, "...there are numerous ways to measure recidivism...[d]epending on what perspective is taken, statistical outcomes may vary."

There are three commonly accepted definitions used to measure reoffending:

- Rearrest refers to a petitioned juvenile complaint for a new criminal offense made at intake or an adult arrest for a new criminal offense. Rearrest is an important measure of reoffending because it represents the initial official contact with the criminal justice system. Uses of rearrest rates are limited as a gauge of reoffending because rearrest measures police activity, and juveniles may be rearrested for offenses they did not actually commit.
- Reconviction refers to a guilty adjudication for a delinquent or criminal offense. This measure represents a more stringent way to measure reoffending. Because reconviction rates are based on the final disposition for an offense, only cases with an admission of guilt or a court adjudication of guilty are counted. Only reconviction meets the definition of recidivism used by DJJ.
- Reincarceration refers to a return to incarceration (after having been previously released from incarceration in a juvenile or adult facility) subsequent to rearrest and reconviction on a new criminal offense. This measure indicates that the new offense is serious enough to warrant a return to incarceration.

A report on offender risk assessment in Virginia (Ostrom, Kleiman, Chessman, Hansen, & Kauder, 2002) emphasized that the way recidivism is defined influences the interpretation of study results. According to their report, there are strengths and weaknesses associated with each measure of recidivism. Use of rearrest as a measure of recidivism has the advantage of not being influenced by court proceedings (offense reduction, plea bargaining, diversion) but may overestimate the level of reoffending because arrest criteria are less stringent than conviction criteria. Rearrest rates represent the *maximum* rate for reoffending as captured in official records.

Use of reconviction as a measure of recidivism lessens the likelihood of overinflating reoffending rates. It should be noted that time to reconviction is best measured as the number of days until a new arrest for which the offender will be subsequently convicted so that any discrepancies in court procedures will not influence the measurement of time to reoffense.

Reincarceration rates offer the most stringent measure of reoffending. Juveniles recommitted to a JCC or sentenced to an adult facility have been considered by a judge to have committed offenses serious enough to justify return to a correctional facility.

Issues with the Study of Reoffending

Ostrom et al. (2002) noted that studies of reoffending (recidivism) differ in terms of the length of time used for follow-up. Length of follow-up period in these studies typically ranges from three months



to five years. Most studies use a one-year follow-up period to assess reoffending. While reoffense rates are often highest within the first year after release or judicial action, the limitation of follow-up to one year does not allow for a comprehensive analysis of reoffending patterns. Studies of reoffending should use longer follow-up periods to get a better idea of the recidivism process. Ostrom et al. (2002) recommended using a follow-up period of at least one to three years.

There are other issues relevant to the examination of reoffending, particularly for juveniles. First, many studies have focused on offenders who were released from correctional centers. Focusing on this group limits the understanding of reoffending rates because it does not allow for examination of all individuals who have contact with the justice system and eliminates the possibility of comparison between individuals who were incarcerated in secure facilities and individuals who were sent to diversion programs or placed on probation.

Also, few studies have tracked offenses through both the juvenile and adult justice systems. A complete examination of juvenile reoffending is not possible unless all juvenile and adult contacts with the justice system are included.

Additionally, studies of reoffending should include information on gender and age differences when presenting reoffense data, particularly evaluations of juvenile reoffending. There are well-documented developmental differences between males and females, as well as juveniles in early adolescence versus late adolescence. For example, a 2007 study by Oregon Youth Authority found that female offenders were less likely than male offenders to be reconvicted of a felony. Therefore, reoffending patterns should not be assumed to be the same for all juveniles.

DJJ's STUDY OF JUVENILE REOFFENDING

Data on juvenile offenders in Virginia are contained in the DJJ Juvenile Tracking System (JTS). The JTS contains information on juvenile intakes, detention placements, commitments to JCCs or other incarceration alternatives, and probation placements for all localities within Virginia. This information allows for the examination of juvenile reoffending patterns in a standardized way. DJJ also obtains statewide adult arrest and conviction information from the Virginia State Police and the Virginia Sentencing Commission. In addition, DJJ acquires information on subsequent incarcerations from the Department of Corrections (DOC) and the State Compensation Board. Information from these sources enables the study of statewide juvenile reoffending patterns with long-term follow-up periods.

Juvenile reoffending patterns for FY 2005 through FY 2009 were examined for this *Data Resource Guide*. Juvenile and adult arrest data on juveniles released from Virginia JCCs or placed on probation during these years were examined. The follow-up period ranged from three months to three years from the date the juvenile was released or placed. Demographic information for reoffenders was also included.

Although all three measures of reoffending were included in this *Data Resource Guide*, it is important to note that the official DJJ recidivism definition is based on measures of reconviction. In February 2000, the Director of the Virginia Department of Juvenile Justice issued an administrative directive (07-710) that established an official definition for recidivism to be used by the Department (this directive was updated in December 2004).

For the purposes of reporting recidivism rates of juveniles as required by Va. Code §2.2-222, the Department will use the following definition:

A recidivist is a person who is found by a court to have committed, after being (a) placed on probation or (b) released from confinement, a delinquent or criminal act other than violation of probation or parole.

As the recidivism definition currently stands, all instances of petitioned delinquent intakes and adult arrests for criminal activity for which a juvenile has been adjudicated guilty that occur after a juvenile is released from a JCC or is placed on probation are collected by DJJ. Technical violations are not included in this definition of reoffending. Tracking information for subsequent juvenile and adult offenses provides a better measure of reoffending than simply gathering information from the juvenile justice system alone.

As previously mentioned, DJJ uses a longitudinal cohort method for analysis; however, it is important to note that recidivism data tracks particular juveniles and not specific offenses. For example:

A juvenile is released from a JCC on January 1, 2008.

- A) On March 1, 2008 he is arrested on a misdemeanor assault and the case is ultimately dismissed.
- B) On October 1, 2008 he is arrested on a felony assault and is ultimately adjudicated guilty.

Rearrest rates would capture (A) within the 3-month follow-up period because it was the <u>first</u> arrest; (B) would not count in the rearrest rates. Reconviction rates would capture (B) as the first conviction within the 12-month follow-up period. Thus, the reconviction offense is not necessarily correlated with the initial rearrest. Likewise, the reincarceration offenses may not necessarily correlate with the reconviction offense.



Reoffense Rates for JCC Releases and Probation Placements

Reoffense data were examined for the following cohorts:

- JCC Releases all juveniles released from juvenile correctional centers between FY 2005 and FY 2009
- **Probation Placements** all juveniles placed on probation between FY 2005 and FY 2009
- Juveniles in DJJ Programs all juveniles who were in various treatment programs (including juveniles served by VJCCCA) or incarceration alternatives (including post-dispositional detention programs) between FY 2007 and FY 2009

Tables on the next few pages include the following data:

- Rearrest rates are presented for FY 2005 to FY 2009 for both JCC Release and Probation Placement cohorts as well as FY 2007 to FY 2009 for VICCCA Placements.
- Reconviction rates are presented for FY 2005 to FY 2008 for both JCC Release and Probation Placement cohorts.
- Reincarceration rates are presented for FY 2005 to FY 2008
 JCC Releases. These rates represent recommitment back into
 a JCC, incarceration in a penitentiary (not including blended
 sentences), or a jail sentence imposed by a judge. Data on any
 commitment to a JCC or an adult incarceration are also included
 for the post-dispositional detention program cohorts.

Only petitioned delinquent intakes were used for the analysis. Reoffense data did not include the following offenses: violation of probation or parole, contempt of court, failure to appear (non-felony or misdemeanor), non-criminal domestic relations/child welfare complaints, or non-criminal traffic violations. When the length of time to rearrest or reconviction is reported, it indicates the time between the date the juvenile was released from a JCC or placed on probation and the date of a new arrest. For reincarceration length of time, the difference between the release date from a JCC and the reincarceration date was used.

There is a slight discrepancy between the total number of JCC Releases/Probation Placements in the reoffense analysis when compared with the total number of juveniles released from the JCCs or placed on probation reported in other sections of this *Data Resource Guide*. This slight discrepancy is due to the following methodological criteria used to establish the cohorts:

- Probation Placement cohorts did not include those few juveniles with missing date of birth data. This information is required to match cases in different state data systems (such as the DJJ JTS and the Virginia Criminal Information Network used by the Virginia State Police).
- Juveniles released from the JCCs under the following conditions were not included in the reoffense analysis: juveniles placed into RDC pre-dispositionally but not committed to the JCCs, juveniles sent directly to DOC upon release from the JCCs, or juveniles released from the JCCs on appeal (these juveniles were included in the analysis for any *subsequent* admissions and releases once the appeal process was completed and the juveniles were found guilty).

The numbers presented in this section have changed from previous *Data Resource Guides* due to more comprehensive information obtained from other agencies.

Twelve-Month Reoffense Rates for JCC Releases and Probation Placements in FY 2005-2009, Tracked Through FY 2010

	JCC Releases					Probation Placements				
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Rearrest	51.4%	45.7%	53.0%	47.0%	49.3%	36.9%	37.5%	36.6%	37.1%	36.7%
Reconviction	39.0%	36.4%	42.1%	37.7%	N/A	27.4%	27.7%	26.3%	25.1%	N/A
Reincarceration	27.3%	27.5%	28.4%	26.4%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

- Recidivism rates for FY 2008 (defined as reconviction rates by DJJ) at 12-months were:
 - 37.7% for juveniles released from the JCCs;
 - 25.1% for juveniles placed on probation.
- JCC Releases had higher 12-month rearrest rates than Probation Placements between FY 2005 and FY 2009 and higher 12-month reconviction rates between FY 2005 and FY 2008.
- The following reoffending patterns were noted at 12-months when comparing FY 2007 and FY 2008:
 - For JCC Releases, all reoffense rates decreased.
 - For Probation Placements, the rearrest rate increased slightly and the reconviction rate decreased.



REARREST RATES FOR JCC RELEASES AND PROBATION PLACEMENTS IN FY 2005-2009, TRACKED THROUGH FY 2010

Time to	ime to JCC Releases Probation Placeme					ments				
Reoffense	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
3 months	15.3%	14.9%	15.4%	12.2%	11.8%	14.4%	14.4%	14.0%	14.5%	15.3%
6 months	30.8%	27.6%	30.8%	25.8%	25.0%	23.5%	23.9%	23.5%	24.1%	24.8%
12 months	51.4%	45.7%	53.0%	47.0%	49.3%	36.9%	37.5%	36.6%	37.1%	36.7%
24 months	69.8%	64.9%	72.4%	65.9%	N/A	52.2%	52.0%	51.1%	51.4%	N/A
36 months	79.9%	74.8%	79.7%	N/A	N/A	61.3%	61.0%	59.6%	N/A	N/A

As mentioned earlier, DJJ does not use rearrest rates as the official definition for recidivism. Examining rearrest rates is helpful, however, because these rates reflect the level of additional official contact juveniles have with the justice system after release or placement. Also, analysis of rearrest allows for comparison to other studies that use rearrest as their measure of recidivism. Evaluation of rearrest rates provides a sense of the *maximum rate* of known reoffending that occurs over time.

- Rearrest rates for Probation Placements have been consistently lower than rearrest rates for JCC Releases since FY 2005 (with the
 exception of the 3-month rates in FY 2008 and FY 2009).
- The 12-month rearrest rate for JCC Releases increased from 47.0% in FY 2008 to 49.3% in FY 2009. For Probation Placements, the 12-month rearrest rate decreased from 37.1% in FY 2008 to 36.7% in FY 2009.
- The rearrest rates for JCC Releases have fluctuated from year to year with a decrease between FY 2005 and FY 2006, an increase between FY 2006 and FY 2007, and a decrease between FY 2007 and FY 2008. Between FY 2008 and FY 2009, rates decreased at the 3- and 6-month intervals but increased at 12-months. Overall, comparing FY 2005 to FY 2009, the 3-, 6-, and 12-month rearrest rates for JCC Releases decreased.
- The rearrest rates for Probation Placements remained relatively stable.

TWELVE-MONTH REARREST RATES BY DEMOGRAPHICS*, FY 2009 JCC Releases and Probation Placements Tracked Through FY 2010

	JCC Releases			Probation Placements			
Demographics	Total	Rea	rrests	Total	Rea	rrests	
Race							
Black	524	278	53.1%	2,744	1,154	42.1%	
White	202	79	39.1%	3,191	1,045	32.7%	
Other	69	35	50.7%	510	169	33.1%	
Ethnicity - Hispanic	59	29	49.2%	616	223	36.2%	
Sex							
Male	738	376	50.9%	4,841	1,909	39.4%	
Female	57	16	28.1%	1,604	459	28.6%	
Age							
Under 12	0	0	N/A	38	6	15.8%	
12	0	0	N/A	129	43	33.3%	
13	3	2	66.7%	372	134	36.0%	
14	12	4	33.3%	765	292	38.2%	
15	52	26	50.0%	1,261	492	39.0%	
16	118	59	50.0%	1,795	655	36.5%	
17	241	137	56.8%	1,839	666	36.2%	
18 or older	369	164	44.4%	246	80	32.5%	
Total	795	392	49.3%	6,445	2,368	36.7%	

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

Demographic data for 12-month rearrest rates for JCC Releases and Probation Placements are presented in the table on the left.

- Males had higher rearrest rates than females for both JCC Releases and Probation Placements.
- Black juveniles had the highest rearrest rates for both JCC Releases and Probation Placements.
- Some age groups comprise a small number of juveniles. Therefore, the rearrest of only a few juveniles can strongly influence the rate. For example, there were only three juveniles who were age 13 when they were released from a JCC in FY 2009. Caution should be used in making comparisons between age groups.

¹Total numbers of JCC Releases and Probation Placements reported in this section differ from total numbers reported in other sections. Please refer to page 179 for an explanation of these slight variations.



RECONVICTION RATES FOR JCC RELEASES AND PROBATION PLACEMENTS IN FY 2005-2008, TRACKED THROUGH FY 2010

Time to		JCC R	eleases		Probation Placements			
Reoffense	2005	2006	2007	2008	2005	2006	2007	2008
3 months	10.6%	10.1%	10.9%	8.8%	9.6%	9.6%	9.8%	8.3%
6 months	22.1%	19.8%	22.2%	18.0%	16.5%	16.7%	16.8%	15.0%
12 months	39.0%	36.4%	42.1%	37.7%	27.4%	27.7%	26.3%	25.1%
24 months	60.5%	56.9%	64.9%	N/A	40.8%	40.8%	39.9%	N/A
36 months	72.5%	69.3%	N/A	N/A	50.5%	50.2%	N/A	N/A

DJJ's official definition of recidivism requires a new conviction. This rate is preferred because it considers the final adjudication of delinquency/guilt rather than level of arrest activity. Only offenses for which there has been a clear final disposition of delinquency/guilt are counted as reconvictions. Because of cases still pending at the time of analysis, reconviction rates for FY 2009 JCC Releases and Probation Placements are unavailable. Reconviction rates may increase slightly when re-examined next year because of updated final case dispositions.

- Reconviction rates for Probation Placements have been consistently lower than the reconviction rates for JCC Releases since FY 2005.
- The 12-month reconviction rate for JCC Releases decreased from 42.1% in FY 2007 to 37.7% in FY 2008. For Probation Placements, the 12-month reconviction rate decreased from 26.3% to 25.1% during the same time frame.
- Comparing FY 2005 to FY 2008:
 - The 3-, 6-, and 12-month reconviction rates for JCC Releases decreased during this time period with the largest decrease at the 6-month time period from 22.1% to 18.0%.
 - The 3-, 6-, and 12-month reconviction rates for Probation Placements also decreased during this time frame with the largest decrease occurring at the 12-month period from 27.4% to 25.1%.

Twelve-Month Reconviction Rates by Demographics*, FY 2008¹ JCC Releases and Probation Placements Tracked Through FY 2010

	JC	C Releas	es	Probat	ion Place	ements
Demographics	Total Reconvictions		Total Reconviction		rictions	
Race						
Black	583	229	39.3%	3,092	888	28.7%
White	212	74	34.9%	3,104	691	22.3%
Other	64	21	32.8%	665	143	21.5%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	45	13	28.9%	573	135	23.6%
Sex						
Male	782	302	38.6%	5,170	1,450	28.0%
Female	77	22	28.6%	1,691	272	16.1%
Age						
Under 12	0	0	N/A	48	6	12.5%
12	3	0	0.0%	150	28	18.7%
13	4	1	25.0%	444	112	25.2%
14	15	7	46.7%	891	249	27.9%
15	58	26	44.8%	1,449	387	26.7%
16	127	50	39.4%	1,807	422	23.4%
17	263	100	38.0%	1,789	449	25.1%
18 or older	389	140	36.0%	283	69	24.4%
Total	859	324	37.7%	6,861	1,722	25.1%

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.

Demographic data for 12-month reconviction rates for JCC Releases and Probation Placements are presented in the table on the left.

- Males had higher reconviction rates than females for both JCC Releases and Probation Placements.
- Black juveniles had the highest reconviction rates for both JCC Releases and Probation Placements.
- Some age groups comprise a small number of juveniles. Therefore, the reconviction of only a few juveniles can strongly influence the rate. For example, there were only 15 juveniles who were age 14 when they were released from a JCC in FY 2008. Caution should be used in making comparisons between age groups.

¹Total numbers of JCC Releases and Probation Placements reported in this section differ from total numbers reported in other sections. Please refer to page 179 for an explanation of these slight variations.



Reincarceration Rates for JCC Releases in FY 2005-2008, Tracked Through FY 2010

DJJ tracks both juvenile and adult reincarceration. Reincarceration rates are based on any new commitment to DJJ, DOC, or a sentence for time in a local jail. The addition of adult incarceration data allows for a complete comparison of reoffense rates for all former DJJ residents, from rearrest to reincarceration. The inclusion of adult incarceration information, for both the prisons and jails, is especially useful because DJJ retains custody of some residents until age 21.

Because of cases still pending at the time of analysis, reincarceration rates for FY 2009 JCC Releases are unavailable. Reincarceration rates presented in this *Data Resource Guide* may differ from rates presented in previous years because of updated information obtained from DOC and from the Virginia Compensation Board (local jail sentence information) for FY 2005 through FY 2008 JCC Releases.

Time to	JCC Releases							
Reoffense	2005	2006	2007	2008				
3 months	3.6%	4.1%	4.9%	3.8%				
6 months	11.6%	10.9%	12.3%	10.2%				
12 months	27.3%	27.5%	28.4%	26.4%				
24 months	48.5%	47.2%	52.5%	N/A				
36 months	62.5%	60.1%	N/A	N/A				

- Reincarceration rates remained relatively stable for most followup intervals between FY 2005 and FY 2008.
- The percentage of JCC Releases recommitted to the JCCs within 12 months of release decreased from 6.5% in FY 2005 to 5.5% in FY 2008.
- The percentage of JCC Releases recommitted to adult facilities within 12 months of release changed less than 1% from FY 2005 to FY 2008 (Local Jails: 19.0% to 19.8%; DOC: 1.8% to 1.2%).

TWELVE-MONTH REINCARCERATION RATES BY DEMOGRAPHICS*, FY 2008¹ JCC Releases Tracked Through FY 2010

Demographic data for 12-month reincarceration rates for JCC Releases are presented in the table below.

- Males had higher reincarceration rates than females.
- Black juveniles had the highest reincarceration rates.
- Reincarceration rates were highest for juveniles who were age 17 or older at the time of their release from the JCCs.
- Some age groups comprise a small number of juveniles. Therefore, the reincarceration of only a few juveniles can strongly influence
 the rate. For example, there were only 15 juveniles who were age 14 when they were released from a JCC in FY 2008. Caution should
 be used in making comparisons between age groups.

			8 · 8 · · I · ·
	JC	CC Releas	es
Demographics	Total	Reincard	cerations
Race			
Black	583	164	28.1%
White	212	49	23.1%
Other	64	14	21.9%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	45	7	15.6%
Sex			
Male	782	214	27.4%
Female	77	13	16.9%
Age			
Under 12	0	0	N/A
12	3	0	0.0%
13	4	0	0.0%
14	15	3	20.0%
15	58	12	20.7%
16	127	23	18.1%
17	263	76	28.9%
18 or older	389	113	29.0%
Total	859	227	26.4%

Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. See page 13 for a discussion of the methodological changes.



^{&#}x27;Total numbers of JCC Releases and Probation Placements reported in this section differ from total numbers reported in other sections. Please refer to page 179 for an explanation of these slight variations.



TWELVE-MONTH REARREST AND RECONVICTION RATES BY COURT DISTRICT¹, JCC Releases and Probation Placements Tracked Through FY 2010

		JCo	C Releases		Probation Placements			
	FY 2	2009		FY 2008	FY.	2009		FY 2008
csu	Total	Rearrest	Total	Reconviction	Total	Rearrest	Total	Reconviction
1	14	57.1%	14	35.7%	216	37.0%	284	26.8%
2	48	45.8%	51	37.3%	221	41.6%	278	32.0%
2A	9	22.2%	11	27.3%	67	28.4%	59	23.7%
3	30	60.0%	16	62.5%	97	44.3%	105	31.4%
4	44	50.0%	52	25.0%	176	39.8%	225	28.9%
5	25	44.0%	31	51.6%	75	38.7%	81	17.3%
6	9	66.7%	15	33.3%	59	39.0%	60	30.0%
7	44	52.3%	57	35.1%	246	45.1%	282	30.1%
8	29	48.3%	26	57.7%	76	52.6%	104	36.5%
9	9	55.6%	17	29.4%	78	30.8%	61	23.0%
10	12	66.7%	9	44.4%	116	34.5%	139	26.6%
11	41	43.9%	30	50.0%	90	37.8%	119	41.2%
12	35	60.0%	51	43.1%	107	59.8%	115	37.4%
13	61	63.9%	62	35.5%	214	65.9%	267	39.7%
14	45	55.6%	39	38.5%	459	36.6%	479	26.5%
15	58	37.9%	62	41.9%	328	36.6%	356	23.9%
16	35	45.7%	41	31.7%	303	34.7%	329	22.5%
17	23	17.4%	21	23.8%	202	24.8%	204	14.2%
17F	0	N/A	1	100.0%	13	38.5%	8	0.0%
18	15	40.0%	13	53.8%	165	35.2%	135	23.0%
19	30	40.0%	35	20.0%	823	31.7%	992	21.3%
20L	10	70.0%	5	80.0%	184	27.2%	181	16.6%
20W	4	25.0%	1	100.0%	116	31.9%	99	19.2%
21	10	60.0%	15	20.0%	158	34.2%	155	24.5%
22	31	35.5%	35	31.4%	168	26.2%	134	17.9%
23	5	60.0%	0	N/A	31	58.1%	31	12.9%
23A	13	84.6%	26	57.7%	76	53.9%	89	40.4%
24	19	42.1%	19	52.6%	241	32.4%	210	22.9%
25	16	50.0%	24	29.2%	90	31.1%	112	27.7%
26	28	60.7%	22	36.4%	164	39.0%	168	29.2%
27	3	66.7%	6	50.0%	200	42.0%	193	26.4%
28	0	N/A	1	0.0%	170	36.5%	103	12.6%
29	5	0.0%	7	0.0%	164	22.6%	145	19.3%
30	1	0.0%	2	0.0%	143	22.4%	123	20.3%
31	34	47.1%	42	33.3%	409	39.6%	436	20.2%
Total	795	49.3%	859	37.7%	6,445	36.7%	6,861	25.1%

[•] The CSU District is identified by the Juvenile and Domestic Relations District Court that originally committed the juvenile to the Department or placed the juvenile on probation.

[•] Some CSUs had a small number of releases/placements. Therefore, the reoffense of only a few juveniles can strongly influence the rates. It is important to consider this when looking at the percentages for each specific CSU.

¹Total numbers of JCC Releases and Probation Placements reported in this section differ from total numbers reported in other sections. Please refer to page 179 for an explanation of these slight variations.



TWELVE-MONTH REOFFENSE RATES BY RISK LEVEL, JCC RELEASES AND PROBATION PLACEMENTS TRACKED THROUGH FY 2010

		JCC Releases	Probation Placements					
	FY 2009	FY 2	2008	FY 2009	FY 2008			
Risk Level	Rearrest	Reconviction	Reincarceration	Rearrest	Reconviction			
Low*	18.9%	29.6%	14.8%	25.2%	13.6%			
Moderate	47.1%	31.3%	21.8%	38.9%	28.9%			
High	54.9%	43.0%	30.6%	60.5%	43.1%			

^{*}There were a small number of JCC Releases with a low risk level.

The DJJ Risk Assessment Instrument or the Youth Assessment & Screening Instrument (YASI) is completed by CSU staff to determine a juvenile's relative risk of reoffending (see Appendix H for both instruments). According to the risk assessment score, a juvenile's reoffense risk level is classified as low, moderate, or high. The risk assessment is completed as part of a social history report and is therefore not completed for all juveniles. A juvenile's risk assessment score is one factor examined when parole supervision level is established. Juveniles with high risk assessment scores usually receive higher levels of parole supervision when first released from the JCCs.

The table above presents the reoffense rates for JCC Releases and Probation Placements with completed risk assessment scores. For both JCC Releases and Probation Placements, juveniles with low risk levels had the lowest reoffense rates, and juveniles with high risk levels had the highest reoffense rates. These rates are consistent with probable reoffense risk (according to risk score levels). In FY 2008, 4% of JCC Releases and 10% of Probation Placements were missing risk assessment scores, and in FY 2009, 4% of JCC Releases and 14% of Probation Placements were missing scores.

- Probation Placements had higher rearrest rates than JCC Releases for the low and high risk levels while rates were higher for JCC releases at moderate risk level.
- JCC Releases had higher reconviction rates than Probation Placements for low and moderate risk levels and approximately the same rate at the high risk level.
- When looking at the various risk levels in reference to reoffense data, the rates show that the Risk Assessment Instrument/YASI is accurately classifying juveniles with regard to their risk of reoffense.

REARREST RATE COMPARISON FOR JUVENILES PLACED IN VJCCCA PROGRAMS IN FY 2007-2009¹, TRACKED THROUGH FY 2010

Time to	vjco	CCA Placen	nents	Proba	tion Place	ments	JCC Releases				
Rearrest	2007	2008	2009	2007	2008	2009	2007	2008	2009		
3 months	17.5%	16.6%	15.5%	14.0%	14.5%	15.3%	15.4%	12.2%	11.8%		
6 months	26.5%	24.5%	23.7%	23.5%	24.1%	24.8%	30.8%	25.8%	25.0%		
12 months	38.1%	35.6%	34.8%	36.6%	37.1%	36.7%	53.0%	47.0%	49.3%		
Total Juveniles	12,108	12,731	12,672	7,104	6,861	6,445	844	859	795		

VJCCCA programs serve thousands of juveniles each year, with a variety of programs in each locality. One of the outcome measures chosen for the evaluation of VJCCCA programs is rearrest (defined as a new petitioned intake or adult arrest). The rearrest rates at 3-, 6-, and 12-month follow-up intervals for juveniles who were placed in VJCCCA programs are provided in the table above. For comparative purposes, the rearrest rates for Probation Placements and JCC Releases for these years are also listed.

- The rearrest rates at the 3-, 6-, and 12-month follow-up intervals decreased for VJCCCA Placements.
- Between FY 2007 and FY 2009, VJCCCA Placements had the highest 3-month rearrest rates when compared to Probation Placements and JCC Releases.
- The 6- and 12-month rearrest rates for VJCCCA Placements were higher than the rates for Probation Placements in FY 2007 and the 6-month rate in FY 2008 also followed this same trend. The 12-month rearrest rate in FY 2008 as well as the 6- and 12-month rearrest rates in FY 2009 were lower for VJCCCA Placements than for Probation Placements. The 6- and 12-month rearrest rates for VJCCCA Placements were lower than the rates for JCC Releases during all years shown.

¹Total numbers of JCC Releases and Probation Placements reported in this section differ from total numbers reported in other sections. Please refer to page 179 for an explanation of these slight variations.



TWELVE-MONTH REOFFENSE RATES FOR AGENCY PROGRAMS AND COMMITMENT ALTERNATIVES, FY 2007-2009 JCC AND POST-DISPOSITIONAL DETENTION RELEASES TRACKED THROUGH FY 2010

		Rearrest	;	Recon	viction	Reincarceration		
	2007	2008	2009	2007	2008	2007	2008	
Substance Abuse Treatment Need	55.1%	48.4%	50.8%	45.3%	39.1%	31.7%	27.6%	
Sex Offender Treatment Need	31.0%	26.7%	26.7%	26.4%	21.1%	17.2%	16.7%	
Youth Industries	44.9%	22.2%	35.6%	36.7%	18.5%	26.5%	14.8%	
Hanover JROTC	37.9%	38.7%	54.1%	34.5%	36.0%	20.7%	24.0%	
RSAT Program	24.0%	35.7%	32.4%	20.0%	21.4%	12.0%	10.7%	
Halfway Houses	40.3%	43.2%	34.4%	26.9%	35.1%	13.4%	24.3%	
Post-D Detention (with programs)	48.4%	46.5%	53.6%	39.8%	34.9%	20.9%	21.4%	

Many juveniles committed to DJJ participate in programs designed to meet their treatment needs. There are also various program opportunities to assist in the successful return of these committed juveniles back into the community. Not all those who are adjudicated delinquent are placed in the JCCs, however. There are commitment alternatives available to judges for placement of juveniles who may be better served in non-JCC residential facilities. The table above presents the 12-month reoffense rates for juveniles in these programs who were released from the JCCs or post-dispositional detention programs between FY 2007 and FY 2009.

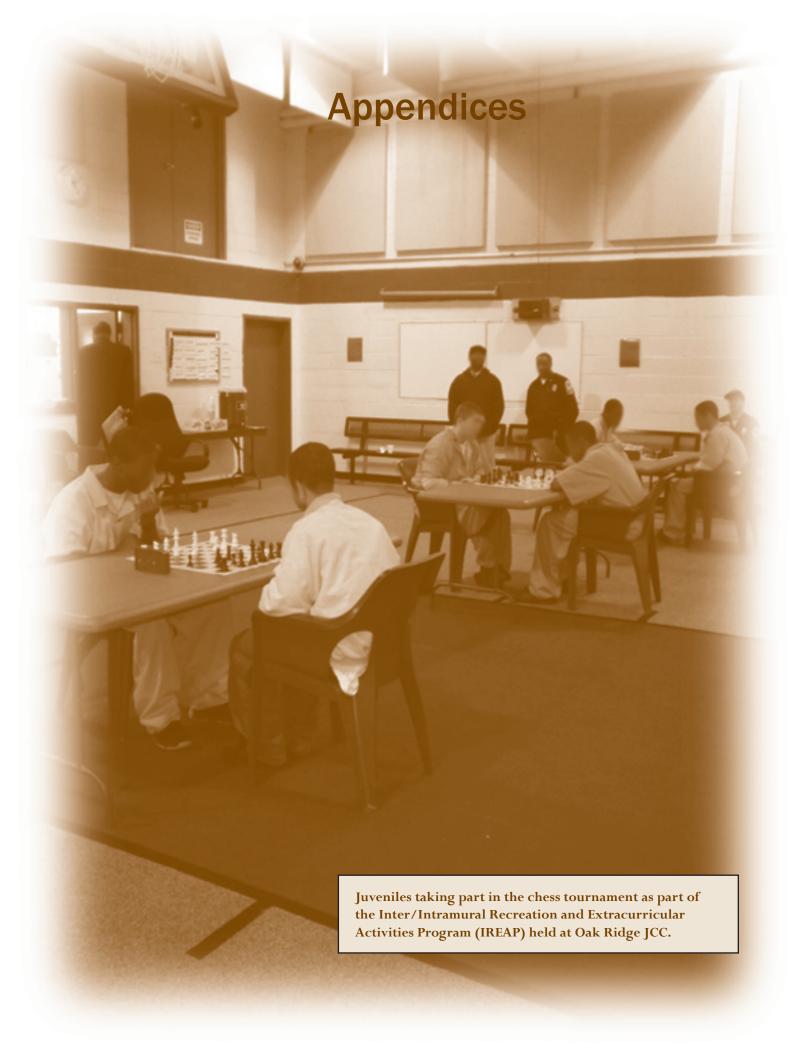
The table is not intended to provoke a comparison between the different programs – these programs often serve vastly different groups of juveniles with varying offense histories, treatment needs, and skills. **Also, some programs serve a small number of youth each year; in such instances the reoffenses of only a few juveniles may result in a seemingly high overall reoffense rate.** The information in this table may be useful as DJJ evaluates these programs and commitment alternatives over time. Also, these data may serve as a source of comparison for similar programs in other states. It should be noted that all programs in the table *except post-dispositional detention* are subsets of the overall JCC population; no comparisons are made between program reoffense rates and the overall JCC release rates for that reason.

- Substance Abuse Treatment Need Rearrest rates decreased from FY 2007 to FY 2008 and increased from FY 2008 to FY 2009. Between FY 2007 and FY 2008, both reconviction and reincarceration rates decreased.
- Sex Offender Treatment Need Rearrest rates decreased from FY 2007 to FY 2008 and remained the same from FY 2008 to FY 2009. Between FY 2007 and FY 2008, reconviction and reincarceration rates both decreased.
- Youth Industries Rearrest rates decreased from FY 2007 to FY 2008 and increased from FY 2008 to FY 2009. (An unusually small number of residents were released in FY 2008). Reconviction and reincarceration rates both decreased between FY 2007 and FY 2008.
- Hanover JCC Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps (JROTC) All reoffense rates increased during the time periods shown in the table above.
- Residential Substance Abuse Treatment (RSAT) Program Rearrest rates increased from FY 2007 to FY 2008 and decreased from FY 2008 to FY 2009. Between FY 2007 and FY 2008, reconviction rates increased while reincarceration rates decreased. The RSAT program only serves females in the JCCs (see pages 180 -182 for the reoffense rates for female JCC Releases).
- Halfway Houses Rearrest rates increased from FY 2007 to FY 2008 and decreased between FY 2008 and FY 2009. Both
 reconviction and reincarceration rates increased between FY 2007 and FY 2008.
- Post-Dispositional Detention (with programs) Rearrest rates decreased from FY 2007 to FY 2008 and increased from FY 2008 to FY 2009. Between FY 2007 and FY 2008, reconviction rates decreased while reincarceration rates increased. Although juveniles placed into post-dispositional programs were not in the JCCs, a "reincarceration" rate is reported to illustrate the rate of their return to a secure setting.

Diverted Intakes (Not Included in the Table Above):

• Of the 12,842 juveniles with a first-time diversion in FY 2009, 15.4% were rearrested within 12 months for a new offense. (Note: this is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2009 due to methodological changes).







Appendix A CSU Staffing (Filled Positions) as of June 30, 2010*

	Clerical/Admin. Support	Psychologist	Probation Officers	Probation Supv./Mgrs.	CSU Director	Total
1-Chesapeake	6	0	18	4	1	29
2-Virginia Beach	6	0	24	5	1	36
2A-Accomack	3	0	4	1	1	9
3-Portsmouth	6	0	13	3	1	23
4-Norfolk	12	0	39	9	1	61
5-Suffolk	4	0	11	2	1	18
6-Hopewell	6	0	9	2	1	18
7-Newport News	8	0	27	5	1	41
8-Hampton	6	0	15	3	1	25
9-Williamsburg	7	0	12	2	1	22
10-Charlotte Court House	6	0	12	2	1	21
11-Petersburg	4	0	12	3	1	20
12-Chesterfield	6	0	14	3	1	24
13-Richmond	10	0	26	7	1	44
14-Henrico	7	0	19	4	1	31
15-Fredericksburg	8	0	25	6	1	40
16-Charlottesville	7	0	16	2	1	26
18-Alexandria	5	0	13	3	1	22
20L-Loudoun	2	0	7	2	1	12
20W-Warrenton	1	0	4	1	1	7
21-Martinsville	4	0	11	2	1	18
22-Rocky Mount	6	0	14	2	1	23
23-Salem	2	0	6	2	0	10
23A-Roanoke	4	0	13	2	1	20
24-Lynchburg	4	0	16	3	1	24
25-Staunton	6	0	12	2	1	21
26-Winchester	4	0	11	1	1	17
27-Pulaski	4	0	13	3	1	21
28-Abingdon	3	0	9	2	1	15
29-Pearisburg	1	1	12	2	1	17
30-Gate City	3	0	10	2	1	16
31-Manassas	4	1	23	5	1	34
CSU Totals (Filled)	165	2	470	97	31	765
CSU Totals (Vacancies)	15	0	45	9	1	70

^{*}Districts 17, 17F, and 19 are not included because they are locally funded.

Note: Part-time employee positions are represented as one position.



Appendix B

JCC STAFFING (FILLED POSITIONS) AS OF JUNE 30, 2010

Job Title	Beaumont	Bon Air	Culpeper	Hanover	Oak Ridge	RDC	Total
Superintendent	1	1	1	1	1	1	6
Assistant Superintendent	2	2	2	3	2	2	13
Major	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
Captain	5	4	1	1	0	1	12
Lieutenant	4	6	5	5	4	4	28
Sergeant	21	18	14	16	5	13	87
JCO/JCO Senior	192	135	87	64	27	65	570
Treatment Staff	18	14	9	9	4	14	68
Medical Staff	10	13	4	5	0	0	32
Maintenance Staff	13	0	8	10	0	0	31
Food Service Staff	17	15	9	12	0	12	65
Clerical/Administrative Staff	12	11	10	6	5	15	59
BSU Staff	12	12	6	10	2	13	55
Facility Totals (Filled)	308	232	156	142	50	140	1,028
Facility Totals (Vacancies)	31	45	59	25	18	17	195

Note: Bon Air, Oak Ridge, and RDC utilize contractual services for food service. These facilities share staff at Central Infirmary (Filled: 7; Vacant: 1) and Central Maintenance (Filled: 16; Vacant: 0).

Appendix C JCC EXPENDITURES, FY 2010*

		Natural								
	Beaumont	Bon Air	Culpeper	Hanover	Bridge**	Oak Ridge	RDC	Total		
Personal Services	16,258,737	11,587,461	8,643,052	7,496,694	1,234,279	2,872,127	6,515,961	54,608,311		
Contractual Services	556,773	354,864	579,815	659,031	38,349	73,317	222,895	2,485,044		
Supplies & Materials	1,806,541	1,057,396	1,093,618	1,077,350	79,478	309,857	695,001	6,119,241		
Continuous Charges	477,936	280,679	469,578	241,993	18,498	69,940	229,586	1,788,210		
Equipment	52,696	66,168	91,351	97,390	11,707	72,763	22,074	414,149		
Transfer Payments	35,917	39,112	20,014	8,838	1,054	45	4,586	109,566		
Property & Improvements	0	0	11,610	0	2,706	0	0	14,316		
Plant & Improvements	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Grand Total	19,188,600	13,385,680	10,909,038	9,581,296	1,386,071	3,398,049	7,690,103	65,538,837		

^{*}Excludes JCC Support (e.g., medical, BSU, Youth Industries, etc.)

PER CAPITA COSTS, FY 2010 (INCLUDING SUPPORT COSTS)

\$ 89,017.00 DJJ Per Capita Cost

\$ 19,785.00 Department of Correctional Education Per Capita Cost \$108,802.00 Total cost to hold one juvenile for one year

^{**}Natural Bridge JCC closed on October 9, 2009.



Appendix D FACILITY CLASSIFICATIONS AND GUIDELINES FOR PLACEMENT, JULY 1, 2010

Facility	Capacity by Gender	Classification Levels	Age Range	LOS Parameters
Reception and	116 Males	I, II, III, IV	11-20	Indeterminate: Max. = 36 months
Diagnostic	20 Females			Determinate: ALL
Center				Major Offender: ALL
Beaumont	284 Males	I, II, III, IV	16-20	Indeterminate: Max. = 36 months
				Determinate: ALL
				Major Offender: ALL
Bon Air*	150 Males	I, II, III, IV	(M) 15-18	Indeterminate: Max. = 36 months
	43 Females		(F) 11-20	Determinate: Max. = 36 months
				Major Offender: ALL
Culpeper*	144 Males	I, II, III, IV	18-20	Indeterminate: Max. = 36 months
				Determinate: ALL
				Major Offender: ALL
Hanover*	120 Males	I, II, III, IV	11-18	Indeterminate: Max. = 36 months
				Determinate: ALL
				Major Offender: ALL
Oak Ridge	40 Males	I, II, III, IV	11-20	Indeterminate: Max. = 36 months
				Determinate: Max. = ALL
				Major Offender: ALL

^{*} General Population Bed Capacity will be changing due to renovation/construction projects as well as availability and level of funding.

Note: Additional changes to these guidelines may occur as facilities undergo construction and juveniles are dispersed to other facilities.

SECTION V: APPENDICES 191

¹ Custody Classification Review Committee (CCRC)



Appendix E

LENGTH OF STAY (LOS) GUIDELINES (EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008)

Two tables are used in determining a resident's length of stay.

- Table I assigns the level of severity for (a) the most serious current committing offense and (b) the most serious prior offense. The resulting two numbers are combined in a pattern (a)-(b) for further calculation.
- Table II accounts for chronic offense behavior that may increase the resident's initial length of stay calculation.

Determining a resident's initial length of stay at the time he/she enters direct care is a three-step process:

- 1. Determining the most serious committing offense. The most serious committing offense is assigned a severity level from 1 through 4 as indicated on Table I.
- 2. Determining the most serious prior offense. The most serious prior offense is assigned a severity level from 1 through 4 as indicated on Table I.
- 3. Adjustment for chronic offense behavior as indicated on Table II.
 - The resident's entire delinquent and criminal histories, except the two offenses used as the most serious committing offense and the most serious prior offense, are examined; and each delinquent and criminal offense will be given points as follows:
 - one point for each Class 1 misdemeanor; and
 - two points for each felony

TABLE I: SEVERITY LEVEL FOR CURRENT AND PRIOR OFFENSES

.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,									
Level	Type of Offense	Examples							
Level 1	Class 1 Misdemeanors	Simple Assault; Petit Larceny							
Level 2	Class 4, 5, and 6 Felonies; Unclassified felonies carrying a maximum sentence of 10 years	Unauthorized Use of an Auto; Possession of a Schedule I or II Substance; Voluntary and Involuntary Manslaughter							
Level 3	Class 3 Felonies; Unclassified felonies carrying a maximum sentence of 20 years; Unclassified non-person felonies carrying a maximum sentence of more than 20 years	Burglary of Dwelling with Intent; Grand Larceny; Aggravated Involuntary Manslaughter							
Level 4	Class 1 and 2 Felonies; Unclassified felony offenses against persons carrying a maximum sentence of more than 20 years	Armed Robbery; Rape; Murder							

Residents who have no past convictions are assigned a Level 1 for the most serious prior offense.

TABLE II: INITIAL LOS STEPS AND ADJUSTMENTS TO DETERMINE LOS RANGE

Offense Severity (determines the initial LOS Step. The initial steps are followed by adjustments for chronic offense behavior).	Release Dates Early - Late
1-1*	3 months - 6 months
1-2, 1-3, 2-1, 2-2 1-1, increased 3 months for chronicity	6 months - 12 months
1-1, increased 6 months for chronicity 1-2, 1-3, 2-1, 2-2, increased 3 months for chronicity	9 months - 15 months
1-4, 2-3, 2-4, 3-1, 3-2, 3-3 1-2, 1-3, 2-1, 2-2, increased 6 months for chronicity	12 months - 18 months
1-4, 2-3, 2-4, 3-1, 3-2, 3-3, increased 3 months for chronicity	15 months - 21 months
1-4, 2-3, 2-4, 3-1, 3-2, 3-3, increased 6 months for chronicity	18 months - 24 months
3-4, 4-1, 4-2, 4-3, 4-4	18 months - 36 months
3-4, 4-1, 4-2, 4-3, 4-4, increased 3 months for chronicity	21 months - 36 months
3-4, 4-1, 4-2, 4-3, 4-4, increased 6 months for chronicity	24 months - 36 months

^{*}Residents may not stay more than 12-months without Departmental review.



Appendix F Initial Classification Custody Designation Form

INITIAL CUSTODY DESIGNATION FORM

	SECTION A DEMOGRAPHIC DATA																	
1. ASSESSMENT DATE: MM-DD-YYYY	-						2. COMI DATE: MM-DD-		IT			-		-				
3. LAST NAME		4. FIR	ST NA	ME							DLE INIT	ΓIAL			6	0 SUF	FIX	
7. BIRTH DATE: MM-DD-YYYY	-			-					8. J	IUVENILI	#							
9. SEX: M=MALE F=FEMALE						10	. COMM			RT (FIPS								
SEVERITY OF CURRENT OFFENSE	250 =	SEC Persor			h Iniu	m.	CLASSIFICATION SCORING										F	Points
Most serious current offense (according to the scale shown on the right, with	150 = Felony	Persor y	r Felor	ny wit	hout I	njury,	ury, Weapons Felony, or Circuit Court Commitment for Non-Person											
"Person Felony with Injury" being the most serious) for which the ward has	25 =	Other I	Felony	/	•		,											
been adjudicated guilty, including any detainers		10 = Non-Person Misdemeanor Offense 5 = Parole Violation or Traffic Offense																
2. PRIOR OFFENSE HISTORY	100 =	100 = Person Felony with Injury																
Most serious prior offense (according to the scale shown on the right, with		50 = Person Felony without Injury, Weapons Felony, or Circuit Court Commitment for Non-Person Offense																
"Person Felony with Injury" being the most serious) for which the ward has	25 =	Person Other I			nor (v	with or	withou	t injury	')									
been adjudicated guilty	5 =	Non-P	erson	Misde														
3. PRIOR COMMITMENTS		Traffic More to																
	15 = 0 =	One Price	rior Co or Cor	mmit nmitn	ment nents	to DJ.	J											
ASSAULTIVE BEHAVIOR DURING PRIOR COMMITMENTS TO DJJ OR IN										ith Injur without								
SECURE DETENTION	50 =	One In	stance	e of A	ssaul	tive Be	ehavior					n of Aggre	essive B	Behavior				
Assaultive behavior refers to unprovoked assaults, not fights. Frequent fights may	0 =	None o	or ino i	-rior (Jomn	numen	its											
indicate a pattern of aggressive behavior. Does not include detention immediately																		
preceding current commitment.																		
5. INSTITUTIONAL ADJUSTMENT (RDC/DETENTION)		Seriou				ıtional	Securi	ty/Safe	ty (pa	attern of	fpredat	tory beha	vior; ha	rassing	peer	s;		
RDC Staffing Team Assessment	175 =	Modera	ate Th	reat t	o Inst							efiant bel			n of			
Includes time at RDC and time in detention immediately preceding current												physical ecurity/Sa		sion)				
commitment		Some Good A			Prob	lems	(slow to	comp	ly wit	h autho	rity)							
6. ESCAPE OR RUNAWAY HISTORY		One or Agains			pes c	r Atte	mpts to	Escap	e fro	m Any F	acility	or Police	Custod	y, With F	orce	Э		
	50 =											cility or F r Home	olice Cu	ustody				
7. CUSTODY TOTAL						SI	JM OI	ITE	/IS 1	thru (6							
ASSIGNED CUSTODY LEVEL (Form-assigned)		1=	5-50	Points	: II	= 55-	245 Pc	ints	III =	250-49	5 Point	s IV=	500-14	25 Point	·e			
	·	SEC			<u>,</u>	- 00	24010	11110										
									F	LACE	IVIEN	IT CON	SIDE	RAII	JN	•		
1. STATURE ☐ EXTRA SMALL [SMALI	L] МЕ	DIUN	1				ARGE				EXTRA	LAR	GE		
2. SPECIAL MANAGEMENT CONCERNS –				TUAT	ADDI	ı v.	3. RE	COMN	1END	OVER	RIDE C	F FORM					EVEL	
NONE NONE	IVIARR A	A FUR	ALL	ІПАІ	AFFI	L1.		_										
PENDING CHARGES	_							,										
☐ INSTITUTIONAL PREDATORY OFFENS ☐ KNOWN MANAGEMENT PROBLEM	E						☐ YE	s -	CUS	TODY L	EVEL	(AFTER	OVERR	IDE)		_		
☐ ESCAPE RISK								-	REA	SON (R	EQUIR	RED)						
☐ LOW FUNCTIONING ☐ MENTAL HEALTH RISK/ DISABILITY																		
SUICIDE RISK							_											
SPECIAL EDUCATION ————————————————————————————————————																		
☐ GANG MEMBER ☐ PHYSICAL IMPAIRMENT																		
SPECIAL MEDICAL NEEDS	MEDICAL NEEDS																	
☐ ENEMIES – INSTITUTION ☐ KNOWN ASSOCIATES – INSTITUTION																		
OTHER																		
5. COUNSELOR																		
SUPERVISOR	PRI	NT									S	SIGNATU	RE					-

DIS-042: Revised June 1, 2009

SECTION V: APPENDICES 193



Appendix G Custody Reclassification Form, Page 1

CUSTODY RECLASSIFICATION FORM – PAGE ONE of TWO

	SECTION A DEMOGRAPHIC INFORMATION									MATION			
1. ASSESSMENT DATE: MM-DD-YYYY			-		-				2	. INSTITU	TION		
NAME: 3. LAST		4.	FIRST					5. 1	MID	DLE INIT.		6. SUFFIX	
7. BIRTH DATE: MM-DD-YYYY		•	_		-					8. JUVEN	ILE #	•	
9. SEX: M=MALE F=FEMALE		10. COUNSELOR											
11. PREVIOUS IV = MAXIMUM III = HIG	H	12. RECLASSIFICATION REASON: 1 = QUARTERLY REVIEW											
CUSTODY: II = MEDIUM I = LOW		2 = INCIDENT 3 = INSTITUTIONAL TRANSFER											
					_							TRANSFER RECTION/OTI	HER
CECTION B GCGTGDT GCGRIRG													oints
BEHAVIOR PRIOR TO CURRENT COMM													
1. SEVERITY OF CURRENT OFFENSE			erson Felo erson Felo			v Wes	nons	Feld	าทง	or Circuit	Court C	ommitment	
Most serious current offense (according		fo	r Non-Pers	son Fel	ony	•			•	, or Orroun	Oourt O	ommunicht	
to the scale shown on the right, with "Person Felony with Injury" being the			erson Miso ther Felon		or (with	or with	out II	njury)				
most serious) for which the ward has	10	= N	on-Person	Misder									
been adjudicated guilty, including any detainers.	5	- P	arole Viola	lion or	Trailic C	nense							
2. PRIOR OFFENSE HISTORY			erson Felo			\^/-		F-1		0!!4	0		
Most serious prior offense (according to the scale shown on the right, with	50		erson Felo r Non-Pers			y, vvea	apons	reid	ony,	, or Circuit	Court C	ommitment	
"Person Felony with Injury" being the most serious) for which the ward has			erson Misc ther Felon		or (with	or with	out ir	njury))				
been adjudicated guilty.	5	= N	on-Person	Misder									
3. PRIOR COMMITMENTS			raffic Offen										
3. FRIOR COMMITMENTS	15	= O	ne Prior C	ommitm	nent to D		. נט ט	JJ					
4. ESCAPE OR RUNAWAY HISTORY			o Prior Co ne or More			tomnto	to F	ecan	o fr	om Any Es	cility or	Police	
4. ESOAI E OKKONAWAT HISTORY		С	ustody, Wi	th Forc	e Agains	st a Þe	rson			•	•		
	175		ne or More ustody	Escap	es or At	tempts	s to E	scap	e fr	om a Secu	ıre Facil	ity or Police	
			ne or More	Escap	es or R	unawa	ys fro	m No	on-s	secure Fac	cility or F	lome	
INSTITUTIONAL ADJUSTMENT		- IN	one										
5. ASSAULTIVE/ESCAPE BEHAVIOR	400		ne or More								jury, or		
Only offenses for which the ward has been found guilty.	300		scapes/Atte ne or More								jury Duri	ng Past Year	
A ward displays a pattern of aggressive behavior by having at least four	200	= O	ne or More	Instan	ces of E	scape	s/Atte	mpts	s to	Escape D	uring Pa		
instances of the following over a six-		90	Days				` •			•		•	
month period: Fighting	100	= O	ne or More ear. <i>OR</i> Di	: Instan splaved	ces of A	ssault ern of <i>F</i>	(Majo Aggre	or Of ssive	fens Be	se) without havior Ov	t Injury, l er Past :	During Past Six Months	
Simple Assault (Moderate Offense)	0	= N	o Instance:	s of Es	cape or	Assaul	t (Ma	jor O	ffer	nse), or No	ne With	in the Past	
Verbal Threats/Physical Gesturing Throwing Objects	-100	= N	ear o Instance:	s of Eso	cape or	Assaul	t (Ma	jor O	ffer	nse) During	g Past 1	8 Months	
Abusive Language/Obscene Gesturing 6. FREQUENCY OF INSTITUTIONAL	200									th DJJ for	at Least	18 Months)	
OFFENSES	150	= T	ore Than T wo or Fewe	er Majo	rs, Durir	ng Pas	t 90 E)ays					
Only offenses for which the ward has been found quilty.	50 0	= M	ore Than T en or Fewe	en Mode	derates,	During I	g Pas	t 90	Day	/S			
gamy.	-50	= N	o Offenses	, During	g Past 9	0 Day	3		•				
7. TREATMENT PROGRAM			o Institution xpelled Fro								ast 90 F)avs	
PARTICIPATION	100	= N	o Participa	tion (Re	efuses to	o Parti	cipate	, On	Su	spension),	, During	Past 90 Days	
	-25	= Fa	waiting Ser air Participa	ation, D	ouring Pa	ast 90	Days						
			ood Partici ood Partici										
	-100	= Co	mpleted A	İl Progr	rams								
8. EDUCATION/ WORK PROGRAM/ VOCATIONAL TRAINING			ehavior is (o Participa					uptiv	e, D	ouring Pas	t 90 Day	'S	
PARTICIPATION	0	= Is	Not In an	Educati	ionăl/Vo	cation	al Pro		n				
			air Participa ood Partici										
	-100	= G	ood Partici rogram	pation	for Six N	/lonths	or M	ore,	or S	Successfull	ly Comp	leted	
9. CUSTODY TOTAL		۲۱)F ITEN	/IS 1 thr	ıı 8							
10. FORM-RECOMMENDED RECLASSIF	ICATI	ON	I = 50 or F				55-24	5 Pc	ints	<u> </u>			
		•	III = 250-4							Points			1

DIS-043: Revised June 1, 2009



CUSTODY RECLASSIFICATION FORM, PAGE 2

CUSTODY RECLASSIFICATION FORM - PAGE TWO of TWO

	SECTION C	PLA	CEMENT CONSIDERATIONS		
1. STATURE					
☐ EXTRA SMALL ☐ SMALL	☐ MEDIUM	☐ LARGE	☐ EXTRA LARGE		
2. SPECIAL MANAGEMENT CONCERNS – MAI	RK "X" FOR ALL T	HAT APPLY:			
NONE □SERVED 75% OR MORE OF MINIMUM LOS □SUICIDE RISK □SERVED 75% OR MORE OF MAXIMUM LOS □SPECIAL EDUCATION NEEDS □PAST MAXIMUM LOS □DRUG TRAFFICKER □PENDING CHARGES □GANG MEMBER □INSTITUTIONAL PREDATORY OFFENSE □PHYSICAL IMPAIRMENT □KNOWN MANAGEMENT PROBLEM □SPECIAL MEDICAL NEEDS □ESCAPE RISK □ENEMIES - INSTITUTION □LOW FUNCTIONING □KNOWN ASSOCIATES - INSTITUTION □MENTAL HEALTH RISK/DISABILITY □OTHER					
3. TREATMENT NEEDS – CIRCLE ALL THAT A M = MANDATORY R = RECOMMENDED	С	RECOMMEND OV USTODY LEVEL] NO	ERRIDE OF FORM-ASSIGNED		
A = ANCILLARY M R A (Check the appropriate Box) ANGER CONTROL SUBSTANCE ABUSE SUBSTANCE ABUSE - BARRETT THERAPEUTIC COMMUNITY SEX OFFENDER - PRESCRIPTIV SEX OFFENDER - SELF-CONTAI INDEPENDENT LIVING SKILLS	Г	□ YES - CUSTODY LEVEL (AFTER OVERRIDE) REASON (REQUIRED): □ Criminal investigation ongoing □ Pending court charges □ Unusually violent/heinous/notorious current offense □ Predatory/manipulative behavior resulting in the form of mental or physical abuse of others □ Ward's behavior is significantly better than indicated by the form (reduce custody level) □ Other □			
5. INSTITUTION RECOMMENDED:	6. COTTA	GE RECOMMEND	ED (if the ward is not changing institutions):		
7. NEXT REVIEW DATE: MM-DD-YYYY					
8. CHAIR – Treatment Team					
	PRINT		SIGNATURE		

DIS-043: Revised June 1, 2009



Appendix H RISK ASSESSMENT INSTRUMENT

Virginia Department of Juvenile Justice Risk Assessment					
Name:			JTS#:	Assessment Date	:/
Date of Bi	th:/	/	_	Officer Name:	
	=				Score
a. 14 o					
a. One		•••••		nts) in Most Recent Disposition	
a. Two	or less			e incidents) in Youth's Record	
a. Non b. One	······			nses (separate incidents) in Youth	0 1
Bu a. Non b. One c. Two	glary La e type types	rceny (includes	auto theft) Frau	nts) in Youth's Record Id Arson Trespass/V	0 1 2
a. Non					
a. Atte					
b. Som	egative associa e delinquent pe	ers			0
a. No .					
a. No .				nt	
a. No j b. Som	e disorganizatio	on			0
a. No . b. Yes	Parent Figure	OR Sibling		cerated in Past Three Years	1
Risk I	evel:	Low Moderate High	(-3 to 1) (2 to 7) (8 to 21)	TOTAL RISK SO	CORE

10/01/00 (Reproduce Front-to-Back) DJJ Form 9260 page $\underline{1}$ of $\underline{2}$



RISK ASSESSMENT INSTRUCTIONS

RISK INSTRUMENT DEFINITIONS

- 1. Age at First Referral to CSU Determine the youth's age at the time he/she was first referred to the CSU for a delinquent or status offense. Do not include referrals for dependency or custody. The outcome (e.g., diverted, petitioned) of the first referral does
- Number of Adjudicated Offenses Disposed of at Current Disposition This is a count of the number of ADJUDICATED OFFENSES that were/are to be disposed of at the current dispositional hearing. Do not include any offenses/charges that were not adjudicated. In counting adjudicated offenses, count only those that represented separate incidents. If a youth was adjudicated for two burglaries that occurred on two different nights that is two adjudications. However, if a youth was involved in a robbery and got charged/adjudicated for multiple counts of lesser included offenses (e.g., robbery, assault, theft) that should be counted as one offense, not three.

 3. Total Petitions for Violent Offenses - This is a count of all PETITIONS for violent offenses in the youth's record. Be sure to
- count any and all petitions for violent offenses that occurred up to the date of the current disposition (even if they have not yet been adjudicated or disposed of). The petitions must reflect separate incidents, not multiple charges arising from the same incident. Violent offenses include all offenses against persons that are assaultive in nature including felony and misdemeanor assaults, kidnapping, murder, armed robbery, and robbery, carjacking, sexual assaults, etc.

 4. Total Petitions for Drug or Conspiracy Offenses This is a count of all PETITIONS in the youth's record for drug charges (calculate the control of the petitions of the peti
- (sales, possession with intent to sell, use, possession) or for conspiracy charges. Count only those petitions arising from separate incidents, not multiple charges arising from the same incident. If a youth gets arrested for drug sales and gets three separate petitions alleging sales and possession, that is one incident (not two) and should be counted as one petition. Be sure to count any
- and all drug or conspiracy petitions that is one includent (not two) and should be counted as one petition. Be sure to count any and all drug or conspiracy petitions that occurred up to the date of the current disposition.

 5.Types of Petitions for Property Offenses This is a count of the number of different TYPES of property offense petitions. It is not a count of the total number of petitions for property offenses. There are a total of five different types of property offenses that are considered: burglary; larceny; fraud; arson; and trespass/vandalism. Check the youth's entire record to determine how many of these different types the youth has been petitioned for. As above, only count petitions arising from separate incidents. If a youth
- committed one burglary during which he stole something, and was petitioned for burglary and theft, that's one petition. In such cases, count the most serious type. Be sure to count any and all property offense petitions that occurred up to the current disposition.

 6. Substance Abuse Indicate the degree to which drug/alcohol involvement has affected youth's normal functioning in the two years prior to the current disposition. Consider both frequency (e.g., "occasional", "frequent") and effect of use ("some" or "serious") disruption/interference"
 - No Problem/experimentation: no use or occasional use that does not result in disruption of functioning. Uses less than once per month; OR more frequent use but relationships with parents not strained over use or involvement with using peers; AND no school problems associated with use: AND no arrests for D/A related offenses (within past two years).
 - Problematic: use of substances is associated with use. AND no alrests for major disruption of functioning. Family relationships may have become strained over use; OR strong ties to D/A involved peers; OR deterioration in school performance believed to be drug/alcohol related; OR one or more school disciplinary actions related to substance abuse; OR one or more substance abuse-related arrests (past two years); OR any referral in past two years for out-patient or in-patient treatment for D/A abuse; OR admitted or diagnosed dependency.
- 7. School Status- Indicate whether the youth is enrolled and attending school, or has been expelled or has dropped out. If the youth has truancy problems, but is still going to school, he/she should be given a score of "0". However, if the youth has been truant for more than half the days in the last 9 months of school, consider them to have "dropped out" (and score "2").
- 8. Peer relationships Use the definitions below to guide the scoring of this Item.
 - No negative associations or youth is a loner: friends not known to be delinquent or to have influenced youth's involvement in delinquent behavior- no more than one referral involving co-defendants; OR youth has no/few friends; engages in solitary pursuits and/or spends most time with much younger children.
 - Some delinquent peers: some companions involved in delinquent behavior. Has had co-defendants in 2-3 arrests and/or some friends have been referred to juvenile court.
- Mostly delinquent peers: primary peer group has a strong delinquent orientation and/or most friends have been referred to juvenile court, and/or four or more arrests involving codefendants; and or youth is a gang or posse member or affiliate.

 9. History of Runaways/Escapes Indicate whether the youth has a history of multiple runaways from home (defined as being gone for 24 hours or more) OR had ever runaway or escaped from a placement facility (secure or non-secure). The time frame for
- this question is "ever".

 10. Referred to DSS Indicate whether the youth was ever referred to DSS as a victim of child abuse of neglect. It does not matter if the allegation was founded/substantiated or not.

 11. Family Functioning Characteristics- Use the definitions below to determine the extent of family disorganization.
- No Problem: family functioning was basically stable and supportive. Physical and emotional needs of youth were being met. Parental discipline and control were generally effective.

 Some Disorganization: family problems interfered with youth functioning (or youth problems interfered with family
 - functioning). Parent-parent or parent-child conflict occurred frequently and at times was disruptive, OR parental discipline and control were often ineffective or inconsistent, OR there was residential instability or financial problems, or there had been; recent disruptive event such as divorce, remarriage or a death in the family.

 Major Disorganization: problems severely inhibited the youth's ability to function. Youth's physical or emotional needs
 - were not being met, OR parent rejecting of, or refused responsibility for youth, OR chronic, serious parental problems (financial, mental health, illness, criminality), OR parent-parent or parent-child conflict occurred consistently and created turmoil, OR repeated instances of family violence, OR parental discipline and control were almost non-existent, OR parents contributed to vouth's delinquence
- 12. Family Criminality Indicate whether a parent figure or sibling (or both) was on probation/parole or incarcerated during the three years prior to the current disposition. Incarcerated means <u>sentenced</u> to incarceration (do not include pre-trial jail or detention.) If a parent OR a sibling had been on probation or incarcerated, score "1". If BOTH had been, score "2". Parent figure includes natural parents, step-parents and live-in boyfriends/girlfriends. Do not include aunts, uncles, or other relatives unless they are caretakers/parent figures

10/01/00 (Back Side of Form 9260) DJJ Form 9260 page $\underline{2}$ of $\underline{2}$



Appendix H (cont.)

YOUTH ASSESSMENT & SCREENING INSTRUMENT (YASI), PAGE 1

FULL ASSESSMENT OUTLINE

Youth Assessment & Screening Instrument



1 Legal History

- 1. Previous intake contacts for offenses
- Age at first intake contact
- Intake contacts for offenses
- Felony-level offenses
- 5. Weapon offenses
- 6. Offenses against another person
- 7. Felony-level offenses against another person
- 8. Placements
- 9. Juvenile detention
- 10. DJJ custody
- 11. Escapes
- 12. Failure-to-appear in court
- 13. Violations of probation/parole/diversion

2 Family

- Runaways/Lock-outs
- 2. History of child neglect
- Compliance with parental rules
- 4. Circumstances of family members living at home
- Historic problems of family members at home
- 6. Youth's current living arrangements
- Parental supervision
- 8. Appropriate consequences
- 9. Appropriate rewards
- 10. Parental attitude

- 11. Family support network
- 12. Family member(s) the youth feels close to
- 13. Family provides opportunities for participation
- 14. Family provides opportunity for learning, success
- 15. Parental love, caring and support
- Family conflict

3 School

- 1. Current enrollment status
- 2. Attendance
- 3. Conduct in past year
- Academic performance in past year
- 5. Current conduct
- 6. Current academic performance
- Special education student

- 8. Youth believes in the value of education
- 9. Encouraging school environment
- Expulsions and suspensions
- 11. Age at first expulsion
- 12. Involvement in school activities
- 13. Teachers/staff/coaches youth likes

4 Community and Peers

- 1. Associates the youth spends time with
- Attachment to positively influencing peer(s)
 Admiration/emulation of tougher delinquent peers
- 4. Months associating with delinquent friends/gang
- 5. Free time spent with delinquent peers
- 6. Strength of delinquent peer influence
- 7. Number positive adult relationships in community
- 8. Pro-social community ties

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YOUTH ASSESSMENT & SCREENING INSTRUMENT (YASI), PAGE 2

- 1. Alcohol and Drug use
- 2. Receptive to substance use treatment
- 3. Previous substance use treatment

6 Mental Health

- 1. Mental health problems
- 2. Homicidal ideation
- Suicidal ideation
- Sexual aggression

- 5. Physical/Sexual Abuse
- 6. Victimization

7 Aggression

- 1. Violence
- 2. Hostile interpretation actions/intentions of others
- 3. Tolerance for frustration

- Belief in use of physical aggression to resolve a disagreement or conflict
- Belief in use of verbal aggression to resolve a disagreement or conflict

8 Attitudes

- Responsibility for delinquent/criminal behavior
- 2. Understanding impact of behavior on others
- Willingness to make amends
- 4. Optimism

- 5. Attitude during delinquent/criminal acts
- 6. Law-abiding attitudes
- 7. Respect for authority figures
- 8. Readiness for change

9 Skills

- Consequential thinking skills
- 2. Social perspective-taking skills
- 3. Problem-solving skills
- 4. Impulse-control skills to avoid getting in trouble
- 5. Loss of control over delinquent/criminal behavior
- 6. Interpersonal skills
- Goal-setting skills

10 Employment & Free Time

- 1. History of employment
- Number of times employed
- Longest period of employment
- Positive relationships with employers
- 5. Structured recreational activities
- Unstructured recreational activities
- Challenging/exciting hobbies/activities
- 8. Decline in interest in positive leisure pursuits

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Appendix I

MISCELLANEOUS/OTHER OFFENSES AND TECHNICAL VIOLATIONS

The following offense categories were grouped into the combined category of Miscellaneous/Other in the offense category distribution tables in this report. They were selected to be collapsed into this category due to their low incidence.

Accomplice Agriculture, Horticulture, & Food Animals Arrests (for use by Police & Magistrates) Bail Boating	Game, Fish, Wildlife Interstate Compact Judicial Reviews Juvenile & Domestic Court - Other Lottery Miscellaneous Crime	Prisoners Riot and Unlawful Assembly School - Student's Behavior School Attendance Solicitation Terrorism
Computer Crime	Money Laundering	Trade and Commerce
Conservation	Ordinance, City or County	Venue
Dangerous Conduct	Paraphernalia, Controlled	Violent Activities
Drugs/Cosmetics Misbranded	Peace, Conservator of the	Waters, Ports, & Harbors
Fire Protection/Safety	Periury	

Pornography Registry, Child

The following VCC Codes were included as Technical Violations:

0				
ASP-4845-S9	CON-3279-S9	CON-5005-J9	PAR-4838-S9	PRP-4847-F9
CBC-4843-S9	CON-3280-S9	CON-5008-S9	PAR-5011-S9	PRP-4854-M9
CBC-4848-F9	CON-3281-S9	CON-5009-J9	PRB-4850-F9	SSV-4846-S9
CBC-4852-M9	CON-3282-S9	CON-5014-S9	PRB-4851-M9	SSV-4849-F9
CDI-4855-F9	CON-3283-S9	CON-5025-S9	PRB-5012-S9	SSV-4853-M9
CDI-4856-M9	CON-3285-S9	CON-5027-S9	PRE-4859-S9	
CON-3210-S9	CON-3286-S9	FTA-5021-S9	PRE-5028-S9	
CON-3268-S9	CON-3289-S9	JUV-3826-J9	PRE-5029-S9	

Appendix J

Gambling

CODE OF VIRGINIA: CITATIONS PERTAINING TO DJJ

Title 66	Creation of the Department of Juvenile Justice
	Creates the Department and State Board of Juvenile Justice and provides the authority to establish and operate juvenile
	1 10 1

correctional centers and halfway houses.

§ 16.1-222 Virginia Juvenile Justice Information System

Establishes a separate information system for collecting and maintaining information on juveniles who have had contact with the juvenile justice system.

§ 16.1-228 General definitions pertaining to Title 16.1

Provides the definitions for terms and concepts unique to the jurisdiction of the juvenile and domestic relations district court (J & DR).

Psychiatric Inpatient Treatment of Minors Act (Article 16 of title 16.1 of the Code of Virginia) § 16.1-335

Voluntary or involuntary provision of mental health treatment of a minor

§ 16.1-241 Jurisdiction of the J&DR court

Specifies the types of cases, matters, and proceedings for which the J&DR court has subject matter jurisdiction.

§ 16.1-246 When and how child may be taken into immediate custody

Explains when a child may be taken into immediate custody and outlines the acceptable offense classifications and scenarios.

§ 16.1-247 Duties of person taking child into custody

Dictates the duties of an official taking a child into custody pursuant to Va. Code § 16.1-246.

§ 16.1-248.1 Criteria for detention or shelter care

Specifies the procedures for placement in secure detention and shelter care, outlining the acceptable offense classifications and scenarios.

SECTION V: APPENDICES 200



CODE OF VIRGINIA: CITATIONS PERTAINING TO DJJ (CONT.)

§ 16.1-250	Procedures for detention hearing Presents the procedures followed for when a juvenile appears before a judge for a pending charge. Subsection G
§ 16.1-253	requires reports be provided to school systems on juveniles charged with particular offenses. Protective Orders (Also references Va. Code §§ 16.1-253.1, 16.1-253.4, and 16.1-279.1) The above sections of code provide criteria and processes for seeking a protective order.
§ 16.1-260	The above sections of code provide criteria and processes for seeking a protective order. Intake; petition; investigation Explains the process for filing petitions for matters falling under the jurisdiction of the J&DR court.
§ 16.1-269.1	Trial in circuit court; preliminary hearing; direct indictment; remand
§ 16.1-270	Provides procedures used for the certification or transfer of a juvenile (14 and older) for trial in circuit court. Waiver of jurisdiction of juvenile court in certain cases
0.44.4.272	Establishes criteria used for juveniles 14 years of age or older to waive the jurisdiction of the juvenile court and have a case transferred to circuit court.
§ 16.1-272	Power of circuit court over juvenile offender Addresses the sentencing authority of the circuit court over juveniles who have been tried or convicted as adults.
§ 16.1-273	Provision of social history and preparation of victim impact statements Allows for the juvenile court to order the completion of social history reports and victim impact statements.
§ 16.1-277.1	Time limitation for court hearings Provides required time frames for conducting hearings for when a petition is filed, regardless of whether the juvenile is in detention.
§ 16.1-278.4	Children in need of services (CHINS) Provides the dispositional options for the supervision, care, and rehabilitation of a child found to be in need of services.
§ 16.1-278.5	Children in need of supervision (CHINSup) Provides dispositional options for supervision, care, and rehabilitation of a child found to be in need of supervision.
§ 16.1-278.8	Delinquent juveniles Specifies the dispositional options available to the J&DR or circuit courts if a juvenile is found to be delinquent (including commitment of a juvenile to DJJ). (See also Va. Code § 16.1-278.9).
§ 16.1-284.1	Placement in secure local facility (Post-dispositional) Addresses the criteria (age, offense history, commitment history, response to past treatment efforts, etc.) for post-dispositional placement in a secure detention facility.
§ 16.1-285	Duration of commitments Establishes the parameters for the indeterminate commitments of juveniles, including time.
§ 16.1-285.1	Commitment of serious offenders Authorizes the court to commit a juvenile as a serious offender and specifies criteria considered by the court when making a decision to determinately commit a juvenile to DJJ.
§ 16.1-291	Revocation or modification of probation, protective supervision, or parole Provides for the revocation or modification of probation or parole when a juvenile violates an order of the court or the conditions of probation or parole.
§ 16.1-292	Violation of court order by any person Provides the dispositional alternatives available to the J&DR court where a person is found to have violated a court order or to be in contempt of court.
§ 16.1-293	Supervision of juveniles during commitment and on parole; placing juveniles in halfway houses Details the CSU duties while a juvenile is committed to DJJ and upon release from commitment.
§ 16.1-309.2	Virginia Juvenile Community Crime Control Act-VJCCCA (Article 12 of title 16.1 of the Code of Virginia Specifies the purpose and general goals for the VJCCCA.
§ 16.1-335	Psychiatric Inpatient Treatment of Minors Act (Article 16 of title 16.1 of the Code of Virginia) Voluntary or involuntary provision of mental health treatment of minors
Title 18.2	Crimes and Offenses Generally

Section V: Appendices 201

Commonly referred to as the Criminal Code and designates crimes under Virginia law.



Appendix K DETENTION ASSESSMENT INSTRUMENT (DAI), PAGE 1

VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF JUVENILE JUSTICE DETENTION ASSESSMENT INSTRUMENT

Juvenile	Name:	/	T:			_/	Juvenile #:	
	ted as Part of Det		Time:	Completed as Fol				CSU #:
				•	* \	,	_	Score
1.	Category A: F Category B: F Category C: C Category D: C Category E: C	Felonies against p Felony weapons of Other felonies Class 1 misdemea Other Class 1 mis	r felony narco nors against plemeanors	for examples of o				7 5 3
2.	Two or more ac One additional One or more ac	current felony of Iditional misdeme	felony offense fenseeanor OR vio	eslation of probational current offenses	n/parole off	enses		2 1
3.	Two or more programmed or more programmed or more programmed or more programmed one prior adjuding the control of the	rior adjudications dication of guilt f rior adjudications rior adjudications dication of guilt f	of guilt for for a felony of of guilt for not guilt for por any misder	inued adjudicati elony offenses fensenisdemeanor offer robation/parole v meanor or status o	nsesiolations			6 4 3 2 1
4.	One or more po Two or more po One pending po	ending petitions/d ending petitions/d etition/disposition	ispositions for lispositions for a for an other	ion (exclude defe or a felony offense or other offenses .	······································			5 2
5.	Probation based Probation based Informal Super	d on a Felony or 0 d on other offenso vision OR Intake	Class 1 misde es OR CHINS Diversion	meanor Sup OR Deferred	disposition	with condition	S	3 2 1
6.	Two or more po	arrant/detention of	detention ord order for FTA	2 months) ers for FTA in pa in past 12 month n past 12 months	s			1
7.	One or more es One or more in One or more ru	stances of abscor naways from hor	e confinement ding from no ne	2 months) t or custody n-secure, court-or	rdered place	ements		3
8.	TOTAL SC	ORE						<u> </u>
Indica	ted Decision	:0-9R	elease _	10 - 14 De	etention A	Alternative	15+	Secure Detention
	ory Overrides: e detained)	☐ 1. Use of firea☐ 2. Escapee fro☐ 3. Local court	m a secure plac)			
Discreti	onary Override:	2. Mitigating i	actors (overrid	ride to more restrict e to less restrictive sanction for probati	placement th	an indicated by a		
Ac	tual Decision	/ Recomme	endation:	Relea	se _	Alterna	ative	Secure Detention

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SECTION V: APPENDICES 202



DETENTION ASSESSMENT INSTRUMENT (DAI), PAGE 2

Offense Categories and Included Offenses

Category A: Felonies Against Persons

Abduction

Aggravated assault

Aggravated sexual battery

Arson of an occupied dwelling

Assault, law enforcement officer

Carjacking

Escape from secure juvenile detention

by force/violence

Extortion

Forcible sodomy

Larceny > \$5 from a person

Malicious wounding

Murder

Manslaughter

Inanimate object sexual penetration

Reckless driving/disregard police with

bodily injury

Robbery

Category B: Felony Weapons & Felony Narcotics Distribution

Distribute Schedule I or II

Distribute Schedule I, II, II, IV or

marijuana on school property

Possess Schedule I or II with intent to sell

Sell Schedule I or II or > 1 oz. Marijuana

to a minor 3 years junior

Brandish/point a firearm on school property or

within 1000 ft.

Discharge firearm from motor vehicle

Discharge firearm in/at an occupied building

Possess a sawed-off shotgun

Category C: Other Felonies

Arson of an unoccupied dwelling

Auto theft

Burglary/Breaking and entering/

Possess burglary tools

Escape from a correctional facility

(not detention)

Failure to appear in court for a felony

Fraud/bad checks/credit card > \$200

Grand larceny/Larceny > \$200

Larceny of a firearm /Receive a stolen firearm

Possess Schedule I or II drugs

Receive stolen goods > \$200

Shoplift > \$200

Unauthorized use of an automobile

Vandalism > \$1000 damage

Misdemeanors Against Persons Category D:

Assault, simple Sexual battery

Category E: Other Misdemeanors

Brandish/point a firearm

Carry concealed weapon

Disorderly conduct

Escape from secure juvenile detention

without force/violence

Fraud/bad checks/credit card < \$200

Failure to appear for a misdemeanor

Larceny < \$200

Receive stolen goods < \$200

Common Aggravating / Mitigating Factors (Known at the time of Intake)

Aggravating

History of 2+ violent/assaultive offenses

Parent unwilling to provide appropriate supervision Parent unable to provide appropriate supervision

Juvenile has significant mental health problem/ mental retardation

Juvenile has significant substance abuse problem

Juvenile does not regularly attend school/work

Juvenile has violated conditions of a detention alternative

Juvenile is charged with a new (detainable) offense

while in a detention alternative Juvenile is an explicit threat to flee if released

Juvenile is currently an absconder from a non-secure placement

Other Aggravating factor

Detention alternative not available

Mitigating

Juvenile marginally involved in the offense

Parent able/willing to provide appropriate

supervision

Juvenile has significant mental health problem/ mental retardation

Juvenile has significant substance abuse problem

Juvenile regularly attends school/work

Offense less serious than indicated by charge

Juvenile has no/minor prior record

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SECTION V: APPENDICES 203



Appendix L CENSUS INFORMATION, JULY 1, 2009*

POPULATION BY RACE (AGE 10-17)

csu	Black	White	Hispanic	American Indian**	Asian	Other ¹	Total
1	9,098	15,950	1,140	89	537	799	27,613
2	10,790	28,227	3,563	193	2,111	2,115	46,999
2A	1,742	2,659	474	5	13	88	4,981
3	5,803	3,235	286	40	49	215	9,628
4	10,606	7,248	1,149	83	485	840	20,411
5	6,732	8,539	467	30	129	320	16,217
6	5,120	5,008	484	24	85	220	10,941
7	9,694	7,804	1,351	73	404	766	20,092
8	7,148	5,214	729	59	245	439	13,834
9	4,481	20,924	1,074	152	547	747	27,925
10	5,624	8,509	355	27	65	220	14,800
11	4,750	6,751	245	19	67	170	12,002
12	10,626	25,253	2,431	118	1,118	969	40,515
13	10,515	3,190	789	63	112	232	14,901
14	10,344	17,218	1,314	91	1,341	657	30,965
15	11,956	40,414	3,680	142	940	1,915	59,047
16	5,213	23,426	1,286	65	598	875	31,463
17	808	5,135	4,062	34	1,186	260	11,485
17F	81	847	151	1	64	53	1,197
18	2,087	2,387	1,893	24	525	105	7,021
19	11,592	60,696	16,980	263	17,318	3,852	110,701
20L	3,177	23,862	3,543	65	3,381	1,245	35,273
20W	782	7,079	491	12	120	250	8,734
21	2,011	5,389	566	22	59	157	8,204
22	4,368	9,756	444	18	71	220	14,877
23	1,004	10,243	294	11	265	212	12,029
23A	2,979	4,536	247	12	150	249	8,173
24	4,837	18,103	532	60	205	609	24,346
25	1,512	18,829	600	46	111	416	21,514
26	1,783	27,537	2,582	37	357	804	33,100
27	946	16,913	578	30	239	336	19,042
28	359	8,669	158	15	42	132	9,375
29	417	12,371	127	15	47	96	13,073
30	258	8,250	104	15	45	82	8,754
31	10,860	24,769	10,324	136	2,826	2,150	51,065
All	180,103	494,940	64,493	2,089	35,857	22,815	800,297

^{*} Data Source: U.S. Census Bureau

^{** &}quot;American Indian and Alaskan Native Alone"

 $^{^{1}}$ Includes categories of "Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islanders Alone" and "Two or More Races."



Appendix M COMMONLY USED ACRONYMS

ADP	Average Daily Population
AMI	Associated Marine Institute
AWOL	Absent Without Leave/Permission
BADGE	Balanced Approach Data Gathering Environment
BSU	Behavioral Services Unit
CC	Circuit Court
CCD	Child Care Days
CCRC	Central Classification and Review Committee
CEST	Classification & Evaluation Services Team (at RDC)
CHINS	Child in Need of Services
CHINSup	Child in Need of Supervision
СРМТ	Community Policy & Management Team
CSA	Comprehensive Services Act for At-Risk Youth and Families
CSU	Court Service Unit
CTST	Classification & Treatment Services Team (JCCs)
DAI	Detention Assessment Instrument
DCE	Virginia Department of Correctional Education
DCJS	Virginia Department of Criminal Justice Services
DMC	Disproportionate Minority Contact
DOC	Virginia Department of Corrections
DOL	U.S. Department of Labor
DR/CW	Domestic Relations/Child Welfare
ERD	Early Release Date
FAPT	Family Assessment & Planning Teams
FY	Fiscal Year
GED	General Educational Development
ICJ	Interstate Compact on Juveniles

	1			
ICRC	Institutional Classification and			
	Review Committee			
J&DR	Juvenile and Domestic Relations			
Jada	District Court			
JCC	Juvenile Correctional Center			
JCO	Juvenile Correctional Officer			
JDAI	Juvenile Detention Alternatives			
JDAI	Initiative			
JР	Juvenile Profile			
JROTC	Junior Reserve Officer Training			
JKOTC	Corps			
JTS	Juvenile Tracking System			
LMS	Learning Management System			
LOS	Length of Stay			
LRD	Late Release Date			
MAYSI	Massachusetts Youth Screening			
MAISI	Instrument			
OHDB	Office of Juvenile Justice and			
OJJDP	Delinquency Prevention			
РО	Probation/Parole Officer			
Post-D	Post-Dispositional Detention			
Pre-D	Pre-Dispositional Detention			
RDC	Reception & Diagnostic Center			
RSAT	Residential Substance Abuse			
KSAT	Treatment Program			
SHOCAP	Serious and Habitual Offender			
SHOCAF	Comprehensive Action Program			
SIR	Serious Incident Report			
SOP	Standard Operating Procedure			
TDO	Temporary Detention Order			
VJCCCA	Virginia Juvenile Community			
V JCCCA	Crime Control Act			
VASI	Youth Assessment and Screening			
YASI	Instrument			
	-			

SECTION V: APPENDICES 205



Virginia Department of Juvenile Justice FY 2010 Statistical Information

MISSION OF THE VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF JUVENILE JUSTICE

To protect the public through a balanced approach of accountability and comprehensive services that prevent and reduce delinquency through partnerships with families, schools, communities, law enforcement, and others, while providing opportunities for delinquent youth to become responsible and productive citizens.

Court Service Unit Information

INTAKE COMPLAINTS, FY 2008-2010

NIAKE COMPLAINTS, FT 2008-2010						
Domestic Relations	2008	2009	2010			
Dom. Rel./Child Welfare	134,217	137,364	138,712			
Juvenile Complaints						
Felony	18,631	17,883	14,868			
Class 1 Misdemeanor	38,062	37,602	33,400			
Class 2-4 Misdemeanor	6,662	6,371	5,598			
CHINS/CHINSup (Status)	12,403	12,258	10,740			
Other						
Technical Violations	9,837	9,564	8,479			
Traffic	1,305	1,281	1,197			
Other	1,355	1,166	1,249			
Total Juvenile Complaints	88,255	86,125	75,531			
Total Complaints	222,472	223,489	214,243			

JUVENILE INTAKE CASES. FY 2008-2010*

TILL INTAKL DASES, I I	2000	2010	
ographics	2008	2009	2010
,			
ck	44.6%	44.4%	44.6%
nite	48.0%	48.9%	49.0%
ner	7.4%	6.7%	6.4%
icity - Hispanic	6.3%	6.9%	7.1%
le	68.9%	67.9%	67.5%
nale	31.1%	32.1%	32.5%
2	5.4%	5.4%	5.9%
	7.0%	6.2%	6.6%
	12.4%	11.9%	11.7%
	18.6%	18.3%	18.1%
	24.8%	25.0%	24.2%
	27.7%	28.7%	28.6%
20	3.2%	3.6%	3.5%
or/Missing	0.9%	1.0%	1.4%
Juvenile Cases	61,947	61,376	54,474
or/Missing	27.7% 3.2% 0.9%	28.7% 3.6% 1.0%	28. 3.

^{*}Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY

Court Service Unit Information (cont.)

INTAKE DISPOSITION OF JUVENILE COMPLAINTS, FY 2010*

Intake Disposition	2010
Petitions	
Petition Filed	51.4%
Unsuccessful Diversion	1.7%
Detention Order with Petition	16.0%
Detention Order Only	0.9%
Resolved/Diverted	22.0%
Other	8.1%
Total Juvenile Complaints	75,531

*Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008 included only successful diversions. Since then, data includes all diversions.

OFFENSE CATEGORY, FY 2010

Offense Category (See Appendix I for the full list of Miscellaneous/Other Offenses)	Intake Complaints	New Probation Cases*	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
Domestic Relat				
Custody	67.4%	66.7%	50.0%	0.0%
Desertion/Support	15.6%	4.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Protective Orders	11.8%	9.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Other DR/CW	5.3%	19.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Total DR/CW Offenses	138,712	21	2	0
Ju	venile Off	fenses		
Abusive Language	0.6%	0.6%	0.3%	0.2%
Alcohol	4.1%	3.5%	1.4%	0.9%
Arson	0.6%	1.2%	1.0%	0.7%
Assault	14.2%	16.7%	18.1%	13.2%
Burglary	3.2%	6.4%	6.0%	11.3%
Contempt of Court	5.2%	2.8%	7.4%	1.3%
Disorderly Conduct	3.5%	3.1%	1.4%	1.4%
Escapes	0.1%	0.1%	0.3%	0.4%
Extortion	0.5%	0.6%	0.5%	0.2%
Failure to Appear	1.3%	0.4%	3.7%	0.1%
Family Offense	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	1.3%	1.4%	1.6%	0.9%
Gangs	0.3%	0.4%	0.9%	1.8%
Kidnapping	0.3%	0.1%	0.9%	0.6%
Larceny	15.8%	19.0%	13.5%	19.8%
Miscellaneous/Other	5.2%	2.9%	2.0%	0.6%
Murder	0.0%	0.0%	0.2%	0.1%
Narcotics	5.9%	8.3%	3.2%	4.0%
Obscenity	0.8%	0.7%	0.5%	0.4%
Obstruction of Justice	1.6%	1.9%	2.3%	1.8%
Parole Violation	0.5%	0.0%	1.0%	2.0%
Probation Violation	5.2%	2.6%	11.0%	8.7%
Robbery	1.3%	1.9%	5.7%	8.5%
Sex Offense	1.2%	2.9%	3.4%	3.6%
Status Offense	11.7%	6.0%	0.8%	0.3%
Telephone Law	0.3%	0.2%	0.1%	0.0%
Traffic	4.5%	2.6%	1.7%	2.4%
Trespass	2.7%	2.5%	1.4%	2.4%
Vandalism	6.2%	7.3%	5.1%	7.4%
Weapons	1.9%	3.5%	4.7%	4.8%
Total Juvenile Offenses	75,531	15,382	13,481	2,224

^{*} Offense data for new probation cases is not comparable to *Data Resource Guides* prior to FY 2008. As of FY 2008, multiple offenses per probation case are recorded.

Court Service Unit Information (cont.)

CSU WORKLOAD INFORMATION, FY 2010

	,		
Completed Reports		Activity	ADP
Pre-Dispositional Reports	3,402	Probation*	5,636
Post-Dispositional Reports	2,441	Parole	459
Transfer Reports	155	Intensive Prob.	352
Custody Investigations	38	Commitments	890

Data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008 because workloa codes 20, 21, and 22 have been included since that fiscal year.

INFORMATION BY CSU, FY 2010

Court District	Juvenile Intake Cases	New Probation Cases*	Pre-Disp. Detention Placements	Commit. to the State
1st	1,645	270	196	8
2nd	2,038	201	344	30
2A	341	48	32	12
3rd	1,187	80	131	16
4th	2,068	215	384	34
5th	764	73	130	19
6th	721	61	110	10
7th	3,095	219	386	35
8th	1,742	74	195	28
9th	1,420	62	156	19
10th	1,218	114	170	5
11th	1,006	73	153	36
12th	3,978	167	435	37
13th	1,631	189	401	51
14th	2,376	370	684	56
15th	3,524	272	626	40
16th	1,772	255	194	21
17th	1,613	253	346	19
17F	88	8	25	0
18th	1,010	140	150	4
19th	4,499	587	509	31
20L	1,184	173	195	4
20W	295	106	43	4
21st	590	128	38	11
22nd	1,253	156	159	26
23rd	1,089	23	142	6
23A	960	42	200	17
24th	1,675	210	206	19
25th	1,298	73	119	4
26th	2,043	167	245	19
27th	1,373	148	147	8
28th	731	119	73	1
29th	1,009	136	85	2
30th	659	130	87	3
31st	2,579	349	364	27
* Offense data fo	54,474	5,691	7,860	662

Offense data for new probation cases is not comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to 2008. Since then, multiple offenses per probation case have been recorded.

CSU Trends

- Between FY 2008 and FY 2010:
- Juvenile Intake Cases decreased 12.1%.
- New Probation Cases decreased 16.6%.
- Pre-D Detention Placements decreased 25.8%.
- Commitments to DJJ decreased 19.1%.

Detention Home Information

In FY 2010, there were 24 secure detention facilities throughout the Commonwealth. These community-based, residential facilities provide temporary care for delinquents and alleged delinquents requiring secure custody pending court disposition or placement. Twelve of these facilities are locally operated, and 12 are run by commissions (political entities comprised of three or more localities).

ADMISSIONS BY DEMOGRAPHICS, FY 2008-2010*

Demographics	2008	2009	2010
Race			
Black	55.0%	53.7%	53.8%
White	36.9%	38.8%	40.1%
Other	8.1%	7.5%	6.1%
Ethnicity - Hispanic	7.2%	8.2%	8.5%
Sex			
Male	78.3%	78.5%	76.9%
Female	21.7%	21.5%	23.1%
Age			
8-12	1.1%	1.2%	1.3%
13	4.1%	3.1%	3.1%
14	11.1%	10.1%	9.7%
15	20.5%	20.3%	19.3%
16	28.4%	29.8%	29.5%
17	34.3%	35.2%	36.8%
18-20	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%
Error/Missing	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%
Total Admissions	16,847	15,764	13,466

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to FY 2008.

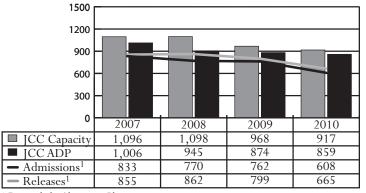
CAPACITY, ADMISSIONS, ADP*, AND UTILIZATION, FY 20101

OAI ACITT, ADMISSIONS, ADT		, AND CHEIZAHON, I'I ZOZO			
Facility	Capacity	Admissions	ADP	Utilization	
Western Region	338	3,124	173	51%	
Highlands	35	394	25	71%	
Lynchburg	48	420	26	54%	
New River Valley	24	319	15	63%	
Northwestern	32	361	17	53%	
Piedmont	20	227	12	60%	
Roanoke	81	619	32	40%	
Shenandoah	38	366	17	45%	
W.W. Moore	60	418	29	48%	
Northern Region	509	6,201	292	57%	
Blue Ridge	40	264	16	40%	
Crater	22	279	16	73%	
Fairfax	121	641	49	40%	
Henrico	20	1,737	19	95%	
James River	60	832	58	97%	
Loudoun	24	340	16	67%	
Northern Virginia	70	858	45	64%	
Prince William	72	539	31	43%	
Rappahannock	80	711	42	53%	
Eastern Region	578	4,141	338	58%	
Chesapeake	100	610	51	51%	
Chesterfield	90	674	50	56%	
Merrimac	48	603	38	79%	
Newport News	110	793	76	69%	
Norfolk	80	540	51	64%	
Richmond	60	441	26	43%	
Virginia Beach	90	480	46	51%	
State Total	1,425	13,466	805	56%	

^{*}Averages may not add to totals due to rounding.

Juvenile Correctional Center Information

CAPACITY, ADP, ADMISSIONS, AND RELEASES, FY 2007-2010*



^{*} Data includes Alternative Placements.

Admissions by Demographics, FY 2007-2010*

Demographics	2007	2008	2009	2010
Race				
Black	66.0%	66.1%	66.7%	64.8%
White	27.0%	25.7%	25.7%	28.0%
Other	7.0%	8.2%	7.6%	7.2%
Ethnicity-Hispanic	6.5%	5.5%	6.0%	7.1%
Sex				
Male	90.8%	92.1%	92.7%	94.7%
Female	9.2%	7.9%	7.3%	5.3%
Age				
Under 14	1.7%	1.9%	1.6%	1.2%
14	6.8%	6.5%	5.0%	4.4%
15	17.4%	15.7%	16.7%	13.5%
16	28.7%	27.7%	31.8%	24.5%
17	37.6%	40.6%	36.6%	44.4%
18	7.0%	7.1%	7.3%	11.0%
19 or older	0.8%	0.4%	1.0%	1.0%
Region				
Western	18.5%	18.8%	16.5%	19.6%
Northern	39.3%	36.0%	38.7%	37.5%
Eastern	42.3%	45.2%	44.8%	42.9%
Total Admissions	833	770	762	608

^{*} Racial and Ethnic data may not be comparable to Data Resource Guides prior to

CAPACITY, ADP*, AND UTILIZATION, FY 2010

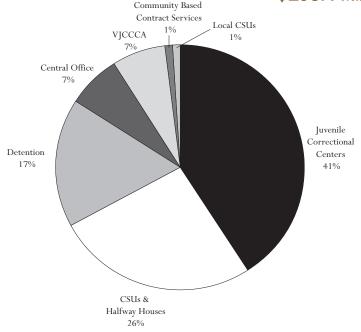
Facility	Capacity	ADP On-Site	ADP Off-Site	ADP Total	Utilization
Beaumont	284	264	1	265	93%
Bon Air	193	177	1	178	92%
Culpeper	144	143	2	145	101%
Hanover	120	118	0**	118	98%
Natural Bridge ¹	0	15	0**	15	N/A
Oak Ridge	40	40	0**	40	100%
JCC Total	781	757	4	761	97%
RDC	136	96	2	98	72%
State Total	917	853	7	859	94%

^{*}Averages may not add to totals due to rounding.

Administration & Finance Information

FY 2010 OPERATING EXPENDITURES*

GENERAL FUNDS: \$193.4 MILLION



^{*}Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding.

ESTABLISHED POSITIONS BY OCCUPATIONAL GROUP, FY 2010

TOTAL CONTENT OF THE TOTAL CON	
Security	
Line Officers through Captain	850
Probation Officers	
Probation Officers through First Line Supervisors	613
(Non-Security) Treatment	
Counselors, Clinical Social Workers, Psychologists, Recreation, Other Treatment Staff, and First	
Line Supervisors	182
Medical/Health Care	
Nurses, Dentists, Physicians, and Health Care Assistants	50
Food Operations	
Food Service Workers through Operations Supervisors	88
Trades	
Carpenters, Electricians, Plumbers, HVAC Technicians, Grounds Workers, Painters, and	
Buildings and Grounds Supervisors	47
Clerical/Administrative Support	
Secretaries, Assistants, Specialists, Technicians, and First Line Supervisors	281
Administration & Middle Management	
Fiscal, HR, IT, Research, Program, JCC Assistant Superintendents, Deputy CSU Directors, and	
other Administrators	91
Upper Management/ Organizational Unit Heads	
Director, Chief Deputy Director, Deputy Directors, CSU Directors, Halfway House Directors,	
JCC Superintendents, ROMs, and other Organizational Unit Heads	68
Total DJJ Positions	2,270

PER CAPITA COSTS, FY 2010

\$ 89,017.00 DJJ Per Capita Cost

\$ 19,785.00 Department of Correctional Education Per Capita Cost

\$108,802.00 Total cost to hold one juvenile for one year

¹Due to regional reassignment of three CSUs in FY 2009, data for Northwestern and Crater detention homes changed regions.

¹ Appealed cases are not included.

^{**}ADP off-site averages for these facilities were less than 1.

¹ Prior to closing on 10/09/2009, capacity for Natural Bridge JCC was 71 beds.

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Virginia Department of Juvenile Justice